ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT





For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

CITY OF ALBEMARLE North Carolina

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION





www.albemarlenc.gov PO Box 190 144 North Second Street Albemarle, NC 28001

November 26, 2021

Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Albemarle:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of Albemarle for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 is hereby submitted. The City is responsible for the accuracy, completeness, and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures. Basic financial statements contained herein have been audited by the independent certified public accounting firm of Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, PA and their unmodified opinion is included in the financial section.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data enclosed is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position, and where applicable, the cash flows of the various funds of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

Martin Starnes & Associates, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of Albemarle's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report. Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

The City is required to undergo an annual "Single Audit" in conformity with the provisions of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Information related to this single audit, including the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards,

findings and recommendations, and the auditor's reports on the internal control over financial reporting and compliance with applicable laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, is included in the compliance section of this report.

Profile of the Government

The City of Albemarle, incorporated in 1857, located in the piedmont region of North Carolina, positioned 42 miles east of the metropolitan area of Charlotte and 65 miles southwest of Greensboro, serves as the County seat of Stanly County. The City of Albemarle is empowered to levy a property tax on real property located within its boundaries. It occupies approximately 17.56 square miles and serves a population of 16,432 according to the 2020 census survey by the United States Census Bureau.

The City of Albemarle is governed by a council-manager form of government that consists of a seven member Council and a Mayor. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in the governing council, four of whom are elected in districts and three are elected at large for four year staggered terms; the Mayor serves at large for a four year term. The Mayor and Council make appointments to various Boards and Commissions that help to guide the development of policy decisions. The Mayor and Council approve and appoint the City Manager who in turn appoints its department heads.

The City of Albemarle provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; refuse collection; construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure; recreational and cultural activities; planning and development services; economic development; and general administration. In addition, the City of Albemarle owns and operates electric, water, wastewater, and landfill utilities. The City also has a Public Housing Department which provides housing and housing assistance programs for low income residents through the Department of Housing and Urban Development.

North Carolina General Statutes require formal budgetary accounting for all funds. The City Council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt an initial budget for the fiscal year no later than June 30 preceding the beginning of the fiscal year on July 1. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Albemarle's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety), and department (e.g., police). Department heads may transfer resources within a department as they see fit. The City Manager is authorized to reallocate departmental appropriations as he considers necessary within the same fund and function; however, transfers between a fund and function need special approval from the governing board. Budgets are legally enacted by adoption be the governing board of an Annual Budget Ordinance which can be formally amended as required by the governing board within the guidelines of the Local Government Budget and Fiscal Control Act. Budget to actual comparisons are included in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the departmental function level for all annually budgeted funds.

Local Economy

The City of Albemarle is a positioned less than an hour's drive from the major cities of Charlotte and Greensboro. Major industries located within the government's boundaries or in close proximity include hospitals, retail stores, financial institutions, insurance companies, and manufacturers of automotive components, sprockets and gears, industrial fabrics, communications, energy, and solar cables. The Stanly County School District and the Carolinas Health Care System Stanly have a significant economic presence, employing in more than 1,500 people.

Stanly County currently has a 4.5 percent unemployment rate compared to a statewide rate of 4.6 percent and a national average of 5.9 percent. During the past ten years, the unemployment rate for Stanly County has declined from a decade high of 11.6 percent in May 2020 to a decade low of 3.2 percent in December 2019. The County unemployment rate average for fiscal year ending June 30, 2021 rose to 5.2 percent, compared to 5.2 percent in fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

Overall, new construction and renovation has again increased since fiscal year 2020. In fiscal year 2021, the total dollar amount of development investment for commercial, industrial and residential activity brings a total of \$41,391,587 into the City of Albemarle.

Since last fiscal year, commercial and industrial activity happened to decrease from \$20,137,364 to \$12,751,496. Commercial and industrial activity account for 30.80% of total development activity. Even with the slight decrease of commercial and industrial development, the City still experienced several noteworthy projects in this sector, including; Lowe's Tool Rental addition, the Joe Maus Ford Dealership, many improvements to Stanly Regional Hospital, Tractor Supply's expansion & remodel, a new Biscuitville restaurant, a new Aspen Dental facility and some major improvements to the Duke Energy sub-station for flood prevention which accounted for half of the commercial & industrial development investment. As the Planning & Development Services & Economic Development departments continue working with new businesses, existing industry and potential industrial opportunities, the City should experience a steady level of investment by the end of fiscal year 2022.

Median household incomes within the City of Albemarle are lower than for the state as a whole. According to the United Census Bureau American FactFinder data, the City's median family income was \$44,269, the County's was \$52,623, while the state's was \$54,602. The government's population recently increased from 15,903 (2010) to an estimated 16,432 as of July 1, 2021.

Major Initiatives in Fiscal Year 2021

Fiscal year 2020-2021 included the planning and implementation phases of several initiative as well as the continuation or completion of projects that began during the previous fiscal year.

General Fund

In the General Fund, engineered plans have been produced for the development of the Albemarle Business Center including the bid opportunity that is now public as well as the electric infrastructure improvements to the site already in progress. We completed the construction and renovation of the much needed new Police Headquarters building. With the acquisition of 6 new patrol vehicles we now have assigned vehicles for all officers for the first time.

We have begun much needed safety and security improvements in City Hall, and continued the implementation of the existing downtown parking plan to address the increased need for parking by utilizing existing resources. The Fire Department has performed much needed interior improvements at Station #2, roof repairs at Station #3, and we now have portable extrication equipment on each frontline engine. New self-contained breathing apparatus units were also purchased and placed into use in the Fire Department.

In Parks and Recreation a new roof was placed on the EE Waddell Community Center, new playground equipment was purchased at Morehead Park with the assistance of a grant, and we held the groundbreaking ceremony for the City's downtown walking routes. The Parks and Recreation Department was able to quickly redirect its focus when traditional activities were no longer possible due to COVID. Parks and Recreation was also able to develop many new outstanding initiatives to serve the public, such as the Remote Learning Program at the EE Waddell Community Center.

The Planning and Development Service Department initiated and completed an overhaul of the City's residential land use regulations to allow for more efficient use of property and to provide opportunities to keep pace with best practices in development. We continued the implementation of the branding and streetscape initiatives with activities such as the alleyway project and the approval of a wayfinding system. We maintained the services of Retail Strategies for the recruitment and retention of retail businesses to prevent leakage to other communities, refurbished a vacuum truck to address community appearance and water quality, selected a firm and established a project budget for the City's stormwater management plan, and strengthened the City's technology infrastructure (a cost shared by all funds).

Enterprise Funds

In the Electric Fund we continued with our pole inspection and replacement program to maintain our high level of system reliability. These efforts show the benefit to our system and customers when disasters strike, as we have seen the quick turnaround for power restoration for our customers. In some recent cases, complete power restoration on the Albemarle electric system has occurred days before customers on other systems in Stanly County. Our investment in the electric system has made this possible and we are fortunate to do this with no recent electric rate increases, but in fact decreasing customer rates. The Electric Division is also playing a key role in the development of the Albemarle Business Center with the extension of the necessary electric services to the site. Finally, the City was again a winner of the Public Power Award of Excellence, receiving awards in Grid Modernization, Value of Public Power, Wholesale Power Cost, and Workforce Development, all of which are a direct reflection of our services, investment, and employees. Most notably, we were once again awarded the RP3 Diamond Award from the American Public Power Association. This is the highest level designation for the national RP3 award.

In Water and Sewer operations we saw the completion Phase 2 inflow and infiltration work and received State funding approval for the Phase 3 inflow and infiltration project. We have very wisely re-evaluated plans for improvements to the Wastewater Treatment Plant to address both electrical reliability, flow management, and compliance. As a result, the City has been awarded a low interest loan and a \$500,000 forgivable loan from the State for the process conversion at the Long Creek Wastewater Treatment Plant. In fiscal year 2021 we also purchased a much needed and more powerful leak detection equipment and replaced the fluoride tank at the Jack F. Neel Water Treatment Plant. The Water and Sewer System Division was also the group that was tasked with the new responsibility of working along sewer line rights of way to clear debris to help with community flooding issues.

Long-Term Financial Planning

Unrestricted fund balance (the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned components of fund balance) in the general fund at year end was 44.9 percent of total general fund revenues. The City continues to be above the 8 percent minimum fund balance recommended for local governments in North Carolina. The City has a financial advisor that continues to work with on structuring debt and plans to update investment and financial policies.

The Council recently reviewed the City of Albemarle's long-term capital needs and is prioritizing major projects to help prepare for long-term planning for the City's major upcoming projects. The City has renewed and updated policies for cash management & investments.

Staff maintains a five-year Capital Improvement Plan for Water, Electric, Wastewater, Solid Waste Landfill, Public Housing, and the General Fund that are all updated annually. This plan serves as the City's planning document to ensure that its facilities, equipment, and infrastructure are well maintained and operating in peak condition. Under the guidance of a Capital Projects Policy, this process gives the City of Albemarle the ability to plan for its capital needs and plan to allocate short- and long-term resources appropriately. As part of this process, the government identifies and quantifies the operational costs associated with its capital projects and budgets resources accordingly within the annual budget. Within the Capital Improvement Plan 2021-2025, there were \$93,830,424 in capital needs anticipated for various infrastructure and facility improvements.

Self-Insured Health Insurance

With rising healthcare costs, the City believes it can avert huge healthcare increases by insurance companies. The City has been able to build reserves for health insurance and has averted rising health insurance pricing increases over the last few years.

Economic Development

The City continues to see the benefits of our in-house economic development activities. The Albemarle Hotel sat in a deteriorated state for many years but has been sold and there are plans to being redevelopment in the next 6 months. The City continues to work with Retail Strategies to prevent retail leakage to other communities; this helps our sales tax revenue continue to rise.

Albemarle Corporate Business Center

The City purchased 283 acres of land to be used as an industrial park and corporate center in fiscal year 2017. This land will be developed by the City and then sold to corporations that will construct facilities increasing tax base, creating jobs, and purchasing utilities. At the time of this report, bids for the construction of the horizontal infrastructure have been awarded and the project will be underway in fiscal year 2022.

Cultural and Recreational

Greenway Development

Since the late 1990's, the City has been planning and developing greenways and trails, completing three phases of the Snyder Greenway extending from West Main Street to Mason Street. However, development of the key segment of the trail, an abandoned rail line from downtown to Rock Creek Park, has been stalled by the inaction of Norfolk-Southern Railroad, which owns the corridor. In spring 2016, the Albemarle Greenway Commission (now merged with the Albemarle Parks and Recreation Advisory Board) agreed that the City should begin developing alternative greenway routes, possibly using utility easements and other natural corridors.

Public Works

Pavement Management Plan

Utilizing a pavement consultant with access to analysis software, a pavement management plan was prepared using the data from the pavement condition study and our annual level of funding. In this plan, several new pavement treatment options are included that had never been used before in the City's roadway infrastructure maintenance. The City is in the fifth year of its pavement management program and it provides to the City a consistent, cost effective and defensible plan for the preservation of our streets infrastructure. The City intends to evaluate the effectiveness of our process in fiscal year 2022.

Public Utilities

Long Creek Waste Water Treatment Plant

The Current Waste Water Treatment plant was designed and built in the early to mid-1970's. Most of the electrical distribution system which powers the environmental treatment process is original and is approximately 40 years old. The rehabilitation is to provide a reliable and easily maintainable system for the plant operations staff.

Old Whitney Raw Water Line

Replace the raw water line from Old Whitney Pump Station to the Highway 52 Water Treatment plant. The current waterline was installed in the 1940's and needs to be replaced.

Deep Water Intake - Tuckertown Water Treatment Plant

Current location of the raw water intake is in a shallow cove on Tuckertown Reservoir. Shallow depth of the intake has demonstrated a negative influence on the raw water quality.

Relevant Financial Policies

General governmental funds are presented on a modified accrual basis. Revenues are recorded when measurable and available, and expenditures are recorded when they are incurred. Adjustments are made to governmental funds to convert them to full accrual basis that is used in presenting the government-wide statements. Enterprise funds, while kept on a budgetary basis, are shown as full accrual. The City's internal controls are designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the safekeeping of assets against loss and the reliability of financial records.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The City of Albemarle Public Utilities Electric Division was once again awarded the platinum level Reliable Public Power Provider (RP3) award in January 2021. Albemarle is now part of the 254 utilities that are currently recognized by the RP3 program as having demonstrated high proficiency in the four key areas of reliability, safety, workforce development and system improvement. Albemarle Electric Division has had the privilege of being awarded one gold, 3 platinum and one diamond with diamond being the highest one of all. Every three years, Albemarle goes through a rigorous process for both operational and business excellence.

Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Albemarle for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This was the fourth year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Respectfully submitted,

Michael J. Ferris

City Manager

W. Wei

Jacob W. Weavil Finance Director

Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Albemarle North Carolina

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2020

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

CITY GOVERNING BODY AND OFFICIALS

JUNE 30, 2021

MAYOR

G. R. MICHAEL

CITY COUNCIL

MARTHA SUE HALL - MAYOR PRO-TEM

BENTON DRY

BILL ALDRIDGE

CHRIS WHITLEY

MARTHA E. HUGHES

DEXTER G. TOWNSEND

SHIRLEY LOWDER

OTHER OFFICIALS

MICHAEL J. FERRIS

NYKI HARDY

JACOB WEAVIL

BRITT BURCH

CINDY STONE

CITY MANAGER

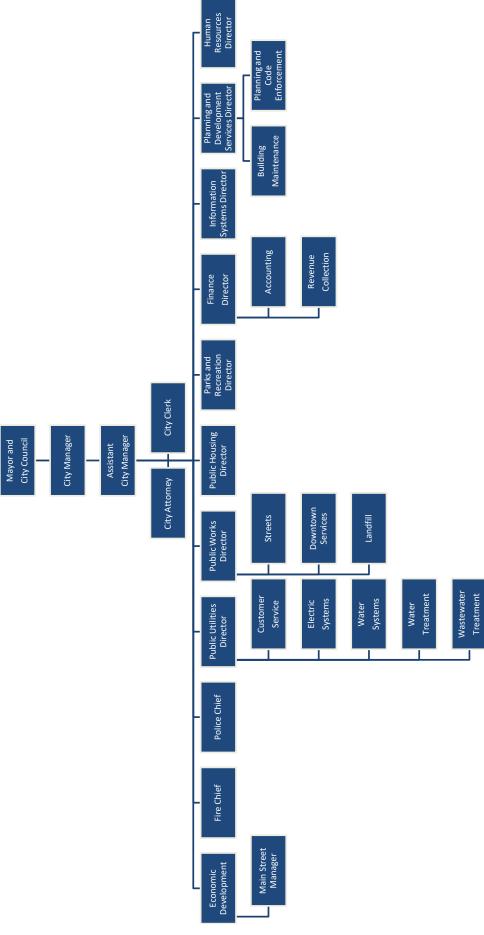
ASSISTANT CITY MANAGER

FINANCE OFFICER

CITY ATTORNEY

CITY CLERK

CITY ORGANIZATIONAL CHART





FINANCIAL SECTION





Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Albemarle Albemarle, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Albemarle, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the City of Albemarle ABC Board. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the City of Albemarle ABC Board, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the City of Albemarle ABC Boards.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internalcontrol. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Albemarle, North Carolina, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Other Post-Employment Benefits Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, the Local Government Employees' Retirement System Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Contributions, and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Allowance Schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economical, or historical context. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information, because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Albemarle's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, statistical section, as well as the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Financial Data Schedule is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, Financial Data Schedule, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from, and relate directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including

comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements, or the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and the other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of other auditors, the combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, Financial Data Schedule, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and the statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 26, 2021 on our consideration of the City of Albemarle's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements, and other matters. The purpose of the report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Albemarle's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Martin Starnes & associated, CPas, P.a.

Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P.A. Hickory, North Carolina November 26, 2021



Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Albemarle, we offer readers of the City of Albemarle's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Albemarle for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the City's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Albemarle exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$92,949,230.
- The government's total net position increased by \$11,142,676, primarily due to a second rebate received by the Electric Fund from North Carolina Municipal Power Agency #1 ("NCMPA1"), an increase in sales tax revenue by 16% compared to fiscal year 2020, a final repayment of previously written off debt in the General Fund, and concentrated efforts by the City to build operating reserves in the Electric Fund and Landfill Fund.
- The City received a rebate from NCMPA1 in the amount of \$6,447,395 in the Electric Fund during the current fiscal year.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Albemarle's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$11,797,494, an increase of \$1,587,524 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 21.7 percent of this total amount, or \$2,564,263, is restricted or non-spendable. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$7,569,126, or 45.2 percent, of total General Fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- The City of Albemarle's total debt decreased by \$2,311,339 during the current fiscal year. The reduction of the City's debt was due to no new borrowings for the fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to City of Albemarle's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the City through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the City of Albemarle.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report

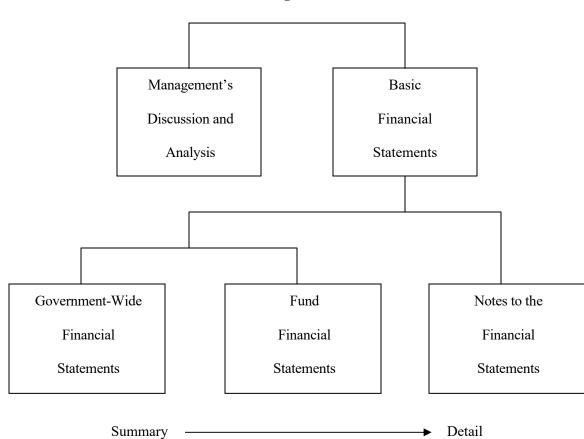


Figure 1

Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits A and B) in the basic financial statements are the **government-wide financial statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the City's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits C through I) are **fund financial statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the City's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the fund financial statements: 1) the governmental funds statements, 2) the budgetary comparison statements, and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the City's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the City's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the City's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the City's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the City's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the City's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities, 2) business-type activities, and 3) component unit. The governmental activities include most of the City's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the City charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer services, electric services, landfill services, and public housing offered by the City of Albemarle. The final category is the component unit. Although legally separate from the City, the ABC Board is important to the City. The City exercises control over the Board by appointing its members and because the Board is required to distribute its profits to the City.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits A and B of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the City's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Albemarle, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the City's budget ordinance. All of the funds of City of Albemarle can be divided into two categories: governmental funds, and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the City's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the City's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The City of Albemarle adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the City, the management of the City, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the City to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the City complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the City succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget

document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Funds – The City of Albemarle has two types of proprietary funds, enterprise and internal service. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Albemarle uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer activity, and for its electric, landfill and public housing operations. These funds are the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the functions of the City. The City uses an internal service fund to account for one activity – its self-insurance health insurance plan. Because this operation benefits predominantly governmental rather than business-type activities, the internal service fund has been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are on pages 30 through 76 of this report.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the City of Albemarle's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other post-employment benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 77 through 83 of this report.

Interdependence with Other Entities – The City depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the federal government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the City is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to federal and state laws and federal and state appropriations.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

City of Albemarle's Net Position Figure 2

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Totals	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Assets:						
Current and other assets	\$ 14,222,229	\$ 12,809,970	\$ 42,483,822	\$ 32,751,517	\$ 56,706,051	\$ 45,561,487
Capital assets	24,878,768	23,871,292	74,134,423	76,112,068	99,013,191	99,983,360
Total assets	39,100,997	36,681,262	116,618,245	108,863,585	155,719,242	145,544,847
Deferred Outflows of						
Resources	3,985,629	2,732,652	2,207,301	1,697,041	6,192,930	4,429,693
Liabilities:						
Long-term liabilities	19,172,393	17,702,892	38,035,270	38,255,569	57,207,663	55,958,461
Other liabilities	2,732,798	2,804,185	6,954,760	7,078,382	9,687,558	9,882,567
Total liabilities	21,905,191	20,507,077	44,990,030	45,333,951	66,895,221	65,841,028
Deferred Inflows of						
Resources	1,258,426	1,431,674	809,295	895,284	2,067,721	2,326,958
Net Position:						
Net investment in						
capital assets	18,922,602	17,195,672	46,804,613	47,190,373	65,727,215	64,386,045
Restricted	2,477,871	4,210,437	63,964	-	2,541,835	4,210,437
Unrestricted	(1,477,464)	(3,930,946)	26,157,644	17,141,018	24,680,180	13,210,072
Total net position	\$ 19,923,009	\$ 17,475,163	\$ 73,026,221	\$ 64,331,391	\$ 92,949,230	\$ 81,806,554

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of the City of Albemarle exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$92,949,230 as of June 30, 2021. The City's net position increased by \$11,142,676 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The largest portion of net position (70.7%) reflects the City's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, and equipment). The City of Albemarle uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Albemarle's net investment in capital assets needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the City of Albemarle's net position, \$2,541,835 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$24,680,180 is unrestricted.

Several particular aspects of the City's financial operations influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

Governmental Activities:

- Growth in sales tax revenues by 16% compared to the previous fiscal year
- Repayment of previously written off debt

Business-Type Activities:

- Received a large rebate from NCMPA1
- Concentrated efforts to build operational reserves

The following table provides a summary of the City's changes in net position:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 1,917,619	\$ 1,803,248	\$ 46,598,074	\$ 45,557,603	\$ 48,515,693	\$ 47,360,851
Operating grants and						
contributions	1,687,527	949,797	2,311,502	2,257,673	3,999,029	3,207,470
Capital grants and contributions	558,426	_	1,057,016	1,341,887	1,615,442	1,341,887
General revenues:	550,420		1,007,010	1,541,007	1,015,112	1,541,007
Property taxes	7,110,853	6,896,760	-	_	7,110,853	6,896,760
Other taxes	6,846,413	6,080,187	208,511	120,604	7,054,924	6,200,791
Interest earned	(11,517)	197,169	45,744	230,984	34,227	428,153
NCMPA rebate	(;;) -		6,447,395	4,950,623	6,447,395	4,950,623
Total revenues	18,109,321	15,927,161	56,668,242	54,459,374	74,777,563	70,386,535
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Expenses:						
General government	2,380,927	2,198,065	-	-	2,380,927	2,198,065
Public safety	8,892,702	8,278,010	-	-	8,892,702	8,278,010
Public works	3,702,465	3,512,821	-	-	3,702,465	3,512,821
Cultural and recreational	2,005,322	1,727,843	-	-	2,005,322	1,727,843
Interest on long-term debt	218,097	228,266	-	-	218,097	228,266
Water and sewer	-	-	11,245,258	10,430,343	11,245,258	10,430,343
Electric	-	-	29,245,973	29,139,058	29,245,973	29,139,058
Landfill	-	-	3,030,606	2,710,198	3,030,606	2,710,198
Public housing			2,913,537	3,308,139	2,913,537	3,308,139
Total expenses	17,199,513	15,945,005	46,435,374	45,587,738	63,634,887	61,532,743
Change in net position						
before transfers	909,808	(17,844)	10,232,868	8,871,636	11,142,676	8,853,792
Transfers in (out)	1,538,038	857,460	(1,538,038)	(857,460)		
Change in net position	2,447,846	839,616	8,694,830	8,014,176	11,142,676	8,853,792
Net Position:						
Beginning of year - July 1	17,475,163	16,635,547	64,331,391	56,317,215	81,806,554	72,952,762
End of year - June 30	\$ 19,923,009	\$ 17,475,163	\$ 73,026,221	\$ 64,331,391	\$ 92,949,230	\$ 81,806,554

City of Albemarle's Changes Net Position Figure 3

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$2,447,846. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Continued partnership with retail strategies for the recruitment & retention of retail businesses to prevent leakage to other communities
- Unanticipated growth in sales tax revenues; all projections from the City and those received by the state assumed decreases and the fiscal year 2021 operating budget reflected this
- City efforts at downtown revitalization & street scape improvements

Business-Type Activities. Business-type activities increased the City of Albemarle's net position by \$8,694,830. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Received a large rebate from NCMPA1
- Concentrated efforts to build operational reserves

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Albemarle uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: The focus of the City of Albemarle's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Albemarle's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Albemarle. At the end of the current fiscal year, City of Albemarle's unassigned fund balance in the General Fund was \$7,569,126, while total fund balance amounted to \$10,471,694. Unassigned General Fund balance represents 45.2 percent of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 62.5 percent of that same amount.

At June 30, 2021, the governmental funds of City of Albemarle reported a combined fund balance of \$11,797,494, a 15.5 percent increase as compared to the prior year. Included in this change in fund balance is the increase in fund balance in the General Fund. The underlying reasons for the increase in fund balance of the General Fund relates to an increase in sales tax revenue by 16%, after profit distributions from The City of Albemarle Board of Alcoholic Beverage Control ("ABC"), a repayment of previously written off debt and reimbursements recorded as receivable from FEMA for prior year expenditures.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the City revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and state grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

The following represent items for which budget amendments were made during the year:

- Various vehicles, equipment, and supplies that were ordered and encumbered in fiscal year 2020 but not received until fiscal year 2021
- Gant proceeds received by parks and recreation in June of 2020 but could not be spent until fiscal year 2021
- Asphalt repair on NC Highway 52 N
- Drug seizure funds for the police department to purchase SRT bullet proof vests
- Legal fees to close out lawsuits against the City
- Grant proceeds from FEMA for City park repairs
- Appropriate funds received from the state for incentives to project steel
- Reduce Powell Bill appropriations to match state distribution
- Increase appropriations to the King Alleyway project
- Repairs to the concrete around the basins at the 52 water treatment plant
- Grant proceeds from the CARES Act
- Increase appropriations to the Fire Fighter SCBA Special Revenue Fund
- CARES Act funds received from HUD to public housing
- Unexpected equipment repair and maintenance in the Landfill Fund and appropriate additional funds to the leachate project
- Appropriate funds to the Stormwater project
- CARES Act grant proceeds from the YMCA for remote learning, contributions and donations for food truck Friday events

Proprietary Funds: The City of Albemarle's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$4,015,211, for the Electric Fund, \$20,352,793; for the Landfill Fund \$969,952; and for the public housing \$275,099. The total change in net position for each fund was \$280,717, \$7,209,498, \$441,576, and \$756,635, respectively. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City of Albemarle's business-type activities.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets: The City of Albemarle's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business–type activities as of June 30, 2021, totals \$99,013,191 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, roads and bridges, land, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following:

- Donation of property located at 115 and 117 West South St
- Landscape improvements at the City warehouse
- Rebuild of 2008 vacuum truck for public works
- 2 new trailers for public works
- 2020 Ford F450 truck for public works
- Sidewalk replacement at North 2nd St and Montgomery Ave
- Sidewalk repair at West South St
- Sidewalk renovations downtown from North 3rd St to North 4th St
- Conversion of construction in progress for the new police headquarters
- 4 new police cruisers
- Roof replacement and interior renovations at fire station #3
- New portable radios for the fire department

- 45 new airpacks for the fire department
- 4 new edraulic spreaders for the fire department ("Jaws of Life")
- Conversion of construction in progress for repairs made to Don Montgomery and Optimist Park
- Roof replacement and HVAC system upgrade at the EE Waddell Community Center
- Bobcat zero turn mower for parks and recreation
- Pool repair and ADA wheelchair access at Rock Creek Park and Chuck Morehead
- Playground equipment at Chuck Morehead Park
- Baseball scoreboard at Don Montgomery Park
- Backstop netting at Don Montgomery Park
- Roof repair and interior renovations to the Jack F. Neel Water Treatment Plant
- Zero turn mower for water treatment plant
- Conversion of construction in progress for the I&I 2 infrastructure project
- 3 new leased trucks for public utilities sewer treatment plant
- Mini-Excavator for water and sewer infrastructure repair projects
- Infrastructure repair at NC Highway 52
- Conversion of construction in progress for the I&I 2 gravity line project
- Conversion of construction in progress for SCADA systems and controls upgrades for electric department
- Mini-Excavator for the electric department
- 2 new electric vehicle charging stations (city hall and new police headquarters)
- Various infrastructure upgrades to the electric department
- 2020 Chevrolet 6500 bucket truck
- Conversation of construction in progress for the landfill leachate force main and gravity line projects
- New security camera system for public housing

City of Albemarle's Capital Assets Net of Accumulated Depreciation Figure 4

		ernm etiviti			ss-Type vities	Total		
	2021		2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Land	\$ 4,384,33	3 \$	4,384,333	\$ 1,041,766	\$ 1,041,766	\$ 5,426,099	\$ 5,426,099	
Infrastructure	3,515,30	07	3,548,515	24,350,857	21,427,650	27,866,164	24,976,165	
Other improvements	955,02	6	793,744	410,983	478,814	1,366,009	1,272,558	
Buildings	11,660,60	3	6,854,251	36,566,585	35,895,856	48,227,188	42,750,107	
Furniture and fixtures		-	-	42,429	47,732	42,429	47,732	
Equipment	2,835,47	'1	2,608,081	6,658,843	7,251,298	9,494,314	9,859,379	
Construction in progress	1,528,02	.8	5,682,368	5,062,960	9,968,952	6,590,988	15,651,320	
Total	\$ 24,878,76	<u>8</u>	23,871,292	\$ 74,134,423	\$ 76,112,068	\$ 99,013,191	\$ 99,983,360	

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note 2.A. of the basic financial statements.

Long-term Debt: As of June 30, 2021, the City of Albemarle had no outstanding bonded debt.

	 Governmental Activities				ss-Type vities	Total Government		
	 2021		2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Direct placement and direct								
borrowing - installment debt	\$ 5,956,166	\$	6,675,620	\$ 27,175,316	\$ 28,821,425	\$ 33,131,482	\$ 35,497,045	
Capital leases	 -		-	154,494	100,270	154,494	100,270	
Total	\$ 5,956,166	\$	6,675,620	\$ 27,329,810	\$ 28,921,695	\$ 33,285,976	\$ 35,597,315	

City of Albemarle's Outstanding Debt Figure 5

City of Albemarle's Outstanding Debt

The City of Albemarle's total debt decreased by \$2,311,339 during the past fiscal year, primarily due to no new debt incurred. There is still an interfund loan from parks/recreation to the Electric Fund in the amount of \$131,658 for renovation of a building.

North Carolina General Statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for City of Albemarle is \$56,418,388.

Additional information regarding the City of Albemarle's long-term debt can be found in Note 2.B.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the current and underlying economic conditions surrounding the City of Albemarle.

- The unemployment rate in Stanly County was 4.5%, which is below the statewide rate of 4.6% and the national average of 5.9% for June 2021.
- Through an on-going global pandemic, new construction and renovation has again increased since FY 19-20. In FY 20-21, the total dollar amount of development investment for commercial, industrial and residential activity brings a total of \$41,391,587 into the City of Albemarle.
- Since last fiscal year, commercial and industrial activity happened to decrease from \$20,137,364 to \$12,751,496. Commercial and industrial activity account for 30.80% of total development activity. Even with the slight decrease of commercial and industrial development, the City still experienced several noteworthy projects in this sector, including; Lowe's Tool Rental addition, the Joe Maus Ford Dealership, many improvements to Stanly Regional Hospital, Tractor Supply's expansion & remodel, a new Biscuitville restaurant, a new Aspen Dental facility and some major improvements to the Duke Energy sub-station for flood prevention which accounted for half of the commercial & industrial development investment. As the Planning & Development Services & Economic Development departments continue working with new businesses, existing industry and potential industrial opportunities, the City should experience a steady level of investment by the end of FY 21-22
- The other 69.20% of development investment for FY 20-21 is comprised of residential development activity, which accounted for \$28,640,091 of investment into residential Albemarle. This more than doubles last FY's residential investment of \$11,727,400. In FY 20-21 the City

permitted 99 new single-family homes, 3 duplexes, and two significant multi-family projects in our downtown which will yield roughly 70 new apartment dwellings. Significant changes to the City's residential zoning districts & yard requirements in January 2021, there has been a significant amount of vacant infill lot development & redevelopment of existing homes across the City. Changes made to the ordinance allowed lots or structures that were once prohibitive for development and revitalization much more feasible and development friendly. With the near completion of the Grandview Meadows subdivision, the onset of the Morgan Hills subdivision and promising inquiries of further redevelopment in the downtown area, it is expected that this amount of residential investment will be maintained through FY 21-22.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022

Governmental Activities: The proposed FY 21/22 budget utilizes the taxable property value estimate provided by the Stanly County Tax Assessor of \$1,240,000,000, with one cent on the property tax rate generating approximately \$120,888. I am recommending, and the budget has been constructed around, a reduced tax rate of 61 cents per \$100 of assessed value. The proposed General Fund budget is 5.87% higher than the FY 20/21 adjusted budget (adjusted budget includes amendments to reflect the current budget authority).

A property revaluation throughout Stanly County occurred in the last year and we are therefore required to determine a revenue neutral figure. The revenue-neutral tax rate, as defined by G.S. 159-11(e), is the rate that is estimated to produce revenue for the next fiscal year equal to the revenue for the current fiscal year if no reappraisal had occurred. The rate is then adjusted by a growth factor equal to the average annual percentage increase in the tax base due to improvements since the last general reappraisal. What this means is normal growth is not included in a revenue neutral figure and therefore what we typically experience between fiscal years is not part of this calculation. Growth items are those such as new development and investment, annexations, and personal property increases, as this is adjusted each year and are therefore included in what is considered typical growth. A revenue neutral tax rate for the City of Albemarle that on average would not provide for additional revenues (excluding statutory exemptions) would be 58.04-cents per \$100 of assessed value.

The budget does not include any increases in planning and zoning fees nor does it propose an increase in the motor vehicle registration fee. The budget does make an adjustment to the monthly solid waste collection fee (which includes recycling) for contractual obligations, but no change to the solid waste disposal fee.

I believe it is always worth noting where the funds we collect go and what property taxes actually provide taxpayers. The operations of the fire and police departments alone account for 56.30% of the General Fund budget expenditures. The total cost of these two departments is \$10,870,332, while the proposed property tax rate generates revenues totaling \$7,374,144. The difference is \$3,496,188 and would therefore require a 28.92-cent tax increase in order for property taxes alone to fully fund just these two operations. While the City provides outstanding police and fire service and are proud to do so, this example demonstrates the critical need to continue to grow the economy and local tax base as well as diversify the revenue structure.

Capital initiatives in the General Fund section of the proposed 21/22 budget allow us to move forward with our core services and many of the most desired investment opportunity items. The budget makes provisions for the continuation of the services of retail strategies for the recruitment and retention of retail businesses to prevent leakage to other communities. It also provides for new services through Retail Strategies designed specifically to focus on the unique needs of downtown, the buildings, and assist with strategic planning. The budget contains a \$75,000 increase in the General Fund share of street preservation program, a high priority of the Mayor and council. The City-wide increase in funding for street preservation and maintenance has increased by \$300,000 in the last six fiscal years. The public

works streets division also includes funds for a one-ton dump truck, dual axle dump truck, and a daily use pick-up to address their aging fleet. The acquisition of 3 police vehicles, and the replacement of mobile data terminals, flashlights, and Tasers is funded in the police department. The proposal also includes a 2% pay differential for those assigned to the night shift in the police department. The budget provides for three positive pressure fans in the fire department, the purchase of a new frontline engine, and the refurbishment of the existing ladder truck. An application has also been made for a SAFER grant to fund three additional full-time firefighter positions (one additional per shift). The parks and recreation portion of the budget plans for the replacement of the diving structures at both pools, weight room equipment replacement at the EE Waddell Community Center, and LED lighting conversion and window painting at the roof on the building when we acquired the facility. Finally, in parks and recreation, we have budgeted to resurface the park road of Morehead Park. Funding for the wayfinding initiative is provided and will enable the City to further develop the streetscape plan and our community image. Wayfinding signs and new banners for downtown poles are planned for FY 21/22.

The Powell Bill Fund is proposed at \$574,977, which is a 4.9% increase from the current fiscal year adjusted budget (adjusted budget includes amendments to reflect the current budget authority). Overall, it does include a share of the funds for our street preservation and maintenance program with \$225,000 proposed in Powell Bill funds. This is a \$25,000 increase from the current year, which combined with the portion in the General Fund provides \$100,000 additional funding for this endeavor. Funding for the Powell Bill is received from the state as a portion of the gas tax and is remitted to municipalities for road maintenance, with a portion based on road mileage and a portion based on population. Over the years funding has not kept pace with needs. In fact, funding levels for FY 21/22 are almost identical to amount we received in FY 10/11. Virtually no change in funding is in stark contrast to the cost increases that have occurred in that same time for supplies, materials, and labor needed for street maintenance.

Business-Type Activities: The Water and Sewer Fund budget is proposed at \$12,438,749 and is 10.88% greater than the current fiscal year adjusted budget (adjusted budget includes amendments to reflect the current budget authority). The proposed budget does include a 4% water and sewer rate increase. The overall need for rate adjustments is based on the significant investment the City continues to make in its water and sewer system. For the first time in over a decade meter and tap fees are proposed for an increase.

There are many needs and commitments addressed in the proposal. Funds are budgeted for the City's share to relocate a water line as part of the NCDOT Bethany Road bridge replacement project. We will study a possible expansion of the Jack F. Neel Water Treatment Plant and install an automatic transfer switch to the generator at this same facility. We propose the complete replacement of the Moss Springs Road water booster pump station that was installed as part of the City's 1980 annexation and system expansion project. Similarly, we plan to replace the pumps at the NC Highway 73 sewer lift station and install a larger holding tank that should lessen the opportunity for overflows and reduce pump and haul activities by City crews. We also have budgeted for many previously approved projects, such as sewer work on Sibley Street, Knollwood Circle, and Kingsley Drive as well as the water line project on Knollwood Circle.

We continue with routine I&I work with the lining of manhole towers, as well as the replacement of vehicles and equipment. We have also proposed to significantly increase funding for automated meter reading (AMR) devices for water meters, as this technology will provide for greater efficiency. We will replace the receivers on the meter technician vehicles to a new technology that will eliminate the current handheld meter reading devices and instead utilize the tablets installed as part of the recently implemented project that allows work orders to be received and completed electronically in the field (cost shared with Electric Fund). An ongoing and significant accomplishment is that the City will continue to meet its current debt obligation in the Water and Sewer Fund while maintaining extremely low rates.

Many improvement projects benefiting both water and sewer customers have taken place in recent years. While these are costly projects, we have pursued these for the best interest of our customers and for the long-term reliability of our system.

The electric budget is proposed at \$32,458,902 and represents a 1.38% decrease from the current year adjusted budget (adjusted budget includes amendments to reflect the current budget authority). The budget does provide for a 1% electric rate reduction. With this proposed reduction in our electric rates, our average residential customer will have seen rates reduced by 10.5% in the last six years (since FY 15/16). Additionally, there has been no increase in electric rates in seven years. As a City, we can be very proud of what we have been able to achieve with the rates for our customers and still remain a Public Power Award of Excellence winner and a nationally awarded RP3 Diamond level system.

Overall, major initiatives include the project to move the overhead electric lines to underground at the intersection of South Second Street and West South Street / MLK Jr. Drive. This will allow us to install the metal poles and arms for traffic signals as we have in other areas of the downtown. We have significantly increased supplies and materials for electric system expansion and enhancements to keep pace with the unprecedented residential growth Albemarle is experiencing, as well as the steady commercial growth. In addition to standard vehicle and equipment replacements, there are funds to improve the safety and/or reliability of our system such as 3-phase reclosers, automatic transfer switches to assist with power transfer and redirection during outages, bypass buses for substations, and our tree trimming and pole inspection program. The Electric Fund will contribute to the new receivers for automated meter reading capabilities. The Electric Fund budget also continues to fund its proportionate share of our economic development activities and other shared City expenses.

The Solid Waste Disposal Fund is proposed at \$4,357,870 in FY 21/22, representing an increase of 48.99% from the FY 20/21 adjusted budget (adjusted budget includes amendments to reflect the current budget authority). I am not recommending any change to the tipping fee for municipal solid waste (MSW) or the construction and demolition (C&D) disposal fee. There is also no proposed change in the \$1.00 per ton fee specifically designated for closure and post-closure costs. The budget as proposed carries out obligations without any appropriation of fund balance. The solid waste disposal budget includes principal and interest payments for the force main sewer leachate line. It also includes a repayment to our reserves, as we borrowed from Landfill reserves to pay for the construction of the employee and office facility. When this occurred, the City made the commitment to replenish our reserves and this budget proposal follows through on that commitment. There is also significant investment in equipment needed to operate the landfill facility as the budget provides for the rebuilding of a compactor and the acquisition of a new dozer. It also provides for repairs to the recycling facility. Finally, it is proposed to add a heavy equipment mechanic. Based on the current needs and the cost of existing maintenance contracts, we can add this position and achieve five days a week of service for approximately what it costs for a preventative maintenance contract and the expense of additional call-in services. There would also be significant benefits beyond the landfill as there is need for heavy equipment repair and maintenance services across the City.

The Public Housing Section 8 proposal reflects a total budget of \$1,486,897, which is a 9.68% decrease from the FY 20/21 adjusted budget (adjusted budget includes amendments to reflect the current budget authority), while the conventional public housing budget is proposed at \$1,426,180 and is a 3.22% decrease from the FY 20/21 adjusted budget (adjusted budget includes amendments to reflect the current budget authority). Both housing program budgets consist primarily of federal funds and revenues from tenant / resident rental payments. The proposal allows for the continued operation of both housing programs. A majority of capital programs and initiatives do not appear in this annual budget but are a part of the Capital Fund program budget. The CFP budget follows US Housing and Urban Development guidelines and is presented and reviewed with council as projects and expenditures are ready.

FY21/22 begins the fifth year of a self-funded health insurance program. To date, we have been very successful in pursuing this path. We have been able to retain all savings realized from year to year, rather than having these savings go to a private provider. Being self-insured, we do set our own rates and funding levels. We are budgeting a 3.17% increase in the per person funding for the program and we will remain in the Blue Cross/Blue Shield of NC network.

Overall: In all funds, the budget proposal does provide for the implementation of the compensation study recommendations. The compensation study was a funded project in FY 20/21 as the City saw the need to study compensation levels in order to remain competitive in attracting and retaining employees. The development and retention of a high qualified and skilled workforce is one of the six main priority areas identified through our extensive planning process and the implementation of the compensation study was ranked as a top investment opportunity. As a result, the budget proposes to move any lagging job ranges to market with each individual employee moving proportionately with the move to market. There is also an element provided to address pay compression. In lieu of our standard across the board cost of living adjustment, the implementation will be blended with the compensation study. All employees will move based on the recommendation of the compensation study, or 1.5%, whichever is greater. This method implements the compensation study findings and provides a minimum amount to all employees in order to keep pace with the rising cost of living. The budget as proposed does not provide funding for merit pay program.

The budget and proposed activities enable the City to continue to perform its essential mission, is financially responsible, and provides for quality services and service delivery. Even with the recent erosion of revenue sources in the General Fund, the multitude of restrictions placed on municipalities, and unforeseen challenges that arise such as the COVID-19 pandemic, we continue to find ways to fulfill our duties and commitments to our citizens, businesses, and employees. I would like to express my appreciation to the entire City staff for their work in the development of thoughtful and responsible requests as well as for their efforts throughout the year to ensure we live within our means and within budget boundaries.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the City's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Director of Finance, City of Albemarle, P O Box 190, Albemarle, North Carolina 28002.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	P	rimary Governmer	nt	Component Unit
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	City of Albemarle ABC Board
Assets:				
Current assets:	ф <u>10 111 с14</u>	ф <u>22 075 120</u>	ф АС ОДД ОСО	¢ 001.220
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,111,614	\$ 32,965,438	\$ 45,077,052	\$ 981,330
Taxes receivable - net Accounts receivable - net	288,237	-	288,237	-
	187,913	4,648,067	4,835,980	-
Due from other governments Internal balances	1,976,181	676,247	1,976,181	-
Inventories	(676,247) 16,788	2,720,911	2,737,699	450,159
	69,604	77,098	146,702	10,473
Prepaid expenses Restricted cash	190,039		1,586,100	10,475
		1,396,061		1 441 0(2
Total current assets	14,164,129	42,483,822	56,647,951	1,441,962
Non-current assets:				
Security deposits	58,100		58,100	
Capital assets:				
Land and construction in progress	5,912,361	6,104,726	12,017,087	222,167
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	18,966,407	68,029,697	86,996,104	710,771
Total capital assets	24,878,768	74,134,423	99,013,191	932,938
Total non-current assets	24,936,868	74,134,423	99,071,291	932,938
Total assets	39,100,997	116,618,245	155,719,242	2,374,900
Deferred Outflows of Resources:				
Pension deferrals	2,777,105	1,393,867	4,170,972	43,046
OPEB deferrals	1,208,524	813,434	2,021,958	
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,985,629	2,207,301	6,192,930	43,046
Liabilities: Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,491,347	3,195,759	4,687,106	318,321
Current portion of long-term liabilities	1,198,612	2,398,480	3,597,092	510,521
Accrued interest payable	42,112	2,398,480	70,536	-
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:	42,112	20,724	70,550	-
Customer deposits	_	1,256,158	1,256,158	_
Advances from grantors	727	75,939	76,666	-
Total current liabilities	2,732,798	6,954,760	9,687,558	318,321
	2,152,190	0,757,700	,007,000	510,521

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

		Pr	imary Govern	ment	t		С	omponent Unit	
	Governme <u>Activitie</u>		Business-Ty Activities	-		Total		City of Albemarle ABC Board	
Long-term liabilities:									
Accrued landfill closure and									
post-closure costs		-	5,101,6	569		5,101,669		-	
Total OPEB liability	7,440	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		12,382,314		-			
Total pension liability - LEOSSA	2,435	,829		-		2,435,829		-	
Due in more than one year	5,484	,764	25,431,3	311		30,916,075		-	
Net pension liability	3,811	,084	2,560,6	592		6,371,776		77,543	
Total long-term liabilities	19,172	.,393	38,035,2	270		57,207,663		77,543	
Total liabilities	21,905	,191	44,990,0	030		66,895,221		395,864	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Prepaid taxes	1	,785		-		1,785		-	
Pension deferrals	223	,027	113,5	589		336,616		-	
OPEB deferrals	1,033	,614	695,7	706		1,729,320		-	
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,258	,426	809,2	295		2,067,721		-	
Net Position:									
Net investment in capital assets	18,922	,602	46,804,6	513		65,727,215		932,938	
Restricted for:									
Stabilization by state statute	2,163	,048		-		2,163,048		-	
Streets	189	,312		-		189,312		-	
General government		-		-		-		160,000	
Public safety	121	,388		-		121,388		-	
Economic development	4	,123		-		4,123		-	
Housing assistance payments		-	63,9	964		63,964		-	
Working capital		-		-		-		147,099	
Unrestricted	(1,477	,464)	26,157,6	544		24,680,180		782,045	
Total net position	\$ 19,923	,009	\$ 73,026,2	221	\$	92,949,230	\$	2,022,082	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			Program Revenues					
	Expenses		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		
Functions/Programs:								
Primary Government:								
Governmental Activities:								
General government	\$	2,380,927	\$ 34,049	\$	185,096	\$	261,997	
Public safety		8,892,702	52,395		355,323		291,429	
Public works		3,702,465	1,680,135		1,091,447		5,000	
Cultural and recreational		2,005,322	151,040		55,661		-	
Interest on long-term debt		218,097	 -		-		-	
Total governmental activities		17,199,513	 1,917,619		1,687,527		558,426	
Business-Type Activities:								
Water and sewer		11,245,258	11,841,865		9,498		46,454	
Electric		29,245,973	30,802,011		253,938		-	
Landfill		3,030,606	3,311,887		6,230		-	
Department of public housing		2,913,537	 642,311		2,041,836		1,010,562	
Total business-type activities		46,435,374	 46,598,074		2,311,502		1,057,016	
Total primary government	\$	63,634,887	\$ 48,515,693	\$	3,999,029	\$	1,615,442	
Component Unit:								
City of Albemarle ABC Board	\$	4,801,933	\$ 4,981,056	\$		\$	_	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position									
				Component						
	P	rimary Governmen	it	Unit						
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	City of Albemarle ABC Board						
Functions/Programs:										
Primary Government:										
Governmental Activities:										
General government	\$ (1,899,785)	\$ -	\$ (1,899,785)							
Public safety	(8,193,555)	-	(8,193,555)							
Public works	(925,883)	-	(925,883)							
Cultural and recreational	(1,798,621)	-	(1,798,621)							
Interest on long-term debt	(218,097)		(218,097)							
Total governmental activities	(13,035,941)		(13,035,941)							
Business-Type Activities:										
Water and sewer	-	652,559	652,559							
Electric	-	1,809,976	1,809,976							
Landfill	-	287,511	287,511							
Department of public housing	-	781,172	781,172							
Total business-type activities		3,531,218	3,531,218							
Total primary government	(13,035,941)	3,531,218	(9,504,723)							
Component Unit:										
City of Albemarle ABC Board				\$ 179,123						
General Revenues: Taxes:										
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	7,110,853	-	7,110,853	-						
Local option sales tax	4,889,624	-	4,889,624	-						
Other taxes and licenses	1,956,789	208,511	2,165,300	-						
NCMPA working capital refund	-	6,447,395	6,447,395	-						
Investment earnings	(11,517)	45,744	34,227	863						
Total general revenues, excluding transfers	13,945,749	6,701,650	20,647,399	863						
Transfers	1,538,038	(1,538,038)								
Total general revenues and transfers	15,483,787	5,163,612	20,647,399	863						
Change in net position	2,447,846	8,694,830	11,142,676	179,986						
Net Position:										
Beginning of year, July 1	17,475,163	64,331,391	81,806,554	1,842,096						
Net position, end of year	\$ 19,923,009	\$ 73,026,221	\$ 92,949,230	\$ 2,022,082						

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Major Fund			Total		Total		
		General		Nonmajor		Governmental		
		Fund		Funds		Funds		
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,207,275	\$	1,605,886	\$	10,813,161		
Receivables, net:								
Taxes receivable - net		288,237		-		288,237		
Accounts receivable - net		185,155		-		185,155		
Interest		2,758		-		2,758		
Due from other governments		1,976,181		-		1,976,181		
Inventories		16,788		-		16,788		
Prepaids		69,604		-		69,604		
Restricted cash	-	190,039		-	-	190,039		
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	11,936,037	\$	1,605,886	\$	13,541,923		
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,								
and Fund Balances: Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	1,040,890	\$	280,086	\$	1,320,976		
Due to other funds	Φ	91,130	φ	280,080	φ	91,130		
Advances from other funds		40,528		-		40,528		
Liabilities to be paid from restricted assets:		10,520				10,520		
Advances from grantors		727		-		727		
Total liabilities		1,173,275		280,086		1,453,361		
						-,,		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Property taxes receivable		288,237		-		288,237		
License fees receivable		1,046		-		1,046		
Prepaid taxes		1,785				1,785		
Total deferred inflows of resources		291,068		-		291,068		
Fund Balances:								
Non-spendable:								
Inventories		16,788		-		16,788		
Prepaids		69,604		-		69,604		
Restricted:								
Stabilization by state statute		2,163,048		-		2,163,048		
Streets - Powell Bill		189,312		-		189,312		
Public safety		121,388		-		121,388		
Economic development		4,123		-		4,123		
Committed:								
General government		-		22,975		22,975		
Economic development		-		150,147		150,147		
Parks and recreation		-		643,026		643,026		
Public works		-		509,652		509,652		
Assigned:								
Subsequent year's expenditures		228,000		-		228,000		
Parks and recreation		95,105		-		95,105		
Streets - health insurance		15,200		-		15,200		
Unassigned		7,569,126		- 1 225 900		7,569,126		
Total fund balances		10,471,694	—	1,325,800		11,797,494		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,								
and fund balances	\$	11,936,037	\$	1,605,886	\$	13,541,923		

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A) are different because:		
Total fund balance - governmental funds	\$	11,797,494
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		24,878,768
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds.		2,777,105
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the funds.		1,208,524
Other long-term assets (taxes, license receivable) are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		289,283
Internal service funds used by management to charge the costs of health insurance claims and premiums to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		1,186,182
Consolidation adjustment for internal balances between Internal Service Fund and the governmental funds		(544,589)
Long-term liabilities, including accrued interest, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Installment purchases		(5,956,166)
Total pension liability (LEOSSA) Total OPEB liability Compensated absences		(2,435,829) (7,440,716) (727,210)
Net pension liability Accrued interest payable		(3,811,084) (42,112)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds.		(223,027)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the funds.		(1,033,614)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	19,923,009

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	<u>N</u>	Major Fund General Fund	 Total Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Revenues:						
Ad valorem taxes	\$	7,222,497	\$ -	\$	7,222,497	
Other taxes and licenses		292,228	-		292,228	
Unrestricted intergovernmental		6,554,185	-		6,554,185	
Restricted intergovernmental		1,214,569	291,429		1,505,998	
Permits and fees		50,042	-		50,042	
Sales and services		1,764,463	-		1,764,463	
Investment earnings		(12,608)	540		(12,068)	
Miscellaneous		510,338	 70,675		581,013	
Total revenues		17,595,714	 362,644		17,958,358	
Expenditures: Current						
General government		1,955,278	_		1,955,278	
Public safety		8,464,296	_		8,464,296	
Public works		3,375,590	_		3,375,590	
Cultural and recreation		2,013,950	_		2,013,950	
Debt service:		2,015,950			2,015,950	
Principal retirement		719,454	_		719,454	
Interest and other charges		222,119	_		222,119	
Capital outlay		-	1,158,185		1,158,185	
Total expenditures		16,750,687	 1,158,185		17,908,872	
i otar experiencies		10,750,007	 1,156,165		17,900,072	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		845,027	 (795,541)		49,486	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers from other funds		1,634,790	763,816		2,398,606	
Transfers to other funds		(620,613)	 (239,955)		(860,568)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,014,177	 523,861		1,538,038	
Net change in fund balances		1,859,204	(271,680)		1,587,524	
Fund Balances:						
Beginning of year, July 1		8,612,490	 1,597,480		10,209,970	
End of year, June 30	\$	10,471,694	\$ 1,325,800	\$	11,797,494	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	1,587,524
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of		
Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported		
as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay		2,088,546
Depreciation		(1,342,761)
Contribution of capital assets is reported as a revenue in the Statement of Activities and is		
not reported in the governmental funds.		261,997
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are		
not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Taxes including interest and penalties		(111,644)
License fees		365
Expenses related to compensated absences, other post-employment benefits,		
net pension obligation, and pension expense that do not require current financial		
resources and are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds statement.		
Compensated absences		13,851
Pension expense (LGERS)		(476,606)
Pension expense (LEOSSA)		(47,294)
OPEB plan expense		(256,849)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds,		
while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial		
resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position.		
Principal payments on installment purchase obligations		719,454
Decrease in accrued interest payable		4,022
Consolidation adjustment for the Internal Service Fund and the governmental funds:		
Net revenue of the Internal Service Fund		13,951
Portion of net revenue allocated to business-type activities		(6,404)
Net book value of property disposed of during the year		(306)
Total change in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	2,447,846

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts				Va	riance with	
	_	Original Budget		Final Budget	 Actual	Fi	nal Budget ver/Under
Revenues:							
Ad valorem taxes	\$	6,986,845	\$	6,986,845	\$ 7,222,497	\$	235,652
Other taxes and licenses		234,700		234,700	292,228		57,528
Unrestricted intergovernmental		5,538,675		5,538,675	6,554,185		1,015,510
Restricted intergovernmental		716,215		1,240,209	1,214,569		(25,640)
Permits and fees		46,950		46,950	50,042		3,092
Sales and services		1,687,750		1,687,750	1,764,463		76,713
Investment earnings		44,124		44,124	(12,608)		(56,732)
Miscellaneous		111,100		125,986	 510,338		384,352
Total revenues		15,366,359		15,905,239	 17,595,714		1,690,475
Expenditures:							
Current:		0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0		0 110 (01	1 055 050		155 400
General government		2,077,170		2,110,681	1,955,278		155,403
Public safety		8,699,078		9,256,984	8,464,296		792,688
Public works		3,626,505		3,610,531	3,375,590		234,941
Cultural and recreational		1,844,790		2,183,215	2,013,950		169,265
Debt service: Principal		810,630		810,630	719,454		91,176
Interest		225,546		225,546	222,119		3,427
Contingency		1,300		1,300			1,300
Total expenditures		17,285,019		18,198,887	 16,750,687		1,448,200
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,918,660)		(2,293,648)	 845,027		3,138,675
ice condets of or (under) expenditures		(1,910,000)		(_,_,_,_,,_,,_)	 ,		0,100,070
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		1 200 445		1 200 445	1 (24 700		246 245
Transfers from other funds		1,388,445		1,388,445	1,634,790		246,345
Transfers to other funds		(75,000)		(670,613)	(620,613)		50,000
Appropriated fund balance		605,215		1,575,816	 -		(1,575,816)
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,918,660		2,293,648	 1,014,177		(1,279,471)
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$		1,859,204	\$	1,859,204
Fund Balance: Beginning of year, July 1					 8,612,490		
End of year, June 30					\$ 10,471,694		

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

		Major				
	Water and Sewer Fund	Electric Fund	Landfill Fund	Department of Public Housing	Total	Internal Service Fund
Assets:						
Current assets:	¢ (207 502	¢ 10.046.005	¢ (53 0,001	¢ 0 73 3 (0		¢ 1 000 450
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,307,592	\$ 19,246,397	\$ 6,538,081		\$ 32,965,438	\$ 1,298,453
Accounts receivable - net Due from other funds	1,121,870	3,142,259 91,130	352,202	31,736	4,648,067 91,130	-
Inventories	337,057	2,383,854	-	_	2,720,911	-
Prepaid expenses	27,607	46,547	1,610	1,334	77,098	-
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	166,051	1,034,336	-	195,674	1,396,061	-
Total current assets	7,960,177	25,944,523	6,891,893	1,102,112	41,898,705	1,298,453
Non-current assets:						
Advances to other funds	-	40,528	-	-	40,528	-
Security deposits						58,100
Capital assets:	1 226 020	2 020 (27	505.050	1 461 001	6 10 4 70 6	
Land, improvements and construction in progress	1,226,028	2,830,627	587,070	1,461,001	6,104,726	-
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	50,460,887 51,686,915	8,376,127	4,897,506	4,295,177	<u>68,029,697</u> 74,134,423	
Total capital assets, net		11,206,754	5,484,576	5,756,178		59 100
Total non-current assets	51,686,915	11,247,282	5,484,576	5,756,178	74,174,951	58,100
Total assets	59,647,092	37,191,805	12,376,469	6,858,290	116,073,656	1,356,553
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Pension deferrals	718,969	396,005	156,548	122,345	1,393,867	-
OPEB deferrals	418,343	232,323	93,010	69,758	813,434	
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,137,312	628,328	249,558	192,103	2,207,301	
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	385,517	2,681,956	64,028	64,258	3,195,759	170,371
Compensated absences - current	109,574	130,843	15,060	28,600	284,077	-
Accrued interest payable	22,539	1,604	4,281	-	28,424	-
Current portion of long-term liabilities	1,872,511	152,711	89,181	-	2,114,403	-
Liabilities to be paid from restricted assets: Customer deposits	166,051	1,034,336		55,771	1,256,158	
Advances from grantors	100,051	1,054,550	-	75,939	75,939	-
Total current liabilities	2,556,192	4,001,450	172,550	224,568	6,954,760	170,371
Non-current liabilities:						
Accrued landfill closure and post-closure costs	-	-	5,101,669	-	5,101,669	-
Compensated absences	132,292	31,089	44,434	8,089	215,904	-
Total OPEB liability	2,527,639	1,423,598	564,150	426,211	4,941,598	-
Installment purchase agreements						
and capital leases payable - non-current	23,623,610	164,903	1,426,894	-	25,215,407	-
Net pension liability	1,321,908	726,558	286,069	226,157	2,560,692	
Total non-current liabilities	27,605,449	2,346,148	7,423,216	660,457	38,035,270	
Total liabilities	30,161,641	6,347,598	7,595,766	885,025	44,990,030	170,371
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Pension deferrals	58,962	31,903	12,259	10,465	113,589	-
OPEB deferrals	357,796	198,699	79,549	59,662	695,706	
Total deferred inflows of resources	416,758	230,602	91,808	70,127	809,295	
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets	26,190,794	10,889,140	3,968,501	5,756,178	46,804,613	-
Restricted net position for housing assistance payments	-	-	-	63,964	63,964	-
Unrestricted	4,015,211	20,352,793	969,952	275,099	25,613,055	1,186,182
Total net position	\$ 30,206,005	<u>\$ 31,241,933</u>	\$ 4,938,453	<u>\$ 6,095,241</u>	72,481,632	<u>\$ 1,186,182</u>
Adjustment to reflection the consolidation of internal service fund activit	ties related to enterp	rise funds			544,589	
Net position of business-type activities					\$ 73,026,221	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Major					
	Water and Sewer Fund	Electric Fund	Landfill Fund	Department of Public Housing	Total	Internal Service Fund	
Operating Revenues:							
Charges for sales and services	\$ 11,677,673	\$ 29,652,672	\$ 3,238,378	\$ -	\$ 44,568,723	\$ -	
Rental income	-	-	-	588,039	588,039	-	
Interfund charges and employee contributions Other	135,470	1,109,873	71,173	43,730	1,360,246	3,198,442	
	11,813,143	30,762,545	3,309,551	631,769	46,517,008	3,198,442	
Total operating revenues	11,815,145	30,702,343	5,509,551	031,709	40,517,008	3,198,442	
Operating Expenses:							
Administration	1,623,848	1,797,391	-	739,150	4,160,389	250,979	
Water treatment plant	2,375,445	-	-	-	2,375,445	-	
Sewer treatment plant	2,035,441	-	-	-	2,035,441	-	
Systems division	1,930,032	-	-	-	1,930,032	-	
Customer service	94,872	122,298	-	-	217,170	-	
Electric operations	-	26,631,067	-	-	26,631,067	-	
Landfill operations	-	-	2,191,123	-	2,191,123	-	
Landfill closure and post-closure care costs Utilities	-	-	262,149	-	262,149 301,472	-	
Ordinary maintenance and operation	-	-	-	301,472 368,107	301,472 368,107	-	
General expenses	-	-	-	54,490	54,490	-	
Housing assistance program	-	-	-	1,020,684	1,020,684	-	
Non-routine maintenance	-	-	-	3,629	3,629	-	
Depreciation	2,895,131	688,522	479,623	426,684	4,489,960	-	
Health benefit claims and premiums	2,095,151				-,	2,934,063	
Total operating expense	10,954,769	29,239,278	2,932,895	2,914,216	46,041,158	3,185,042	
Operating income (loss)	858,374	1,523,267	376,656	(2,282,447)	475,850	13,400	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):			200 511		200 511		
Solid waste, scrap tire and white goods disposal tax	-	-	208,511	-	208,511	-	
Operating grants	9,498	253,938	6,230	2,041,836	2,311,502	-	
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	9,237	30,732	(80,503)		(40,534)	551	
Investment earnings Interest and other charges	(1,752) (293,710)	47,292 (8,546)	(1,143) (17,861)		45,744 (320,117)	551	
NCMPA working capital refund	(293,710)	6,447,395	(17,801)	-	6,447,395	-	
Other	19,485	8,734	2,336	10,542	41,097	-	
	(257,242)	6,779,545	117,570	2,053,725	8,693,598	551	
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(237,242)	0,779,545	117,570	2,033,725	8,095,598		
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	601,132	8,302,812	494,226	(228,722)	9,169,448	13,951	
Capital Contributions and Transfers:							
Capital contributions	46,454	-	-	1,010,562	1,057,016	-	
Transfers in	-	25,000	-	-	25,000	-	
Transfers out	(366,869)	(1,118,314)	(52,650)	(25,205)	(1,563,038)		
Total contributions and transfers	(320,415)	(1,093,314)	(52,650)	985,357	(481,022)		
Change in net position	280,717	7,209,498	441,576	756,635	8,688,426	13,951	
Net Position:							
Beginning of year, July 1	29,925,288	24,032,435	4,496,877	5,338,606		1,172,231	
End of year, June 30	\$ 30,206,005	\$ 31,241,933	\$ 4,938,453	\$ 6,095,241		\$ 1,186,182	
•						. , ,	
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal ser	vice fund activitie	s related to enter	prise funds		6,404		

Change in net position - business-type activities

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

\$ 8,694,830

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Major Funds								
		Vater and ewer Fund		Electric Fund	 Landfill Fund		epartment of Public Housing	Total	 Internal Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:									
Cash received from customers	\$	12,115,999		31,031,173	\$ 3,470,925	\$	695,457	\$ 47,313,554	\$ 3,198,442
Cash paid for goods and services		(3,902,840)		(26,052,469)	(1,305,382)		(2,072,282)	(33,332,973)	(3,224,770)
Cash paid to employees for services		(3,787,176)	_	(2,385,012)	 (861,064)		(365,121)	(7,398,373)	 -
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		4,425,983	-	2,593,692	 1,304,479	_	(1,741,946)	6,582,208	 (26,328)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:									
Operating grants and subsidies		9,498		253,938	6,230		2,085,777	2,355,443	-
NCMPA working capital refund		-		6,447,395	-		-	6,447,395	-
(Increase) decrease in advances to other funds/ due from other funds		-		91,130	-		-	91,130	-
Transfers from other funds		-		25,000	-		-	25,000	-
Transfers to other funds		(366,869)	-	(1,118,314)	 (52,650)		(25,205)	(1,563,038)	 -
Total cash flows from non-capital financing activities		(357,371)	-	5,699,149	 (46,420)		2,060,572	7,355,930	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:									
Acquisition of capital assets		(893,593)		(473,808)	(368,013)		(1,340,629)	(3,076,043)	-
Principal paid on bonds and installment purchase agreements		(1,904,227)		(152,521)	(63,953)		-	(2,120,701)	-
Interest paid on bonds and installment purchase agreements		(303,638)		(9,348)	(20,209)		-	(333,195)	-
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt		469,406		-	59,410		-	528,816	-
Capital grants		46,454		-	-		1,010,562	1,057,016	-
Proceeds from sale of assets		9,690	_	30,732	 (202 7(5)	_	-	40,422	 -
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(2,575,908)		(604,945)	 (392,765)		(330,067)	(3,903,685)	 -
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:									
Interest earned on investments		(1,752)		47,292	 (1,143)		1,347	45,744	 551
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,490,952		7,735,188	864,151		(10,094)	10,080,197	(25,777)
Cash and Cash Equivalents:									
Beginning of year - July 1		4,982,691		12,545,545	 5,673,930		1,079,136	24,281,302	 1,324,230
End of year - June 30	\$	6,473,643	\$	20,280,733	\$ 6,538,081	\$	1,069,042	\$ 34,361,499	\$ 1,298,453
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash									
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:									
Operating income (loss)	\$	858,374	\$	1,523,267	\$ 376,656	\$	(2,282,447)	\$ 475,850	\$ 13,400
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash									
provided (used) by operating activities:									
Depreciation		2,895,131		688,522	479,623		426,684	4,489,960	-
Other receipts		19,485		8,734	210,847		10,542	249,608	-
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources,									
liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources:		272 001		202 (11	(40, 472)		40.100	175 007	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in inventory		272,891		203,611	(49,473)		48,198	475,227	-
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		(8,231) (22,389)		(141,131) (40,080)	(230)		-	(149,362) (62,699)	-
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows - pensions		(103,604)		(40,080)	(19,734)		(19,735)	(197,342)	-
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows - Debasis		(160,931)		(89,371)	(35,780)		(26,836)	(312,918)	-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		157,936		161,977	(21,375)		8,853	307,391	(39,728)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		243,733		127,669	46,425		46,425	464,252	-
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources - pensions		26,683		13,977	5,082		5,083	50,825	-
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB		(70,363)		(39,075)	(15,644)		(11,732)	(136,814)	-
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		10,480		56,283	-		4,948	71,711	-
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		(13,418)		(4,246)	(5,258)		(5,322)	(28,244)	-
Increase (decrease) in other post-employment benefits		320,206		177,824	71,192		53,393	622,615	-
Increase (decrease) in accrued landfill post-closure costs		-		-	 262,148		-	262,148	 -
Total adjustments		3,567,609	_	1,070,425	 927,823		540,501	6,106,358	 (39,728)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	4,425,983	\$	2,593,692	\$ 1,304,479	\$	(1,741,946)	\$ 6,582,208	\$ (26,328)



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the City of Albemarle, North Carolina, (the "City") and its discretely presented component units conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The City is a municipal corporation which is governed by an elected Mayor and a six-member Council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City and its component unit, a legally separate entity for which the City is financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit presented below is reported in a separate column in the City's financial statements in order to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

City of Albemarle ABC Board

The members of the ABC Board's governing board are appointed by the City. In addition, the ABC Board is required by state statute to distribute its surpluses to the General Fund of the City. The ABC Board, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a proprietary fund (discrete presentation). Complete financial statements for the ABC Board may be obtained from the entity's administrative offices located at 1930 E. Main Street, Albemarle, North Carolina 28001.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. However, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental and proprietary* – are presented. The City has no fiduciary funds to report. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

The City reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, and state-shared revenues. The primary expenditures are for public safety, public works, cultural and recreation, and general governmental services.

The City reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Sidewalk Fee in Lieu Program Special Revenue Fund. This fund is used to account for funds for sidewalk improvements.

Firefighter SCBA Equipment Special Revenue Fund. This fund is used to account for grant funds that are restricted for the use for public safety equipment.

Albemarle Business Park Capital Project Fund. This fund is used to account for grant and other funds for construction of a business center.

Parks and Recreation Sports Complex Capital Project Fund. This fund is used to account for contributions and other funds for construction of the Wiscasset Sports Complex.

Albemarle Police Headquarters Capital Project Fund. This fund is used to account for loan proceeds and other funds for construction and rehabilitation of a building for police headquarters.

General Capital Projects Fund. This fund is used to account for funds for various general capital projects for the City.

Parks and Recreation Roosevelt Ingram Park Erosion Control Capital Project Fund. This fund is used to account for funds for erosion control measures at Roosevelt Ingram Park.

Parks and Recreation Carolina Treetop Challenge Project Fund. This fund is used to account for funds for improvements at Rock Creek Park in conjunction with the Carolina Treetop Challenge project, which is a public/private partnership.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Public Works Utility Relocation Sidewalk Project Fund. This fund is used to account for funds relating to construct sidewalks on NC Highway 24/27 East in relation to the widening project.

King Alleyway Renovation Project Fund. This fund is used to account for funds for construction and rehabilitation of King Alleyway.

Streetscape and Wayfinding Project Fund. This fund is used to account for funds relating to streetscape and wayfinding expenditures.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water and Sewer Fund. This fund is used to account for the City's water and sewer operations. The Water and Sewer Utility Relocation Capital Project Fund, and Inflow & Infiltration Sewer Project Fund have been consolidated into the Water and Sewer Fund for reporting purposes. Budgetary comparisons for these funds have been included in the supplementary information.

Electric Fund. This fund is used to account for the City's electric operations. The Electric Utility Relocation Project Fund has been consolidated into the Electric Fund for reporting purposes. Budgetary comparisons for these funds have been included in the supplementary information.

Landfill Fund. This fund is used to account for the City's landfill operations. The Leachate Force Main Capital Project Fund and the Landfill Gravity Line Capital Project Fund have been consolidated into the Landfill Fund for reporting purposes. Budgetary comparisons for these funds have been included in the supplementary information.

Department of Public Housing. This fund is used to account for the City's public housing operations. The Conventional and Section 8 have been consolidated into the Department of Public Housing Fund for reporting purposes. The capital funds have been consolidated into the Conventional for reporting purposes. Budgetary comparisons for these funds have been included in the supplementary information.

The City reports the following fund type:

Internal Service Fund. The Health Insurance Fund is used to account for the accumulation and allocation of costs associated with employee, retiree and family medical and dental claims. The Health Insurance Reserve Fund is a legally budgeted fund under North Carolina General Statutes; however, for statement presentation it is consolidated in the Internal Service Fund.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the City are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues for the City enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The City considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, state law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax collected and held by the state at year-end on behalf of the City are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the City of Albemarle because the tax is levied by Stanly County and then remitted to and distributed by the state. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant revenues.

D. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

E. Budgetary Data

The City's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, Sidewalk Fee in Lieu Program Special Revenue Fund, and the enterprise funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for the capital project funds, Firefighter SCBA Equipment Special Revenue Fund, and the enterprise capital project funds. The enterprise capital project funds are consolidated with their respective operating funds for reporting purposes. The City's Health Insurance Fund and Internal Service Fund operates under a financial plan that was adopted by the governing board at the time the City's budget ordinance was approved. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for the multi-year funds. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations. All amendments must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary, the effects of which were not material. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the City and the ABC Board are made in Board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by state law [G.S. 159-31]. The City and the ABC Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the City and the ABC Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the City and the ABC Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

The City's and the ABC Board's investments are reported at fair value. Non-participating interest earning investment contracts are accounted for at cost. The NCCMT Government Portfolio, an SEC-registered (2a-7) government money mutual market fund, is measured at fair value. Because the NCCMT Government Portfolio has a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, it is presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

In accordance with state law, the City has invested in securities, which are callable, and which provide for periodic interest rate increases in specific increments until maturity. These investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income and considers all cash and investments to be cash and cash equivalents. The ABC Board considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Restricted Assets

Customer deposits held by the City before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected. Powell Bill funds are classified as restricted for streets because they can be expended only for purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4. Advances from grantors in the General Fund and the Department of Public Housing Fund are classified as restricted because their use is completely restricted for the purpose for which the grant funding was awarded. Restrictions are also in place for grants in the Department of Public Housing Fund.

Governmental Activities:	
General Fund:	
Streets	\$ 189,312
Advances from grantors	 727
Total governmental activities	 190,039
Business-Type Activities:	
Water and Sewer Fund:	
Customer deposits	\$ 166,051
Electric Fund:	
Customer deposits	1,034,336
Department of Public Housing:	
Customer deposits	55,771
Grant restrictions	63,964
Advances from grantors	 75,939
Total business-type activities	 1,396,061
Total restriced cash	\$ 1,586,100

Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with state law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the City levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1st, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6th. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2020. As allowed by state law, the City has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes, which are paid prior to the due date. In the City's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Inventories and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the City and the ABC Board are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The City's General Fund inventory consists of expendable supplies that are recorded as expenditures as used rather than when purchased.

The inventories of the City's enterprise funds consist of materials and supplies held for subsequent use. The inventories of the ABC Board consist of items held for resale. The cost of these inventories is expensed when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are \$5,000 for the following types of assets: land, improvements, buildings, infrastructure, substations, lines, plant and distribution systems, equipment and vehicles. Donated capital assets received prior to June 30, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the time of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 30, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. General infrastructure capital assets consist of roads, bridges, streets and sidewalks, curbs and gutters, water and sewer system assets and electric system assets. General infrastructure capital assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives			
Buildings and improvements	25 to 30 years			
Electric distributuion system	25 years			
Water distributuion lines	30 to 50 years			
Sewer distributuion lines	30 years			
Infrastructure	30 to 50 years			
Equipment	5 to 15 years			
Vehicles	4 to 6 years			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Property and equipment of the ABC Board are depreciated over their useful lives on a straightline basis as follows:

	Estimated				
Asset Class	Useful Lives				
Building and improvements	40 years				
Equipment	5 to 10 years				

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The City has several items that meet this criteria – pension and OPEB related deferrals. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The City has several items that meet this criteria – prepaid taxes, license fees receivable, property taxes receivable, and pension and OPEB related deferrals.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

In fund financial statements for governmental fund types, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the City provides for the accumulation of up to two hundred (200) hours earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. The number of earned hours depends on years of service. For the City's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The City has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The ABC Board vacation policy does not permit carryforward of unused hours to a subsequent calendar year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The City's and the ABC Board's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the City and the ABC Board have no obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements is classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

Net position classified as net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted for Housing Assistance Payments – represents a portion of net position restricted by HUD related to the Housing Choice Voucher Program to be used for future HAP payments.

Unrestricted net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Non-Spendable Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Inventories – portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of ending inventories, which are not spendable resources.

Prepaids – portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the yearend balance of prepaid items, which are not spendable resources.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute - portion of fund balance that is restricted by state statute [G.S.159-8(a)]. North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State Statute (RSS) is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "Restricted by State Statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as non-spendable. Outstanding encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of restricted net position and restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Streets – Powell Bill – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Restricted for Public Safety – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for certain public safety expenditures.

Restricted for Economic Development – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for economic development.

Committed Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of the City of Albemarle's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). The governing body can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Committed for General Government – portion of fund balance budgeted by the Board to be used for certain general government expenditures.

Committed for Economic Development – portion of fund balance budgeted by the Board to be used for economic development.

Committed for Parks and Recreation – portion of fund balance budgeted by the Board to be used for certain parks and recreation expenditures.

Committed for Public Works – portion of fund balance budgeted by the Board to be used for certain public works expenditures.

Assigned Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that the City of Albemarle intends to use for specific purposes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Subsequent Year's Expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation; however, the budget ordinance authorizes the manager to modify the appropriations by resource or appropriation within funds up to \$1,000.

Assigned for Parks and Recreation – portion of fund balance that has been budgeted by the City Manager/Management for certain parks and recreation expenditures.

Assigned for Streets – portion of fund balance that has been budgeted by the City Manager/Management for health insurance purposes in the streets department.

Unassigned Fund Balance – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds do not report positive unassigned fund balance, although they may report negative unassigned fund balance.

The City has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, state funds, local non-City funds, and City funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and, lastly, unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the City.

The City has not officially adopted a formal fund balance policy.

Defined Benefit Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The City of Albemarle's employer contributions are recognized when due and the City of Albemarle has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

2. Detail Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

Deposits

All deposits of the City and the ABC Board are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the City's or the ABC Board's agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the City and the ABC Board, these deposits are considered to be held by the City's and the ABC Board's agents in their names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest-bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the City or the ABC Board, or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the City or the ABC Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The City has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all Pooling Method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The City complies with the provisions of G.S.159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured. The ABC Board has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2021, the City's deposits had a carrying amount of \$30,211,761 and a bank balance of \$30,211,208. Of the bank balance, \$781,975 was covered by federal depository insurance, \$861,657 was covered by collateral held under the dedicated method, and \$28,567,576 was covered by collateral held under the pooling method. At June 30, 2021, the City's petty cash fund totaled \$3,428.

At June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of deposits for the ABC Board was \$981,330 and the bank balance was \$1,118,438. Of the bank balance, the portion not covered by federal depository insurance was collateralized under the pooling method.

Investments

At June 30, 2021, the City's investment balances were as follows:

Investment Type	Valuation Measurement Method	Fair Value	Maturity	Rating
NC Capital Management Trust -				
Government Portfolio	Fair Value - Level 1	\$ 13,307,204	N/A	AAAm
U.S. treasuries	Fair Value - Level 1	3,140,759	1-3 years	AAA
Total		\$ 16,447,963		

Because the NCCMT Government Portfolio has a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, it is presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

All investments are measured using the market approach: using prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or a group of assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Level of Fair Value Hierarchy: Level 1: Debt securities are valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy limits 100% of the City's investment portfolio to maturities of less than 12 months.

Credit Risk. The City limits investments to the provisions of G.S. 159-30 and restricts the purchase of securities to the highest possible ratings whenever particular types of securities are rated. The City's investment in the NC Capital Management Trust Government Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's and AAA-mf by Moody's Investors Service as of June 30, 2021.

Receivables - Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The amounts presented in the balance sheet and the Statement of Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2021 are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

	 vernmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		
Taxes receivable	\$ 288,346	\$	-	
Accounts receivable	 -		22,936	
Total	\$ 288,346	\$	22,936	

Due from other governments that is owed to the City consists of the following:

	00	vernmental Activities
Sales and use tax distribution	\$	1,156,932
Sales tax refund		369,548
Grants		110,562
Motor vehicle tax		97,723
Other		241,416
Total	\$	1,976,181

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Capital Assets

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Ending Balances
Governmental Activities:					
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:					
Land	\$ 4,384,333	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,384,333
Construction in progress	5,682,368	1,014,249	(5,168,589)		1,528,028
Total non-depreciable capital assets	10,066,701	1,014,249	(5,168,589)		5,912,361
Depreciable Capital Assets:					
Buildings	12,388,818	5,330,133	-	-	17,718,951
Other improvements	1,388,276	200,579	-	-	1,588,855
Infrastructure	6,986,441	174,133	-	-	7,160,574
Furniture and fixtures	211,999	-	-	-	211,999
Equipment	8,186,815	800,038	(24,634)		8,962,219
Total depreciable capital assets	29,162,349	6,504,883	(24,634)		35,642,598
Less Accumulated Depreciation:					
Buildings	5,534,567	523,781	-	-	6,058,348
Other improvements	594,532	39,297	-	-	633,829
Infrastructure	3,437,926	207,341	-	-	3,645,267
Furniture and fixtures	211,999	-	-	-	211,999
Equipment	5,578,734	572,342	(24,328)		6,126,748
Total accumulated depreciation	15,357,758	\$ 1,342,761	<u>\$ (24,328)</u>	\$	16,676,191
Total depreciable capital assets, net	13,804,591				18,966,407
Governmental activities					
capital assets, net	\$ 23,871,292				\$ 24,878,768

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 294,265
Public safety	379,501
Public works	409,879
Cultural and recreational	 259,116
Total depreciation expense	\$ 1,342,761

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Capital asset activity for business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Ending Balances
Business-Type Activities:					
Water Fund:					
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:					
Land	\$ 145,228	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 145,228
Construction in progress	7,049,205	154,722	(6,123,127)		1,080,800
Total non-depreciable capital assets	7,194,433	154,722	(6,123,127)		1,226,028
Depreciable Capital Assets:					
Buildings	52,483,211	2,784,766	-	-	55,267,977
Water and sewer lines	40,774,704	3,564,163	-	-	44,338,867
Furniture and fixtures	95,991	-	-	-	95,991
Equipment and vehicles	10,202,868	211,265	(24,512)		10,389,621
Total depreciable capital assets	103,556,774	6,560,194	(24,512)		110,092,456
Less Accumulated Depreciation:					
Buildings	26,778,009	1,469,837	-	-	28,247,846
Water and sewer lines	24,687,529	782,576	-	-	25,470,105
Furniture and fixtures	95,991	-	-	-	95,991
Equipment and vehicles	5,198,968	642,718	(24,059)		5,817,627
Total accumulated depreciation	56,760,497	\$ 2,895,131	<u>\$ (24,059)</u>	<u>\$</u> -	59,631,569
Total depreciable capital assets, net	46,796,277				50,460,887
Water and Sewer Fund					
capital assets, net	\$ 53,990,710				\$ 51,686,915

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Business-Type Activities:	Beginning Balances	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Ending Balances
Electric Fund:					
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:					
Land	\$ 145,963	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ 145,963
Construction in progress	2,659,605	101,319	(76,260)	-	2,684,664
Total non-depreciable capital assets	2,805,568	101,319	(76,260)		2,830,627
Depreciable Capital Assets:					
Buildings	6,946,731	-	-	-	6,946,731
Distribution lines	18,542,509	-	-	-	18,542,509
Furniture and fixtures	191,983	-	-	-	191,983
Equipment and vehicles	3,198,619	448,749	(167,123)		3,480,245
Total depreciable capital assets	28,879,842	448,749	(167,123)		29,161,468
Less Accumulated Depreciation:					
Buildings	2,800,073	256,781	-	-	3,056,854
Distribution lines	15,172,298	165,383	-	-	15,337,681
Furniture and fixtures	191,982	-	-	-	191,982
Equipment and vehicles	2,099,589	266,358	(167,123)		2,198,824
Total accumulated depreciation	20,263,942	\$ 688,522	\$ (167,123)	\$	20,785,341
Total depreciable capital assets, net	8,615,900				8,376,127
Electric Fund capital assets, net	\$ 11,421,468				\$ 11,206,754
Business-Type Activities:	Beginning Balances	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Ending Balances
Business-Type Activities: Landfill Fund:		Additions	Deletions	Transfers	U
		Additions	Deletions	<u>Transfers</u>	0
Landfill Fund:		Additions	Deletions	<u>Transfers</u>	0
Landfill Fund: Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:	Balances				Balances
Landfill Fund: Non-Depreciable Capital Assets: Land	Balances \$ 587,070	\$ -	\$ -		Balances
Landfill Fund: Non-Depreciable Capital Assets: Land Construction in progress	Balances \$ 587,070 260,142	\$ 176,046	\$ - (436,188)		Balances \$ 587,070
Landfill Fund: Non-Depreciable Capital Assets: Land Construction in progress Total non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable Capital Assets: Buildings	Balances \$ 587,070 260,142	\$ 176,046	\$ - (436,188)		Balances Balances \$ 587,070
Landfill Fund: Non-Depreciable Capital Assets: Land Construction in progress Total non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable Capital Assets: Buildings Landfill cell construction	Balances \$ 587,070 260,142 847,212 2,356,258 8,784,989	\$ 176,046	\$ - (436,188)		Balances \$ 587,070
Landfill Fund: Non-Depreciable Capital Assets: Land Construction in progress Total non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable Capital Assets: Buildings Landfill cell construction Furniture and fixtures	Balances \$ 587,070 260,142 847,212 2,356,258 8,784,989 53,034	\$ 	\$ - (436,188) (436,188) - (100,629) -		Balances \$ 587,070
Landfill Fund: Non-Depreciable Capital Assets: Land Construction in progress Total non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable Capital Assets: Buildings Landfill cell construction Furniture and fixtures Equipment and vehicles	Balances \$ 587,070 260,142 847,212 2,356,258 8,784,989 53,034 4,769,227	\$ - <u>176,046</u> <u>176,046</u> - 447,187	\$		Balances \$ 587,070 587,070 2,356,258 9,131,547 53,034 4,768,850
Landfill Fund: Non-Depreciable Capital Assets: Land Construction in progress Total non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable Capital Assets: Buildings Landfill cell construction Furniture and fixtures Equipment and vehicles Total depreciable capital assets	Balances \$ 587,070 260,142 847,212 2,356,258 8,784,989 53,034	\$ 	\$ - (436,188) (436,188) - (100,629) -		Balances Balances \$ 587,070 587,070 2,356,258 9,131,547 53,034
Landfill Fund: Non-Depreciable Capital Assets: Land Construction in progress Total non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable Capital Assets: Buildings Landfill cell construction Furniture and fixtures Equipment and vehicles Total depreciable capital assets Less Accumulated Depreciation:	Balances \$ 587,070 260,142 847,212 2,356,258 8,784,989 53,034 4,769,227 15,963,508	\$	\$		Balances \$ 587,070 587,070 2,356,258 9,131,547 53,034 4,768,850 16,309,689
Landfill Fund: Non-Depreciable Capital Assets: Land Construction in progress Total non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable Capital Assets: Buildings Landfill cell construction Furniture and fixtures Equipment and vehicles Total depreciable capital assets Less Accumulated Depreciation: Buildings	Balances \$ 587,070 260,142 847,212 2,356,258 8,784,989 53,034 4,769,227 15,963,508 352,074	\$ - <u>176,046</u> <u>176,046</u> - 447,187 - <u>447,187</u> 60,984	\$ - (436,188) (436,188) (436,188) - (100,629) - (377) (101,006)		Balances \$ 587,070 587,070 2,356,258 9,131,547 53,034 4,768,850 16,309,689 413,058
Landfill Fund: Non-Depreciable Capital Assets: Land Construction in progress Total non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable Capital Assets: Buildings Landfill cell construction Furniture and fixtures Equipment and vehicles Total depreciable capital assets Less Accumulated Depreciation: Buildings Landfill cell construction	Balances \$ 587,070 260,142 847,212 2,356,258 8,784,989 53,034 4,769,227 15,963,508 352,074 6,814,725	\$ - 176,046 176,046 - 447,187 - - 447,187 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$		Balances \$ 587,070 587,070 2,356,258 9,131,547 53,034 4,768,850 16,309,689 413,058 6,854,280
Landfill Fund: Non-Depreciable Capital Assets: Land Construction in progress Total non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable Capital Assets: Buildings Landfill cell construction Furniture and fixtures Equipment and vehicles Total depreciable capital assets Less Accumulated Depreciation: Buildings Landfill cell construction Furniture and fixtures	Balances \$ 587,070 260,142 847,212 2,356,258 8,784,989 53,034 4,769,227 15,963,508 352,074 6,814,725 5,303	\$	\$		Balances \$ 587,070 587,070 2,356,258 9,131,547 53,034 4,768,850 16,309,689 413,058 6,854,280 10,606
Landfill Fund: Non-Depreciable Capital Assets: Land Construction in progress Total non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable Capital Assets: Buildings Landfill cell construction Furniture and fixtures Equipment and vehicles Total depreciable capital assets Less Accumulated Depreciation: Buildings Landfill cell construction Furniture and fixtures Equipment and vehicles	Balances \$ 587,070 260,142 847,212 2,356,258 8,784,989 53,034 4,769,227 15,963,508 352,074 6,814,725 5,303 3,780,961	\$ - 176,046 176,046 - 447,187 - 447,187 - - 447,187 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ - (436,188) (436,188) (436,188) - (100,629) - (377) (101,006) - (20,126) - (377)	\$	Balances \$ 587,070 587,070 2,356,258 9,131,547 53,034 4,768,850 16,309,689 413,058 6,854,280 10,606 4,134,239
Landfill Fund: Non-Depreciable Capital Assets: Land Construction in progress Total non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable Capital Assets: Buildings Landfill cell construction Furniture and fixtures Equipment and vehicles Total depreciable capital assets Less Accumulated Depreciation: Buildings Landfill cell construction Furniture and fixtures Equipment and vehicles Total accumulated depreciation	Balances \$ 587,070 260,142 847,212 2,356,258 8,784,989 53,034 4,769,227 15,963,508 352,074 6,814,725 5,303 3,780,961 10,953,063	\$	\$		Balances \$ 587,070 587,070 2,356,258 9,131,547 53,034 4,768,850 16,309,689 413,058 6,854,280 10,606 4,134,239 11,412,183
Landfill Fund: Non-Depreciable Capital Assets: Land Construction in progress Total non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable Capital Assets: Buildings Landfill cell construction Furniture and fixtures Equipment and vehicles Total depreciable capital assets Less Accumulated Depreciation: Buildings Landfill cell construction Furniture and fixtures Equipment and vehicles	Balances \$ 587,070 260,142 847,212 2,356,258 8,784,989 53,034 4,769,227 15,963,508 352,074 6,814,725 5,303 3,780,961	\$ - 176,046 176,046 - 447,187 - 447,187 - - 447,187 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ - (436,188) (436,188) (436,188) - (100,629) - (377) (101,006) - (20,126) - (377)	\$	Balances \$ 587,070 587,070 2,356,258 9,131,547 53,034 4,768,850 16,309,689 413,058 6,854,280 10,606 4,134,239

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Beginning Balances	Additions	dditions Deletions		Ending Balances
Business-Type Activities:					
Department of Public Housing :					
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:					
Land	\$ 163,505	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 163,505
Construction in progress		1,297,496			1,297,496
Total non-depreciable capital assets	163,505	1,297,496			1,461,001
Depreciable Capital Assets:					
Buildings	11,415,025	-	-	-	11,415,025
Improvements	1,095,734	-	-	-	1,095,734
Furniture and fixtures	32,487	-	-	-	32,487
Equipment	676,831	43,133	(377)		719,587
Total depreciable capital assets	13,220,077	43,133	(377)		13,262,833
Less Accumulated Depreciation:					
Buildings	7,347,543	354,105	-	-	7,701,648
Improvements	644,590	40,161	-	-	684,751
Furniture and fixtures	32,487	-	-	-	32,487
Equipment	516,729	32,418	(377)		548,770
Total accumulated depreciation	8,541,349	\$ 426,684	<u>\$ (377)</u>	<u>\$</u>	8,967,656
Total depreciable capital assets, net	4,678,728				4,295,177
Department of public housing					
capital assets, net	4,842,233				5,756,178
Total business-type assets	\$ 76,112,068				\$ 74,134,423

The government has active construction projects as of June 30, 2021. At year-end, the City's commitments with contractors are as follows:

			Remaining		
Project	Spent-to-Date		Co	mmitment	
Inflow & infiltration phase 2	\$	6,123,127	\$	296,518	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Capital asset activity for the City of Albemarle ABC Board for the ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balances	
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:					
Land	\$ 222,16	7 <u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 222,167	
Depreciable Capital Assets:					
Buildings	1,080,83	1 -	-	1,080,831	
Equipment	255,92	9 24,684		280,613	
Total depreciable capital assets	1,336,76	0 24,684		1,361,444	
Less Accumulated Depreciation:					
Buildings	403,77	5 31,941	-	435,716	
Equipment	200,97	9 13,978		214,957	
Total accumulated depreciation	604,75	4 <u>\$ 45,919</u>	\$ -	650,673	
Total ABC depreciable capital assets, net	732,00	6		710,771	
ABC capital assets, net	\$ 954,17	3		<u>\$ 932,938</u>	

Net Investment in Capital Assets

Net investment in capital assets is comprised of the following:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		
Capital assets	\$	24,878,768	\$	74,134,423	
Less: Long-term debt		(5,956,166)		(27,329,810)	
Net investment in capital assets	\$	18,922,602	\$	46,804,613	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

B. Liabilities

Payables

Payables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2021 were as follows:

	Salaries and					
	Vendors		Benefits		Total	
Governmental Activities:						
General	\$	735,636	\$	475,625	\$	1,211,261
Other governmental		280,086		-		280,086
Total governmental activities	\$	1,015,722	\$	475,625	\$	1,491,347
Business-Type Activities:						
Water and Sewer Fund	\$	224,469	\$	161,048	\$	385,517
Electric Fund		2,579,771		102,185		2,681,956
Landfill Fund		27,099		36,929		64,028
Department of public housing		32,744		31,514		64,258
Total business-type activities	\$	2,864,083	\$	331,676	\$	3,195,759

Pension Plan and Post-Employment Obligations

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The City and the ABC Board are participating employers in the state-wide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The state's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454 or at www.osc.nc.gov.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. City employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The City's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 10.90% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 10.15% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the City of Albemarle were \$1,292,080 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Refunds of Contributions – City employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions, or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the City reported a liability of \$6,371,776 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020 (measurement date), the City's proportion was 0.17831%, which was a decrease of 0.01251% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$2,086,420. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Ι	Deferred nflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	804,643	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		474,185		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		896,657		-
Changes in proportion and differences between City				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		283,075
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,292,080		-
Total	\$	3,467,565	\$	283,075

\$1,292,080 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending		
June 30	A	Amount
2022	\$	505,682
2023		721,018
2024		400,346
2025		265,364
Total	\$	1,892,410

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	3.50 to 8.10 percent, including inflation and
	productivity factor
Investment rate of return	7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation, with the exception of the discount rate, were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 - December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are, therefore, not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns, and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	29.0%	1.4%
Global equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2020 asset, liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	1% Discount	
	Decrease (6.00%)	Rate (7.00%)	Increase (8.00%)
City's proportionate share of the	\$12,927,639	\$6,371,776	\$ 923,393
net pension liability (asset)	$\frac{12,727,037}{2}$	\$0,571,770	\$ 725,575

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina.

Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

Plan Description. The City of Albemarle, NC administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the City's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The plan does not issue a separate financial report.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

All full-time law enforcement officers of the City are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2019, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Inactive members currently receiving benefits	12
Active members	43
Total	55

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting. The City has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria, which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

Actuarial Assumptions. The entry age normal actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2019 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increases	3.25 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and
	productivity factor
Discount rate	1.93 percent

The discount rate used to measure the TPL is the S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Rate Index.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an experience study completed by the Actuary for the Local Government Employees' Retirement System for the five-year period ended December 31, 2019.

Mortality Assumptions: All mortality rates use Pub-2010 amount-weighted tables.

Mortality Projection: All mortality rates are projected from 2010 using generational improvement with Scale MP-2019.

Deaths After Retirement (Healthy): Mortality rates are based on the Safety Mortality Table for Retirees. Rates for all members are multiplied by 97% and Set Forward by 1 year.

Deaths After Retirement (Disabled Members at Retirement): Mortality rates are based on the Non-Safety Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees. Rates are Set Back 3 years for all ages.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Deaths After Retirement (Survivors of Deceased Members): Mortality rates are based on the Below-median Teachers Mortality Table for Contingent Survivors. Rates for male members are Set Forward 3 years. Rates for female members are Set Forward 1 year. Because the contingent survivor tables have no rates prior to age 45, the Below-median Teachers Mortality Table for Employees is used for ages less than 45.

Death Prior to Retirement: Mortality rates are based on the Safety Mortality Table for Employees.

Contributions. The City is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The City's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The City paid \$182,361 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the City reported a total pension liability of \$2,435,829. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020 based on a December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2020 utilizing standard actuarial techniques incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$245,568.

	Deferred Outflows of <u>Resources</u>		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	104,663	\$	28,346
Changes of assumptions and other inputs		496,603		25,195
City benefit payments and administrative expenses				
subsequent to the measurement date		102,141		-
Total	\$	703,407	\$	53,541

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The City paid \$102,141 in benefit payments subsequent to the measurement date that are reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, which will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	 Amount
2022	\$ 127,371
2023	136,792
2024	131,174
2025	122,897
2026	29,491
Thereafter	 -
Total	\$ 547,725

Sensitivity of the City's Total Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the City's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 1.93 percent, as well as what the City's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (0.93 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (2.93 percent) than the current rate:

		1%		Discount	1%
]	Decrease		Rate	Increase
		(0.93%)	(1.93%)		 (2.93%)
Total pension liability	\$	2,617,436	\$	2,435,829	\$ 2,269,289

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance					
2021					
Beginning balance	\$	1,850,876			
Service cost		65,972			
Interest on the total pension liability		57,366			
Differences between expected and actual experience					
in the measurement of the total pension liability		86,542			
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		557,434			
Benefit payments		(182,361)			
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$	2,435,829			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Changes of Assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.26 percent at December 31, 2019 to 1.93 percent at December 31, 2020.

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

Total Expenses, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources of Related to Pensions

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

	LGERS	LEOSSA	Total
Pension expense	\$ 2,086,420	\$ 245,568	\$ 2,331,988
Pension liability	6,371,776	2,435,829	8,807,605
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.17831%	n/a	-
Deferred of Outflows of Resources:			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 804,643	\$ 104,663	\$ 909,306
Changes of assumptions	474,185	496,603	970,788
Net difference between projected and actual earnings			
on plan investments	896,657	-	896,657
City contributions (LGERS) and benefit payments and administrative costs (LEOSSA) paid subsequent			
to the measurement date	1,292,080	102,141	1,394,221
Total	\$ 3,467,565	\$ 703,407	\$ 4,170,972
Deferred of Inflows of Resources:			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$-	\$ 28,346	\$ 28,346
Changes of assumptions	-	25,195	25,195
Changes in proportion and differences between			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	283,075		283,075
Total	\$ 283,075	<u>\$ 53,541</u>	\$ 336,616

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The City contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the City. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for law enforcement officers is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The state's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the City to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. The City made contributions of \$198,274 for the reporting year. No amounts were forfeited.

Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for City Employees (Non-Law Enforcement Employees)

Plan Description. The City contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan ("Plan"), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to all active full-time employees of the City that are non-law enforcement officers. Article G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

Funding Policy. The City does not make contributions for non-law enforcement employees. The City's employees may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the City Council.

Other Post-Employment Benefits

Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description. Under the terms of a City resolution, the City administers a single-employer defined benefit Healthcare Benefits Plan (the HCB Plan). The City Council has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Benefits Provided. As of July 1, 1984, this plan provides post-employment healthcare benefits to retirees of the City who retire before the age of 65, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (System) and have at least five years of creditable service with the City. The City has elected to partially pay the future overall cost of coverage for employees' benefits through private insurers and employees have the option of purchasing dependent coverage at the City's group rates. Retirees who qualify for coverage receive the same benefits as active employees. City employees who retire before the age of 65 under the previsions set forth under the North Carolina Local Government Employees' Retirement System with five years of service with the City, may continue coverage in the City's group health plan until they reach age 65. Retired elected officials may be eligible for retiree coverage after completion of twenty (20) years of continuous service to the City. Premiums must be paid in full by the retiree. Coverage for all retirees who are eligible for Medicare will be transferred to a Medicare supplemental plan after qualifying for Medicare. The city council may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

The City will pay the following percentages cost of post-retirement healthcare benefits:

Years of Service	
With the City	City
at Retirement	Contribution
25 or more	100%
20 - 24	75%
15 - 19	50%
10 - 14	25%
5 - 9	0%

Membership of the HCB Plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2019, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Retirees and dependents receiving benefits	
Terminated plan members entitled to,	
but not yet receiving, benefits	-
Active plan members	259
Total	324

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$12,382,314 was measured as of June 30, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Real wage growth	1.00 percent
Wage inflation	3.50 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation:	
General employees	3.50 to 7.75 percent
Firefighters	3.50 to 7.75 percent
Law enforcement officers	3.50 to 7.35 percent
Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Prior measurement date	3.50 percent
Measurement date	2.21 percent
Healthcare cost trend rates:	
Pre-Medicare	7.00 percent for 2019 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50 percent by 2026

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability	
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 10,834,679	
Changes for the year:		
Service cost	433,708	
Interest on the pension liability	383,697	
Differences between expected and actual experience	(21,952)	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	1,368,756	
Benefit payments	(616,574)	
Net changes	1,547,635	
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 12,382,314	

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Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the Municipal Bond Index Rate from 3.50% to 2.21%.

The City selected a Municipal Bond Index Rate equal to the Bond Buyer 20-Year General Obligation Bond Index published at the last Thursday of June by The Bond Buyer, and the Municipal Bond Index Rate as of the measurement date as the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables, with adjustments for LGERS experience and generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2015.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increases used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014, adopted by the LGERS Board.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, healthcare cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2019 valuation.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.21 percent), or 1-percentage-point higher (3.21 percent) than the current discount rate:

		Current	
	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(1.21%)	(2.21%)	(3.21%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 13,575,465	\$ 12,382,314	<u>\$ 11,305,261</u>

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower, or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1%		1%
	Decrease	Current	Increase
Total OPEB liability	\$ 10,915,683	\$ 12,382,314	\$ 14,135,165

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$737,252. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of Resources	Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 298,838	\$ 1,208,856
Changes of assumptions and other inputs	1,340,141	520,464
City benefit payments and administrative expenses		
subsequent to the measurement date	382,979	
Total	\$ 2,021,958	\$ 1,729,320

\$382,979 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	 Amount
2022	\$ (80,153)
2023	(80,153)
2024	(80,153)
2025	(28,454)
2026	(684)
Thereafter	 179,256
Total	\$ (90,341)

Other Employment Benefits

The City has also elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, state-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest month's salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the City, the City does not determine

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

the number of eligible participants. The City has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the state. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The City considers these contributions to be immaterial.

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Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

	Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows of Resources		Inflows of Resources	
Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year:				
LGERS	\$	1,292,080	\$	-
LEOSSA		102,141		-
Benefit payments/administration costs paid subsequent to				
the measurement date (OPEB):				
OPEB		382,979		-
Differences between expected and actual experience:				
LGERS		804,643		-
LEOSSA		104,663		28,346
OPEB		298,838		1,208,856
Changes in assumptions:				
LGERS		474,185		-
LEOSSA		496,603		25,195
OPEB		1,340,141		520,464
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on plan investments:				
LGERS		896,657		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer				
contributions and proportionate share:				
LGERS		-		283,075
Prepaid taxes		-		1,785
Taxes receivable (General Fund)		-		288,237
License fees receivable (General Fund)		-		1,046
Total	\$	6,192,930	\$	2,357,004

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City participates in three self-funded, risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the City obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$5 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insured values of the property

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

policy, and workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits. The liability and property exposures are reinsured through commercial carriers for claims in excess of retentions as selected by the Board of Trustees each year. Excess insurance coverage is purchased by the Board of Trustees to protect against large workers' compensation claims that exceed certain dollar cost levels. Specific information on the limits of the reinsurance, and excess loss policies purchased by the Board of Trustees can be obtained by contacting the Risk Management Services Department of the NC League of Municipalities. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the City upon request.

Effective July 1, 2017, the City established an internal service fund to account for its self-insured plan to provide health benefits. In this self-insured plan, claims are administered and paid directly from the plan by Blue Cross and Blue Shield. Specific stop loss is set at \$135,000 per individual health insurance claim with an unlimited lifetime maximum. Aggregate stop-loss is set at the level of 125% with a maximum aggregate attachment point of \$3,577,815 and a contract period maximum of \$1,000,000. Claim reserves are established at the end of the Plan year based on the City's and third-party administrator's analysis of claims submission, processing and payment.

Changes in the balance of claims liabilities during the past two fiscal years are as follows:

	2021		2020		
Unpaid claims, beginning	\$	210,099	\$	250,492	
Incurred claims and premums		2,934,063		2,918,255	
Claims and premiums paid		(2,973,791)		(2,958,648)	
Balance, end of year	\$	170,371	\$	210,099	

The City carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The ABC Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The ABC Board has insurance coverage for property, general liability, workers' compensation, employee health coverage and liquor legal liability coverage. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. In accordance with G.S. 18B-700(i), each Board member is bonded in the amount of \$50,000, secured by a corporate surety.

The City does not carry flood insurance as none of their buildings are located in flood prone areas.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the City's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the City's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Finance Officer and Tax Collector are each individually bonded for \$150,000 and \$100,000, respectively. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$50,000.

Long-Term Obligations

Capital Leases

The City has entered into agreements to lease vehicles. The lease agreement qualifies as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present valued of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception.

The first agreement was executed on May 31, 2019 to lease vehicles and requires 60 monthly payments of \$2,198. The capital lease is split between the Water and Sewer Fund and the Electric Fund. The second agreement was executed on January 28, 2021 to lease vehicles and requires 60 monthly payments of \$2,418. In both agreements, title passes to the City at the end of the lease term.

The following is an analysis of the assets recorded under capital leases at June 30, 2021:

Classes of Property	 Cost	umulated preciation	N	Vet Book Value
Vehicles- 2019	\$ 134,597	\$ 56,082	\$	78,515
Vehicles- 2021	 84,781	 7,065		77,716
Total	\$ 219,378	\$ 63,147	\$	156,231

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2021 were as follows:

Year Ending				
June 30	Total			
2022	\$	43,789		
2023		43,789		
2024		41,591		
2025		17,409		
2026		11,606		
Total minimum lease payments		158,184		
Less: amount representing interest		3,690		
Present value of the minimum lease payments	\$	154,494		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Installment Purchases

	Serviced by		7	
		ernmental ctivities		iness-Type ctivities
Installment financing contract with a bank for the expansion of the New City Hall Building; payable in sixty quarterly installments of \$87,500 through April 2023, plus interest at 2.37%, secured by land and building.	\$	280,000	\$	420,000
Installment financing contract with a bank for the new police headquarters facility; payable in quarterly installments of \$53,000 through July 2039, plus interest at 3.55%, secured by building.		3,884,000		-
Installment financing contract with a bank for land; payable in quarterly installments of \$31,780 through April 2032, plus interest at 3.73% secured by Deed of Trust on land.		1,398,300		-
2010 Clean Water State Revolving Loan through the N.C. Department of Environment and Natural Resources; payable in annual installments of \$143,969 through May 2023, plus semi-annual interest payments at 2.22%.		-		1,727,639
Installment financing contract with bank for the Highway 52 EQ Basin; payable in forty quarterly installments of \$35,003, plus interest at 1.97%, secured by land and building.		-		244,889
Installment financing contract with a bank for the CKA Water Line Extension Project; payable in quarterly installments of \$80,000 through September 2033, plus interest at 3.59%, secured by land and building.		-		3,920,000
2014 Clean Water Revolving Loan through N.C. Department of Environment and Natural Resources the Water/Sewer Inflows & Infiltration System; payable in annual installments of \$169,430, plus semi-annual interest payments at 2.0%, secured by equipment.		-		2,372,021
2015 Sewer Revolving Loan from the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund (WPCRF) for the Waste Water Treatment Headworks Project, payable in twenty annual installment of \$158,282 beginning November 2016 through May 2036, plus semi-				
annual interest payments at 2%.		-		2,236,703

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Serviced by		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	
Installment financing contract with bank for purchase of public works equipment; payable in monthly installments of \$7,871 through			
February 2025, including interest of 2.19%, secured by equipment.	332,496	-	
2015 Water Revolving Loan from the Drinking Water State			
Revolving Fund (SRF) for the US Highway 52 Water Treatment Plant			
Rehabilitation, payable in twenty annual installments of \$552,240			
beginning May 2018. The loan is non-interest-bearing.	-	9,535,675	
2017 Sewer Revolving Loan from the Water Pollution Control			
Revolving Fund (WPCRF) for the Leachate Upgrade Landfill Project,			
payable in twenty annual installments ranging from \$23,997 to \$121,722			
beginning May 2019 through May 2038, plus semi-annual interest payments	3		
at 1.84%. This loan is in the draw down period at June 30, 2021.	-	1,516,075	
2020 Clean Water Revolving Loan through N.C. Department of			
Environment and Natural Resources for the Sanitary Sewer Rehabilitation			
Phase 2 & WWTP Rehabilitation project; payable in annual installments			
of \$289,689 beginning May 2021. The loan is non-interest bearing.			
This loan is in the draw down period at June 30, 2021.	-	5,202,314	
Installment financing contract with bank for purchase of			
information systems equipment; payable in monthly installments			
of \$7,762 through February 2022, including interest of 2.95%,			
secured by equipment	61,370		
Total installment purchases	\$ 5,956,166	\$ 27,175,316	

The City's outstanding note from direct placements related to governmental and business-type activities of \$700,000 is secured by a deed of trust for the real estate. The loan agreement denotes certain events of default and upon the occurrence: A) outstanding amount is declared immediately payable; B) proceed by appropriate court action to enforce the City's performance of applicable covenants; C) all available remedies under the agreement including execution and foreclosure and recovery of attorney's fees and other expenses.

The City's outstanding note from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$3,884,000 is secured by a deed of trust for the real estate. The loan agreement denotes certain events of default and upon the occurrence: A) the entire amount of the principal component and unpaid interest is declared immediately due and payable; B) exercise all remedies available at law or in equity under the Deed of Trust, including foreclosure and sale of the mortgaged property and apply the proceeds of any such sale or other disposition after deducting all costs and expenses including court costs and other disposition costs toward the principal and accrued interest of the balance of the installment purchase; C) proceed by appropriate court action to enforce the City's performance of applicable covenants.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The City's outstanding note from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$1,398,300 is secured by a deed of trust for the real estate. The loan agreement denotes certain events of default and upon the occurrence: A) the entire amount of the principal component and unpaid interest is declared immediately due and payable; B) exercise all remedies available at law or in equity under the Deed of Trust, including foreclosure and sale of the mortgaged property and apply the proceeds of any such sale or other disposition after deducting all costs and expenses including court costs and other disposition costs toward the principal and accrued interest of the balance of the installment purchase.

The City's outstanding note from direct borrowings related to business-type activities of \$1,727,639 contain a provision that in an event of default, may require the unit to prepay the note in full or may result in the state withholding any other monies due to the unit of local government. Notes are secured and payable solely from system revenues or other available funds, and not secured by a pledge of full faith and credit.

The City's outstanding note from direct placements related to business-type activities of \$244,889 is secured by a deed of trust for the real estate. The loan agreement denotes certain events of default and upon the occurrence: A) declare unpaid portion immediately due and payable; B) proceed by appropriate court action to enforce the performance by the City of the applicable covenants; C) proceed by court action to enforce the performance by the City of the applicable covenants of the contract; D) exercise or direct the Deed of Trust Trustee to exercise all the rights and remedies of a secured party or creditor under the UCC code of the state and general laws of the state with respect to enforcement; E) take possession of any proceeds of the mortgaged property including net proceeds.

The City's outstanding note from direct placements related to business-type activities of \$3,920,000 is secured by a UCC security agreement for the real estate. The loan agreement denotes certain events of default and upon the occurrence: A) the entire amount of the principal component and unpaid interest is declared immediately due and payable; B) proceed by appropriate court action to enforce the City's performance of applicable covenants; C) all remedies granted under the UCC and may proceed to execute upon the security property.

The City's outstanding note from direct borrowings related to business-type activities of \$2,372,021 contain a provision that in an event of default, may require the unit to prepay the note in full or may result in the state withholding any other monies due to the unit of local government. Notes are secured and payable solely from system revenues or other available funds, and not secured by a pledge of full faith and credit.

The City's outstanding note from direct borrowings related to business-type activities of \$2,236,703 contain a provision that in an event of default, may require the unit to prepay the note in full or may result in the state withholding any other monies due to the unit of local government. Notes are secured and payable solely from system revenues or other available funds, and not secured by a pledge of full faith and credit.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The City's outstanding note from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$332,496 is secured by a security interest in the equipment. The loan agreement denotes certain events of default and upon the occurrence of any event of default the bank would: A) declare the entire amount of the principal component and unpaid interest immediately due and payable; B) proceed by appropriate court action to enforce the City's performance of applicable covenants; C) exercise all the right and remedies at law or in equity; D) terminate the contract and give notice to the City to surrender possession of the equipment.

The City's outstanding note from direct borrowings related to business-type activities of \$9,535,675 contain a provision that in an event of default, may require the unit to prepay the note in full or may result in the state withholding any other monies due to the unit of local government. Notes are secured and payable solely from system revenues or other available funds, and not secured by a pledge of full faith and credit.

The City's outstanding note from direct borrowings related to business-type activities of \$1,516,075 contain a provision that in an event of default, may require the unit to prepay the note in full or may result in the state withholding any other monies due to the unit of local government. Notes are secured and payable solely from system revenues or other available funds, and not secured by a pledge of full faith and credit. The total loan amount is \$2,435,450; however, the project is still ongoing, and the loan is in the draw down period at June 30, 2021.

The City's outstanding note from direct borrowings related to business-type activities of \$5,202,314 contain a provision that in an event of default, may require the unit to prepay the note in full or may result in the state withholding any other monies due to the unit of local government. Notes are secured and payable solely from system revenues or other available funds, and not secured by a pledge of full faith and credit. The total loan amount is \$5,793,770; however, the project is still ongoing, and the loan is in the draw down period at June 30, 2021.

The City's outstanding note from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$61,370 is secured by a security interest in the equipment. The loan agreement denotes certain events of default and upon the occurrence of any event of default the bank would repossess the equipment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Installment Purchases

Annual debt service payments of the direct borrowing and direct placement installment purchase contracts as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities		overnmental Activities B		Business-Ty	ness-Type Activities		
June 30		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2022	\$	632,542	\$	197,930	\$	2,072,319	\$	300,008
2023		573,119		179,503		2,037,180		276,291
2024		435,110		163,028		1,722,305		249,452
2025		404,575		148,671		1,722,305		226,756
2026		339,120		135,836		1,722,305		204,060
2027-2031		1,695,904		495,163		8,611,525		679,862
2032-2036		1,186,796		224,039		7,130,185		161,542
2037-2040		689,000		42,804		2,157,192		4,923
Total	\$	5,956,166	\$	1,586,974	\$	27,175,316	\$	2,102,894

At June 30, 2021, the City had a legal debt margin of \$56,418,388.

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in the City's long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Beginning Balances	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balances	Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Governmental Activities:					
Direct placements and borrowings -					
installment purchases	\$ 6,675,620	\$ -	\$ (719,454)	\$ 5,956,166	\$ 632,542
Compensated absences	741,061	583,446	(597,297)	727,210	566,070
Total pension liability - LEO	1,850,876	584,953	-	2,435,829	-
Net pension liability - LGERS	3,114,705	696,379	-	3,811,084	-
Total OPEB liability	6,515,696	925,020		7,440,716	
Governmental activities					
long-term liabilities	\$ 18,897,958	\$ 2,789,798	<u>\$ (1,316,751</u>)	\$ 20,371,005	\$ 1,198,612

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balances	Additions	Reductions	Balances	One Year
Business-Type Activities:					·
Water and Sewer Fund:					
Direct placement - installment purchases	\$ 26,880,807	\$ 384,625	\$ (1,886,191)	\$ 25,379,241	\$ 1,843,138
Capital leases	50,135	84,781	(18,036)	116,880	29,373
Compensated absences	255,284	107,514	(120,932)	241,866	109,574
Net pension liability - LGERS	1,078,175	243,733	-	1,321,908	-
Total OPEB liability	2,207,433	320,206		2,527,639	
Total Water and Sewer Fund	30,471,834	1,140,859	(2,025,159)	29,587,534	1,982,085
Business-Type Activities:					
Electric Fund:					
Direct placement - installment purchases	420,000	-	(140,000)	280,000	140,000
Capital leases	50,135	-	(12,521)	37,614	12,711
Compensated absences	166,178	130,620	(134,866)	161,932	130,843
Net pension liability - LGERS	598,889	127,669	-	726,558	-
Total OPEB liability	1,245,774	177,824		1,423,598	
Total Electric Fund	2,480,976	436,113	(287,387)	2,629,702	283,554
Business-Type Activities:					
Landfill Fund:					
Direct placements and borrowings -					
installment purchases	1,520,618	59,410	(63,953)	1,516,075	89,181
Compensated absences	64,752	19,364	(24,622)	59,494	15,060
Accrued landfill closure and					
post-closure costs	4,839,521	262,148	-	5,101,669	-
Net pension liability - LGERS	239,644	46,425	-	286,069	-
Total OPEB liability	492,958	71,192		564,150	
Total Landfill Fund	7,157,493	458,539	(88,575)	7,527,457	104,241
Business-Type Activities:					
Public Housing Fund:					
Compensated absences	42,011	22,800	(28,122)	36,689	28,600
Net pension liability - LGERS	179,732	46,425	-	226,157	-
Total OPEB liability	372,818	53,393		426,211	
Total Public Housing Fund	594,561	122,618	(28,122)	689,057	28,600

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Beginning Balances	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balances	Due Within One Year
Total Business-Type Activities:					
Direct placements and borrowings -					
installment purchases	\$ 28,821,425	\$ 444,035	\$(2,090,144)	\$27,175,316	\$2,072,319
Capital leases	100,270	84,781	(30,557)	154,494	42,084
Compensated absences	528,225	280,298	(308,542)	499,981	284,077
Accrued landfill closure and					
post-closure costs	4,839,521	262,148	-	5,101,669	-
Net pension liability - LGERS	2,096,440	464,252	-	2,560,692	-
Total OPEB liability	4,318,983	622,615		4,941,598	
Total business-type activity					
long-term liabilities	\$ 40,704,864	\$2,158,129	<u>\$(2,429,243)</u>	\$40,433,750	\$2,398,480

Compensated absences, net pension obligations, and other post-employment benefits for governmental activities have typically been liquidated in the General Fund.

Interfund Balances and Activity

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2021 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	A	Amount
Electric Fund (1)	General Fund	\$	131,658
General Fund (2)	Water and Sewer Fund		273,929
General Fund (2)	Electric Fund		157,386
General Fund (2)	Landfill Fund		55,548
General Fund (2)	Public Housing Fund		57,726
Total		\$	676,247

- 1) *Interfund loan* On December 30, 2012, the General Fund borrowed a total of \$911,300 from the Electric Fund to fund construction of a parks and recreation facility. The terms of the arrangement require the General Fund to repay the Electric Fund over 10 years with an interest rate of 2%. At June 30, 2021, the current portion is \$91,130.
- 2) Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Transfers to/from other funds for the year ended June 30, 2021 consist of the following:

Purpose	Amount
From the Water and Sewer Fund to the General	
Fund for payment in lieu of taxes	\$ 349,510
From the Water and Sewer Fund to the General Capital	
Projects Fund for capital outlay activities	6,109
From the Water and Sewer Fund to the Streetscape and	
Wayfinding Project Fund for capital outlay activities	11,250
From the Electric Fund to the General Fund	
for payment in lieu of taxes	978,720
From the Electric Fund to the King Alleyway Renovation	
Project Fund for capital outlay activities	97,450
From the Electric Fund to the General Capital Projects	
Fund for capital outlay activities	11,009
From the Electric Fund to the Streetscape and Wayfinding	
Project Fund for capital outlay activities	11,250
From the Electric Fund to the Albemarle Business Park	
Project Fund for capital outlay activities	19,885
From the Landfill Fund to the General Fund	
for payment in lieu of taxes	41,400
From the Landfill Fund to the Streetscape and Wayfinding	
Project Fund for capital outlay activities	11,250
From Landfill Fund to Leachate Force Main Capital Project	
Fund to close out the project	32,530
From the Landfill Gravity Line Capital Project to the Landfill	
Fund to close out the project	93,812
From the Public Housing Fund to the General Fund	
for payment in lieu of taxes	25,205
	\$ 1,689,380

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Purpose		Amount	
From the General Fund to the Firefighter SCBA			
Equipment Fund for capital outlay activities	\$	10,005	
From the General Fund to the Streetscape and Wayfinding			
Project Fund for capital outlay activities		31,250	
From the General Fund to the Electric Fund for street lights		25,000	
From the General Fund to the King Alleyway Renovation			
Project Fund for capital outlay activities		98,000	
From the General Fund to the General Capital Projects			
Fund for capital outlay activities		456,358	
From the Parks and Recreation Carolina Treetop Challenge			
Project Fund to the General Fund to close out the project		32,557	
From the Albemarle Police Headquarters Fund to the			
General Fund to close out the project		207,398	
	\$	860,568	

Transfers from the General Fund are used to move unrestricted revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided for matching funds for various grant programs.

3. Jointly Governed Organizations

North Carolina Municipal Power Agency Number 1

The City, in conjunction with 18 other local governments, is a member of the North Carolina City Municipal Power Agency Number 1 (Agency). The Agency was formed to enable municipalities that own electric distribution systems to finance, construct, own, operate, and maintain generation and transmission facilities. Each participating government appoints one commissioner to the Agency's governing board. The 19 members who receive power from the Agency, have signed power sales agreements to purchase a specified share of the power generated by the Agency. Except for the power sales purchase requirements, no local government participant has any obligation, entitlement, or residual interest. The City's purchases of power for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 were \$23,935,696. These expenses are reflected in the Electric Fund's operations. Complete financial statements for the Power Agency can be obtained from the Agency's administrative offices at P.O. Box 29513, Raleigh, NC 27626-0513.

Centralina Council of Governments

The City, in conjunction with nine counties and 64 other municipalities, participates in the Centralina Council of Governments (Council). The participating governments established the Council to coordinate various funding received from federal and state agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Council's governing board.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

4. Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

Federal and State-Assisted Programs

The City has received proceeds from several federal and state grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required, and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

Claims, Judgements and Contingent Liabilities

The City is a party to various lawsuits and legal actions. In the opinion of management and the City's attorney, the ultimate outcome of these legal matters is not expected to have a material impact on the City's financial position.

Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19)

During the fiscal year 2020, the World Health Organization declared the spread of Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19), a worldwide pandemic. The COVID-19 pandemic has had significant effects on global markets, supply chains, businesses, and communities. Specific to the City, COVID-19 may continue to impact various parts of its fiscal year 2021-22 operations and financial results. Management believes the City is taking appropriate actions to mitigate the negative impact. However, the full impact of COVID-19 is unknown and cannot be reasonably estimated as events associated with the pandemic continue to develop.

5. Closure and Post-Closure Care Costs – City of Albemarle Landfill Facility

The City operates two landfills that are referred to as the "MSW Landfill" and the "C&D Landfill." state and federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover on its landfills when they stop accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the sites for thirty years after closure. Although certain closure and post-closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date each landfill stops accepting waste, the City reports a portion of these closure and post-closure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$5,101,669 reported as landfill closure and post-closure care liability at June 30, 2021 represents a cumulative amount reported to date, based on the use of 61.5% and 33.2% of the total estimated capacity of the MSW landfill and the C&D landfill, respectively. At June 30, 2021, there was an increase in the liability amounting to \$262,148. The City will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and post-closure care of \$5.3 million as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post-closure care in 2021. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The City has met the requirements of a local government financial test that is one option under state and federal laws and regulations that help determine if a unit is financially able to meet closure and post-closure care requirements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

6. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of the General Fund's fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$10,471,694
Less:	
Inventories	16,788
Prepaids	69,604
Stabilization by state statute	2,163,048
Appropriated fund balance in 2022 budget	228,000
Streets - Powell Bill	189,312
Public safety	121,388
Economic development	4,123
Remaining fund balance	\$ 7,679,431

7. Related Organizations

The City of Albemarle ABC Board is a component unit of the City of Albemarle and therefore, are related parties. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City received \$355,000 for profit distributions and \$23,780 for law enforcement distributions and had \$56,330 in distribution receivable from the ABC Board.

8. Subsequent Events

The City of Albemarle was awarded \$5,177,559 from the federal American Rescue Plan (ARP). Subsequent to year end, the City received \$2,588,779. The remaining amount of \$2,588,780 will be released no sooner than one year after the first disbursement and may vary slightly depending on funds returned and other factors.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles.

- Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) for Local Government Employee's Retirement System
- Schedule Contributions for Local Government Employee's Retirement System
- Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability for Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
- Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll for Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
- Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios for Other Post-Employment Benefits

PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS *

Local Government Employees' Retirement System							
	2021	2020	2019	2018			
Albemarle's proportion of the net							
pension liability (asset) %	0.17831%	0.19082%	0.19327%	0.19816%			
Albemarle's proportion of net							
pension liability (asset) \$	\$ 6,371,776	\$ 5,211,145	\$ 4,585,025	\$ 3,027,336			
Albemarle's covered payroll	\$12,196,568	\$11,978,543	\$11,921,550	\$11,827,787			
Albemarle's proportionate share of of net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of it covered payroll	52.24%	43.50%	38.46%	25.60%			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**	88.61%	90.86%	91.63%	94.18%			

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ended June 30.

** This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years; additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS *

Local Government Employees' Retirement System						
	2017	2016	2015	2014		
Albemarle's proportion of the net						
pension liability (asset) %	0.20077%	0.19907%	0.20039%	0.19690%		
Albemarle's proportion of net						
pension liability (asset) \$	\$ 4,261,010	\$ 893,414	\$ (1,181,792)	\$ 2,373,401		
Albemarle's covered payroll	\$11,796,289	\$11,148,197	\$10,816,329	\$ 10,757,264		
Albemarle's proportionate share of of net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of it covered payroll	36.12%	8.01%	-10.93%	22.06%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%		

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

Local Government Employees' Retirement System							
	2021	2020	2020 2019				
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,292,080	\$ 1,105,497	\$ 947,528	\$ 911,189			
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,292,080	1,105,497	947,528	911,189			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ -</u>			
Albemarle's covered payroll	\$12,591,618	\$12,196,568	\$11,978,543	\$11,921,550			
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	10.26%	9.06%	7.91%	7.64%			

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years; additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

Local Government Employees' Retirement System								
		2017	2016		2016 2015		2014	
Contractually required contribution	\$	871,049	\$	806,049	\$	795,267	\$	769,059
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		871,049		806,049		795,267		769,059
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	
Albemarle's covered payroll	\$1	1,827,787	\$1	1,796,289	\$1	1,148,197	\$1	0,816,329
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		7.36%		6.83%		7.13%		7.11%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance							
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017		
Beginning balance	\$1,850,876	\$1,857,649	\$1,851,868	\$1,917,124	\$1,969,751		
Service cost	65,972	61,070	69,904	55,801	62,541		
Interest on the total pension liability	57,366	64,439	56,164	71,066	67,718		
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement							
of the total pension liability	86,542	(3,071)	87,926	(130,471)	-		
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	557,434	45,468	(59,134)	90,442	(37,099)		
Benefit payments	(182,361)	(174,679)	(149,079)	(152,094)	(145,787)		
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$2,435,829	\$1,850,876	\$1,857,649	\$1,851,868	\$1,917,124		

Notes to the Schedules:

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ended December 31.

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years; additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED-EMPLOYEE PAYROLL LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance							
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017		
Total pension liability	\$2,435,829	\$1,850,876	\$1,857,649	\$1,851,868	\$1,917,124		
Covered-employee payroll	2,224,903	2,221,131	2,358,121	2,200,701	2,298,076		
Total pension liability as a							
percentage of covered-employee payroll	109.48%	83.33%	78.78%	84.15%	83.42%		

Notes to the Schedules:

The City of Albemarle has no assets accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years; additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

Healthcare Benefits Plan								
		2021		2020		2019		2018
Service cost	\$	433,708	\$	533,178	\$	551,538	\$	596,719
Interest		383,697		454,673		412,447		364,403
Differences between expected and								
actual experience		(21,952)		(1,618,306)		501,668		(20,701)
Changes of assumptions		1,368,756		214,710		(378,011)		(640,656)
Benefit payments		(616,574)		(867,360)		(1,101,284)		(545,476)
Net change in OPEB liability		1,547,635		(1,283,105)		(13,642)		(245,711)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		10,834,679		12,117,784		12,131,426	1	2,377,137
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	12,382,314	\$	10,834,679	\$	12,117,784	\$1	2,131,426
Covered-employee payroll	\$	10,971,306	\$	10,971,306	\$	11,144,863	\$1	1,144,863
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		112.86%		98.75%		108.73%		108.85%

Notes to Schedules:

Changes of Assumptions: Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate of each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

<u>F</u>	iscal Year	Rate
	2021	2.21%
	2020	3.50%
	2019	3.89%
	2018	3.56%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ended June 30.

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years; additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND

General Fund - This fund accounts for resources traditionally associated with government that is not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in other funds.



		Final Budget Actual					Variance ver/Under
Revenues:							
Ad valorem taxes:							
Current year	\$	6,795,895	\$	7,020,746	\$	224,851	
Prior years		136,550		149,080		12,530	
Penalties and interest		54,400		52,671		(1,729)	
Total		6,986,845		7,222,497		235,652	
Other Taxes and Licenses:							
Gross receipts tax on short-term rental property		32,000		31,012		(988)	
Local occupancy tax		70,000		132,376		62,376	
Privilege license fee		500		465		(35)	
Motor vehicle fees		132,200		128,375		(3,825)	
Total		234,700		292,228		57,528	
Unrestricted Intergovernmental Revenues:							
Local option sales tax		3,857,210		4,757,248		900,038	
Utility franchise tax		1,110,260		1,083,904		(26,356)	
Telecommunications tax		96,530		92,898		(3,632)	
Cable TV franchise		105,435		100,572		(4,863)	
Piped natural gas sales tax		39,240		46,736		7,496	
Beer and wine tax		70,000		67,827		(2,173)	
ABC profit distribution		260,000	_	405,000	_	145,000	
Total		5,538,675		6,554,185		1,015,510	
Restricted Intergovernmental Revenues:							
ABC - law enforcement		18,000		25,641		7,641	
Powell Bill allocation		476,950		477,427		477	
Street sweeper contract		8,000		-		(8,000)	
Federal grants		499,494		495,040		(4,454)	
State grants		110,150		64,183		(45,967)	
Drug tax distribution		-		15,761		15,761	
Right-of-way mowing		11,500		16,318		4,818	
Schools		116,115		120,199		4,084	
Total		1,240,209		1,214,569		(25,640)	

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Permits and Fees:			
Fire department fees	30,950	29,570	(1,380)
Inspection and rezoning fees	16,000	20,472	4,472
Total	46,950	50,042	3,092
Sales and Service:			
Court costs and fees	500	100	(400)
Refuse collection fees	1,584,000	1,648,947	64,947
Cultural and recreational fees	103,250	115,416	12,166
Total	1,687,750	1,764,463	76,713
Investment Earnings	44,124	(12,608)	(56,732)
Miscellaneous:			
Miscellaneous	12,715	456,829	444,114
Sale of surplus property	2,500	12,063	9,563
Sale of fixed assets	6,000	105	(5,895)
Rental revenue	89,600	20,315	(69,285)
Contributions	9,700	6,283	(3,417)
Insurance reimbursement	5,471	14,743	9,272
Total	125,986	510,338	384,352
Total revenues	15,905,239	17,595,714	1,690,475
Expenditures:			
General Government: Administration			
Salaries and employee benefits	207,122	208,133	(1,011)
Other operating expenditures	264,035	264,007	28
Total	471,157	472,140	(983)
Information Systems:			
Salaries and employees benefits	326,288	313,604	12,684
Other operating expenditures	641,676	634,753	6,923
Capital outlay	18,000	-	18,000
Reimbursement - proprietary funds	(733,362)	(697,402)	(35,960)
Total	252,602	250,955	1,647

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Economic Development:			
Salaries and employees benefits	110,012	99,474	10,538
Other operating expenditures	87,250	69,575	17,675
Capital outlay	7,500	-	7,500
Reimbursement - proprietary funds	(138,214)	(110,193)	(28,021)
Total	66,548	58,856	7,692
Human Resources:			
Salaries and employee benefits	76,941	76,752	189
Other operating expenditures	52,710	51,209	1,501
Total	129,651	127,961	1,690
Finance:			
Salaries and employee benefits	158,911	154,899	4,012
Other operating expenditures	249,490	214,485	35,005
Total	408,401	369,384	39,017
Community Development:			
Salaries and employee benefits	479,221	424,331	54,890
Other operating expenditures	191,815	155,614	36,201
Total	671,036	579,945	91,091
Downtown Development:			
Salaries and employee benefits	92,476	86,472	6,004
Other operating expenditures	18,810	9,565	9,245
Total	111,286	96,037	15,249
Total general government	2,110,681	1,955,278	155,403
Public Safety:			
Police:	1074005	2 702 960	272.016
Salaries and employee benefits School resource officers	4,074,885	3,702,869	372,016
	157,514 856,642	190,813 703 706	(33,299)
Other operating expenditures	856,642 340,500	793,706 130,216	62,936 210,284
Capital outlay	5,429,541	4,817,604	
Total	5,429,341	4,01/,004	611,937

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Fire Department:			
Salaries and employee benefits	3,208,723	3,133,011	75,712
Other operating expenditures	438,725	395,796	42,929
Capital outlay	179,995	117,885	62,110
Total	3,827,443	3,646,692	180,751
Total public safety	9,256,984	8,464,296	792,688
Public Works:			
Administration:			
Salaries and employees benefits	139,839	137,151	2,688
Solid waste disposal fee	350,000	345,430	4,570
Downtown services	150,427	126,694	23,733
Other operating expenditures	48,862	35,203	13,659
Total	689,128	644,478	44,650
Streets and Highways:			
Salaries and employee benefits	825,346	746,486	78,860
Other operating expenditures	590,665	489,523	101,142
Capital outlay	118,431	111,131	7,300
Total	1,534,442	1,347,140	187,302
Shop and Warehouse:			
Salaries and employee benefits	409,873	407,448	2,425
Other operating expenditures	157,900	139,416	18,484
Capital outlay	650	-	650
Reimbursement - proprietary funds	(426,845)	(410,614)	(16,231)
Total	141,578	136,250	5,328
Solid Waste Division:			
Solid waste	1,233,383	1,232,408	975
Bad debt expense	12,000	15,314	(3,314)
Total	1,245,383	1,247,722	(2,339)
Total public works	3,610,531	3,375,590	234,941

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Cultural and Recreation:			
Parks and Recreation:			
Salaries and employee benefits	1,088,389	1,052,047	36,342
Other operating expenditures	510,179	482,804	27,375
Capital outlay	539,447	462,675	76,772
Total	2,138,015	1,997,526	140,489
Auditorium:			
Other operating expenditures	45,200	16,424	28,776
Total	45,200	16,424	28,776
Total cultural and recreation	2,183,215	2,013,950	169,265
Debt Service:			
Principal retirement	810,630	719,454	91,176
Interest and fees	225,546	222,119	3,427
Total debt service	1,036,176	941,573	94,603
Contingency	1,300	-	1,300
Total expenditures	18,198,887	16,750,687	1,448,200
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,293,648)	845,027	3,138,675
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Operating transfers (to) from other funds:			
From Water and Sewer Fund	349,510	349,510	-
From Landfill Fund	41,400	41,400	-
From Public Housing Fund	18,815	25,205	6,390
From Electric Fund	978,720	978,720	-
From Parks and Recreation - Carolina			
Treetop Challenge project	-	32,557	32,557
From Albemarle Police Headquarters Fund	-	207,398	207,398
To Electric Fund	(25,000)	(25,000)	-
To General Capital Projects Fund	(506,358)	(456,358)	50,000
To Firefighter SCBA Equipment Fund	(10,005)	(10,005)	-
To King Alleyway Renovation Project Fund	(98,000)	(98,000)	-
To Streetscape and Wayfinding Project Fund	(31,250)	(31,250)	-
Appropriated fund balance	1,575,816		(1,575,816)
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,293,648	1,014,177	(1,279,471)

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Net change in fund balance	\$	1,859,204	\$ 1,859,204
Fund Balance: Beginning of year, July 1		8,612,490	
End of year, June 30		\$ 10,471,694	

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Sidewalk Fee in Lieu Program Fund – This fund is used to account for funds for sidewalk improvements.

Firefighter SCBA Equipment Fund – This fund is used to account for grant funds that are restricted for the use for public safety equipment.

Capital Project Funds

Albemarle Business Park Project Fund – This fund is used to account for grant and other funds for the construction of a business center.

Parks and Recreation Sports Complex Fund – This fund is used to account for contributions restricted for the construction of a sports complex and related expenditures.

Albemarle Police Headquarters Project Fund – This fund is used to account for loan proceeds and other funds for construction and rehabilitation of a police headquarters building.

General Capital Projects Fund – This fund is used to account for funds for various general capital projects for the City.

Parks and Recreation Roosevelt Ingram Park Erosion Control Fund – This fund is used to account for funds to be used for erosion control measures at Roosevelt Ingram Park.

Parks and Recreation Carolina Treetop Challenge Project Fund – This fund is used to account for funds for improvements at Rock Creek Park in conjunction with the Carolina Treetop Challenge project which is a public/private partnership.

Public Works Utility Relocation Sidewalk Project Fund – This fund is used to account for funds relating to construct sidewalks on NC Highway 24/27 East in relation to the widening project.

King Alleyway Renovation Project – This fund is used to account for funds for construction and rehabilitation of King Alleyway.

Streetscape and Wayfinding Project – This fund is used to account for funds relating to Streetscape and Wayfinding expenditures.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2021

	Spec	cial Revenue F	unds	Capital Project Funds				
	Sidewalk Fee in Lieu Program	Firefighter SCBA Equipment	Total Special Revenue Funds	Parks And Recreation Albemarle Sports Business Complex Park Project	General Albemarle Capital Police Projects Headquarters Fund			
Assets: Current assets:								
Cash and investments	<u>\$ 94,551</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 94,551</u>	<u>\$ 247,808</u> <u>\$ 589,064</u>	<u> </u>			
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 235,713</u> <u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u> <u>\$ 37,778</u>			
Fund Balances: Committed: General government	-	-	-		- 22,975			
Economic development	-	-	-	12,095 -				
Parks and recreation	-	-	-	- 589,064				
Public works	94,551		94,551		- 360,237			
Total fund balances	94,551		94,551	12,095 589,064	- 383,212			
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 94,551</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 94,551</u>	<u>\$ 247,808</u> <u>\$ 589,064</u>	<u> </u>			

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Capital Project Funds							
	Parks And Recreation Roosevelt Ingram Park Erosion Control	Parks And Recreation Carolina Treetop Challenge Project	Public Works Utility Relocation Sidewalk Project	King Alleyway Renovation Project	Streetscape and Wayfinding Project	Total Capital Project Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Assets:								
Current assets:	•	•	<u>^</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Cash and investments	\$ 54,072	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 144,537</u>	\$ 54,864	<u>\$ 1,511,335</u>	\$ 1,605,886	
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	<u>\$ 110</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 6,485</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 280,086</u>	<u>\$ 280,086</u>	
Fund Balances: Committed:								
General government	_	_		-		22,975	22,975	
Economic development	-	-	-	138,052	-	150,147	150,147	
Parks and recreation	53,962	-	-		-	643,026	643,026	
Public works	-	-	-	-	54,864	415,101	509,652	
Total fund balances	53,962	-	-	138,052	54,864	1,231,249	1,325,800	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 54,072	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ 144,537</u>	<u>\$ 54,864</u>	<u>\$ 1,511,335</u>	\$ 1,605,886	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Spec	Special Revenue Funds			Capital Project Funds				
	Sidewalk Fee in Lieu Program	Firefighter SCBA Equipment	Total Special Revenue Funds	Albemarle Business Park	Parks And Recreation Sports Complex Project	Albemarle Police Headquarters	General Capital Projects Fund		
Revenues:									
Restricted intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 291,429	\$ 291,429	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Investment earnings	-	-	-	-	540	-	-		
Miscellaneous revenues	65,675		65,675						
Total revenues	65,675	291,429	357,104		540				
Expenditures:									
Capital outlay		316,005	316,005	416,861		258,353	90,264		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	65,675	(24,576)	41,099	(416,861)	540	(258,353)	(90,264)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers from (to) other funds:									
From Water and Sewer Fund	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,109		
From General Fund	-	10,005	10,005	-	-	-	456,358		
From Electric Fund	-	-	-	19,885	-	-	11,009		
From Landfill Fund	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
To General Fund						(207,398)			
Total other financing sources (uses)		10,005	10,005	19,885		(207,398)	473,476		
Net change in fund balances	65,675	(14,571)	51,104	(396,976)	540	(465,751)	383,212		
Fund Balance:									
Fund balance, beginning of year	28,876	14,571	43,447	409,071	588,524	465,751			
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ 94,551</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 94,551</u>	<u>\$ 12,095</u>	<u>\$ 589,064</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 383,212		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Capital Project Funds								
	Parks And Recreation Roosevelt Ingram Park Erosion Control	Parks And Recreation Carolina Treetop Challenge Project	Public Works Utility Relocation Sidewalk Project	King Alleyway Renovation Project	Streetscape and Wayfinding Project	Total Capital Project Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Revenues:									
Restricted intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 291,429		
Investment earnings	-	-	-	-	-	540	540		
Miscellaneous revenues					5,000	5,000	70,675		
Total revenues					5,000	5,540	362,644		
Expenditures:									
Capital outlay	880	3,288		57,398	15,136	842,180	1,158,185		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(880)	(3,288)		(57,398)	(10,136)	(836,640)	(795,541)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers from (to) other funds:									
From Water and Sewer Fund	-	-	-	-	11,250	17,359	17,359		
From General Fund	-	-	-	98,000	31,250	585,608	595,613		
From Electric Fund	-	-	-	97,450	11,250	139,594	139,594		
From Landfill Fund	-	-	-	-	11,250	11,250	11,250		
To General Fund	-	(32,557)	-	-	-	(239,955)	(239,955)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(32,557)		195,450	65,000	513,856	523,861		
Net change in fund balances	(880)	(35,845)	-	138,052	54,864	(322,784)	(271,680)		
Fund Balance:									
Fund balance, beginning of year	54,842	35,845				1,554,033	1,597,480		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 53,962	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 138,052	\$ 54,864	\$ 1,231,249	\$ 1,325,800		

SIDEWALK FEE IN LIEU PROGRAM SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budg	et A	Actual	riance r/Under
Revenues: Pedestrian improvement fees	\$	- \$	65,675	\$ 65,675
Net change in fund balance	\$	<u> </u>	65,675	\$ 65,675
Fund Balance: Beginning of year, July 1			28,876	
End of year, June 30		\$	94,551	

FIREFIGHTER SCBA EQUIPMENT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total To Date	Variance Over/Under
Revenues:					
Restricted intergovernmental	<u>\$ 291,429</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 291,429	\$ 291,429	<u>\$</u> -
Expenditures:					
Other equipment	316,005		316,005	316,005	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(24,576)	-	(24,576)	(24,576)	-
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers from other funds:					
From General Fund	24,576	14,571	10,005	24,576	
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 14,571</u>	(14,571)	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ </u>
Fund Balance: Beginning of year, July 1			14,571		
End of year, June 30			<u>\$ </u>		

ALBEMARLE BUSINESS PARK SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Project	Prior	Current	Total	Variance	
	Authorization	Years	Year	To Date	Over/Under	
Revenues:						
Restricted intergovernmental revenues:						
Rural center grant	\$ 750,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (750,000)	
Investment earnings		7,286		7,286	7,286	
Total revenues	750,000	7,286		7,286	(742,714)	
Expenditures:						
Professional services	150,000	413,880	116,243	530,123	(380,123)	
Buildings, structures and improvements	3,200,000	-	-	-	3,200,000	
Other improvements	244,000	-	-	-	244,000	
Roadway and paving	3,420,000	-	-	-	3,420,000	
Landscaping	150,000	-	-	-	150,000	
Sewage	1,014,777	-	-	-	1,014,777	
Water improvements	657,773	-	-	-	657,773	
Distributions lines	1,621,400	-	72,624	72,624	1,548,776	
Construction	3,914,725	-	227,994	227,994	3,686,731	
Contingency	524,025				524,025	
Total expenditures	14,896,700	413,880	416,861	830,741	14,065,959	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(14,146,700)	(406,594)	(416,861)	(823,455)	13,323,245	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers from other funds:						
From General Fund	250,000	580,000	-	580,000	330,000	
From Water and Sewer Fund	672,550	235,665	-	235,665	(436,885)	
From Electric Fund	621,400	-	19,885	19,885	(601,515)	
Proceeds from installment financing	12,602,750				(12,602,750)	
Total other financing sources	14,146,700	815,665	19,885	835,550	(13,311,150)	
Net change in fund balance	\$	\$ 409,071	(396,976)	<u>\$ 12,095</u>	\$ 12,095	
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year, July 1			409,071			
End of year, June 30			\$ 12,095			

PARKS AND RECREATION SPORTS COMPLEX PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total To Date	Variance Over/Under	
Revenues:						
Contributions	\$ 4,600,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (4,600,000)	
Investment earnings		13,883	540	14,423	14,423	
Total revenues	4,600,000	13,883	540	14,423	(4,585,577)	
Expenditures:						
Construction	7,000,000	430,359		430,359	6,569,641	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,400,000)	(416,476)	540	(415,936)	1,984,064	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers from other funds:						
From General Fund	2,400,000	1,005,000		1,005,000	(1,395,000)	
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 588,524</u>	540	\$ 589,064	\$ 589,064	
Fund Balance:			588,524			
Beginning of year, July 1						
End of year, June 30			\$ 589,064			

ALBEMARLE POLICE HEADQUARTERS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			Actual							
	Au	Project thorization		Prior Tears	(Current Year	Total To Date		Variance Over/Under	
Revenues:										
Investment earnings	\$	38,054	\$	38,054	\$	-	\$	38,054	\$	_
Expenditures:										
Professional services		464,083		462,076		2,007		464,083		-
Office furniture and equipment		250,962		1,872		249,090		250,962		-
Legal		66,334		66,334		-		66,334		-
Building structure improvements		3,597,316	3,	591,445		5,871	2	3,597,316		-
Other improvements		48,798		48,127		671		48,798		-
Data processing equipment		221,821		221,821		-		221,821		-
Roadway and paving		19,592		18,878		714		19,592		-
Total expenditures		4,668,906	4,	410,553		258,353	4	4,668,906		-
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(4,630,852)	(4,	372,499)		(258,353)	_(4	4,630,852)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers from other funds:										
From General Fund		738,250		738,250		-		738,250		-
Transfers to other funds:										
To General Fund		(207,398)		-		(207,398)		(207,398)		-
Proceeds from installment financing		4,100,000	4,	100,000		-	2	4,100,000		-
Total other financing sources		4,630,852	4,	838,250		(207,398)	4	4,630,852		-
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	465,751		(465,751)	\$		\$	
Fund Balance:										
Beginning of year, July 1						465,751				
End of year, June 30					\$	_				

GENERAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			Actual			
	Project	Prior	Current	Total	Variance	
	Authorization	Years	Year	To Date	Over/Under	
Expenditures:						
Storm Water Master Plan Project						
Professional services	\$ 427,526	\$ -	\$ 67,289	\$ 67,289	\$ 360,237	
City Hall Lobby Renovations Project						
Building structures and improvements	45,950		22,975	22,975	22,975	
Total expenditures	473,476		90,264	90,264	383,212	
				(00.2(4)	282 212	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(473,476)		(90,264)	(90,264)	383,212	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Storm Water Master Plan Project						
Transfers from other funds:						
From General Fund	427,526	-	427,526	427,526	-	
City Hall Lobby Renovations Project						
Transfers from other funds:						
From General Fund	28,832	-	28,832	28,832	-	
From Water and Sewer Fund	6,109	-	6,109	6,109	-	
From Electric Fund	11,009		11,009	11,009		
Total other financing sources	473,476		473,476	473,476		
Net change in fund balance	\$	\$	383,212	<u>\$ 383,212</u>	\$ 383,212	
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year, July 1						
End of year, June 30			\$ 383,212			

PARKS AND RECREATION - ROOSEVELT INGRAM PARK - EROSION CONTROL SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total To Date	Variance Over/Under	
Revenues:						
Investment earnings	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,371</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,371</u>	<u>\$ 1,371</u>	
Expenditures:						
Engineering	23,600	14,675	-	14,675	8,925	
Environmental remediation	56,400	11,854	880	12,734	43,666	
Total expenditures	80,000	26,529	880	27,409	52,591	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(80,000)	(25,158)	(880)	(26,038)	53,962	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers from other funds:						
From General Fund	80,000	80,000		80,000		
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 54,842</u>	(880)	\$ 53,962	\$ 53,962	
Fund Balance: Beginning of year, July 1			54,842			
End of year, June 30			\$ 53,962			

PARKS AND RECREATION - CAROLINA TREETOP CHALLENGE PROJECT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total To Date	Variance Over/Under
Revenues:					
Investment earnings	\$ 1,376	\$ 1,376	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 1,376</u>	<u>\$</u>
Expenditures:					
Legal	225	225	-	225	-
Building structure & improvements	3,927	3,927	-	3,927	-
Other improvements	27,015	27,015	-	27,015	-
Roadway & paving	64,122	60,834	3,288	64,122	-
Bridges	24,303	24,303	-	24,303	-
Water improvements	28,227	28,227		28,227	
Total expenditures	147,819	144,531	3,288	147,819	<u> </u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(146,443)	(143,155)	(3,288)	(146,443)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers from (to) other funds:					
From Water and Sewer Fund	33,800	33,800	-	33,800	-
From General Fund	145,200	145,200	-	145,200	-
To General Fund	(32,557)		(32,557)	(32,557)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	146,443	179,000	(32,557)	146,443	
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	\$ 35,845	(35,845)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year, July 1			35,845		
End of year, June 30			<u>\$</u> -		

PUBLIC WORKS - UTILITY RELOCATION SIDEWALK PROJECT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			Actual							
	Project Authorization		Prior Years		Current Year		Total To Date		Variance Over/Under	
Expenditures:										
Sidewalks	\$	92,363	\$	46,182	\$		\$	46,182	\$	46,181
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(92,363)		(46,182)		-		(46,182)		46,181
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers from other funds:										
From General Fund		92,363		46,182				46,182		(46,181)
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$			-	\$		\$	<u> </u>
Fund Balance: Beginning of year, July 1										
End of year, June 30					\$	_				

KING ALLEYWAY RENOVATION PROJECT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total To Date	Variance Over/Under	
Revenues:						
Private grants	\$ 5,000	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ (5,000)</u>	
Expenditures:						
Construction materials	45,000	-	-	-	45,000	
Landscaping and professional services	58,000	-	4,172	4,172	53,828	
In house labor	115,000	-	-	-	115,000	
Engineering, poles and other materials	164,000	-	53,226	53,226	110,774	
Contingency	19,000				19,000	
Total expenditures	401,000		57,398	57,398	343,602	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(396,000)		(57,398)	(57,398)	338,602	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers from other funds:						
From General Fund	173,000	-	98,000	98,000	(75,000)	
From Electric Fund	223,000		97,450	97,450	(125,550)	
Total other financing sources	396,000		195,450	195,450	(200,550)	
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	138,052	\$ 138,052	\$ 138,052	
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year, July 1						
End of year, June 30			\$ 138,052			

STREETSCAPE AND WAYFINDING PROJECT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total To Date	Variance Over/Under	
Revenues:						
Private grant	\$ 5,000	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	<u>\$</u>	
Expenditures:						
Professional fees & signage	70,000		15,136	15,136	54,864	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(65,000)		(10,136)	(10,136)	54,864	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers from other funds:						
From General Fund	31,250	-	31,250	31,250	-	
From Water and Sewer Fund	11,250	-	11,250	11,250	-	
From Electric Fund	11,250	-	11,250	11,250	-	
From Landfill Fund	11,250		11,250	11,250		
Total other financing sources	65,000		65,000	65,000		
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$	54,864	\$ 54,864	\$ 54,864	
Fund Balance: Beginning of year, July 1						
End of year, June 30			\$ 54,864			

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations what are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

Water and Sewer Fund – This fund is used to account for the City's water and sewer operations.

Electric Fund – This fund is used to account for the City's electric operations.

Landfill Fund – This fund is used to account for the City's landfill operations.

Albemarle Department of Public Housing – This fund is used to account for the City's public housing operations.



WATER AND SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under	
Revenues:				
Operating revenues:				
Water sales:				
Residential	\$ 1,671,150	\$ 1,758,955	\$ 87,805	
Commercial and industrial	5,689,490	6,281,079	591,589	
Municipal usage	60,000	67,622	7,622	
Total	7,420,640	8,107,656	687,016	
Sewer Charges:				
Residential	1,412,660	1,561,015	148,355	
Commercial and industrial	795,410	677,158	(118,252)	
Municipal usage	1,225,400	1,247,439	22,039	
Total	3,433,470	3,485,612	52,142	
Water and sewer taps	28,305	84,405	56,100	
Other operating revenues	120,690	135,470	14,780	
Total operating revenues	11,003,105	11,813,143	810,038	
Non-operating revenues:				
Investment earnings	13,969	(1,752)	(15,721)	
Federal grants	7,149	9,498	2,349	
Sale of assets	4,000	9,690	5,690	
Other	11,000	19,485	8,485	
Total non-operating revenues	36,118	36,921	803	
Total revenues	11,039,223	11,850,064	810,841	
Expenditures:				
Water and Sewer Administration:	00(101		(2.2.12	
Salaries and employees benefits	826,121	762,778	63,343	
Professional services	50,785	33,498	17,287	
Postage	48,000	43,640	4,360	
Repairs	10,000	1,444	8,556	
Supplies	8,000	3,904	4,096	
Other operating expenditures Utilities	823,082 26,075	752,848 16,770	70,234 9,305	
Total	1,792,063	1,614,882	177,181	
1 0(2)	1,792,003	1,014,002	1//,181	
Water and Sewer Customer Service:	100 (51	04.050	0.000	
Salaries and employees benefits	102,571	94,278	8,293	
Other operating expenditures	900	594	306	
Total	103,471	94,872	8,599	

WATER AND SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Water Treatment Plant:			
Salaries and employees benefits	968,712	959,197	9,515
Supplies	477,000	470,922	6,078
Repairs	82,000	72,844	9,156
Contracted services	188,080	184,027	4,053
Utilities	534,500	532,222	2,278
Other operating expenditures	90,450	88,921	1,529
Total	2,340,742	2,308,133	32,609
Sewer Treatment Plant:			
Salaries and employees benefits	955,307	950,981	4,326
Supplies	79,600	74,317	5,283
Repairs	40,500	36,878	3,622
Contracted services	87,910	83,965	3,945
Utilities	711,350	731,310	(19,960)
Other operating expenditures	85,920	81,714	4,206
Total	1,960,587	1,959,165	1,422
System Division:			
Salaries and employee benefits	1,306,201	1,262,248	43,953
Supplies	190,500	188,109	2,391
Repairs	114,500	103,157	11,343
Contracted services	56,370	43,804	12,566
Utilities	2,400	121	2,279
Other operating expenditures	252,770	251,072	1,698
Total	1,922,741	1,848,511	74,230
Debt Service:			
Principal retirement	1,902,553	1,904,227	(1,674)
Interest and fees	303,697	303,638	59
Total	2,206,250	2,207,865	(1,615)
Capital Outlay:			
Utility administration	7,500	-	7,500
Water treatment plant	190,190	180,276	9,914
Sewer treatment plant	41,900	56,520	(14,620)
Systems division	286,100	202,458	83,642
Total	525,690	439,254	86,436
Total expenditures	10,851,544	10,472,682	378,862
Revenues over (under) expenditures	187,679	1,377,382	1,189,703

WATER AND SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers (to) from other funds:			
To General Fund	(349,510)	(349,510)	-
To General Capital Projects Fund	(6,109)	(6,109)	-
To Streetscape and Wayfinding Project Fund	(11,250)	(11,250)	
Issuance of long-term debt	-	84,781	84,781
Appropriated fund balance	179,190		(179,190)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(187,679)	(282,088)	(94,409)
Revenues and other financing sources over			
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	<u>\$</u>	\$ 1,095,294	\$ 1,095,294
Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis (Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual:			
Revenues and other financing sources over			
(under) expenditures and other financing uses		\$ 1,095,294	
Principal retirement		1,904,227	
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt		(84,781)	
Capital outlay		439,254	
Depreciation		(2,895,131)	
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		(453)	
Change in inventory		8,231	
Change in installment purchase interest accrued		9,928	
Change in deferred outflows of resources - pensions		103,604	
Change in net pension liability		(243,733)	
Change in deferred inflows of resources - pensions		(26,683)	
Change in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB		160,931	
Change in other post-employment benefits		(320,206)	
Change in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB		70,363	
Change in accrued compensated absences		13,418	
Capital contributions, revenues from Utility Relocation project		46,454	
Total reconciling items		(814,577)	
Change in net position		\$ 280,717	

WATER AND SEWER UTILITY RELOCATION CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total To Date	Variance Over/Under
Revenues:					
Restricted intergovernmental revenues					
NCDOT Grant	\$ 208,175	<u>\$ 99,364</u>	<u>\$ 46,454</u>	<u>\$ 145,818</u>	<u>\$ (62,357)</u>
Expenditures:					
Engineering	277,570	145,897	64,050	209,947	67,623
Construction	1,303,005	868,666		868,666	434,339
Total expenditures	1,580,575	1,014,563	64,050	1,078,613	501,962
Revenues (under) expenditures	(1,372,400)	(915,199)	(17,596)	(932,795)	439,605
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers from other funds:					
Water and Sewer Fund	1,372,400	868,666		868,666	(503,734)
Revenues and other financing sources over					
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$	<u>\$ (46,533)</u>	<u>\$ (17,596)</u>	\$ (64,129)	\$ (64,129)

INFLOW & INFILTRATION SEWER PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total To Date	Variance Over/Under
Revenues:					
Restricted intergovernmental revenues					
Clean water grant	\$ 500,000	<u>\$ 500,000</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ 500,000</u>	<u>\$</u> -
Expenditures:					
Legal	10,000	4,278	-	4,278	5,722
Engineering, construction management					
and administration	639,420	588,150	29,500	617,650	21,770
Easement and encroachment	20,000	17,419	-	17,419	2,581
Loan costs	125,875	125,875	-	125,875	-
Construction	5,471,698	5,298,919	58,985	5,357,904	113,794
Contingency	152,652				152,652
Total expenditures	6,419,645	6,034,641	88,485	6,123,126	296,519
Revenues (under) expenditures	(5,919,645)	(5,534,641)	(88,485)	(5,623,126)	296,519
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers (to) from other funds:					
Water and Sewer Fund	125,875	125,875	-	125,875	-
Installment purchase obligations issued	5,793,770	5,107,378	384,625	5,492,003	(301,767)
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,919,645	5,233,253	384,625	5,617,878	(301,767)
Revenues and other financing sources over					
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$ -	<u>\$ (301,388)</u>	\$ 296,140	<u>\$ (5,248)</u>	<u>\$ (5,248)</u>

ELECTRIC FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget			Actual	Variance Over/Under		
Revenues:							
Operating revenues:							
Residential sales	\$	15,605,000	\$	15,439,861	\$	(165,139)	
Commercial and industrial sales		14,734,000		12,905,751		(1,828,249)	
Sales to city departments		998,000		1,307,060		309,060	
Total revenues		31,337,000		29,652,672		(1,684,328)	
Other operating revenues		1,060,200		1,109,873		49,673	
Total operating revenues		32,397,200		30,762,545		(1,634,655)	
Non-Operating Revenues:							
Interest earned on investments		5,545		47,292		41,747	
Federal grants		11,116		253,938		242,822	
Miscellaneous non-operating income		11,630		8,734		(2,896)	
NCMPA working capital refund		-		6,447,395		6,447,395	
Sale of assets		15,000		30,732		15,732	
Total non-operating revenues		43,291		6,788,091		6,744,800	
Total revenues		32,440,491		37,550,636		5,110,145	
Expenditures:							
Administrative and finance:							
Salaries and employees benefits		919,791		869,132		50,659	
Other operating expenditures		1,226,435		949,602		276,833	
Total		2,146,226		1,818,734		327,492	
Customer Service:							
Salaries and employees benefits		102,719		96,885		5,834	
Other operating expenditures		7,210		12,162		(4,952)	
Total		109,929		109,047		882	
Electric Operations:							
Salaries and employees benefits		1,779,984		1,551,504		228,480	
Electric power purchases		23,973,000		22,935,696		1,037,304	
Other operating expenditures		2,712,735		2,144,397		568,338	
Total		28,465,719		26,631,597		1,834,122	
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		153,500		152,521		979	
Interest and other charges		8,700		9,348		(648)	
Total debt service		162,200		161,869		331	

ELECTRIC FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Capital Outlay:			
Electric operations	876,499	473,808	402,691
Total expenditures	31,760,573	29,195,055	2,565,518
Revenues over (under) expenditures	679,918	8,355,581	7,675,663
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfer from (to) funds:			
To the General Fund	(1,013,270)	(978,720)	34,550
To King Alleyway Renovation Project Fund	(97,450)	(97,450)	-
To Streetscape and Wayfinding Project Fund	(11,250)	(11,250)	-
To Albemarle Business Park Fund	(19,885)	(19,885)	-
To General Capital Projects Fund	(11,009)	(11,009)	-
From the General Fund	116,130	25,000	(91,130)
Appropriated fund balance	356,816	-	(356,816)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(679,918)	(1,093,314)	(413,396)
Revenues and other financing sources over			
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	<u>\$ -</u> <u>\$</u>	7,262,267	\$ 7,262,267
Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis (Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual: Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	<u>\$</u>	7,262,267	
Dringing rationant		152 521	
Principal retirement Capital outlay		152,521 473,808	
Depreciation		(688,522)	
Change in inventory		141,131	
Change in installment purchase interest accrued		802	
Change in deferred outflows of resources - pensions		54,269	
Change in net pension liability		(127,669)	
Change in deferred inflows of resources - pensions		(13,977)	
Change in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB		89,371	
Change in other post-employment benefits		(177,824)	
Change in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB		39,075	
Change in accrued compensated absences		4,246	
Total reconciling items	-	(52,769)	
Change in net position	<u>\$</u>	7,209,498	

ELECTRIC UTILITY RELOCATION PROJECT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total To Date	Variance Over/Under	
Revenues:						
Restricted intergovernmental revenues:						
NCDOT Transportation Improvement Program	\$ 4,867,668	\$ 2,829,823	\$ -	\$ 2,829,823	\$ (2,037,845)	
Investment earnings		159		159	159	
Total revenues	4,867,668	2,829,982		2,829,982	(2,037,686)	
Expenditures:						
Engineering	75,000	141,977	-	141,977	(66,977)	
Other professional services	230,000	1,011	-	1,011	228,989	
Distribution lines	501,895	297,554	-	297,554	204,341	
Contract services	4,060,773	2,189,789		2,189,789	1,870,984	
Total expenditures	4,867,668	2,630,331		2,630,331	2,237,337	
Revenues (under) expenditures	<u>\$</u>	\$ 199,651	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 199,651	\$ 199,651	

LANDFILL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Revenues:			
Operating revenues:			
Disposal fees	\$ 2,506,100	\$ 3,096,032	\$ 589,932
Solid waste fees	116,850	142,346	25,496
Sales of mulch and scrap	500		(500)
Total charges for services	2,623,450	3,238,378	614,928
Other operating revenues	58,400	71,173	12,773
Total operating revenues	2,681,850	3,309,551	627,701
Non-Operating Revenues:			
Solid waste, scrap tire, and white goods disposal tax	136,000	208,511	72,511
Interest earned on investments	12,571	(1,143)	(13,714)
Miscellaneous non-operating income	-	2,336	2,336
Grant revenue	1,133	6,230	5,097
Total non-operating revenues	149,704	215,934	66,230
Total revenues	2,831,554	3,525,485	693,931
Expenditures:			
Landfill Operations:			
Salaries and employees benefits	956,077	907,347	48,730
Other operating expenditures	1,588,980	1,237,494	351,486
Total	2,545,057	2,144,841	400,216
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	162,000	63,953	98,047
Interest and fees	40,500	20,209	20,291
Total	202,500	84,162	118,338
Capital outlay	6,000		6,000
Total expenditures	2,753,557	2,229,003	524,554
Revenues over (under) expenditures	77,997	1,296,482	1,218,485

LANDFILL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers from (to) other funds:			
To Leachate Force Main Capital Project Fund	(32,530)	(32,530)	-
To Streetscape and Wayfinding Project Fund	(11,250)	(11,250)	-
To General Fund	(41,400)	(41,400)	-
To Landfill closure/post closure	(86,237)	-	86,237
From Landfill Gravity Line Capital Project Fund	93,420	93,812	392
Total other financing (uses)	(77,997)	8,632	86,629
Revenues and other financing sources over			
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	<u>\$</u>	\$ 1,305,114	\$ 1,305,114
Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis (Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual: Revenues and other financing sources over			
(under) expenditures and other financing uses		<u>\$ 1,305,114</u>	
Principal retirement		63,953	
Depreciation		(479,623)	
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		(80,503)	
Change in installment purchase interest accrued		2,348	
Change in deferred outflows of resources - pensions		19,734	
Change in net pension liability		(46,425)	
Change in deferred inflows of resources - pensions		(5,082)	
Change in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB		35,780	
Change in other post-employment benefits		(71,192)	
Change in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB		15,644	
Change in accrued compensated absences		5,258	
Adjustment to accrued landfill closure and post-closure costs	5	(262,148)	
Transfer from landfill gravity line capital project fund		(93,812)	
Transfer to landfill gravity line capital project fund		32,530	
Total reconciling items		(863,538)	
Change in net position		\$ 441,576	

LEACHATE FORCE MAIN CAPITAL PROJECT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			Actual			
	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total To Date	Variance Over/Under	
Expenditures:						
Engineering	\$ 704,104	\$ 635,537	\$ 10,999	\$ 646,536	\$ 57,568	
Legal	20,000	11,887	-	11,887	8,113	
Other services	53,146	54,868	-	54,868	(1,722)	
Construction	1,708,200	1,151,857	-	1,151,857	556,343	
Total expenditures	2,485,450	1,854,149	10,999	1,865,148	620,302	
Revenues (under) expenditures	(2,485,450) (1,854,149)	(10,999)	(1,865,148)	620,302	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Long-term debt issued	2,435,450	1,724,208	59,410	1,783,618	(651,832)	
Transfer from Landfill Fund	50,000	49,000	32,530	81,530	31,530	
Total other financing (uses)	2,485,450	1,773,208	91,940	1,865,148	(620,302)	
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$	<u>\$ (80,941)</u>	<u>\$ 80,941</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	

LANDFILL GRAVITY LINE CAPITAL PROJECT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			 Actual					
	Project Authorization		Prior Years		Current Year		Total Fo Date	Variance Over/Under
Expenditures:								
Engineering	\$	106,673	\$ 81,360	\$	25,313	\$	106,673	\$ -
Construction		329,515	 178,782		150,733		329,515	
Total expenditures		436,188	 260,142		176,046		436,188	
Revenues (under) expenditures		(436,188)	 (260,142)		(176,046)		(436,188)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfer from Landfill Fund		530,000	530,000		-		530,000	-
Transfer to Landfill Fund		(93,812)	 -		(93,812)		(93,812)	
Total other financing (uses)		436,188	 530,000		(93,812)	_	436,188	
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	<u>\$</u>		\$ 269,858	\$	(269,858)	\$		<u>\$</u>

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HOUSING JUNE 30, 2021

	Department of	Public Housing	
	Conventional	Section 8	Total
Assets:			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 785,212	\$ 88,156	\$ 873,368
Accounts receivable - net	31,736	-	31,736
Prepaid expenses	1,067	267	1,334
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	55,771	139,903	195,674
Total current assets	873,786	228,326	1,102,112
Non-current assets:			
Capital assets:			
Land and construction in progress	1,461,001	-	1,461,001
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	4,238,966	56,211	4,295,177
Total non-current assets	5,699,967	56,211	5,756,178
Total assets	6,573,753	284,537	6,858,290
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Pension deferrals	111,888	10,457	122,345
OPEB deferrals	54,189	15,569	69,758
Total deferred outflows of resources	166,077	26,026	192,103
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	58,762	5,496	64,258
Liabilities to be paid from restricted assets:			
Customer deposits	55,771	-	55,771
Advances from grantors	-	75,939	75,939
Compensated absences - current	24,182	4,418	28,600
Total current liabilities	138,715	85,853	224,568
Non-current liabilities:			
Compensated absences - non-current	6,839	1,250	8,089
Total OPEB liability	331,086	95,125	426,211
Net pension liability	197,736	28,421	226,157
Total non-current liabilities	535,661	124,796	660,457
Total liabilities	674,376	210,649	885,025
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Pension deferrals	7,997	2,468	10,465
OPEB deferrals	46,346	13,316	59,662
Total deferred inflows of recourses	54,343	15,784	70,127
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets	5,699,967	56,211	5,756,178
Restricted net position for housing asistance payments	-	63,964	63,964
Unrestricted	311,144	(36,045)	275,099
Total net position	\$ 6,011,111	<u>\$ 84,130</u>	\$ 6,095,241

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HOUSING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	D	epartment of	Pub	lic Housing	
	Co	nventional		Section 8	Total
Operating Revenues:					
Rental income	\$	588,039	\$	-	\$ 588,039
Public housing revenues		43,730		-	43,730
Total operating revenues		631,769		-	 631,769
Operating Expenses:					
Administrative		590,945		148,205	739,150
Utilities		301,472		-	301,472
Ordinary maintenance and operation		368,107		-	368,107
General expenses		54,490		-	54,490
Housing assistance program		-		1,020,684	1,020,684
Non-routine maintenance		3,629		-	3,629
Depreciation		424,205		2,479	 426,684
Total operating expenses		1,742,848		1,171,368	 2,914,216
Operating (loss)		(1,111,079)		(1,171,368)	 (2,282,447)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):					
Operating subsidies		891,805		1,150,031	2,041,836
Investment earnings		1,346		1	1,347
Other non-operating revenue		1,750		8,792	 10,542
Total non-operating revenues		894,901		1,158,824	 2,053,725
Income (loss) before capital					
contributions and transfers		(216,178)		(12,544)	 (228,722)
Capital Contributions and Transfers:					
Capital contributions		1,010,562		-	1,010,562
Transfers out		(25,205)		-	 (25,205)
Total contributions and transfers		985,357		-	 985,357
Change in net position		769,179		(12,544)	756,635
Net Position:					
Beginning of year, July 1		5,241,932		96,674	 5,338,606
End of year, June 30	\$	6,011,111	\$	84,130	\$ 6,095,241

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HOUSING - CONVENTIONAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Conventional	
	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Revenues:	Duuget	Actual	Over/Onder
Operating revenues:			
Rental income	\$ 567,000	\$ 588,039	\$ 21,039
Other operating revenues	41,463	43,730	¢ 21,039 2,267
Total operating revenues	608,463	631,769	23,306
Non-operating revenues:			
Operating subsidies	625,000	891,805	266,805
Interest income	4,000	1,346	(2,654)
Miscellaneous	65,445	1,750	(63,695)
Total non-operating revenues	694,445	894,901	200,456
Total revenues	1,302,908	1,526,670	223,762
Expenditures:			
Operating expenditures:			
Administrative	544,100	551,257	(7,157)
Utilities	373,624	301,472	72,152
Ordinary maintenance and operation	362,452	368,107	(5,655)
General expenses	51,850	54,490	(2,640)
Non-routine maintenance	16,200	3,629	12,571
Total operating expenditures	1,348,226	1,278,955	69,271
Non-operating expenditures:			
Lease payments	1,200	-	1,200
Interest and other charges	300	-	300
Capital outlay	105,159	105,159	
Total non-operating expenditures	106,659	105,159	1,500
Total expenditures	1,454,885	1,384,114	70,771
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(151,977)	142,556	294,533

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HOUSING - CONVENTIONAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Conventional	
	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfer to General Fund	(18,815)	(25,205)	(6,390)
Appropriated fund balance	170,792	-	(170,792)
Total other financing sources (uses)	151,977	(25,205)	(177,182)
Revenues and other financing sources over			
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	<u>\$ </u>	117,351	<u>\$ 117,351</u>
Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis			
to Full Accrual Basis:			
Depreciation		(424,205)	
Capital outlay		105,159	
Change in deferred outflows of resources - pensions		14,801	
Change in net pension liability		(34,819)	
Change in deferred inflows of resources - pensions		(3,812)	
Change in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB		20,847	
Change in other post-employment benefits		(41,477)	
Change in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB		9,114	
Change in accrued compensated absences		(1,025)	
Capital items not charged to capital outlay		(3,317)	
Capital contributions, revenues from Department			
of Public Housing - Capital Fund	-	1,010,562	
Change in net position	5	5 769,179	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HOUSING - CAPITAL FUND FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			Capital Funds		
	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total To Date	Variance Over/Under
Revenues:					
HUD capital grants	\$ 1,858,319	\$ 670,673	\$ 1,010,562	\$ 1,681,235	<u>\$ (177,084)</u>
Total revenues	1,858,319	670,673	1,010,562	1,681,235	(177,084)
Expenditures:					
Administrative	178,000	278,536	3,317	281,853	(103,853)
Capital outlay	1,680,319	166,367	1,231,423	1,397,790	282,529
Total expenditures	1,858,319	444,903	1,234,740	1,679,643	178,676
Revenues under expenditures	\$ -	\$ 225,770	<u>\$ (224,178)</u>	\$ 1,592	\$ 1,592

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HOUSING - SECTION 8 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			Section 8	
		Budget	Actual	/ariance ver/Under
Revenues:				
Non-Operating Revenues:				
Operating subsidies	\$	1,645,045	\$ 1,150,031	\$ (495,014)
Interest income		1,200	1	(1,199)
Miscellaneous		-	 8,792	 8,792
Total revenues		1,646,245	 1,158,824	 (487,421)
Expenditures:				
Operating expenditures:				
Administrative		200,143	143,300	56,843
Housing assistance program		1,442,055	 1,020,684	 421,371
Total operating expenditures		1,642,198	 1,163,984	 478,214
Non-operating expenditures:				
Capital outlay		4,047	 4,047	 <u> </u>
Total expenditures		1,646,245	 1,168,031	 478,214
Revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>\$</u>		(9,207)	\$ (9,207)
Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis				
to Full Accrual Basis:				
Depreciation			(2,479)	
Capital outlay			4,047	
Change in deferred outflows of resources - pensions			4,934	
Change in net pension liability			(11,606)	
Change in deferred inflows of resources - pensions			(1,271)	
Change in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB			5,989	
Change in other post-employment benefits			(11,916)	
Change in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB			2,618	
Change in accrued compensated absences			 6,347	
Change in net position			\$ (12,544)	

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

The Internal Service Fund accounts for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Health Insurance Fund – This fund accounts for amounts from individual departments and employees to pay for health insurance claims and premiums.



HEALTH INSURANCE INTERNAL SERVICE FUND FINANCIAL PLAN AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Financial Plan	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Revenues:			
Operating revenues:			
Interfund charges	\$ 3,198,150	\$ 2,873,018	\$ (325,132)
Employee contributions	319,572	325,424	5,852
Total operating revenues	3,517,722	3,198,442	(319,280)
Non-operating revenues:			
Interest earned on investments	2,000	551	(1,449)
Total revenues	3,519,722	3,198,993	(320,729)
Expenditures:			
Operating expenditures:			
Health benefit claims and premiums	3,295,822	2,973,791	322,031
Other operating expenditures	223,900	250,979	(27,079)
Total expenditures	3,519,722	3,224,770	294,952
Revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>\$</u> -	(25,777)	<u>\$ (25,777)</u>
Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis			
to Full Accrual Basis:			
Reconciling items:			
Increase in health benefit claims payable		39,728	
Change in net position		\$ 13,951	



OTHER SCHEDULES

This section includes additional information on property taxes and public housing programs.

Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

Analysis of Current Tax Levy

Supplemental Financial Data Schedule – Public Housing Programs



GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE JUNE 30, 2021

Fiscal Year		ncollected Balance ıly 1, 2020	Additions	Collections and Credits	ncollected Balance ne 30, 2021
2020-2021	\$	-	\$ 7,176,349	\$ 7,018,040	\$ 158,309
2019-2020		174,214	7,483	93,249	88,448
2018-2019		112,049	-	28,670	83,379
2017-2018		59,611	-	17,901	41,710
2016-2017		64,889	-	12,993	51,896
2015-2016		41,731	-	11,328	30,403
2014-2015		39,128	-	12,552	26,576
2013-2014		48,511	-	6,857	41,654
2012-2013		32,269	-	4,429	27,840
2011-2012		27,384	-	4,314	23,070
2010-2011		29,286	-	29,286	-
Total	\$	629,072	\$ 7,183,832	\$ 7,239,619	573,285
Ad valorem taxes receiv Ad valorem taxes receiv Municipal service distri Total taxes receivable -	vable - net	receivable - net			\$ (288,346) 284,939 3,298 288,237
Reconcilement with R					
Ad valorem taxes collec					\$ 7,222,497
Municipal service distri	ct collec	tions			(51,486)
Discounts allowed					39,524
Releases and adjustmen	ts				8,385
Taxes written off					27,177
Motor vehicle taxes wri	tten off				45,933
Late listing penalties					(490)
Interest collected					 (51,921)
Total collections and cr	edits				\$ 7,239,619

ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY CITY-WIDE LEVY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

				Total	Levy
	Ci	ity-Wide		Property Excluding Registered	Registered
	Property Valuation	Rate	Total Levy	Motor Vehicles	Motor Vehicles
Original Levy:					
Property taxed at current rate	\$ 1,120,809,800	\$ 0.64	\$ 7,173,183	\$ 6,247,878	\$ 925,305
Discoveries: Current and prior years	11,171,577	0.64	71,498	71,498	-
Abatements	(10,676,823)	0.64	(68,332)	(68,332)	
Total valuation	\$ 1,121,304,554				
Net Levy			7,176,349	6,251,044	925,305
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2021			(158,309)	(158,309)	
Current Year's Taxes Collected			\$ 7,018,040	\$ 6,092,735	\$ 925,305
Current Levy Collection Percentage			<u>97.79%</u>	<u>97.47%</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

Total levy includes only those taxes levied on a unit-wide basis and, therefore, does not include the Municipal Service District.

SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE PUBLIC HOUSING PROGRAMS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Line Item	Account Description	Low Rent Public Housing 14.850	Public Housing CARES Act 14.PHC	Housing Choice Vouchers 14.871	HCV CARES Act 14.HCC	Emergency Housing Vouchers 14.EHV	Public Housing Capital Fund 14.872
	Assets: Current Assets:						
	Cash:						
111	Cash - unrestricted	\$ 785,212	s -	\$ 88,156	\$ -	\$ -	s -
113	Cash - other restricted	-	-	63,964	43,689	32,250	-
114	Cash - tenant security deposits	55,771					
100	Total cash	840,983		152,120	43,689	32,250	
126	Accounts and notes receivable:	54 (72)					
126	Accounts receivable - tenants - dwelling units	54,672	-	-	-	-	-
126.1	Allowance for doubtful accounts - dwelling units	(22,936)					
120	Total receivables	31,736	-	-	-	-	-
142 144	Prepaid expenses and other assets	1,067	-	267	-	-	1,592
144	Inter-program - due from Total current assets	873,786		152,387	43,689	32,250	1,592
150	Total current assets	075,700		152,567	45,007	52,230	1,572
	Non-current assets:						
161	Land	163,505	-	-	-	-	-
162	Buildings	11,335,781	-	79,244	-	-	-
163	Furniture, equipment, machinery - dwellings	291,111	-	-	-	-	-
164	Furniture, equipment, machinery - administration	434,982	-	25,981	-	-	-
165	Leasehold improvements	1,095,734	-	-	-	-	-
166	Accumulated depreciation	(8,918,642)	-	(49,014)	-	-	-
167	Construction in progress	1,297,496					
180	Total non-current assets	5,699,967		56,211			
190	Total assets	6,573,753		208,598	43,689	32,250	1,592
200	Deferred Outflows of Resources	166,077	-	26,026	-	-	-
200	Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 6,739,830	\$ -	\$ 234,624	\$ 43,689	\$ 32,250	\$ 1,592
	Liabilities and Equity: Liabilities: Current Liabilities:						
312	Accounts payable (less than or equal to 90 days)	\$ 7,262	\$ -	\$ 277	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
321	Accrued wage/payroll taxes payable	26,295	-	5,219	-	-	-
322	Accrued compensated absences	24,182	-	4,418	-	-	-
333	Accounts payable - other government	25,205	-	-	-	-	-
341 342	Tenant security deposits Unearned revenue	55,771	-	-	43,689	- 22.250	-
342 347		1,592	-	-	45,089	32,250	-
547	Inter-program - due to	1,372					
310	Total current liabilities	140,307		9,914	43,689	32,250	
	Non-current liabilities:						
354	Accrued compensated absences - non-current	6,839	-	1,250	-	-	-
357	Accrued pension and OPEB liabilities	528,822		123,546			
350	Total non-current liabilities	535,661		124,796			
300	Total liabilities	675,968		134,710	43,689	32,250	
400	Deferred Inflows of Resources Equity:	54,343		15,784			
	Equity: Contributed capital:						
508.4	Net investment in capital assets	5,699,967	-	56,211	-	-	-
511.4	Restricted net position		-	63,964	-	-	-
512.4	Unrestricted net position	309,552	-	(36,045)	-	-	1,592
513	Total equity	6,009,519		84,130			1,592
515	>quivy						
600	Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and equity	\$ 6,739,830	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 234,624	\$ 43,689	\$ 32,250	<u>\$ 1,592</u>

SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE PUBLIC HOUSING PROGRAMS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Line Item	Account Description]	Low Rent Public Housing 14.850	Public Housing CARES Act 14.PHC		Housing Choice Vouchers 14.871	HCV CARES Act 14.HCC	Emergency Housing Vouchers 14.EHV	Public Housing Capital Fund 14.872
	Revenues:								
70300	Net tenant rental revenue	\$	588,039	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
70400	Tenant revenue - other		43,730	-		-	-	-	-
70600	HUD PHA operating grants		837,183	54,622		1,126,198	23,833	-	-
70610 70800	Capital grants		-	-		2,679	-	-	1,010,562
71100	Other government grants Investment income - unrestricted		1,346	-		2,079	-	-	-
71500	Other income		1,750			6,113	_		_
70000	Total revenues		1,472,048	54,622		1,134,991	23,833		1,010,562
,	Expenses: Administrative:		<u> </u>						
91100	Administrative salaries		314,082	-		92,315	-	-	-
91200	Auditing fees		5,253	-		1,313	-	-	-
91500	Employee benefit contributions		203,814	-		36,103	-	-	-
91600	Office expenses		18,680	-		6,021	-	-	-
91800	Travel		246	-		-	-	-	-
91900	Other		41,333			1,351	7,951		3,317
91000	Total operating - administrative		583,408			137,103	7,951		3,317
93100	Water		38,443	-		-	-	-	-
93200	Electricity		235,115	-		-	-	-	-
93300	Gas		1,059	-		-	-	-	-
93600	Sewer		26,855			-			
93000	Total utilities		301,472			-			
94100	Ordinary maintenance and operations - labor		139,568	-		2,151	-	-	-
94200	Ordinary maintenance and operations - materials and other		6,868	54,622		-	-	-	-
94300	Ordinary maintenance and operations - contract costs		167,049						
94000	Total maintenance		313,485	54,622		2,151			
96110	Property insurance		54,490			342			
96200	Other general expenses		-	-		6,554	-	-	-
96210	Compensated absences		1,014	-		(5,896)	-	-	-
96400	Bad debt - tenant rents		3,206						
96000	Total other general expenses		4,220			658			
96900	Total operating expenses	_	1,257,075	54,622		140,254	7,951		3,317
97000	Excess of operating revenues over expenditures		214,973	-		994,737	15,882	-	1,007,245
97100	Extraordinary maintenance		3,629	-		-	-	-	-
97300	Housing assistance payments					999,563	15,882		
97350			-			5,239	15,002		-
97400			424,205	-		2,479	-	-	-
	Total expenses		1,684,909	54,622		1,147,535	23,833	-	3,317
10030	Operating transfers from/to primary government		(25,205)		_	_			
10000	Excess of revenue over expenses		(238,066)			(12,544)			1,007,245
11030	Beginning equity		4,952,542	-		96,674			289,390
11030	Prior period adjustments, equity transfers and corrections		4,932,342	-		90,074	-	-	(1,295,043)
11040	Ending equity	\$	6,009,519	\$ -	\$	84,130	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,592
					<u> </u>				
	Memo information:	-		¢	+		¢	<i>.</i>	¢
11170	Administrative fee equity	\$	-	\$ -	\$	14,288	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
11180	Housing assistance payments equity		-	-		91,615	-	-	-
11190	Unit months available		2,388	-		3,996	-	-	-
11210 11620	Number of unit months leased Building purchase		2,340 66,073	-		2,430	-	-	1,231,423
11640	Furniture & equipment - administrative purchases		39,086	-		4,047	-	-	1,231,723
11040	r annuare de equipment - administrative purchases		37,000	-		4,047	-	-	-

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Albemarle's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Financial Trends – These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity – These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate electric revenues and property taxes.

Debt Capacity – These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information – These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.

Operating Information – These schedules contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.



					Fise	Fiscal Year				
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Governmental activities										
Net Investment in capital assets	\$ 13,262,477	\$ 14,403,544	\$ 14,179,497	\$ 14,001,213	\$ 14,015,366	\$ 15,988,670	\$ 16,249,532	\$ 17,339,345	\$ 17,195,672	\$ 18,922,602
Restricted	1,819,613	940,571	1,841,563	1,577,201	1,985,738	2,901,081	2,490,055	3,252,404	4,210,437	2,477,871
Unrestricted	2,914,029	3,332,448	2,901,486	3,474,113	4,123,830	629,614	(4, 398, 116)	(3,956,202)	(3, 930, 946)	(1, 477, 464)
Total Governmental activities net position	\$ 17,996,119	\$ 18,676,563	\$ 18,922,546	\$ 19,052,527	\$ 20,124,934	\$ 19,519,365	\$ 14,341,471	\$ 16,635,547	\$ 17,475,163	\$ 19,923,009
Business types activities										
Net Investment in capital assets	\$ 42,415,279	\$ 42,415,279 \$ 42,948,565	\$ 39,408,597	\$ 42,422,961	\$ 44,464,743	\$ 45,170,225	\$ 44,690,542	\$ 46,944,504	\$ 47,190,373	\$ 46,804,613 63 064
IT	- 017 12001	-	- 0750501	- 705 116	-	-		- 112 026 0	- 111010	+06,00 151 50
Ollesulcied	10,2/1,410	000,740,1	100,601,6	4,/00,410	0,012,020	0,1/0,220	1,111,904	111,710,6	1 / , 14 1 , U 10	440,101,07
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 52,686,689	\$ 50,590,948	\$ 49,168,178	\$ 47,208,377	\$ 50,077,569	\$ 51,346,751	\$ 52,408,526	\$ 56,317,215	\$ 64,331,391	\$ 73,026,221
Primary government										
Net Investment in capital assets	\$ 55,677,756	\$ 57,352,109	\$ 53,588,094	\$ 56,424,174	\$ 58,480,109	\$ 61,158,895	\$ 60,940,074	\$ 64,283,849	\$ 64,386,045	\$ 65,727,215
Restricted	1,819,613	940,571	1,841,563	1,577,201	1,985,738	2,901,081	2,490,055	3,252,404	4,210,437	2,541,835
Unrestricted	13,185,439	10,974,831	12,661,067	8,259,529	9,736,656	6,806,140	3,319,868	5,416,509	13,210,072	24,680,180
Total primary government net position	\$ 70,682,808	\$ 69,267,511	\$ 68,090,724	\$ 66,260,904	\$ 70,202,503	\$ 70,866,116	\$ 66,749,997	\$ 72,952,762	\$ 81,806,554	\$ 92,949,230

Table I

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal	Fiscal Year				
Expenses	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 1,809,417	\$ 1,788,218	\$ 1,856,381	\$ 1,591,598	\$ 1,954,727	\$ 2,480,395	\$ 1,807,621	\$ 2,017,511	\$ 2,198,065	\$ 2,380,927
Public safety	6,403,391	6,675,379	7,033,184	7,150,819	7,772,694	7,877,876	7,740,486	8,021,031	8,278,010	8,892,702
Public Works	2,061,552	2,183,786	2,032,970	2,036,115	2,867,886	3,167,899	3,362,049	3,370,980	3,512,821	3,702,465
Environmental protection	1,176,673	934,069	930,426	940,066	•	•	•	•	•	
Economic and physical development	2,740	2,229	112,038	68,283		•	•		•	•
Culture and recreation	1,258,938	1,272,719	1,302,081	1,410,222	1,463,717	1,531,121	1,575,332	1,674,492	1,727,843	2,005,322
Interest on long-term debt	102,899	103,205	104,234	86,493	93,070	64,556	103,013	113,325	228,266	218,097
Total governmental activities expenses	12,815,610	12,959,605	13,371,314	13,283,596	14, 152, 094	15,121,847	14,588,501	15,197,339	15,945,005	17,199,513
Business-type activities:										
Water and sewer	6,626,752	7,003,619	7,158,112	7,426,506	8,648,339	9,278,188	9,748,310	9,779,782	10,430,343	11,245,258
Electric	30,947,485	32,496,423	34,128,798	34,617,760	32,628,604	32,943,240	31,976,701	30,402,233	29,139,058	29,245,973
Landfill	2,043,328	2,988,247	3,300,050	3,069,545	3,002,061	2,439,400	2,394,236	2,649,616	2,710,198	3,030,606
Department of public housing	2,930,052	3,029,943	3,041,526	2,982,647	3,116,509	3,030,163	3,345,221	3,283,349	3,308,139	2,913,537
Total business-type activities	42,547,617	45,518,232	47,628,486	48,096,458	47,395,513	47,690,991	47,464,468	46,114,980	45,587,738	46,435,374
Total primary governmental expenses	\$ 55,363,227	\$ 58,477,837	\$ 60,999,800	\$ 61,380,054	\$ 61,547,607	\$ 62,812,838	\$ 62,052,969	\$ 61,312,319	\$ 61,532,743	\$ 63,634,887
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:	c 1 2 0 1 2	020 JE 070	¢ 10.107	¢ 20.072	07071	¢ 12.056		00 J21	CF0 2C 0	¢ 34.040
General government Dublic safety	0.042 ¢	5 22,079	04.19/ 04.160		33 608	000,01 &	5 21,104	401,62 ¢	50,042 50,030	50,049
Public Works	1.099.162	1.078.301	1.076.096	1.087.367	1.267.508	1.275,629	1.441.848	1.471.735	1.618.373	1.680.135
Culture and recreation	84,151	117,498	113,766	111,001	100,530	92,536	115,401	121,015	98,094	151,040
Operating grants and contributions	28,966	26,561	49,700	66,402	676,998	652,466	713,243	1,243,810	949,797	1,687,527
Capital grants and contributions	719,906	925,668	985,715	949,567	562,622	1,180,418	23,941	15,968		558,426
Total governmental activities program revenues	\$ 1,975,033	\$ 2,199,465	\$ 2,268,643	\$ 2,264,064	\$ 2,655,624	\$ 3,242,192	\$ 2,350,990	\$ 2,960,323	\$ 2,753,045	\$ 4,163,572
Business-type activities: Charges for services:										
Water and sewer	6,649,077	6.824.060	7,421,015	7,698.198	9,448,941	10,248,254	10,778,526	10,195,261	10,853,331	11.841.865
Electric	29,995,450	32,366,262	34,615,161	34,904,849	33,553,769	33,503,443	34,105,982	32,561,229	30,952,909	30,802,011
Landfill	2,292,726	2,366,306	2,628,348	2,462,101	2,874,421	2,762,869	2,897,365	2,891,829	3,160,357	3,311,887
Department of public housing	408,352	464,436	450,847	525,186	570,760	532,104	531,934	618,281	591,006	642,311
Operating grants and contributions	2,131,220	2,014,307	2,070,074	1,931,665	1,895,994	2,072,475	2,215,583	2,383,012	2,257,673	2,311,502
Capital grants and contributions	124,802	396,040	192,779	236,464	417,681	385,270	206,329	2,458,033	1,341,887	1,057,016
Total business-type activities program revenues	41,601,627	44,431,411	47,378,224	47,758,463	48,761,566	49,504,415	50,735,719	51,107,645	49,157,163	49,966,592
Total primary governmental program revenues	\$ 43,576,660	\$ 46,630,876	\$ 49,646,867	\$ 50,022,527	\$ 51,417,190	\$ 52,746,607	\$ 53,086,709	\$ 54,067,968	\$ 51,910,208	\$ 54,130,164
Net (expense)/revenue										
Governmental activities Business-type activities	(10,840,577) (945,990)	(10,760,140) (1,086,821)	\$ (11,102,671) (250,262)	\$ (11,019,532) (337,995)	(11,496,470) 1,366,053	(11,879,655) 1,813,424	\$ (12,237,511) 3,271,251	\$ (12,237,016) 4,992,665	(13,191,960) 3,569,425	(13,035,941) 3,531,218
Total primary governmental net expense	\$ 98,939,887	\$ 105,108,713	\$ 110,646,667	\$ (11,357,527)	\$ (10,130,417)	\$ (10,066,231)	\$ (8,966,260)	\$ (7,244,351)	\$ (9,622,535)	\$ (9,504,723)

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CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

					Fisca	Fiscal Year				
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
General Revenues and Other Changes in										
net position										
Taxes										
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 5,540,371	\$ 5,660,953	\$ 5,794,633	\$ 5,942,627	\$ 5,938,844	\$ 6,075,216	\$ 6,218,480	\$ 6,873,954	\$ 6,896,760	\$ 7,110,853
Other taxes	4,254,430		4,285,480	4,776,561	5,110,887		5,678,176		6,080,187	Ĩ
Unrestricted Interest earned on investments	18,135	10,038	2,528	2,185	7,614	17,090	46,992	209,123	197,169	(11,517)
Miscellaneous	190,296	215,981	134,347	72,132	168,849	208,081	166,303		•	
Transfers in (out)	1,190,000	1,166,959	1,373,818	1,240,000	1,091,727	907,319	793,152	1,502,479	857,460	1,538,038
Special item		'			'	(227,361)		'		
Total governmental activities	11,193,232	11,440,584	11,590,806	12,033,505	12,317,921	12,377,964	12,903,103	14,531,092	14,031,576	15,483,787
Business-type activities:										
Other taxes				ı		142,620	169,766	149,002	120,604	208,511
Unrestricted Interest earned on investments	25,971	18,091	79,476	57,763	9,586	17,254	69,370	269,501	230,984	45,744
Miscellaneous	1,226,215	1,065,333	121,834	280,781	209,570	203,203	130,662		4,950,623	6,447,395
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets							'			
Transfers in (out)	(1, 190, 000)	(1,166,959)	(1, 373, 818)	(1,240,000)	(1,091,727)	(907,319)	(793, 152)	(1,502,479)	(857, 460)	(1,538,038)
Total business-type activities	62,186	(83,535)	(1, 172, 508)	(901, 456)	(872,571)	(544,242)	(423,354)	(1,083,976)	4,444,751	5,163,612
Total primary government	\$ 11,255,418	\$ 11,357,049	\$ 10,418,298	\$ 11,132,049	\$ 11,445,350	\$ 11,833,722	\$ 12,479,749	\$ 13,447,116	\$ 18,476,327	\$ 20,647,399
Change in net position										
Governmental activities	\$ 352,655	\$ 680,444	\$ 488,135	\$ 1,013,973	\$ 821,451	\$ 498,309	\$ 665,592	\$ 2,294,076	\$ 839,616	\$ 2,447,846
Business-type activities	(883, 804)	(1, 170, 356)	(1,422,770)	(1,239,451)	493,482	1,269,182	2,847,897	3,908,689	8,014,176	8,694,830
Total primary government	\$ (531,149)	\$ (489,912)	\$ (934,635)	\$ (225,478)	\$ 1,314,933	\$ 1,767,491	\$ 3,513,489	\$ 6,202,765	\$ 8,853,792	\$ 11,142,676

Change in net position	Governmental activities	Business-type activities	Total primary government

								Fiscal Year	Year					
	2012	2013		2014	20	2015	20	2016	2017		2018	2019	2020	2021
General Fund														
Nonspendable	\$ 24,313	\$ 17,834	4 \$	35,781	S	78,870	\$	34,821	\$ 45,8	378 \$	85,500	\$ 82,451	\$ 30,928	\$ 86,392
Restricted	1,796,687	940,571	1	1,841,563	2,6.	2,628,727	1,9,	.,985,738	1,876,068	168	1,913,597	1,988,109	2,612,957	2,477,871
Committed	'			6,861			1,1,	,164,823	486,965	165			'	
Assigned	266,700	266,700	0	133,000		37,300		,	333,780	780	250,000	427,737	643,832	338,305
Unassigned	4,061,559	4,460,770	0	4,538,502	5,05	5,095,966	5,3;	5,385,079	4,360,976	92	4, 323, 699	4,760,370	5,324,773	7,569,126
Total General Fund	\$ 6,149,259	\$ 7,781	1	750	s	70,199	\$ 8,7	8,770,461	\$ 7,103,667	Ś	6,572,796	\$ 7,258,667	\$ 8,612,490	\$ 10,471,694
All other governmental funds														
Nonspendable	۔ ج	S	۰ ج	'	S		S		s	۰ ۶	ı	۰ ۶	' \$	۔ ج
Restricted	•					24,185					576,458	1,264,295	1,597,480	
Committed	22,926	194,773	3	67,490			<u> </u>	11,722)	633,582	82				1,325,800
Assigned				22,401							'	'	'	
Unassigned	90,432	108,875	5	'							ı	'	'	
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 113,358	\$ 303,648	8	89,891	s	24,185	\$	11,722)	\$ 633,582	\$82 \$	576,458	\$ 1,264,295	\$ 1,597,480	\$ 1,325,800

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CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (modified accrual basis of accounting)

					Fisca	Fiscal Year					
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020		2021
Revenues											
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 5,512,617	\$ 5,638,150	\$ 5,844,284	\$ 5,990,284	\$ 5,984,454	\$ 6,101,473	\$ 6,260,114	\$ 6,904,421	\$ 6,944,587	Ś	7,222,497
Local option sales taxes	'						'		ı		ı
Other taxes and licenses	422,060	420,930	289,743	298,590	204,587	229,951	242,641	258,542	227,958		292,228
Unrestricted intergovernmental	3,832,745	3,965,723	3,995,737	4,477,971	4,906,300	5,167,668	5,435,535	5,686,994	5,852,229	Ū	6,554,185
Restricted intergovernmental	748,872	952,229	1,035,415	1,016,828	1,237,190	928,156	717,804	762,944	905,435		1,505,998
Permits and fees	41,873	50,106	43,145	49,277	47,539	40,826	56,409	53,489	59,018		50,042
Sales and services	1,184,288	1,197,130	1,190,083	1,221,657	1,368,465	1,368,482	1,557,397	1,551,257	1,666,111		1,764,463
Investment earnings	18,135	10,038	6,851	2,185	7,614	17,090	46,992	187,703	187,999		(12,068)
Miscellaneous	190,296	215,981	130,024	112,210	221,472	214,689	203,884	620,760	200,010		581,013
Total revenues	11,950,886	12,450,287	12,535,282	13,169,002	13,977,621	14,068,335	14,520,776	16,026,110	16,043,347	1	17,958,358
Expenditures											
General government	1,490,441	1,445,778	1,599,637	1,489,113	1,996,872	4,036,398	1,692,325	1,654,740	1,744,483		1,955,278
Public safety	6,208,346	7,252,114	7,018,252	7,077,655	7,355,402	8,253,389	7,982,448	7,672,526	7,639,503		8,464,296
Public Works	1,829,798	1,939,171	1,905,120	1,857,988	3,076,021	2,875,905	3,168,184	3,044,477	3,047,002		3,375,590
Environmental protection	1,157,169	918,277	930,426	940,066		'	'		ı		ı
Economic and physical development	2,640	2,229	112,038	68,283	ı	'	'		I		ı
Culture and recreation	1,226,130	1,122,948	1,192,452	1,253,103	1,267,422	1,398,318	1,683,416	1,425,700	1,418,176		2,013,950
Capital Outlay	41,547	760,359	161,486	126,623	672,424	827,485	167,791	1,922,561	5,160,439		1,158,185
Debt service											
Principal retirement	344,665	346,844	318,728	290,318	366,507	505,182	613,758	611,197	531,041		719,454
Interest and other charges	102,899	102,620	104,234	86,493	79,943	65,439	107,036	104,638	199,040		222,119
Total expenditures	12,403,635	13,890,340	13,342,373	13,189,642	14,814,591	17,962,116	15,414,958	16,435,839	19,739,684	1	17,908,872
Excess of revenues											
over (under) expenditures	(452,749)	(1,440,053)	(807,091)	(20, 640)	(836,970)	(3, 893, 781)	(894,182)	(409,729)	(3,696,337)		49,486
Other financing sources (uses)											
Transfers from other funds	1,236,638	2,191,452	1,398,818	1,551,230	1,218,985	2,138,199	923,152	2,833,824	1,097,031		2,398,606
Transfers to other funds	(46,638)	(1,024,493)	(25,000)	(311, 230)	(127,258)	(1, 230, 880)	(616,965)	(1, 331, 345)	(239,571)		(860, 568)
Proceeds from debt	903,100	·	331,590		638,934	1,964,972		266,958	4,539,885		
Sales of capital assets	'		T	'	'				'		ı
I otal other financing sources (uses)	2,093,100	1,166,959	1,705,408	1,240,000	1,730,661	2,872,291	306,187	1,769,437	5,397,345		1,538,038
Net change in fund balances	\$ 1.640.351	\$ (273,094)	\$ 898.317	\$ 1.219.360	\$ 893,691	\$ (1.021.490)	\$ (587,995)	\$ 1.359,708	\$ 1,701,008	Ś	1.587.524
)											
Debt services as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	3.6%	3.4%	3.2%	2.9%	3.2%	3.3%	4.7%	4.9%	5.0%		5.6%

		Total	\$ 9,775,783	10,030,397	10,135,734	10,776,932	10,667,196	11,108,779	11,489,531	12,360,453	12,584,094	13,525,846
	Drug	Tax	\$ 8,361	5,594	5,970	10,087	14,766	6,574	31,878	20,344	29,714	15,761
Beer &	Wine	Tax	69,046	64,729	69,416	75,852	70,199	72,324	69,824	69,604	69,419	67,827
Privelege	License	Tax	\$ 305,867	291,247	160,155	154,250	765	793	1,055		950	465
Vehicle	Lease	Tax	\$ 18,426	18,683	20,911	20,117	20,983	25,381	24,063	34,040	28,041	31,012
	Occupancy	Tax	\$ 97,767	111,000	108,677	124,223	131,250	135,886	148,354	157,362	131,242	132,376
	Franchise	Tax	\$ 1,120,988	1,160,030	1,187,689	1,375,956	1,385,955	1,356,078	1,356,314	1,365,508	1,334,844	1,324,110
	Sales	Tax	\$ 2,642,711	2,740,964	2,738,632	3,026,163	3,213,145	3,498,266	3,706,789	3,921,882	4,105,580	4,757,248
Motor	Vehicle	Fee	•	·		·	51,110	66,475	66,145	67, 140	67,725	128,375
	Property	Tax	\$ 5,512,617	5,638,150	5,844,284	5,990,284	5,779,023	5,947,003	6,085,109	6,724,573	6,816,579	7,068,672
	Fiscal	Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Table 5

Year	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Security Light	Total
2012	9,805	2,202	15	2,891	14,913
2013	9,806	2,212	15	2,872	14,905
2014	9,762	2,208	15	2,873	14,858
2015	9,781	2,197	13	2,838	14,829
2016	9,845	2,108	13	2,847	14,813
2017	9,922	2,232	15	2,902	15,071
2018	9,889	2,229	13	2,870	15,001
2019	9,929	2,221	13	2,900	15,063
2020	10,075	2,237	13	2,943	15,268
2021	10,277	2,249	12	3,001	15,539

Source: City of Albemarle Finance and Utilities Department

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA ELECTRIC RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
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Residential Customers Residential Service-RS Basic Facilities Charge	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	0000	1000
Residential Customers Residential Service-RS Basic Facilities Charge		7177			A444	1107	7010	1117	7020	1707
Basic Facilities Charge										
	12.070000	12.070000	12.070000	12.370000	12.170000	12.170000	12.170000	12.170000	12.170000	13.000000
First 500 kWh used	0.101990	0.106690	0.112190	0.114990	0.113150	0.113150	0.108620	0.108620	0.108620	0.105290
All over 500 kWh used	0.108760		0.118960	0.121930	0.119980	0.119980	0.115180	0.115180	0.115180	0.105290
Residential Att Electric Service-AE Resid Facilities Charge	12.070000	12 070000	12 070000	12 370000	12 170000	12 170000	12 170000	1.2 170000	12 170000	0000000
First 500 kWh used	0.101990	0 106390	0 111590	0.0114380	0 112550	0.112550	0.108050	0 108050	0 108050	0.00000
All over 500 kWh used	0.099920	0.104320	0.109520	0.112260	0.110460	0.110460	0.106040	0.106040	0.106040	0.000000
Commercial Customers										
Small General Service-SGS	0.000000	7781.000000	750.000000	0.00000	0.000000	0.000000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.000000
Basic Facilities Charge	16.590000	16.590000	16.590000	17.00000	16.730000	16.730000	16.730000	16.730000	16.730000	19.500000
Demand Charge										
First 30kW of Billing Demand	0.00000	0.000000	0.00000	0.000000	0.000000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.000000
All over 30kW of Billing Demand	4.890000	4.890000	4.890000	5.010000	4.930000	4.930000	4.930000	4.930000	4.930000	5.500000
Energy Charge										
First 3,000 kWh used	0.142100	0.147600	0.154200	0.158060	0.155530	0.155530	0.149310	0.149310	0.149310	0.145180
Next 9,000 kWh used	0.073630	0.079130	0.085730	0.087870	0.086460	0.086460	0.083000	0.083000	0.083000	0.082500
All over 12,000 kWh used	0.067490	0.072990	0.079590	0.081580	0.080270	0.080270	0.077060	0.077060	0.077060	0.077500
Minimum Monthly Bill Amount	35.170000	35.170000	36.750000	37.670000	37.070000	37.070000	37.070000	37.070000	37.070000	0.00000
Medium General Service-MGS										
Basic Facilities Charge	16.590000	16.590000	16.590000	17.000000	16.730000	16.730000	16.730000	16.730000	16.730000	30.000000
Demand Charge										
First 30kW of Billing Demand	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.000000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.000000	7.000000
All over 30kW of Billing Demand	5.580000	5.580000	5.580000	5.720000	5.630000	5.630000	5.630000	5.630000	5.630000	7.000000
Energy Charge										
First 3,000 kWh used	0.137760	0.141760	0.146460	0.150120	0.147720	0.147720	0.141810	0.141810	0.141810	0.078970
Next 9,000 kWh used	0.083900	0.087900	0.092600	0.094920	0.093400	0.093400	0.089660	0.089660	0.089660	0.078970
All over 12,000 kWh used	0.073630	0.077630	0.082330	0.084390	0.083040	0.083040	0.079720	0.079720	0.079720	0.078970
Minimum Monthly Bill Amount	35.170000	35.170000	36.750000	37.670000	37.070000	37.070000	37.070000	37.070000	37.020000	0.000000
Large General Service-LGS										
Basic Facilities Charge	25.650000	25.650000	25.650000	26.290000	25.870000	25.870000	25.870000	25.870000	25.870000	100.000000
Demand Charge								000000000		
First 30kW of Billing Demand	0.000000	0.00000	0.000000	0.00000	0.000000	0.00000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	7.500000
All over 30kW of Billing Demand	5.780000	5.780000	5.780000	5.920000	5.830000	5.830000	5.830000	5.830000	5.830000	7.500000
Energy Charge										
First 10,000 kWh used $(*)$	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0/0890
Over $10,000$ kWh used (*)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.060000
First 25,000 kWh used	0.082510	0.085910	0.089910	0.092160	0.090690	0.090690	0.087060	0.087060	0.087060	N/A
Next 50,000 kWh used	0.078200	0.081600	0.085600	0.087740	0.086340	0.086340	0.082890	0.082890	0.082890	N/A
Next 75,000 kWh used	0.068110	0.071510	0.075510	0.077400	0.076160	0.076160	0.073110	0.073110	0.073110	N/A
All over 150,000 kWh used	0.062190	0.065590	0.069590	0.071330	0.070190	0.070190	0.067380	0.067380	0.067380	N/A
Minimum Monthly Bill Amount	58.610000	58,610000	61.250000	62.780000	61.780000	61.780000	61.780000	61.780000	61.780000	N/A

(*) Rate Structure Changed

Source: City of Albemarle Finance and Utilities Department

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA TEN LARGEST ELECTRIC CUSTOMERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

			2012				2021	
	Elec	lectric		Percentage of Total Operating	Ele	Electric		Percentage of Total Operating
Customer	Revenue	anue	Rank	Revenue	Rev	Revenue	Rank	Revenue
City of Albemarle- Public Utilities	\$	432,620	4	1.38%	\$	885,074	1	2.86%
Preformed Line Products		750,982	ю	2.40%		680,389	2	2.20%
Stanly Regional Medical Center		828,887	7	2.65%		612,248	С	1.98%
IAC Albemarle	1,	1,468,858	1	4.70%		506,426	4	1.64%
Enforge		250,938	8	0.80%		431,890	5	1.39%
Carolinas Healthcare System				0.00%		321,818	9	1.04%
Wal-Mart		349,602	5	1.12%		283,137	L	0.91%
Albemarle Correctional Institute		304,453	9	0.97%		278,271	8	0.90%
Food Lion		247,236	6	0.79%		235,405	6	0.76%
City of Albemarle- Public Housing		301,576	L	0.96%		235,115	10	0.76%
NC Air National Guard		234,394	10	0.75%		I	I	0.00%
Totals	\$5,	5,169,546	1 11	16.53%	\$	4,469,773		14.44%

Source: City of Albemarle Finance and Utilities Department

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA NUMBER OF WATER CUSTOMERS BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal					
	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Wholesale	Total
	6,112	1,050	19		7,181
	6,219	1,049	15	•	7,283
	6,224	1,037	15	'	7,276
	6,233	1,050	16		7,299
	6,249	1,057	14	1	7,321
	6,294	1,045	17	1	7,357
	6,251	1,045	14	1	7,311
	6,296	1,037	15	1	7,349
2020	6,354	1,023	15	1	7,393
	6,344	1,111	15	I	7,470

Source: City of Albemarle Finance and Utilities Departments

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA WATER RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					LISCAL LCAL	Lai				
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Water-Inside Corporate Limits										
0 - 300 cubic feet (minimum charge)	9.49	9.96	9.96	10.76	11.19	11.64	12.11	12.11	12.91	13.68
301 - 30,000 cubic feet (charge per 100 cubic feet)	1.98	2.08	2.18	2.35	2.44	2.54	2.64	2.64	2.81	2.98
30,001 - 575,000 cubic feet (charge per 100 cubic feet)	1.70	1.79	1.88	2.03	2.11	2.19	2.28	2.28	2.43	2.58
Over 275,000 cubic feet (charge per 100 cubic feet)	1.24	1.30	1.37	1.48	1.54	1.60	1.65	1.65	1.77	1.88
Water-Outside Corporate Limits										
0 - 300 cubic feet (minimum charge)	18.97	19.92	19.92	21.51	22.37	23.26	24.19	24.19	25.79	27.34
301 - 30,000 cubic feet (charge per 100 cubic feet)	3.97	4.16	4.36	4.71	4.90	5.10	5.31	5.31	5.65	5.99
30,001 - 575,000 cubic feet (charge per 100 cubic feet)	3.40	3.58	3.76	4.06	4.22	4.39	4.57	4.57	4.87	5.16
Over 275,000 cubic feet (charge per 100 cubic feet)	1.24	1.30	1.37	1.48	1.54	1.60	1.65	1.65	1.77	1.85

Source: City of Albemarle Finance and Utilities Departments

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA TEN LARGEST WATER CUSTOMERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

			2012			2021	
				Percentage of			Percentage of
		Water		Total Operating	Water		Total Operating
<u>Customer</u>		Revenue	Rank	Revenue	Revenue	Rank	Revenue
City of Concord					\$ 3,284,671	1	30.58%
Stanly County Utilities	\$	783,412	2	11.84%	1,562,624	2	14.55%
Pfeiffer North Stanly Water		353,784	б	5.34%	536,538	б	4.99%
Gentry Mills		118,826	4	1.80%	171,984	4	1.60%
IAC Albemarle LLC		874,296	1	13.21%	85,929	5	0.80%
Stanly Regional Medical Center		51,004	5	0.77%	54,410	9	0.51%
City of Albemarle- Public Housing		31,990	9	0.48%	38,443	L	0.36%
City of Albemarle- Parks & Rec		I		0.00%	27,617	8	0.26%
Bethany Woods		20,495	8	0.31%	26,776	6	0.25%
Koober LLC					20,302	10	0.19%
American Fiber & Finishing		24,054	L	0.36%			
Stanly Manor		10,818	6	0.16%			
James A Baucom		10,231	10	0.15%			
Totals	÷	2,278,910		34.43%	\$ 5,809,294		54.08%

Source: City of Albemarle Finance and Utilities Department

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2012			2021	
	Taxable		Percentage of Total Taxable	Taxable		Percentage of Total Taxable
	Assessed		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Value	Value	Rank	Value
Preformed Line Products Company	\$ 16,158,344	1	1.59%	\$ 16,425,012	1	1.46%
Walmart Real Estate Business	11,974,017	4	1.18%	14,174,020	2	1.26%
Olive Place Plaza LLC	ı			13,692,228	3	1.22%
Centre Point Investors LLC	ı		·	9,235,262	4	0.82%
Lowes Home Center Inc	7,953,465	9		7,923,312	5	0.71%
South Central Oil Company	6,898,613	7	0.68%	7,560,033	9	0.67%
Savera Investments	ı		0.00%	6,717,350	L	0.60%
Fabric DE Gp	6,592,567	8	·	5,752,008	8	0.51%
Auria Albemarle LLC	ı		0.00%	5,709,094	6	0.51%
Uwharrie Bank	ı			5,646,315	10	0.50%
Stanly Memorial Hospital Inc	14,000,505	2	1.37%		ı	
IAC Group North America Inc	11,998,905	С	1.18%		ı	
Kurkpatrick James R Family Trust	8,455,441	5	0.83%		ı	
H/S Albemarle LLC	5,999,485	6	0.59%		ı	
Stanly Station LP	4,517,921	10	0.44%		ı	·
Totals	\$ 94,549,263	- "	7.86%	\$ 92,834,634	- "	8.28%

Source: Stanly County Tax Assessor

					Fiscal Year	Year				
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
County Direct Rate Stanly (General)	0.6700	0.6700	0.6700	0.6700	0.6700	0.6700	0.6700	0.6700	0.6700	0.6700
Total direct rate	0.6700	0.6700	0.6700	0.6700	0.6700	0.6700	0.6700	0.6700	0.6700	0.6700
City/Town Overlapping Rates	0 5600	0 5600	0 5900	0 5900	0 5000	0 5900	0 5900	0.6400	0,6400	0,6400
Municipal Service	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000
Maximum Combined **County Tax Rate	0.6700	0.6700	0.6700	0.6700	0.6700	0.6700	0.6700	0.6700 0.6700 0.6700 0.6700 0.6700 0.6700 0.6700	0.6700	0.6700
*** City Tax Rate	0.6600	0.6600	0.6900	0069.0	0.6900	0069.0	0.6900	0.7400	0.7400	0.7400

Tax Assessor	
/ County	
Source: Stanly	

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

								Total	Estimated	Assessed
	Real Property	roperty	Perso	ersonal Property		Less:	Total Taxable	Direct	Actual	Value as a
Fiscal		Commercial	Motor	Personal		Tax Exempt	Assessed	Тах	Taxable	Percentage of
Year		Property*		Property	Other**	Real Property *	Value	Rate	Value	Actual Value
2012	\$ 546,922,373 \$ 3	\$ 314,965,149	\$ 83,134,423	\$ 77,275,196	- \$	\$ 17,401,566	\$ 1,004,895,575	\$ 0.5600	\$ 1,004,895,575	100%
2013	563,034,982	304,089,747			'	17,204,970	1,015,623,652	0.5600	1,015,623,652	100%
2014	553,546,936	285,534,365		77,526,869	'	16,502,325	989,121,304	0.5900	989,121,304	100%
2015	555,008,384	285,396,402		75,281,357	'	14,501,469	1,004,825,594	0.5900	1,004,825,594	100%
2016	555,945,405				'	14,566,034	1,002,626,651	0.5900	1,002,626,651	100%
2017	558,081,353			70,066,364	16,514,787	14,402,562	1,019,517,930	0.5900	1,019,517,930	100%
2018	578,212,849			77,226,803	17,254,198	14,282,719	1,048,757,118	0.5900	1,048,757,118	100%
2019	589,269,935			83,840,298	18, 152, 916	14,027,235	1,071,114,063	0.6400	1,071,114,063	100%
2020	588,505,539	268,762,914	132,029,355	91,746,667	18,003,742	14,278,532	1,084,769,685	0.6400	1,084,769,685	100%
2021	605,394,141	272,553,639	134,844,916	104,040,629	19,020,766	14,549,537	1,121,304,554	0.6400	1,121,304,554	100%

Source: Stanly County Tax Assessor City of Albemarle Yearly Audit

Fiscal Year Fuded	Total Levy for		Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levv	Collections in	Total Coll	Total Collections to Date
June 30	Fiscal Year	Am	Percentage of Levy	Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2012	\$ 5,695,866		94.65%	\boldsymbol{S}	\$ 5,672,796	99.59%
2013	5,814,698	5,437,536	93.51%	349,322	5,786,858	99.52%
2014	5,816,176		95.84%	200,054	5,774,522	99.28%
2015	5,953,379		96.89%	158,382	5,926,803	99.55%
2016	5,953,469		97.20%	136,126	5,923,066	99.49%
2017	6,063,603		97.30%	111,665	6,011,707	99.14%
2018	6,187,982		97.55%	110,005	6,146,272	99.33%
2019	6,855,130		97.39%	95,776	6,771,751	98.78%
2020	6,942,526		97.49%	85,766	6,854,078	98.73%
2021	7,176,349		97.79%	I	7,018,040	97.79%

	Gove	Governmental Activities	Business-ty	Business-type Activities			
					Total	Percentage	
Fiscal		Installment	Installment	Capital	Primary	of Personal	Per
Year		Debt	Debt	Leases	Government	Income	Capita
2012	\$	2,505,717	\$ 3,583,647	•	\$ 6,089,364	1.11% \$	383
2013		2,170,012	5,701,210	I	7,871,222	1.45%	495
2014		2,182,874	12,380,336	I	14,563,210	2.60%	914
2015		1,892,556	17,636,955	I	19,529,511	3.39%	1,222
2016		2,164,978	19,353,778	I	21,518,756	3.63%	1,347
2017		3,624,773	26,245,557	·	29,870,330	5.01%	1,853
2018		3,011,015	27,906,687	I	30,917,702	5.32%	1,919
2019		2,666,775	25,733,358	124,936	28,525,069	4.66%	1,771
2020		6,675,620	28,821,425	100,270	35,597,315	10.03%	2,191
2021		5,956,166	27,175,316	154,494	33,285,976	8.40%	2,026

			CITY OF LEGAI	CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS	VORTH CAROLI 1 INFORMATIO 4L YEARS	NN N		
					Fiscal Year	Year		
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Debt limit	\$ 81,338,629	\$ 82,978,3	\$ 81,338,629 \$ 82,978,357 \$ 83,046,263 \$ 80,632,773 \$ 80,617,657 \$ 82,218,351 \$ 83,900,569 \$ 85,689,125	\$ \$0,632,773	\$ 80,617,657	\$ 82,218,351	\$ 83,900,569	\$ 85,689,125 5
Total net debt applicable to limit	3,779,364		5,771,222 12,673,210 17,849,511 25,683,913	17,849,511	25,683,913	29,870,330		30,917,419 28,525,070
Legal debt margin	\$ 77,559,265	\$ 77,207,1	<u>\$ 77,559,265</u> <u>\$ 77,207,135</u> <u>\$ 70,373,053</u> <u>\$ 62,783,262</u> <u>\$ 54,933,744</u> <u>\$ 52,348,021</u> <u>\$ 52,983,150</u> <u>\$ 57,164,055</u>	\$ \$62,783,262	\$ 54,933,744	\$ 52,348,021	\$ 52,983,150	\$ 57,164,055

\$ 86,781,575 \$ 89,704,364

2021

2020

33,285,976

35,597,315

\$ 56,418,388

\$ 51,184,260

37.11%

41.02%

33.29%

36.85%

36.33%

31.86%

22.14%

15.26%

6.96%

4.65%

Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2021

Assessed value	\$1	\$ 1,121,304,554
Debt limit - 8% of assessed value	\mathbf{S}	89,704,364
Debt applicable to limit:		
General obligation bonds		
Installment purchases 33,131,482		
Capital leases 154,494		
Total amount of debt applicable to debt limit		33,285,976
Legal debt margin	\sim	56,418,388

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Per

			Capita		
Fiscal		Personal	Personal	School	Unemployment
Year	Population (1)	Income	Income (2)*	Enrollment (3)**	Rate (4) **
2012	15,919	550,208,397	34,563	9,070	10.3%
2013	15,913	543,842,688	34,176	8,953	8.7%
2014	15,937	561,014,274	35,202	8,763	6.2%
2015	15,976	576,925,312	36,112	8,666	5.7%
2016	15,979	592,101,845	37,055	8,670	4.8%
2017	16,121	595,799,918	36,958	8,582	3.8%
2018	16,109	580,890,540	36,060	8,291	3.7%
2019	16,106	611,850,834	37,989	8,289	4.2%
2020	16,246	355,023,838	21,853	8,270	6.1%
2021	16,432	396,175,520	24,110	8,352	4.5%

*County-Level data through 2019, City level data 2020 and beyond

** County-Level data, no city data available

Sources:

(1) United States Census Bureau

(2) Until 2020, N.C. Employment Security Commission Workforce In-Depth. 2020 and beyond US Census Bureau

(3) Division of School Business Services School Allotments Sections

(4) N.C. Department of Commerce D4 Local Area Unemployment Statistics

		2021			2012	
			Percentage of Total			Percentage of Total
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Stanly County Schools	1000+	1	5.42%+	1000+	1	5.42%+
Carolina Healthcare Stanly	500-999	7	2.71% - 4.88%	500-999	2	2.71% - 4.88%
Stanly County Government	500-999	ю	2.71% - 4.88%	250-499	L	1.35% - 2.70%
Wal-Mart Associates Inc.	500-999	4	2.71% - 4.88%	250-499	4	1.35% - 2.70%
Food Lion	250-499	5	1.35% - 2.70%			
Fiberon	250-499	9	1.35% - 2.70%			
Michelin Tire Center	250-499	L	1.35% - 2.70%	250-499	5	1.35% - 2.70%
Clayton Mobile Homes	250-499	8	1.35% - 2.70%			
Stanly Community College	250-499	6	1.35% - 2.70%	250-499	9	1.35% - 2.70%
Dept of Public Safety	250-499	10	1.35% - 2.70%	250-499	L	1.35% - 2.70%
IAC Old Fort LLC				250-499	8	1.35% - 2.70%
Monarch				250-499	6	1.35% - 2.70%
City of Albemarle				250-499	10	1.35% - 2.70%
Total			0.00%	·		0.00%
, , , , ,	ږ (-					

Source: Stanly County Economic Development Office Note: (1) County-level data

Note: (1) County-level data Note: (2) County reported Range of Employees this year

Table 19

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Fiscal Year	Year				
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Function										
General government										
Administration	4	4	З	ŝ	ŝ	ŝ	0	ŝ	4	4
Economic Development	ı	·	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Downtown Development	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	7	1	1	1	1
Human Resources	ю	æ	ŝ	æ	æ	ю	ю	ю	ŝ	Э
Finance	6	6	6	10	10	6	7	6	6	6
Information Systems	ю	Э	Э	4	Э	ю	4	ю	4	4
Planning Development Services	S	S	S	9	9	9	9	9	9	6
Engineering	1	1	1	-	-	1	1		'	'
Public safety										
Police	52	55	56	54	55	64	52	48	49	65
School Resource	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	ŝ	3
Fire	39	42	41	42	43	43	39	40	38	43
Fire Marshal	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Works										
Administration	б	7	7	З	7	7	0	7	З	З
Central Warehouse	ŝ	7	2	7	7	7	7	7	2	2
Central Garage	4	ŝ	4	4	4	7	4	4	4	4
Streets and Highways	15	15	12	11	14	17	10	10	13	13
Downtown Services	1	1	2	7	7	1	7	7	2	2
Landfill	14	14	14	12	13	12	10	11	13	13
Public Housing	6	10	10	10	6	6	6	6	6	6
Recreation	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	7	7	7
Parks	6	7	6	10	6	6	6	7	7	8
Water and Sewer										
Water Treatment	21	20	19	20	18	16	15	18	17	18
Sewer Treatment	15	16	16	16	16	17	15	16	17	16
Water/Sewer Lines	20	19	19	19	20	20	20	19	19	20
Electric										
Administration	11	6	10	10	10	10	10	6	6	6
Operations	21	21	21	21	21	21	19	19	19	20
Customer Service	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4
Total	273	273	274	276	277	284	255	255	263	291

Source: City of Albemarle Finance, Payroll

8	10	63	86	99	41	140
2,856	3,309	4,161	4,890	4,364	4,990	3,895
1,925	2,453	1,732	1,550	1,450	1,623	1,857
2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
		ar	Fiscal Ye			
			ROLINA ICTION	E, NORTH CAI ITORS BY FUN ISCAL YEARS	F ALBEMARL (TING INDICA LAST TEN F	CITY O OPERA
	2019 1,925 2,856 8	10 10 10 10	$\begin{array}{c cccc} 017 & 2018 & 20 \\ \hline 1,732 & 2,453 \\ 4,161 & 3,309 \\ 63 & 10 \end{array}$	scal Year 2017 2018 20 50 1,732 2,453 90 4,161 3,309 86 63 10	scal Year 2017 2018 20 50 1,732 2,453 90 4,161 3,309 86 63 10	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

					Fiscal Year	ear				
Function	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Police										
Arrests	1,910	1,857	1,623	1,450	1,550	1,732	2,453	1,925	1,881	1,693
Traffic Violations	3,127	3,895	4,990	4,364	4,890	4,161	3,309	2,856	3,442	2,579
Parking Violations	231	140	41	99	86	63	10	8	134	
Sworn Officers	48	49	49	48	49	49	49	48	49	38
Fire										
Total Responses	2,387	2,209	2,347	2,307	2,470	2,507	2,621	3,181	3,152	2,777
Working Fires	24	29	27	28	25	25	24	54	<i>TT</i>	98
EMS Response	1,818	1,606	1,762	1,669	1,917	1,923	1,974	2,335	2,376	1,985
Mutual Aid Given	40	27	36	34	29	35	34	43	41	42
Mutual Aid Received	51	57	100	62	56	47	50	82	85	57
Property Loss (dollars) \$	205,191	\$ 277,500	\$ 384,240	\$ 1,056,100	\$ 378,119 \$	\$ 600,150 \$	556,209 \$	992,275 \$	955,050 \$	537,942
Inspections Performed	941	785	640	677	1,279	446	581	1,129	1,219	1,132
Streets										
Street Resurfacing (miles)	1.66	1.74	2.20	0.28		,		5.18	5.21	3.79
Sidewalk Installation/Repair*					•	\$ 270,467	-	27,521 \$	66,492 \$	16,058
Environmental Protection										
Number of Households Served	6,395	6,383	6,368	6,399	6,389	6,238	6,328	6,328	6,238	6,238
Solid Waste Collected (tons/year)	6,347	6,318	6,361	6,434	6,930	6,152	5,913	6,202	6,182	6,315
Leaves Collected (tons/year)	3,275	3,155	2,730	2,470	2,170	1,860	2,024	1,394	1,343	2,269
Electric										
Number of metered accounts	11,905	11,901	11,865	11,867	11,889	12,113	13,516	13,609	13,778	12,413
Average daily consumption	74	64	72	79	76	74	72	69	62	72
Water										
Number of metered water accounts	7,272	7,302	7,228	7,285	7,291	7,337	7,962	8,010	8,061	7,470
Average daily water treatment* (gallons per million)				2.23	3.10	4.07	4.16	4.31	4.50	4.64
Wastewater										
Number of sewer accounts	6,667	6,701	6,646	6,696	6,705	6,712	7,271	7,317	7,371	6,916
Average daily sewage collected* (gallons per million)					5.87	5.34	4.88	6.86	5.45	5.67
Average daily sewage treatment* (gallons per million)					5.87	5.34	4.88	6.86	5.45	5.67
Parks and Recreation										
Number of Youth Programs	58	70	61	54	67	49	101	65	30	70
Number of Adult Programs	16	19	25	17	20	50	34	49	25	19
Number of Senior Programs	6	9	L	7	6	15	38	36	10	10
Number of Facility Rentals	290	250	326	336	343	342	305	281	100	434
Planning and Community Development										
Building Permits (estimated structure cost)*		\$ 6,314,900	\$ 2,999,612	\$ 18,148,532	\$ 26,550,096	\$ 6,714,448 \$	\$ 5,300,644 \$	\$ 13,742,635 \$	\$ 31,879,764 \$	\$ 41,391,587
Sign Permits	ю	21	31	64	49	36	41	49	09	53

Table 21 Page 1 of 2

		CITY (OPER	<i>DF ALBEMAR</i> ATING INDIC LAST TEN I	CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS	ROLINA NCTION					Table 21 Page 2 of 2
Function	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Landfill (tons)										
Solid Waste	38,384	39,593	42,832	43,360	53,040	41,891	50,670	40,804	42,517	43,733
$C\&D^*$		13,396	4,637	5,096	4,333	19,600	11,378	11,838	5,243	8,409
Recyclables							1,028	33	40	S
Metal	145	103	114	60	119	194	193	26	24	29
Paper	45	32	28	45	54	19	S	38	33	38
Electronics*					26	37	20	23	18	14
Plastics*					99	0	22	29	22	24
Yard Waste*					3,838	3,720	7,473	626	286	1,759
Sources: City denartments										

Sources: City departments

*Accurate information not available for prior years.

		CIT CAP	Y OF ALBEM ITAL ASSET S LAST TE	CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS	CAROLINA FUNCTION RS					Table 22 Page 1 of 2
					Fiscal Year	'ear				
Function	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Substations	33	33	33	ŝ	3	3	33	3	3	33
Patrol units	27	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	33
Unmarked units	11	11	11	11	11	12	12	14	14	15
K-9 Units	1	1	2	2	2	2	7	1	ŝ	1
Fire										
Stations	ŝ	3	33	3	33	ŝ	ŝ	3	£	33
Fire Trucks	9	9	9	5	5	S	S	5	S	5
Public Works										
Miles of Streets	121	121.14	121.14	121.19	121.20	121.20	121.20	121.20	121.20	121.20
Electric										
Miles of Distribution Lines	320	320	325	325	325	400	345	345	143	143
Number of delivery points (substations)	5	7	5	ŝ	ŝ	ŝ	ŝ	ŝ	ŝ	ŝ
Street Lights	2879	2,881	2863	2,840	2847	2,894	2,899	2901	2283	3001
Traffic Signals	121	121	121	124	124	125	120	120	122	126
Water Treatment										
Plants	6	C	C	ç	c	6	c	ç	6	6
Miles of Distribution I ines	180	180	180	190	190	190	190	190	190	190
Fire Hydrants	006	006	000	006	000	000	006	006	006	006
Storage Canacity	2.200.000	2.200.000	2.200.000	2.200.000	2.200.000	2.200.000	2200.000	2.200.000	2.200.000	2.200.000
Wastewater Treatment				000				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	110000	
Plants	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Miles of Collection Lines	190	190	190	190	190	190	190	190	190	190
Parks and Recreation										
Acreage	297	297	297	297	297	297	274	274	274	274
Playgrounds	9	9	9	9	9	9	5	5	5	5
Parks	9	9	9	9	9	9	5	5	5	5
Gymnasiums	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Basketball Courts	3	33	ŝ	ŝ	ŝ	3	2	3	3	33
Baseball Fields	4	4	4	4	4	ŝ	4	4	4	4
Soccer Fields	5	S	S	5	5	5	S	5	5	5
Community Centers	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2
Tennis Courts	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	9
Swimming Pools	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Greenway (miles)	1	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25
Walking Trails	33	33	33	ŝ	33	3	4	4	4	15
Lakes	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

		-	CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS	EMARL T STAT TEN F	'ALBEMARLE, NORTH CA ASSET STATISTICS BY FU LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS	I CAROLINA Y FUNCTIO, 4RS	>						Table 22 Page 2 of 2	0 0
						Fisc	Fiscal Year	•						
Function	2012	2013	2014		2015	2016		2017	2018	2019	2020	0	2021	
Landfill**														
Land and Improvements	\$ 690,822	\$ 1,100,048	8	\$ 1	1,047,204	\$ 1,047,204	S	۰ ج	981,498 \$	\$ 959,595	\$ 942	942,630	920,375	
Buildings	\$ 137,278 \$ 137,2	\$ 137,278	8	S	116,942	\$ 116,942	Ś	341,659 \$	96,607	\$	\$ 1,648	1,648,626	3 1,609,897	
Equipment	\$ 788,483	\$ 851,701	1	S	842,556	\$ 2,009,456	S	11,020 \$	1,097,802	\$ 1,046,357	\$ 89(890,335	566,691	
Vehicles	\$ 166,330 \$	\$ 166,330	0	S	156,968	\$ 156,968	S	94,212 \$	130,944	\$ 99,144	\$ 9,	97,930	67,918	
Infrastructure	\$ 3,600,840 \$ 3,724	\$ 3,724,732	5	S	969,014	\$ 968,014	S	243,542 \$	46,214	\$ 2,076,341	\$ 1,97(,970,265	\$ 2,277,267	
Public Housing														
Units	199	1	199 199	6	199	199	_	199	199	199		199	199	6
Sources: City departments														

*Data unavailable for blank fiscal years **Assets reported net of depreciation



COMPLIANCE SECTION



MARTIN * STARNES & ASSOCIATES, CPAS, P.A.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Albemarle Albemarle, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Albemarle, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 26, 2021. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the City of Albemarle ABC Board, as described in our report on the City of Albemarle's financial statements. The financial statements of the City of Albemarle ABC Board, and accordingly, this report does not include reporting on internal control over financial reporting or instances of reportable noncompliance associated with the City of Albemarle ABC Board.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Albemarle's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Albemarle's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Albemarle's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Albemarle's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Martin Starnes & associated, CPas, P.a.

Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P.A. Hickory, North Carolina November 26, 2021

MARTIN * STARNES & ASSOCIATES, CPAS, P.A.

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Albemarle Albemarle, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Albemarle, North Carolina's, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Albemarle's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The City of Albemarle's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings, Responses, and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City of Albemarle's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether non-compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Albemarle's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Albemarle's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City of Albemarle complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City of Albemarle is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City of Albemarle's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Albemarle's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, non-compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material non-compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiency, or a combination of deficiency, or a combination of deficiency with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Martin Starnes & associated, CPas, P.a.

Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P.A. Hickory, North Carolina November 26, 2021

MARTIN * STARNES & ASSOCIATES, CPAS, P.A.

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Albemarle Albemarle, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited the City of Albemarle, North Carolina's, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Albemarle's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The City of Albemarle's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings, Responses, and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its state awards applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City of Albemarle's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; applicable sections of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), as described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether non-compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Albemarle's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Albemarle's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the City of Albemarle complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City of Albemarle is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City of Albemarle's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major state program in order to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Albemarle's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, non-compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is reasonable possibility that material non-compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* with a type of compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Martin Starnes & associated, CPas, P.a.

Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P.A. Hickory, North Carolina November 26, 2021

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS, RESPONSES, AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

1. Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance to GAAP:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
• Material weakness identified?	No
• Significant deficiency identified?	None reported
Non-compliance material to financial statements noted?	No
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major federal programs:	
• Material weakness identified?	No
• Significant deficiency identified?	None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	No
Identification of major federal programs:	
Program Name Public Housing Capital Fund Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers Assistance to Firefighters grants Dollar threshold used to distinguish between	<u>AL#</u> 14.872 14.871 97.044
Type A and Type B programs	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS, RESPONSES, AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

1. Summary of Auditor's Results (continued):

State Awards

Internal control over major state programs:

Material weakness identified?	No
Significant deficiency identified?	None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major state programs	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation Act?	No
Identification of major state programs:	
Program Name	

Powell Bill

2. Findings Related to the Audit of the Basic Financial Statements

None reported.

3. Findings and Questioned Costs Related to the Audit of Federal Awards

None reported.

4. Findings and Questioned Costs Related to the Audit of State Awards

None reported.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

None reported.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	State/ Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Federal (Direct & Pass-Through) <u>Expenditures</u>	State <u>Expenditures</u>	Passed-Through to Subrecipients
FEDERAL AWARDS:					
U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development					
Direct Grant:					
Low Income Housing:					
Public and Indian Housing	14.850		\$ 837,183	\$ -	\$ -
COVID-19 - Public and Indian Housing Cares Act Funding Total Low Income Housing	14.850		<u>54,622</u> 891,805		
			091,005		
Housing Voucher Cluster:					
Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.871		999,563	-	-
COVID-19 - Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.871		23,833		
Total Housing Voucher Cluster			1,023,396		
Public Housing Capital Fund:					
Public Housing Capital Fund - NC19PO75501-17	14.872		227,074	-	-
Public Housing Capital Fund - NC19PO75501-18	14.872		433,759	-	-
Public Housing Capital Fund - NC19PO75501-19	14.872		506,956	-	-
Public Housing Capital Fund - NC19PO75501-20	14.872		66,950		
Total Public Housing Capital Fund			1,234,739		
Total U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development			3,149,940		
U.S. Department of Environmental Protection Agency Pass through N.C. Department of Environmental Quality Clean Water State Revolving Fund Cluster:					
Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds (Leachate Upgrade)	66.458	E-SRF-T-16-0415	8,799	2,200	
Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds (Leachate Opgrade) Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds (Inflow & Infiltration)	66.458	E-SRF-T-17-463	70,788	17,697	-
Total Clean Water State Revolving Fund Cluster	00.450	L-51(1-1-17-405	79,587	19,897	
Total U.S. Department of Environmental Protection Agency			79,587	19,897	
				<u> </u>	
U.S. Department of Homeland Security					
Passed-Through N.C. Department of Public Safety Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	78514	82,922	27,641	
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	141136	184,323	61,441	
Passed-Through Federal Emergency Management Agency	77.050	141150	104,525	01,441	
Assistance to Firefighters Grants	97.044	02307	291,429	-	-
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			558,674	89,082	
U.S. Department of Justice					
Pass through N.C. Department of Justice	16 607	20210103210007210	4 776		
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	2021BUBX19097318	4,776		
Total U.S. Department of Justice			4,//0		
U.S. Department of Treasury Passed-through the Office of State Budget and Management NC Pandemic Recovery Office Passed-through Stanley County:					
COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	02-82	330,943	-	-
Passed-through NC Alliance of YMCAs					
COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	103-01-089-01	28,610		
Total U.S. Department of Justice			359,553		
Total federal awards			4,152,530	108,979	

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	State/ Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Federal (Direct & Pass-Through) <u>Expenditures</u>	State Expenditures	Passed-Through to Subrecipients
STATE AWARDS:					
N.C. Department of Transportation Powell Bill Total N.C. Department of Transportation		DOT-4 32570	<u> </u>	441,258 441,258	<u> </u>
<u>N.C. Department of Environmental Quality</u> Level 2 ZEV Charging Infrastructure Program Total N.C. Department of Quality		45802	<u>-</u>	20,000 20,000	
<u>N.C. Department of Commerce</u> One North Carolina Fund Total N.C. Department of Commerce		2018-22625		<u>60,650</u> 60,650	
Total state awards				521,908	
Total federal and state awards			\$ 4,152,530	\$ 630,887	<u>\$</u>

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Financial Awards:

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards (SEFSA) includes the federal and state grant activity of the City of Albemarle under the programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Albemarle, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the City of Albemarle.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The City has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 3: Loans Outstanding

The City of Albemarle had the following loan balances outstanding at June 30, 2021 for loans that the grantor/pass-through grantor has still imposed continuing compliance requirements. Loans outstanding at the beginning of the year and loans made during the year are included in the SEFSA. The balance of loans outstanding at June 30, 2021 consist of:

	Federal		
	Assistance	Pass-through	
	Listing	Grantor's	Amount
Program Name	Number	Number	Outstanding
Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds (Leachate Upgrade)	66.458	E-SRF-T-16-0415	\$ 1,516,075
Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds (Inflow & Infiltration)	66.458	E-SRF-T-17-463	5,202,314

