CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA

CITY OFFICIALS

JUNE 30, 2009

<u>MAYOR</u>

ELBERT L. WHITLEY, JR.

CITY COUNCIL

TROY E. ALEXANDER - MAYOR PRO-TEM

MARTHA SUE HALL JACK F. NEEL

JUDY U. HOLCOMB T. ED UNDERWOOD

DEXTER G. TOWNSEND JEANETTE M. NAPIER

OTHER OFFICIALS

RAYMOND I. ALLEN CITY MANAGER

MICHAEL J. FERRIS ASSISTANT CITY MANAGER/

CITY CLERK

COLLEEN CONROY FINANCE OFFICER

DAVID A. BEAVER CITY ATTORNEY

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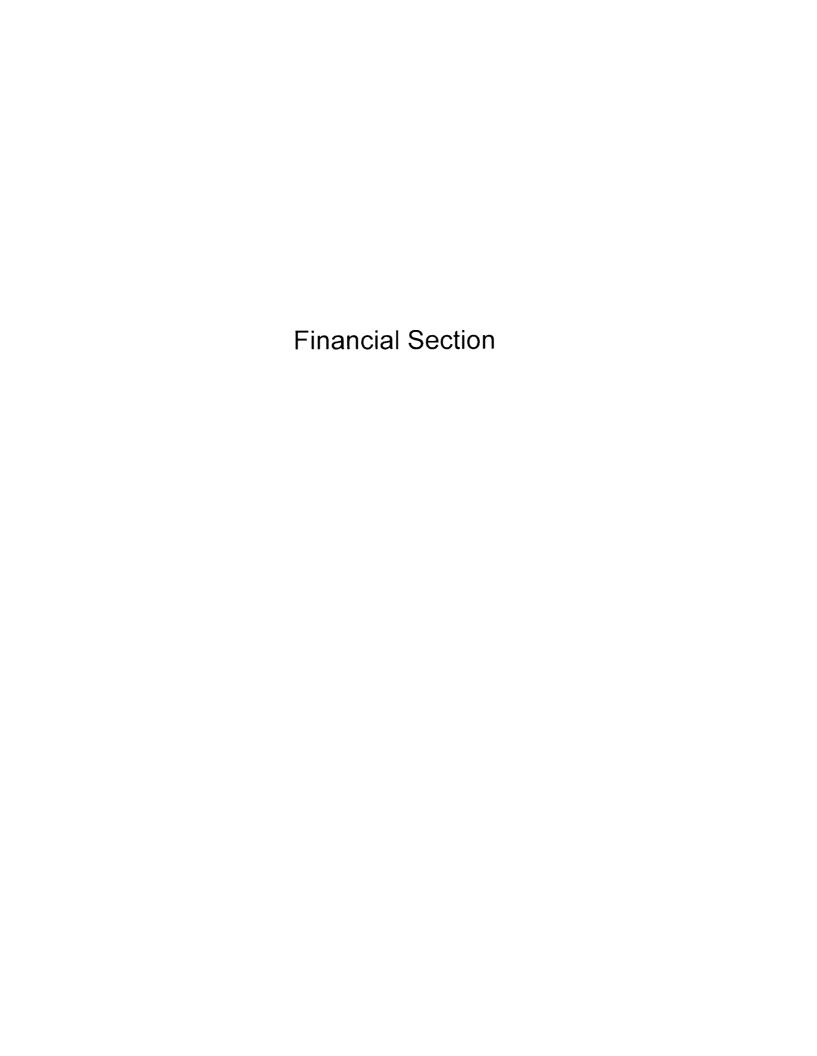
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KENNETH R. ANDERSON CPA CMA - PLLC

Certified Public Accountant

220 East Washington Street
Post Office Box 697
Rockingham, North Carolina 28380
Phone: (910) 895-2899
Fax: (910) 997-3464
krandersoncpa@bellsouth.net

Member American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

North Carolina Association of Certified Public Accountants

713 South Main Street
Heritage House
Laurinburg, North Carolina 28352
Phone: (910) 277-2795
Fax: (910) 277-2795
dwilkes1@bellsouth.net

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Albemarle, North Carolina

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Albemarle, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009 which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of City of Albemarle's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Albemarle ABC Board and the Albemarle Downtown Development Corporation. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors' whose reports thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Albemarle ABC Board and the Albemarle Downtown Development Corporation is based solely on the reports of the other auditors

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the Albemarle ABC Board and the Albemarle Downtown Development Corporation were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the report of the other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Albemarle, North Carolina as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where appropriate, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 2, 2009 on our consideration of City of Albemarle's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowances and the Other Postemployment Benefits Schedules of Funding Progress and Schedule of Employer Contributions on pages 3 through 11 and 48 through 51 respectively, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit this information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the City of Albemarle, North Carolina. The introductory information, combining, and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and statistical tables as well as the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

uddun CPA CMA-PUC

November 2, 2009

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Albemarle, we offer readers of the City of Albemarle's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Albemarle for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the City's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City of Albemarle exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$66,538,047.
- The government's total net assets increased by \$254,910, primarily due to revenues exceeding expenditures.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Albemarle's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$6,365,016 a decrease of \$2,978,886 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 68.8 percent of this total amount, or \$4,378,583, is available for spending at the government's discretion.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$2,732,440, or 20 percent of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- The City of Albemarle's total debt decreased by \$243,788 during the current fiscal year. The key factor in this increase is the debt payments exceeding new debt additions.
- The City of Albemarle maintained it's A bond rating for the eleventh consecutive year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to City of Albemarle's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The basic financial statements present two different views of the City through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the City of Albemarle.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report Management's Basic Financial Discussion and Analysis Statements Notes to the Government-wide Fund Financial Financial Financial. Statements Statements Statements

Basic Financial Statements

Summary_

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the City's financial status.

Detail

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 9) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the City's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the City's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the City's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the City's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the City's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets are the difference between the City's total assets and total liabilities. Measuring net assets is one way to gage the City's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities; 2) business-type activities; and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the City's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the City charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer, electric services, landfill services, and public housing offered by the City of Albemarle. The final category is the component unit. Although legally separate from the City, the ABC Board is important to the City because the City exercises control over the Board by appointing its members and because the Board is required to distribute its profits to the City. The Albemarle Downtown Development Corporation is another example of a component unit that is legally separate from the City, but the City exercises control over the Board.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 2) provide a more detailed look at the City's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Albemarle, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the City's budget ordinance. All of the funds of City of Albemarle can be divided into four categories: governmental funds, special revenue funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds — Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the City's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the City's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The City of Albemarle adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the City, the management of the City, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the City to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the City complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the City succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. To account for the difference between the budgetary basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis, a reconciliation showing the differences in the reported activities is shown at the end of the budgetary statement.

Special Revenue Funds – The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The City has numerous special revenue funds within the governmental fund types, those being the Comprehensive Bicycle Grant Fund, E.E. Waddell Renovation Fund, Recreation Grant Fund, Grant Fund, Clean Water Management Trust Grant Fund, Brownfield Assessment Coalition Fund, CDBG Five Points Capital Project Fund and the CDBG Alfred Street Capital Project Fund. These funds are combined in the accompanying financial statements in the B-exhibits.

Proprietary Funds – City of Albemarle has four different proprietary funds. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. City of Albemarle uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer activity, its electric, landfill and public housing operations. These funds are the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Albemarle's own programs. The accounting used for the fiduciary funds is much like that used for the proprietary funds. The City of Albemarle has one Fiduciary Fund, which is an Agency Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are on pages 22 through 47 of this report.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the City of Albemarle's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on page 48 through 51 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As year-to-year financial information is accumulated on a consistent basis, changes in net assets may be observed and used to discuss the changing financial position of the City as a whole.

The following table provides a summary of the City's net assets:

The City of Albemarle's Net Assets

	Governmer	ntal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Tot	als
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008
Current and other assets	\$ 9,578,756	\$ 11,985,480	\$ 19,202,935	\$ 22,795,086	\$ 28,781,691	\$ 34,780,566
Capital assets	<u> 18,512,613</u>	<u>11,957,346</u>	37,972,047	<u>38,422,965</u>	<u>56,484,660</u>	50,380,311
Total assets	28,091,369	23,942,826	57,174,982	61,218,051	<u>85,266,351</u>	85,160,877
Long-term liabilities	3,319,879	3,168,554	7.355.699	12.134.460	10.675.578	15.303.014
3	, ,	, ,				
Other liabilities	<u>3,456,384</u>	2,987,967	4,596,342	5,151,702	8,052,726	8,139,669
Total liabilities	6,776,263	6,156,521	11,952,041	17,286,162	18,728,304	23,442,683
Net assets						
Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt	15,783,772	9.074,098	33,533,372	33,353,696	49,317,144	42,427,794
Restricted		-	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted	5,531,334	8,712,207	11,689,569	10,578,193	_17,220,903	19,290,400
Total net assets	\$ 21,315,106	17,786,305	\$ 45,222,941	\$ 43,931,889	\$ 66,538,047	\$ 61,718,194

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets of the City of Albemarle exceeded liabilities by \$66,538,047 as of June 30, 2009. The City's net assets increased by \$254,910 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. The City of Albemarle uses capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Albemarle's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Several particular aspects of the City's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net assets:

- Continued diligence in the collection of ad valorem property taxes by maintaining a percentage of 96.54%, which is comparable to the statewide average.
- Continued low cost of debt due to the City's favorable bond rating.
- Continued recovery of bad debt due to the State's Debt Set-off Program.

The following table provides a summary of the City's changes in net assets:

The City of Albemarle's Changes Net Assets

	Governmen	ntal Activities	Business-tv	pe Activities	То	tals
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 881,815	\$ 745,093	\$ 35,039,254	\$ 35,715,086	\$ 35,921,069	\$ 36,460,179
Operating grants and						
contributions	29,068	37,337	1,987,259	1,989,979	2,016,327	2,027,316
Capital grants and						
contributions	1,275,564	1,041,948	142,033	516,652	1,417,597	1,558,600
General revenues:						
Property taxes	5,726,659	5,440,858	-	-	5,726,659	5,440,858
Other taxes	4,072,514	4,284,785	-	-	4,072,514	4,284,785
Interest earned	164,553	310,247	211,198	372,950	375,751	683,197
Other	438,513	152,472	1,976,584	926,761	2,415,097	1.079,233
Total revenues	12,588,686	12,012,740	39,356,328	39,521,428	51,945,014	51,534,168
Expenses:						
General government	1,940,740	1,814,901	-	-	1,940,740	1,814,901
Public safety	6,458,307	6,239,976	-	-	6,458,307	6,239,976
Public works	2,499,538	2,431,293	-	-	2,499,538	2,431,293
Environmental protection	1,134,866	1,066,440	-	-	1.134.866	1,066,440
Economical development	162,642	85,597	-	-	162,642	85,597
Culture and recreation	1,354,434	1,243,666	_	_	1,354,434	1,243,666
Interest on long-term debt	125,608	78,106	-	-	125,608	78,106
Water and sewer	-	-	6,680,182	6,041,888	6,680,182	6,041,888
Electric	-	-	27,013,965	26,754,129	27,013,965	26,754,129
Landfill	-	-	1,721,219	5,361,119	1,721,219	5,361,119
Public housing	-		2,598,603	2,424,874	2,598,603	2,424,874
Total expenses	<u>13,676,135</u>	12,959,979	38,013,969	40,582,010	<u>51,690,104</u>	53,541,989
Increase in net assets before						
transfers	(1,087,449)	(947,239)	1,342,359	(1,060,582)	254,910	(2,007,821)
Transfers	1,466,250	2,230,000	(1,466,250)	(2,320,000)		-
Increase in net assets	3,528,801	1,372,761	(3,273,891)	(3,430,582)	254,910	(2,057,821)
Net assets, July 1	17,786,305	16,413,544	43,931,889	47,362,471	61,718,194	63,776,015
Prior period adjustment (Note 7)	3,150,000	-, -,	1,414,943		4,564,943	
Net assets, June 30	\$ 21,315,106	\$ 17,786,305	\$ 45,222,941	\$ 43,931,889	\$ 66,538,047	\$ 61,718,194

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$378,801, thereby accounting for all of the total growth in the net assets of the City of Albemarle. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Transfers from other funds of \$1,466,250
- Increase in business license fees
- Tax revenues increased
- Increase in solid waste tipping fees

Business-type activities: Business-type activities decreased the City of Albemarle's net assets by \$123,891, accounting for all of the total reduction in the business's net assets. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

Transfers to other funds of \$1,466,250

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Albemarle uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City of Albemarle's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Albemarle's financing requirements. Specifically, unreserved fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Albemarle. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$3,553,790, while total fund balance reached \$5,391,031. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 26 percent of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 39.4 percent of that same amount.

At June 30, 2009, the governmental funds of City of Albemarle reported a combined fund balance of \$6,365,016, a 31.9 percent decrease over last year. Included in this change in fund balance are increases in fund balance in the General and Capital Projects Funds.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the City revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

- Appropriated funds reserved for funding the Snyder Greenway Project, an annexation study, and contributed to Homes of Hope
- The City appropriated funds from the Sale of equipment
- The City received a funding from NCDENR for an Adopt-a-trail grant
- The City received a grant and donations for Earth Day
- The City appropriated unbudgeted funds received for law enforcement for equipment
- The City appropriated funds for a sidewalk project at highway 24/27
- The City appropriated debt proceeds for a street sweeper
- The City appropriated retained earnings in the water/sewer fund for a study on the Salisbury ave water line

Proprietary Funds. The City of Albemarle's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net assets of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$2,340,338, those for the Electric Fund amounted to \$8,929,065, Public Housing \$1,541,603, and for the Landfill Fund \$(1,121,437). The total increase (decrease) in net assets for all funds was \$(1,115,538), \$863,007, \$(53,135), and \$181,775, respectively. Other factors concerning the finances of these two funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City of Albemarle's business-type activities.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City of Albemarle's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2009, totals \$56,484,660 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, roads and bridges, land, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following:

- Replacement of several Police vehicles
- Replacement of two automatic defibrillators in the Fire Department
- Partial Renovation of the bathhouse at Rock Creek Park
- Addition of a restroom at the Rock Creek Park ball field
- Award of a \$500,000 Parks and Recreation Trust Fund Grant for renovations to E.E. Waddell Community Center
- Substantial progress on the City Hall Project
- Replacement of sidewalk on both sides of West Main Street between North First and North Second Streets
- Resurfacing of 14 City Streets
- Replacement of the City's Sweeper truck
- Continued capital improvements to the City's electric distribution and SCADA system
- Continued replacement of electric meters with Automated Meter Reading meters
- Replace Vickers Store Road Sewer Lift Station
- Replaced two screw pumps at the "A" station at the WWTP
- Continued replacement of aging sewer lines to address inflow and infiltration
- Conducted Engineering Study of City's Water Distribution System
- Cleaned sludge holding tank at WWTP
- Completed construction of new lined landfill cell at the City's Solid Waste Disposal Facility

City of Albemarle's Capital Assets Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	Governmer	ntal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Тс	tals
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008
Land	\$ 2,347,000	\$ 2,280,070	\$ 495,092	\$ 495,092	\$ 2,842,092	\$ 2.775.162
Infrastructure	2,580,684	2,389,608	10,497,738	10,732,851	13,078,422	13,122,459
Other improvements	328,771	359,657	331,914	273,731	660,685	633,388
Buildings	3,456,796	3,595,618	20,066,686	20,417,843	23,523,482	24,013,461
Machinery and equipment	653,585	696,281	1,769,413	1,776,187	2,422,998	2,472,468
Mobile equipment	1.269.238	1,162,887	668,354	675,128	1,937,592	1,838,015
Construction in progress	7,876,539	1,473,225	4,142,850	4,052,133	12,019,389	5,525,358
Total	<u>\$ 18,512,613</u>	\$11,957,346	\$37,972,047	\$38,422,965	\$ 56,484,660	\$ 50,380,311

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note 2. A. of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt. As of June 30, 2009, the City of Albemarle had total paid back all their bonded debt.

City of Albemarle's Outstanding Debt General Obligation Bonds

	Governmer	ntal Activities	Business-ty	Business-type Activities		Totals		
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008		
General obligation bonds	\$	\$	\$	<u>\$</u>	\$	\$		

City of Albemarle's Outstanding Debt

The City of Albemarle's total debt decreased \$243,788 (2.6%) during the past fiscal year, primarily due to debt payments exceeding additional debt. The City of Albemarle does however owe \$1,383,645 on an inter-fund loan for the addition and renovation to the Public Safety Facility issued by the water/sewer and electric departments.

As mentioned in the financial highlights section of this document, the City of Albemarle maintained it's A3 rating with Moody's Investor Service and A rating from Standard and Poor's Corporation. This bond rating is a clear indication of the sound financial condition of the City of Albemarle. This achievement is a primary factor in keeping interest costs low on the City's outstanding debt.

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for City of Albemarle is \$78,732,416.

Additional information regarding the City of Albemarle's long-term debt can be found in note 2 .B. beginning on page 43 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the current underlying economic conditions surrounding the City of Albemarle.

• The unemployment rate in Stanly County is in line with the state average of 11.2%; the civilian labor force estimates for North Carolina reports the Stanly County unemployment rate is 12.4%; the national average is 9.5%.

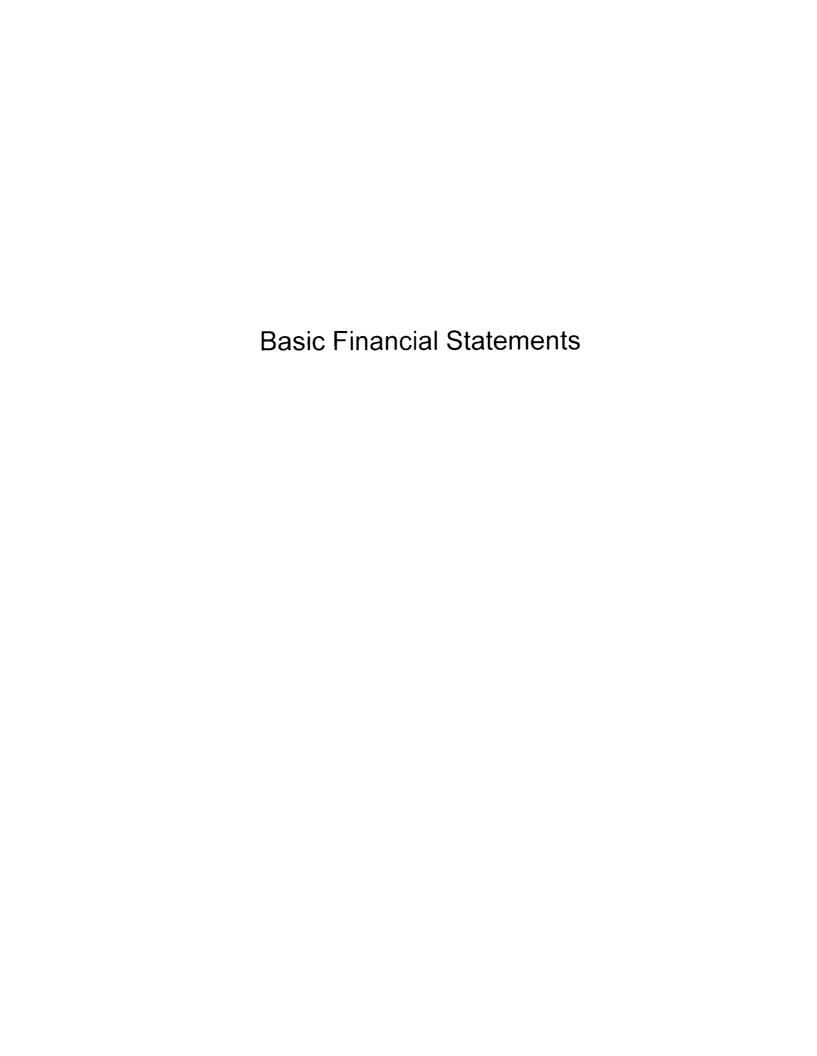
Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2010

Governmental Activities: Property taxes will remain at 0.56 per \$100 valuation for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010. This budget represents an overall decrease of 3.1% with more than 50% of the total General Fund budget being allocated to the Police and Fire Departments. There is no increase in business license fees, household solid waste collection fees or household solid waste disposal fees. The Powell bill funding represents a 18% decrease for the Powell bill budget which is a 50% decrease from the prior year.

Business-Type Activities: The Water and Sewer rates will see no increase in the minimum charge but an increase of 3.5% in water and sewer rates for usage above the minimum and an adjustment in the thresholds for the rate blocks above 300 cubic feet. Declining industrial water and sewer usage and increased capital needs necessitate these increases. Capital expenditures at the Long Creek Wastewater Treatment Plant mandated by the State of North Carolina in particular contribute to the need for this rate increase. In addition, costs for utility relocation for NC 24/27 and US Highway 52 which are required by the North Carolina Department of Transportation are included in the budget. There will be a \$25 increase in water and sewer tap fees. The Electric rates will have no increase even though the wholesale price increased 4.6%. The 2009-2010 budget for the electric fund represents and increase of approximately 1.7% of the previous fiscal year budget. The Solid Waste Disposal Fund will have a \$3 per ton increase in the solid waste disposal fee from \$30 to \$33 and \$5 for construction and demolition fees from \$25 to \$30. This in needed to pay the debt service cost of the new landfill cell construction and the decreases in landfill revenue due to the economy.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the City's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Director of Finance, City of Albemarle, P.O. Box 190, Albemarle, North Carolina 28002.



	Р	rimary Governme	nt	Compon	ent Units
				Albemarle	
				Downtown	City of
	Governmental	Business-type Activities	Total	Development Corporation	Albemarle ABC Board
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Total	Corporation	71BO Board
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,770,681	\$11,616,079	\$ 19,386,760	\$ 143,203	\$ 52,364
Receivables:					
Taxes receivable - net	439,464	-	439,464	-	-
Accounts receivable	401,396	3,701,014	4,102,410	-	-
Due from other governments	1,393,497		1,393,497	47,000	-
Internal balances	(1,383,645)	1,383,645	2 424 740	550	199,129
Inventories	17,772	2,413,976	2,431,748 8,089	550	199,129
Deferred charges	- 139,591	8,089 80,132	219,723	-	13,749
Prepaid expenses	139,591	60,132	219,723		13,143
Total current assets	8,778,756	19,202,935	27,981,691	190,753	265,242
Non-current assets					
Note receivable	800,000		800,000		
Capital assets					
Land, and construction in progress	10,223,539	4,642,882	14,866,421	85,535	261,417
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	8,289,074	33,329,165	41,618,239	693,223	1,006,147
Total capital assets	18,512,613	37,972,047	56,484,660	778,758	1,267,564
Total non-current assets	19,312,613	37,972,047	57,284,660	778,758	1,267.564
Total assets	28,091,369	57,174,982	85,266,351	969,511	1,532,806
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,674,087	3,231,846	4,905,933	3,100	116,934
Deposits	1,400	586,692	588,092	-	-
Unearned earnings	1,093,538	8,694	1,102,232	<u>.</u>	
Current portion of long-term liabilities	687,359	768,178	1,455,537	6,891	91,490
Accrued interest payable		932	932		-
Total current liabilities	3,456,384	4,596,342	8,052,726	9,991	208,424
Long-term liabilities					
Accrued landfill closure and postclosure costs	-	3,166,644	3,166,644	÷	-
Long-term liabilities: Due in more than one year	3,319,879	4,189,055	7,508,934	69,879	218,369
Total long-term liabilities	3,319,879	7,355,699	10,675,578	69,879	218,369
Total liabilities	6,776,263	11,952,041	18,728,304	79,870	426,793
Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	15,783,772	33,533,372	49,317,144	701,988	957,704
Working capital		-		-	67,919
Unrestricted	5,531,334	11,689,569	17,220,903	187,653	80,390
Total net assets	\$ 21,315,106	\$45,222,941	\$ 66,538,047	\$ 889,641	\$ 1,106,013

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

			Program Revenues		Net (E	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	nd Changes in Net A	ssets
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental	Primary Government Business-type		Component
<u>Functions/Programs</u> Primary covernment	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
Governmental activities			,			,		ŧ
General government Public safety	\$ 1,940,740 6,458,307	\$ 18.230 14.747	. 29 068	\$ 133,800 49,955	\$ (1,788,710) (6,364,537)	· ·	\$ (1,788,710) (6,364,537)	
Public works	2,499,538	736,569	1	561,396	(1,201,573)	ı	(1,201,573)	•
Environmental protection	1,134,866	•	•	' !	(1,134,866)	1	(1,134,866)	1
Economic and physical development	162,642	- 112 269		395,575 134 838	232,933 (1 107 327)		232,933	
Cultural and recreational Interest on long-term debt	125,608	502,21		000	(125,608)	•	(125,608)	1
Total governmental activities	13,676,135	881,815	29,068	1,275,564	(11,489,688)	1	(11,489,688)	
Business-type activities	6 680 182	5 672 541	,	,	,	(1 007 641)	(1,007,641)	
Vater and sever Electric Landfill	27.013,965 27.013,965 1,721,219	26,877,090 26,877,090 2,073,596		60,131	4 h	(136,875) (136,875) 412,508	(136,875) (112,508	
Department of public housing	2,598,603	416,027	1,987,259	81,902		(113,415)	(113,415)	5
Total business-type activities	38,013,969	35,039,254	1,987,259	142,033		(845,423)	(845,423)	
Total primary government	\$ 51,690,104	\$ 35,921,069	\$ 2,016,327	\$ 1,417,597	\$ (11,489,688)	\$ (845,423)	\$(12,335,111)	· 69
Component units Albemarle Downtown Development		,			•	·	e	64040
Corporation Albemarle ABC Board	\$ 486,539 1,649,754	1,774,514	\$ 302,422	\$ 82,489	es l	. '	ė.	124,760
Total component units	\$ 2,136,293	\$ 1,774,514	\$ 302,422	\$ 82,489	P.	1		23.132
	General revenues Taxes	6						
	Property taxes, levied for	Property taxes, levied for general purposes	purposes		5,726,659		5,726,659 4,072,514	- 41 679
	Unrestricted inv	Unrestricted investment earnings			164,553	211,198	375.751	1,784
	Miscellaneous revenues Transfers	evenues			438,513 1,466,250	1,976,584 (1,466,250)	7,415,037	50,10
	F	Total general revenues and transfers	es and transfers		11,868,489	721,532	12,590,021	58,597
	0	Change in net assets			378,801	(123,891)	254.910	81,729
	Net assets, begin	Net assets, beginning as previously reported	sported		17.786,305	43,931,889	61,718,194	1,913,925
	Filor period adjustrient (Note b) Net assets, beginning as restated	strilerit (Note 5) ining as restated			20,936,305	45,346,832	66,283,137	1,913,925
	Net assets, end of year	of year			\$ 21,315,106	\$ 45,222,941	\$ 66,538,047	\$ 1,995,654

Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 6.169.276 \$ 1.569.040 \$ 32.365 \$ 7.770.681 Receivables, net 138.484 34			Majo	Fund					
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 6,169,276 \$ 1,569,040 \$ 32,365 \$ 7,770,681			General	Са	pital Project	N	on-Major	G(
Receivables net 139,464 200,000 439,464 401,366 200,000 188,333 1393,467 10	Assets								
Taxes	·	\$	6,169,276	\$	1,569,040	\$	32,365	\$	7,770,681
Accounts			420.464						430 464
Due from other governments					200.000		-		
17.772	, 1000 01110				200,000		188.333		
Piepad expenses 139 591	•				_		-		
Note receivable \$800,000 \$1,769,040 \$220,698 \$10,962,401					-		-		139,591
Liabilities and fund balances Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 656.334 \$ 899.190 \$ 116.563 \$ 1.674.087 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 1.400 \$, ,		800,000				*		800,000
Liabilities	Total assets	\$	8,972,663	\$	1,769,040	\$	220,698	\$	10,962,401
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$658.334 \$899.190 \$116.563 \$1.674.087	Liabilities and fund balances								
Deposits	Liabilities								
Due to other funds	· ·	\$		\$	899,190	\$	116,563	\$	
Deferred revenue	•				-		-		
Total liabilities 3,581,632 899,190 116,563 4,597,385					÷		-		
Total liabilities 3,581,632 899,190 116,563 4,597,385					•		-		
Reserved for	Unearned revenue		1,093,538		-	-	-	-	1,093,538
Reserved for 17,772	Total liabilities		3,581,632		899,190		116,563		4,597,385
Inventories									
Prepaids 139,591 - 139,591 State statute 1,406,560 - 149,192 1,555,752 Streets - Powell Bill 273,318 - 273,318 Unreserved, reported in General Fund Designated for subsequent year's expenditures 821,350 - 821,350 Undesignated Capital Projects Funds 96,686 Special Revenue Funds - 869,850 96,836 Special Revenue Funds - 869,850 96,836 Special Revenue Funds - 869,850 104,135 6,365,016 Total fund balances 5,391,031 869,850 104,135 6,365,016 Total liabilities and fund balances \$8,972,663 \$1,769,040 \$220,698 \$10,962,401 Reconciliation of fund balance as reported in the balance sheet - governmental funds with net assets - governmental activities Fund balance as reported in the balance sheet - governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds Nother long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds Other long-term assets are not expected to be materially liquidated with expendable available resources Net pension obligations Other postemployment benefits Long-term liabilities, principally installment purchases and accrued interest payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds (2,728,841)			47 770						17 770
State statute 1.406,560 - 149,192 1,555,752 Streets - Powell Bill 273,318 273,318 Unreserved, reported in General Fund Designated for subsequent year's expenditures 821,350 - 2732,440 Capital Projects Funds 2,732,440 - 69,850 96,836 966,686 Special Revenue Funds - 869,850 96,836 966,686 Special Revenue Funds - 69,850 104,135 6,365,016 Total fund balances 5,391,031 869,850 104,135 6,365,016 Total liabilities and fund balances \$8,972,663 \$1,769,040 \$220,698 \$10,962,401 Reconciliation of fund balance as reported in the balance sheet - governmental funds with net assets - governmental activities Fund balance as reported in the balance sheet - governmental funds with net assets used in governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds Other long-term liabilities, principally installment purchases and accrued interest payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Other postemployment benefits Long-term liabilities, principally installment purchases and accrued interest payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds					-		-		
Streets - Powell Bill 273,318	·				-		149 192		
Unreserved, reported in General Fund Designated for subsequent year's expenditures 821,350 - 821,350 Undesignated 2,732,440 - 869,850 96,836 966,686 Special Revenue Funds - 869,850 96,836 966,686 Special Revenue Funds - 869,850 104,135 6,365,016 Total fund balances 5,391,031 869,850 104,135 6,365,016 Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 8,972,663 \$ 1,769,040 \$ 220,698 \$ 10,962,401 Reconciliation of fund balance as reported in the balance sheet - governmental funds with net assets - governmental activities Fund balance as reported in the balance sheet - governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds Compensated absences not expected to be materially liquidated with expendable available resources Net pension obligations Other postemployment benefits Long-term liabilities, principally installment purchases and accrued interest payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds (2,728,841)					~		-		
Designated for subsequent year's expenditures 821,350 Undesignated 2,732,440 - 869,850 - 2,732,440 Capital Projects Funds - 869,850 - 68,856 - 966,866 Special Revenue Funds - (141,893) - (141,893) Total fund balances 5,391,031 - 869,850 - (141,893) - (141,893) Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 8,972,663 \$ 1,769,040 \$ 220,698 \$ 10,962,401 Reconciliation of fund balance as reported in the balance sheet - governmental funds with net assets - governmental activities Fund balance as reported in the balance sheet - governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds Compensated absences not expected to be materially liquidated with expendable available resources Net pension obligations Other postemployment benefits Other postemployment benefits Competerm liabilities, principally installment purchases and accrued interest payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds (2,728,841)	Unreserved, reported in								,.
Undesignated 2,732,440 Capital Projects Funds 96836 Special Revenue Funds 96836 Total fund balances 5,391,031 Sep3,850 Total fund balances 5,391,031 Sep3,850 Total liabilities and fund balances \$8,972,663 \$1,769,040 \$220,698 \$10,962,401 Reconciliation of fund balance as reported in the balance sheet - governmental funds with net assets - governmental activities Fund balance as reported in the balance sheet - governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds Compensated absences not expected to be materially liquidated with expendable available resources Net pension obligations Other postemployment benefits Long-term liabilities, principally installment purchases and accrued interest payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds [2,728,841]			821.350		_		_		821.350
Capital Projects Funds Special Revenue Funds - 869,850 Special Revenue Funds - (141,893) Total fund balances - 5,391,031 B69,850 B69,850 B69,850 B70 B69,850 B70 B69,850 B70 B70 B70,040 B70 B70 B70,040 B70 B70,040 B70 B70,040 B70 B70 B70,040	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•		-				
Total fund balances 5,391,031 869,850 104,135 6,365,016 Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 8,972,663 \$ 1,769,040 \$ 220,698 \$ 10,962,401 Reconciliation of fund balance as reported in the balance sheet - governmental funds with net assets - governmental activities Fund balance as reported in the balance sheet - governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds Compensated absences not expected to be materially liquidated with expendable available resources Net pension obligations Other postemployment benefits Long-term liabilities, principally installment purchases and accrued interest payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds (2,728,841)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-		869,850		96,836		966,686
Reconciliation of fund balance as reported in the balance sheet - governmental funds with net assets - governmental activities Fund balance as reported in the balance sheet - governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds Compensated absences not expected to be materially liquidated with expendable available resources Net pension obligations Other postemployment benefits Long-term liabilities, principally installment purchases and accrued interest payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds (2,728,841)							(141,893)		(141,893)
Reconciliation of fund balance as reported in the balance sheet - governmental funds with net assets - governmental activities Fund balance as reported in the balance sheet - governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds Compensated absences not expected to be materially liquidated with expendable available resources Net pension obligations Other postemployment benefits Long-term liabilities, principally installment purchases and accrued interest payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds 6.365,016 6.365	Total fund balances		5,391,031		869,850		104,135		6.365.016
net assets - governmental activities Fund balance as reported in the balance sheet - governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds Compensated absences not expected to be materially liquidated with expendable available resources Net pension obligations Other postemployment benefits Long-term liabilities, principally installment purchases and accrued interest payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds \$ 6,365,016 6,365,016 18.512.613 (547,381 (547,381 (386,305) (386,305) (386,305) (386,305) (386,305) (386,305) (386,305)	Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	8,972,663	\$	1,769,040	\$	220,698	\$	10,962,401
not reported in the funds Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds Compensated absences not expected to be materially liquidated with expendable available resources Net pension obligations Other postemployment benefits Long-term liabilities, principally installment purchases and accrued interest payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds 18.512.613 6.44,715 6.547,381 6.344,715 6.344,711 6.344,711 6.344,711 6.344,711 6.344,711 6.344,711	net assets - governmental activities Fund balance as reported in the balance sheet - govern Amounts reported for governmental activities in the sta	nmental fi	unds f net assets are	differe	ent because		and the second s	\$	
are deferred in the funds Compensated absences not expected to be materially liquidated with expendable available resources Net pension obligations Other postemployment benefits Long-term liabilities, principally installment purchases and accrued interest payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds 444.715 (547,381 (386,305) (344,711) (2,728,841)	not reported in the funds								18.512.613
resources Net pension obligations Other postemployment benefits Long-term liabilities, principally installment purchases and accrued interest payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds (2.728,841)	are deferred in the funds								444,715
Net pension obligations Other postemployment benefits Long-term liabilities, principally installment purchases and accrued interest payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds (2.728,841)		y iiquidat	ea with expend	able a	vailable				(5A7 204)
Other postemployment benefits Long-term liabilities, principally installment purchases and accrued interest payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds (2,728,841)									
Long-term liabilities, principally installment purchases and accrued interest payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds (2,728,841)	•								
due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds (2,728,841)		and aca	rund interest m	avable	are not				(344,711)
Net assets of governmental activities \$ 21.315.106									(2,728,841)
THE GOOD OF GOVERNMENT HOUSE	Net assets of governmental activities							\$	21,315,106

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Maior	Fund		
	General	City Hall Capital Project Fund	Total Non-Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues	A 5045074	•	Φ.	r = C1E 274
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 5,615,374	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,615,374 263,131
Other taxes and licenses	263,131	-	-	3,810,196
Unrestricted intergovernmental	3,810,196	-	561,372	1,304,632
Restricted intergovernmental	743,260 29,788	-	301,372	29,788
Permits and fees	29,768 852,027	-	-	852,027
Sales and services	127,554	36,942	57	164,553
Investment earnings		300,000	2,000	438,513
Miscellaneous	136,513	300,000	2,000	430,013
Total revenues	11,577,843	336,942	563,429	12,478,214
Expenditures				
Current				
General government	1,788,696	-	-	1,788,696
Public safety	6,249,859	•	31,924	6,281,783
Public works	2,510,158	-	-	2,510,158
Environmental protection	1,107,614	-	-	1,107,614
Economic and physical development	-	-	163,223	163,223
Cultural and recreation	1,271,011	-	-	1,271,011
Debt service:				
Principal	346,304	-	-	346,304
Interest	125,608	-	-	125,608
Capital outlay		6,026,651	644,199	6,670,850
Total expenditures	13,399,250	6,026,651	839,346	20,265,247
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(1,821,407)	(5,689,709)	(275,917)	(7,787,033)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers from other funds	1,491,250	-	224,601	1,715,851
Transfers to other funds	(249,601)	-	-	(249,601)
Proceeds from installment financing	191,897	-	-	191,897
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,433,546		224,601	1,658,147
Net change in fund balances	(387,861)	(5,689,709)	(51,316)	(6,128,886)
Fund balances - beginning as previously reported	7,878,892	1,309,559	155,451	9,343,902
Prior Period Adjustment (Note 6)	(2,100,000)	5,250,000		3,150,000
Fund Balances - beginning as restated	5,778,892	6,559,559	155,451	12,493,902
i una paiarices - pegirining as restated	5,110,092	0,559,559	100,401	12,493,902
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 5,391,031	\$ 869,850	\$ 104,135	\$ 6,365,016

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (6,128,886)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlay	7,276,931
Depreciation	(611,865)
Asset disposals	(109,799)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds	
Taxes including interest and penalties	111,285
Other deferred revenues	(813)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds	
Compensated absences	48,364
Current pension cost	(16,112)
Other postemployment benefits	(344,711)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the	45.407
treatment of long-term debt and related items.	154,407
Total changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 378,801

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	General Fund				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Positive (Negative)	
Revenues		4 5 500 700	.		
Ad valorem taxes Other taxes and licenses	\$ 5,583,700 278,200	\$ 5,583,700 278,200	\$ 5,615,374 263,131	\$ 31,674 (15,069)	
Unrestricted intergovernmental	4,008,500	4,008,500	3,810,196	(198,304)	
Restricted intergovernmental	757,550	765,793	743,260	(22,533)	
Permits and fees	28,000	28,000	29,788	1,788	
Sales and services	808,081	808,081	852,027	43,946	
Investment earnings	225,000	225,000	127,554	(97.446)	
Miscellaneous	63,019	97,109	136,513	39,404	
Total revenues	11,752,050	11,794,383	11,577,843	(216,540)	
Expenditures Current					
General government	1,900,150	1,841,650	1,788,696	52,954	
Public safety	6,428,900	6,457,952	6,249,859	208,093	
Public works	2,527,250	2,629,159	2,510,158	119,001	
Cultural and recreational	1,269,914	1,293,531	1,271,011	22,520	
Environmental protection	1,116,500	1,116,500	1,107,614	8,886	
Debt service	.,,	.,,	, , .	-,	
Principal	614,350	614,350	346,304	268,046	
Interest	151,850	151,850	125,608	26,242	
Total expenditures	14,008,914	14,104,992	13,399,250	705,742	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,256,864)	(2,310,609)	(1,821,407)	489,202	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers from other funds	1,575,000	1,575,000	1,491,250	(83,750)	
Transfers to other funds	(62,486)	(250,486)	(249,601)	885	
Capital lease obligations issued	_	191,897	191,897		
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,512,514	1,516,411	1,433,546	(82,865)	
Appropriated fund balance	744,350	794,198		(794,198)	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$	(387,861)	(387,861)	
Fund balance - beginning as previously reported			7,878,892		
Prior Period Adjustment (Note 6)			(2,100,000)		
Fund balance - Beginning as restated			5,778,892		
Fund balance - end of year			\$ 5,391,031		

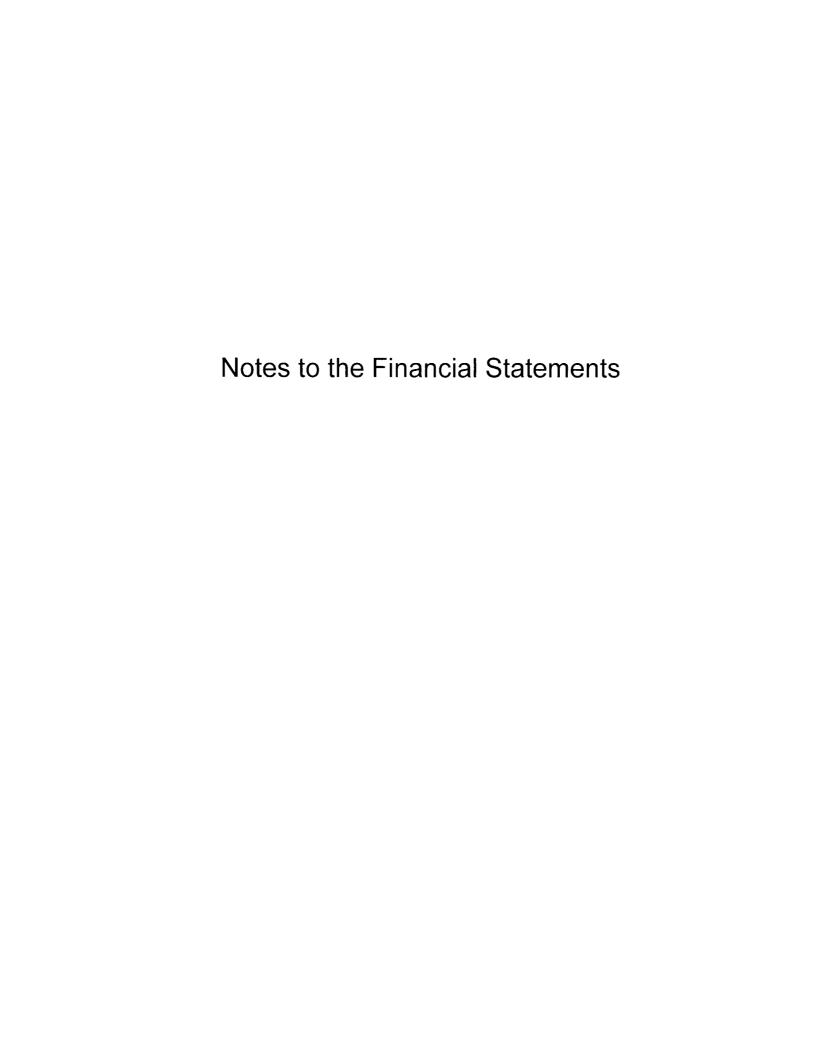
	Major Funds				
	Water and	Electric	Landfill	Department of	
	Sewer Fund	Fund	Fund	Public Housing	Total
Assets					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,823,783	\$ 6,191,353	\$ 1,948,204	\$ 1,652,739	\$ 11,616,079
Accounts receivable - net	528,740	2,900,601	262,436	9,237	3,701,014
Due from other governments	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other funds	461,215	922,430	-	-	1,383,645
Inventories	402,362	2,011,614	•	-	2,413,976
Deferred charges	8,089	•	÷	-	8.089
Prepaid expenses	<u>37,164</u>	31,015	6,739	5,214	80,132
Total current assets	3,261,353	12,057,013	2,217,379	1,667,190	19,202,935
Noncurrent assets Capital assets					
Land, improvements and construction in progress	766,233	119,106	3,584,023	168,580	4,637,942
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	24,167,231	2,636,371	1,384,209	5,146,294	33,334,105
Total capital assets, net	24,933,464	2,755,477	4,968,232	5,314,874	37,972,047
Total assets	\$ 28,194,817	\$ 14,812,490	\$ 7,185,611	\$ 6,982,064	\$ 57,174,982
Liabilities Current liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 665,696	\$ 2,397,364	\$ 124,485	\$ 44,301	\$ 3.231.846
Customer deposits	· · · · · · · · -	540,460	6,000	40,232	586.692
Accrued interest payable	-	~	932	-	932
Compensated absences - current	67,213	59,560	7,780	600	135,153
General obligation bonds payable - current	-	-	-	-	-
Installment purchase agreements payable - current	103,959	140,000	389,066	•	633,025
Deferred revenue	8,089	-	_	605	8,694
Total current liabilities	844,957	3,137,384	528,263	85,738	4,596,342
Noncurrent liabilities					
Accrued landfill closure and postclosure costs		-	3,166,644	_	3.166.644
Compensated absences	67,213	59,560	7.780	20.953	155.506
Other postemployment benefits	112,804	71,004	25,195	18.896	227,899
General obligation bonds payable - noncurrent (net)		-	-		
Installment purchase agreements payable - noncurrent	963,269	1,820,000	1,022,381	_	3,805,650
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,143,286	1,950,564	4,222,000	39,849	7,355,699
Total liabilities	4 000 040	5.007.040	4.750.000	105 507	44.050.044
Total liabilities	1,988,243	5,087,948	4,750,263	125,587	11,952,041
Net assets		_			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	23,866,236	795,477	3,556,785	5,314,874	33.533.372
Unrestricted	2,340,338	8,929,065	(1,121,437)	1,541,603	11,689,569
Total net assets	\$ 26,206,574	\$ 9,724,542	\$ 2,435,348	\$ 6,856,477	\$ 45,222,941

For the Year Ended June	30,	2009
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		Major	Funds		
	Water and	Electric	Landfill	Department of	
	Sewer Fund	Fund	Fund	Public Housing	Total
Operating Revenues					
Charges for sales and services	\$ 5,672,541	\$ 26,877,090	\$ 2,073,596	\$ -	\$ 34,623,227
Rental income	-	-	-	416,027	416,027
Other operating revenues	134,642	1,790,699	2,505	23,147	1,950,993
Total operating revenues	5,807,183	28,667,789	2,076,101	439,174	36,990,247
Operating Expenses					
Administrative	664,162	896,376	-	358,919	1,919,457
Customer service	-	188,008	-	-	188,008
Electrical operations	-	3,156,730	-	-	3,156,730
Electri power purchases	-	22,328,097	-	-	22,328,097
Water operations	1,641,193	-	-	•	1.641,193
Sewer operations	1,606,674	-	-	-	1.606.674
Systems division	1,336,070	-	-		1,336,070
Tenant services	-	-	-	14,942	14,942
Utilities	-	-	-	357,396	357,396
Ordinary Maintenance and operation	-	-	-	330,322	330,322
General expenses	-	-	-	62,619	62,619
Housing assistance payments	-	-	-	1,195,494	1,195,494
Nonroutine maintenance	-	-	-	49,906	49,906
Landfill operations	-	-	1,477,345	-	1,477,345
Depreciation	1,402,102	392,532	191,204	229,005	2,214,843
Total operating expense	6,650,201	26,961,743	1,668,549	2,598,603	37,879,096
Operating income (loss)	(843,018)	1,706,046	407,552	(2,159,429)	(888,849)
Noncorpting revenues (evenues)					
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)				1 007 050	1.007.250
Operating grants Capital grants	-	-	60,131	1,987,259	1,987,259
Gain on disposal of assets	366	3,446	1,890	81,902	142,033 5,702
Investment earnings	53,217	120,737	21,062	16,182	211,198
Interest and other charges	(29,981)	(52,222)	(52,670)	10,102	(134,873)
Other nonoperating (expenses) income	3,878	(32,222)	(4,940)	20.951	19,889
Amortization of deferred loss on refunding	5,676	_	(4,540)	20,551	13,003
, and azation of deferred 1033 on returning					
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	27,480	<u>71,961</u>	25,473	2,106,294	2,231,208
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	(815,538)	1,778,007	433,025	(53,135)	1,342,359
Capital contributions	_	_	_	_	_
Transfers to other funds	(300,000)	(940,000)	(251,250)		(1,491,250)
Transfers from other funds	(000,000)	25,000	(231,230)	_	25,000
Transfers from other funds		25,000			25,000
Change in net assets	(1,115,538)	863,007	181,775	(53,135)	(123,891)
Total net assets, beginning as previously reported	28,372,112	10,961,535	(2,311,370)	6,909,612	43,931,889
Prior period adjustment (Note 6)	(1,050,000)	(2,100,000)	4,564,943		1,414,943
Total net assets, as restated	27,322,112	8,861,535	2,253,573	6,909,612	45,346,832
Total net assets, ending	\$ 26,206,574	\$ 9,724,542	\$ 2,435,348	\$ 6,856,477	\$ 45,222,941

		Enterpris	e Funds		
	Water		1 - 100	Department	
	and	Classic Cond	Landfill	of Public	Total
	Sewer Fund	Electric Fund	Fund	Public	I Ulai
Cash flows from operating activities:	↑ E 0EC C41	¢ 36 993 056	\$ 2,137,540	\$ 445,151	\$ 35,322,288
Cash received from customers Cash paid for goods and services	\$ 5,856,641 (1,891,996)	\$ 26,882,956 (24,863,103)	(1,623,102)	(1,871,124)	(30,249,325)
Cash paid to goods and services Cash paid to employees for services	(2,878,327)	(2,042,124)	(536,263)	(475,957)	(5.932,671)
Customer deposits received	(2,515,521)	22.942	(000,000,	(,	22.942
Customer deposits returned	-	(17,592)	-	-	(17,592)
Other operating revenues	134,642	1,790,699	2,505	20,951	1,948,797
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	1,220,960	1,773,778	(19,320)	_(1,880,979)	1,094,439
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Operating grants and subsidies			60 121	1,987,259	2.047.200
Due from other funds	38,986	77,973	60,131	1,907,209	2,047,390 116,959
Transfers from other funds	50,900	25,000	-	-	25,000
Transfers to other funds	(300,000)	(940,000)	(251,250)	_	(1,491,250)
Total cash flows from noncapital financing activities	(261,014)	(837,027)	(191,119)	1,987,259	698,099
Total sast news with horizophar infaholing activities	(201,014)	(001,021)	(101,110)		
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:					
Acquisition of capital assets	(714,650)	(162,121)	(817.596)	(77.429)	(1.771.796)
Principal paid on bonds and installment purchase agreements	(85,267)	(105,000)	(440,358)	-	(630.625)
Interest paid on bonds and installment purchase agreements	(29,981)	(52,222)	(52,670)	-	(134.873)
Proceeds from installment financing	-	-		-	-
Proceeds from sale of assets	6,269	1,602	1,890	-	9,761
Capital grants Capital contributions	-	-	-	81,902	81,902
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing		-			
activities	(823,629)	(317,741)	(1,308,734)	4,473	(2,445,631)
delivities					
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Interest earned on investments	53,217	120,737	21,062	16,182	211,198
National (days and)	100 504	700 7.17		.00.505	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	189,534	739,747	(1,498,111)	126,935	(441,895)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	1,634,249	5,451,606	3,446,315	1,525,804	12,057,974
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 1,823,783	\$ 6,191,353	\$ 1,948,204	\$ 1,652,739	\$ 11,616,079
			C. M. C. M. T. M. C.	-	
Reconciliation of operating income to net					
cash provided by operating activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$ (843,018)	\$ 1,706,046	\$ 407,552	\$ (2,159,429)	\$ (888,849)
Adjustments to reconcile energting income to not each					
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash					
provided by operating activities: Depreciation	1,402,102	392.532	191,204	229.005	2,214,843
Other nonoperating income	4.245	3.446	(4,940)	20,951	23.702
Changes in assets and liabilities:		3,113	(1.0.0)	20,001	20.702
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	49,458	(133,751)	63,944	5.977	(14,372)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	9,019	11,747	1,844	524	23.134
(Increase) decrease in inventory	(4,577)	(123,294)	-	-	(127,871)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and	نا = شمر				
accrued liabilities	492,540	(165,168)	(877,493)	1,222	(548,899)
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits Decrease (increase) in accrued compensated absences	(4.040)	5,350	- (0.000)	2,291	7,641
Increase in postemployment benefits	(1,613)	5,866 71,004	(2,299)	(568)	1,386
Increase in accrued landfill closure and postclosure costs	112,804	71,004	25,195 175,673	18.896	227,899 175.673
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues	-	-	113,013	152	175.073
- (102
Total adjustments	2,063,978	67,732	(426,872)	278,450	1,983,288
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 1,220,960	\$ 1,773,778	\$ (19,320)	\$ (1,880,979)	\$ 1,094,439

	Agency Fund	
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 62	27
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Liabilities: Miscellaneous liabilities	62	<u>27</u>
Total liabilities	\$ 62	27



NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City of Albemarle, North Carolina and its discretely presented component unit conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Albemarle, North Carolina, is a municipal corporation which is governed by an elected mayor and a seven-member council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City and its component units, legally-separate entities for which the City is financially accountable. The discretely presented component units presented below are reported in a separate columns in the City's financial statements in order to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City.

Albemarle Downtown Development Corporation

The Albemarle Downtown Development Corporation (ADDC) is a nonprofit organization dedicated to the revitalization of the downtown area of the City of Albemarle. The majority of the ADDC's board of directors is appointed by the City. The city also levies a municipal service district tax, which is distributed directly to the ADDC. The ADDC and its wholly owned subsidiary, Market Station, Inc., have a June 30 year end. and the consolidated financial information is presented as if it were a proprietary fund. Complete financial statements may be obtained from the entity's administrative offices located at 157 North Second Street, Albemarle, N.C. 28001.

City of Albemarle ABC Board

The members of the ABC Board's governing board are appointed by the City. In addition, the ABC Board is required by state statute to distribute its surpluses to the general fund of the City. The ABC Board, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a proprietary fund. Complete financial statements for the ABC Board may be obtained from the entity's administrative offices located at 1446 U.S. Highway 52 North, Albemarle, North Carolina 28001.

The following organization is included in the City of Albemarle's financial statements:

Albemarle Department of Public Housing

The Albemarle Department of Public Housing is a department of the City of Albemarle effective February 9, 1991, and is considered a proprietary fund and reported as an enterprise fund in these financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the primary government and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, streets and highways, sanitation, parks and recreation, and general governmental services.

City Hall Capital Project Fund. This fund accounts for City transfers and other revenues to construct the new City Hall Building and facilities.

The City reports the following non-major governmental funds:

Comprehensive Bicycle Grant Fund. This fund is used to accumulate monies to assist in the comprehensive planning of bicycle transportation.

E.E. Waddell Renovation Fund. This fund is used to account for grant monies restricted for the renovation of the E.E. Waddell Center.

Recreation Grant Fund. This fund is used to account for grant monies restricted for parks and recreation program expenses.

Grants Fund. This fund accounts for grant monies restricted for public safety program expenses.

CDBG Five Points Project Fund. This fund accounts for grant monies to facilitate the Five Points Redevelopment Project.

CDBG Alfred Street Project Fund. This fund accounts for grant monies to facilitate the Alfred Street Redevelopment Project.

Brownfield Assessment Coalition Fund. This fund accounts for grant monies for the study of brownfields.

Clean Water Management Trust Grant Fund. This fund accounts for grant monies for flood mitigation at long creek.

B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water and Sewer Fund. This fund is used to account for the City's water and sewer operations.

Electric Fund. This fund is used to account for the City's electric operations.

Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Fund. This fund is used to account for the City's landfill operations.

Albemarle Department of Public Housing. This fund is used to account for the City's public housing operations.

The City reports the following fund types:

Agency Fund. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of operating results. An agency fund is used to account for assets the City holds on behalf of others. The City maintains the Municipal Service District, which accounts for tax revenues that the City is required to remit to the Albemarle Downtown Development Corporation.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the City are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues for the City enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under installment purchases are reported as other financing sources.

The City considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as a revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of January 1, 1993, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, Stanly County is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts in the County, including the City of Albemarle. For motor vehicles registered under the staggered system, property taxes are due the first day of the fourth month after the vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they become due. Therefore, the City's vehicle taxes for vehicles registered in Stanly County from March 2008 through February 2009 apply to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. Uncollected taxes that were billed during this period are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred revenues.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the City are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Grant revenues which are unearned at year-end are recorded as unearned revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

As permitted by generally accepted accounting principles, the City has elected to apply only applicable FASB Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989 that do not contradict GASB pronouncements in its accounting and reporting practices for its proprietary operations.

D. Budgetary Data

The City's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and the Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Special Revenue Funds, Capital Project Funds, and the Enterprise Capital Project and Capital Reserve Funds which are consolidated with the operating funds for reporting purposes. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations. All amendments must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary, the effects of which were not material. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

1 Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the City, the ADDC, and the ABC Board are made in council-designated official depositories and are secured as required by state law [G.S. 159-31]. The City, the ADDC, and the ABC Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the City, the ADDC, and the ABC Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the City, the ADDC, and the ABC Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

The City, the ADDC's and the ABC Board's investments with a maturity of more than one year at acquisition and non-money market investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices. The securities of the NCCMT Cash Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund, are valued at fair value, which is the NCCMT's share price. The NCCMT Term Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value. Money market investments that have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less are reported at amortized cost.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents. The ADDC and the ABC Board consider all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

3. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with state law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the City levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1st, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2008. As allowed by State law, the City has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes which are paid prior to the due date. In the City's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity (Continued)

5. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the City, the ADDC, and the ABC Board are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The City's General Fund inventory consists of expendable supplies that are recorded as expenditures as used rather than when purchased.

The inventories of the City's Enterprise Funds and the ADDC consist of materials and supplies held for subsequent use. The inventories of the ABC Board consist of items held for resale. The cost of these inventories is expensed when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

6. Note Receivable

At June 30, 2008 the City attained a note receivable from Lillian Mill Group, LLC in regards to the City's renovations to the Historic Lillian Mills Building (Five Points Redevelopment Project). This note will be activated (earned) upon completion of all improvements as contemplated in the legally binding commitment by the city. The anticipation date of completion is march 2010. This note will be paid to the city with accrued interest in march 2015. This transaction is currently recorded at the city as a note receivable and unearned revenue for \$800,000.

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years.

The City's purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the time of donation. Minimum capitalization costs are \$5,000 for the following types of assets: land, improvements, buildings, infrastructure, substations, lines, plant and distribution systems, equipment and vehicles. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. General infrastructure capital assets, including roads, bridges, streets and sidewalks, and curbs and gutters are capitalized as "Infrastructure". General infrastructure capital assets acquired prior to July 1, 2004, or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July1, 1980, are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity (Continued)

Capital assets used in the governmental and business-type activities of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estim Usefu	nated Lives
Buildings and Improvements	25-31	years
Electric Distribution System	25	years
Water Distribution Lines	30-50	years
Sewer Distribution Lines	30	years
Infrastructure	30-50	years
Equipment	5-15	years
Vehicles	4-6	years

Property and equipment of the ADDC are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis.

Property and equipment of the ABC Board are depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

Asset Class	Estimated <u>Useful Lives</u>
Equipment	5-10 years
Leasehold Improvements	7 years

8. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity (Continued)

9. Compensated Absences

The vacation policies of the City provide for the accumulation of up to two hundred (200) hours earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. The number of maximum accumulated days depends on years of service. For the City's government-wide and proprietary funds an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The City has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The Albemarle Downtown Development Corporation has no specific policy regarding accrual of earned vacation leave. The ADDC has no liability for unused vacation leave at June 30, 2009.

ABC Board employees may accumulate up to 20 days of earned vacation leave. Accumulated earned vacation leave is included in accrued expenses.

The City's, the ADDC's, and the ABC Board's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the City, ADDC, and the ABC Board have no obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

10. Net Assets/Fund Balances

Net Assets

Net assets in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net assets represent constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, reservations of fund balance represent amounts that cannot be appropriated or are legally segregated for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

State law [G.S. 159-13(b)(16)] restricts appropriation of fund balance or fund equity for the subsequent year's budget to an amount not to exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts as these amounts stand at the close of the fiscal year preceding the budget year.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Reserved

Reserved by state statute - portion of fund balance, in addition to reserves for inventories, which is <u>not</u> available for appropriation under state law [G.S. 159-8(a)]. This amount is usually comprised of accounts receivable and interfund receivables which have not been offset by deferred revenues.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity (Continued)

10. Net Assets/Fund Balances (Continued)

Reserved for inventories. portion of fund balance is not available for appropriation because it represents the year-end fund balance of ending inventories, which are not expendable, available resources.

Reserved for streets. Powell Bill - portion of fund balance that is available for appropriation but legally segregated for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Reserved for prepaid assets. portion of fund balance not available for appropriation because it represents a deferred charge which is not an expendable, available resource.

Unreserved

Designated for Capital Projects. portion of total fund balance available for appropriation which has been designated to fund capital projects and improvements.

Designated for subsequent year's expenditures - portion of the total fund balance available for appropriation that has been designated for the adopted 2009-2010 budget ordinance.

Undesignated - portion of total fund balance available for appropriation which is uncommitted at year-end.

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All of the City's, the ADDC's and the ABC Board's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the City's, the ADDC's, or the ABC Board's agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the City, the ADDC, and the ABC Board, these deposits are considered to be held by the City's, the ADDC, and the ABC Board's agents in their names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for noninterest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits.

The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the City, the ACDD, or the ABC Board, or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the City, the ADDC, or the ABC Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for undercollaterization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The City has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The City complies with the provisions of G.S.159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured. The ADDC and the ABC Board have no formal policies regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2009, the City's deposits had a carrying amount of \$14,777,215 and a bank balance of \$15,082,122. Of the bank balance, \$2,415,795 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$12,666,327 was covered by collateral held under the pooling method. At June 30, 2009, the City's petty cash fund totaled \$3,208. The carrying amount of the deposits for the ADDC was \$143,203 and a bank balance of \$143,203. Of the bank balance \$143,203 was covered by federal depository insurance. The carrying amount of deposits for the ABC Board was \$49,870 and a bank balance of \$58,202. Of the bank balance, the entire balance was covered by federal depository insurance. At June 30, 2009, the ABC Board's petty cash fund totaled \$2,494.

2. Investments

At June 30, 2009, the City of Albemarle had \$4,606,964 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Cash Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The City has no policy regarding credit risk.

3. Receivables - Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Assets are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

General Fund: Taxes receivable

\$100,000

A. Assets (Continued)

4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2009, was as follows:

Primary Government

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental activities Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 2.280.070	\$ 91 930	\$ 25,000	e 0.047.000
Construction in progress		7 0.1000	,	\$ 2,347,000
· ·	1,473,225	6,685,944	282,630	7,876,539
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>3,753,295</u>	6,777,874	307,630	10,223,539
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings	5,796,498	6,450	105.411	5.697.537
Other improvements	571,329	-	-	571.329
Infrastructure	3.799.777	282,630	_	4.082.407
Equipment and furnishings	1,553,759	62.941	5.105	1.611.595
Mobile Equipment	3,876,982	454,666	131,081	4.200.567
Total capital assets being depreciated	15,598,345	806,687	241,597	16,163,435
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	2,200,880	104,788	64.927	2,240,741
Other improvements	211.672	34.351	3,465	242,558
Infrastructure	1,410,169	91,554	-	1,501,723
Equipment and furnishings	857,478	265.475	15,165	958.010
Mobile equipment	2,714,095	115,697	48,241	2.931.329
Total accumulated depreciation	7,394,294	\$ 611,865	\$ 131,798	7,874,361
Total capital assets being depreciated – net	8,204,051			8,289,074
Total Governmental Activities				
Capital assets – net	\$_11,957,346			\$ 18,512,613

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 63,198
Public safety	250,728
Public works	187,013
Recreation	 110,926
Total depreciation expense	\$ 611.865

A. Assets (Continued)

4. Capital Assets (Continued)

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Business-type activities Water and Sewer Fund Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 139,933	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 139,933
Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated	727,637 867,570	233,537 233,537	334,874 334,874	626,300 766,233
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings	32,330,262	18,580		32,348,842
Water and sewer lines	26,101,870	674,757	-	26,776,627
Equipment and vehicles	2,822,342	122,649	51,004	2,893,987
Total capital assets being depreciated	61,254,474	815,986	51,004	62,019,456
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings Water and sewer lines	16,827,458 17,595,281	586,944 634,639	-	17,414,402 18,229,920
Equipment and vehicles	2,072,120	180,519	44,736	2,207,903
Total accumulated depreciation	36,494,859	\$_1,402,102	\$ 44,736	37,852,225
Total capital assets being depreciated – net	24,759,615			24,167,231
Water and Sewer Fund				
Capital Assets – net	<u>25,627,185</u>			24,933,464
	Beginning		D	Ending
Business-type activities	Balances	<u>Increases</u>	Decreases	Balances
Electric Fund				
Capital assets not being depreciated Land		•	•	
Construction in progress	\$ 31,963 87,143	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 31,963 87,143
Total capital assets not being depreciated	119,106		-	119,106
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings	1,348,814	-	-	1,348,814
Distribution lines	17,766,519	_	~	17,766,519
Equipment and vehicles	1,812,084	162,121	61,937	1,912,268
Total capital assets being depreciated	20,927,417	162,121	61,937	21,027,601
Less accumulated depreciation	1 050 001	10.001		
Buildings Distribution lines	1,053,321 15,607,609	12,961 273,117	-	1,066,282 15,880,726
Equipment and vehicles	1,398,103	106,454	60,335	1,444,222
Total accumulated depreciation	18,059,033	\$ 392,532	\$ 60,335	18,391,230
Total capital assets being depreciated – net	2,868,384			2,636,371
Electric Fund Capital Assets – net	2,987,490			2,755,477

A. Assets (Continued)

4. Capital Assets (Continued)

Business-type activities	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Landfill Fund				
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$ 159,691	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 159.691
Construction in progress	2,654,299	774,973	4,940	\$ 159,691 3,424,332
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,813,990	774,973	4,940	3,584,023
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings Landfill cell construction	193,951	-	-	193,951
Equipment and vehicles	3,148,443 2,586,446	47,563	21,631	3,148,443
Total capital assets being depreciated	5,928,840	47,563	21,631	2,612,378 5,954,772
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	47,214	6,434	-	53,648
Landfill cell construction	3,081,091	2,114	-	3,083,205
Equipment and vehicles Total accumulated depreciation	1,272,685	182,656	21,631	1,433,710
	<u>4,400,990</u>	<u>\$ 191,204</u>	\$ 21,631	4,570,563
Total capital assets being depreciated – net	<u>1,527,850</u>			1,384,209
Landfill Fund Capital Assets - net	4,341,840			4,968,232
Business-type activities Department of Public Housing Capital assets not being depreciated	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Land	\$ 163,505	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 163.505
Construction in progress	583,054	77,429	655,408	\$ 163,505 5,075
Total capital assets not being depreciated	746,559	77,429	655,408	168,580
Capital assets being depreciated	0.000.040			
Buildings Improvements	8,209,610 521,595	576,640 71,812	-	8,786,250 593,407
Equipment	263,786	6,956	-	270,742
Total capital assets being depreciated	8,994,991	655,408	•	9,650,399
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	3,875,968	182,203	_	4,076,839
Improvements	253,431	17,157	-	261,493
Equipment	145,701	16,220		<u>165,773</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	4,275,100	\$ 229,005	\$	4,504,105
Total capital assets being depreciated – net	4,719,891			5,146,294
Department of Public Housing Capital Assets – net	<u>5,466,450</u>			5,314,874
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, net	\$38,422,965			\$ 37,972,047

A. Assets (Continued)

Equipment and furniture

Depreciable assets, net

assets, net

Total ABC Board capital

Total accumulated depreciation

Discretely presented component units:

Activity for the ADDC Board for the year ended June 30, 2009, was a follows:

roundy for the ribbo board for the year chided	Julie 30, 2009, W	as a rollows.		
	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending <u>Balances</u>
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$ 85,535	\$	<u>\$</u>	\$ 85,53 <u>5</u>
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings Equipment Total capital assets being depreciated	908,778 17,601 926,379	-	-	908,778 17,601 926,379
Less accumulated depreciation Buildings Equipment and vehicles Total accumulated depreciation	193,812 15,871 209,683	22,719 754 \$ 23,473	\$	216,531 16,625 233,156
Depreciable assets, net	716,696			693,223
Total ADDC Board capital assets, net	\$ 802,231			\$ 778,758
Activity for the ABC Board for the year ended Ju	une 30, 2009, was	a follows:		
	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$ 261,417	\$	<u>\$</u>	\$ <u>261,417</u>
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings Equipment and furniture Total capital assets being depreciated	1,035,540 <u>177,426</u> 1,212,966	4,013 4,013	-	1,035,540 181,439 1,216,979
Less accumulated depreciation Buildings	80,742	27,006	-	107,748

83,302

164,044

1,048,922

\$ 1,310,339

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210,832

1,006,147

\$ 1,267,564

B. Liabilities

1. Payables

Payables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2009, were as follows:

	Vendors	Salaries and Benefits	Other	Total
Governmental activities: General	\$ 210,316	\$ 448,018	\$ -	\$ 658,334
City Hall Capital Project Other governmental	899,190 <u>116,563</u>	-	-	899,190 116,563
Total - governmental activities	\$ 1,226,069	\$ 448,018	<u>\$</u>	\$ 1,674,087
Business-type activities:				
Water and sewer fund	\$ 562,118	\$ 103,578	\$ -	\$ 665,696
Electric fund	2,281,760	79,486	36,118	2,397,364
Landfill fund	103,744	20,741	-	124,485
Department of public housing	23,182	21,119		44,301
Total – Business-type activities	\$ 2,970,804	\$ 224,924	\$ 36,118	\$ 3,231,846

2. Pension Plan Obligations

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The City of Albemarle and the ABC Board contribute to the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS provides retirement and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required to contribute six percent of their annual covered salary. The City and the ABC Board are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. For the City, the current rate for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers is 4.93% and 4.86%, respectively, of annual covered payroll. The ABC Board is currently required to contribute 6.09% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of members and of the City of Albemarle are established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly.

The City's contributions to LGERS for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$531,846, \$510,105, and \$493,807, respectively. The ABC Board's contributions to LGERS for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007 were \$8,541, \$7,819, and \$7,759, respectively. The contributions made by the City and the ABC Board equaled the required contributions for each year.

The ADDC does not participate in LGERS.

- B. Liabilities (Continued)
- 2. Pension Plan Obligations (Continued)
- b. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance
- (1) Plan Description

The City of Albemarle, NC administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the City's qualified sworn law enforcement officers. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The plan does not issue a separate financial report.

All full-time law enforcement officers of the City are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2008, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits		8
Terminated plan members entitle	ed to but not	
yet receiving benefits		-
Active plan members		_47
	Total	55

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting. The City has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Method Used to Value Investments. No funds are set aside to pay benefits and administration costs. These expenditures are paid as they come due.

(3) Contributions

The City is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the benefit payments on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. The City's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. There were no contributions made by employees.

The annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the December 31, 2008 actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.25% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and (b) projected salary increases of 4.5% to 12.3% per year. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 3.75%. The assumptions did not include post-retirement benefit increases.

B. Liabilities (Continued)

2. Pension Plan Obligations (Continued)

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation. The City's annual pension cost and net pension obligation to the Separation Allowance for the current year were as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$ 94,585
Interest on net pension obligation	26,839
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 (22,633)
Annual pension cost	\$ 98,791
Contributions made	 82,679
Increase (decrease) in net pension obligation	16,112
Net pension obligation beginning of fiscal year	 370,193
Net pension obligation end of fiscal year	\$ 386,305

Three year Trend Information

Fiscal	Annual	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension
Year	Pension		Obligation End
Ending	<u>Cost (APC</u>)		<u>of Year</u>
6/30/2007	\$ 73,983	78.59%	\$355,681
6/30/2008	\$ 81,732	82.25%	\$370,193
6/30/2009	\$ 98,791	83.69%	\$386,305

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of December 31 2008, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was not funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) was \$1,036,076. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$1,900,489, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 54.52 percent.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Regular and Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The City contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to employees of the City. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for law enforcement officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The States CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for law enforcement officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

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B. Liabilities (Continued)

2. Pension Plan Obligations (Continued)

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the City to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of law enforcement officers' salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2009 were \$242,449, which consisted of \$154,852 from the City and \$87,597 from the law enforcement officers.

d. Firemen's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund

Plan Description. The State of North Carolina contributes, on behalf of the City of Albemarle, NC to the Firemen's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund (Fund), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation administered by the State of North Carolina. The Fund provides pension benefits for eligible fire and rescue squad workers that have elected to become members of the fund. Article 86 of G.S. Chapter 58 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Firemen's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required to contribute \$10 per month to the Fund. The State, a nonemployer contributor, funds the plan through appropriations. The City does not contribute to the Fund. Contribution requirements of plan members and the State of North Carolina are established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly.

Also, the City has recognized as a revenue and an expenditure on-behalf payments for fringe benefits and salaries of \$15,509 for the salary supplement and stipend benefits paid to eligible firemen by the local board of trustees of the Firemen's Relief Fund during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. Under State law the local board of trustees for the Fund receives an amount each year which the Board may use at its own discretion for eligible firemen or their departments.

e Other Postemployment Benefit

Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description. Under the terms of a City resolution, the City administers a single-employer defined benefit Healthcare Benefits Plan (the HCB Plan). As of July 1, 1984, this plan provides postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees of the City, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (System) and have at least ten years (other service requirements also exist) of creditable service with the City. Prior to July 1, 1984, employees did not receive this benefit. The City pays a percentage of healthcare coverage, starting with ten years of creditable service and at twenty-five years of creditable service, the full cost of coverage. These benefits are paid through private insurers. Also, the City's retirees can purchase coverage for their dependents at the City's group rates. The City Council may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

Membership of the HCB Plan consisted of the following at December 31, 2008, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

General Employees:	Enforcement Officers:	
21	8	
0	0	
217	47	
238	55	
	Employees: 21 0 217	General Enforcement Employees: Officers: 21 8 0 0 217 47

1 214/

- B. Liabilities (Continued)
- 2. Pension Plan Obligations (Continued)
- e. Other Postemployment Benefit (Continued)

Funding Policy. The City pays a percentage of healthcare coverage, starting with ten years of creditable service and at twenty-five years of creditable service, the full cost of coverage under a City resolution that can be amended by City Council. The City's members pay the actual cost per month for dependent coverage. The City has chosen to fund the healthcare benefits on a pay as you go basis.

The current ARC rate is 7.45% of annual covered payroll. For the current year, the City contributed \$197,968 or 1.91% of annual covered payroll. The City obtains healthcare coverage through private insurers. The City's required contributions, under a City resolution, for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers represented 7.45% and 7.45% of covered payroll, respectively. There were no contributions made by employees. The City's obligation to contribute to HCB Plan is established and may be amended by the City Council.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies. Postemployment expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. No funds are set aside to pay benefits and administration costs. These expenditures are paid as they come due.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The City's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation for the healthcare benefits:

Annual required contribution	\$ 770,578
Interest on net OPEB obligation	· -
Adjustment to annual required contribution	_
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	 770,578
Contributions made	197,968
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	572,610
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	_
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 572,610

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2009 were as follows:

For Year		Percentage of Annual		
Ended	Annual	OPEB Cost	N	let OPEB
June 30	OPEB Cost	Contributed		Obligation
2009	\$ 770,578	7.45%	\$	572,610

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- B. Liabilities (Continued)
- 2 Pension Plan Obligations (Continued)
- e. Other Postemployment Benefit (Continued)

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of December 31, 2008, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was not funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits and, thus, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) was \$9,018,139. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$10,354,140, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 87.1 percent. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members at that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the December 31, 2008 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.00 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is the expected long-term investment returns on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual medical cost trend increase of 10.50 to 5.00 percent annually. The investment rate included a 3.75 percent inflation assumption. The actuarial value of assets, if any, was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a 5 year period. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2008, was 30 years.

f. Other Employment Benefits

The City has also elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, state-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan. The City has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. The City considers these contributions to be immaterial.

B. Liabilities (Continued)

3. Deferred/Unearned Revenues

The balance in deferred or unearned revenues at year-end is composed of the following:

	Deferred <u>Revenue</u>	Unearned Revenue
Prepaid privilege licenses (General) Note receivable (General) Taxes receivable, net (General) Assessments receivable (General) Prepaid rents (Business-type Funds)	\$ - 439,464 5,251	\$ 293,538 800,000 - - - 8,694
	<u>\$ 444,715</u>	\$ 1,102,232

4. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City participates in two self-funded risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the City obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$2 million per occurrence, workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits and employee health coverage up to the statutory limits, and employee health coverage up to a \$1 million lifetime limit.

The City carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The ADDC is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The ADDC has insurance coverage for property, general liability, workers' compensation, and employee health coverage.

The ABC Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The ABC Board has insurance coverage for property, general liability, workers' compensation, and employee health coverage. The ABC Board also has liquor legal liability coverage.

The City does not carry flood insurance as none of their buildings are located in flood prone areas.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the City's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the City's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer and tax collector are each individually bonded for \$150,000 and \$100,000, respectively. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$50,000.

5. Claims, Judgments and Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2009, the City was a defendant to various lawsuits. In the opinion of the City's management and the City attorney, the ultimate effect of these legal matters will not have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position.

- B. Liabilities (Continued)
- 6. Long-Term Obligations
- a. Installment Purchases

	Serviced by		ed by
		vernmental Activities	Business-type Activities
In December 2006, the City entered into an installment purchase contract to finance fire equipment. The obligation is to be repaid in twenty quarterly payments of \$20,704, including interest at 3.59 percent, secured by the equipment.	\$	197,177	\$ -
In December 2006, the City entered into an installment purchase contract to finance public utilities equipment. The obligation is to be repaid in twenty quarterly payments of \$9,159, including interest at 3.59%, secured by the equipment.		-	87,228
In October of 2007, the City entered into an installment contract to finance a Trashmaster (equipment) at the landfill. The obligation is to be repaid in twenty quarterly payments of \$35,665, including interest at 3.49%, secured by the equipment.		-	436,447
In December 2007, the City entered into an installment contract to finance a Vacuum Truck in Public Works. The obligation is to be repaid in twenty quarterly payments of \$11,763, including interest at 3.08%, secured by the equipment.		155,544	-
In November 2007, the City entered into an installment contract to finance the purchase of land. The obligation is to be paid by a \$250,000 payment at closing and the remainder in three equal annual payments, including interest at 4.00%, secured by the land.		233,350	-
In January 2008, the City entered into an installment contract to finance the expansion of the Landfill. The obligation is to be repaid in twenty quarterly payments of principal at \$65,000, and interest at 2.98%, secured by other Landfill equipment.		-	975,000
In April 2008, the City entered into an installment contract to finance the expansion of the New City Hall Building. The obligation is to be repaid in sixty quarterly payments of principal at \$87,500, and interest at 3.43%, secured by land and building.		1,960,000	2,940,000
In May 2009, the City entered into an installment contract to finance the purchase of a street superior public works. The obligation is to be repaid in sixty monthly payments of \$3,485, including interest at 2.83%, secured by the equipment.		182,770	
Total Installment Purchases		\$2,728,841	\$4,438,675

B. Liabilities (Continued)

6. Long-Term Obligations

a. Installment Purchases

The future minimum payments of the installment purchase contracts as of June 30, 2009, are as follows:

	Governme	Governmental Activities		pe Activities
Year Ending June 30	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Principal	_Interest
2010	\$ 413,669	\$ 85,247	\$ 651,595	\$ 139,032
2011	418,873	70,568	657,544	118,134
2012	265,986	58,950	626,456	97,109
2013	213,191	51,315	225,224	77,945
2014	192,122	46,219	440,356	69,329
2015-19	700,000	159,067	1,050,000	238,599
2020-24	525,000	30,419	<u>787,500</u>	43,217
Totals	\$2,728,841	\$ 501,785	\$4,438,675	\$ 783,365

At June 30, 2009 the City's legal debt margin is \$78,732,416.

c. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in the City's long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2009:

	Balance July 1, 2008	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2009	Current Portion of Balance
Governmental activities:					
Installment purchases	\$ 2,883,248	\$ 191,897	\$ 346,304	\$ 2,728,841	\$ 413,669
Compensated absences	595,745	338,384	386,748	547,381	273,690
Net pension obligation	370,193	16,112	-	386,305	-
Other postemployment benefits		344,711		344,711	
Governmental activity Long-term liabilities	\$ 3,849 <u>,186</u>	\$ 891,104	\$ 733,052	\$ 4,007,238	\$ 687,359
Business-type activities:					
Installment purchases	5,069,300	-	630,625	4,438,675	633,025
Compensated absences	289,773	192,476	191,590	290,659	135,153
Other postemployment benefits		227,899		227,899	
Business-type activity					
Long-term liabilities	\$ 5,359,073	\$ 420,375	\$ 822,215	\$ 4,9 <u>57,233</u>	\$ 768,178

Compensated absences for governmental activities have typically been liquidated in the general fund.

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued) B. Liabilities (Continued)

7. Long-Term Obligations - Albemarle Downtown Development Corporation

The ADDC has entered into a note payable for the purchase of real property, secured by a deed of trust. Principal, along with interest at the rate of 5.25%, is due in annual installments of \$10,904. Annual debt service requirements for this note payable are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	<u>Interest</u>
2010	\$ 6,891	\$ 4,366
2011	7,252	4,022
2012	7,633	3,654
2013	8,034	3,257
2014	8,456	2,840
Thereafter	38,504	<u>7,625</u>
	\$ 76,770	\$ 25,764

8. Long-Term Obligations - City of Albemarle ABC Board

The Board entered into a note payable during the year ending June 30, 2006, secured by a deed of trust on a new building constructed during the year ending June 30, 2006. The amount of the note payable is \$1,000,000. Principal, along with interest, is due in 59 monthly installments of \$8,574, with the remaining balance due December, 2010. The interest rate is the prime rate, less 1% with the minimum being 4.25 and the maximum being 6.25%. Annual debt service requirements for this note payable are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	
2010 2011	\$ 85,315 <u>224,545</u>	\$ 17,577 7,410	
	\$ 309,860	\$ 24,987	

C. Interfund Balances and Activity

1. Transfers to/from other funds

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2009, consist of the following:

From the General Fund to the Brownfield Coalition Fund for operating expenditures	\$ 12,000
From the General Fund to the Electric Fund for operating expenditures.	25,000
From the General Fund to the Comprehensive Bicycle Grant Fund for operating expenditures	20,650
From the General Fund to the Recreation Grant Fund for operating expenditures.	27,951
From the General Fund to the E.E. Waddell Renovations Project for capital expenditures	70,000
From the General Fund to the Clean Water Management Trust Grant Fund for operating expenditures.	94,000

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C. Interfund Balances and Activity (Continued)

1. Transfers to/from other funds (Continued)

From the Water and Sewer Fund to the General Fund for operating expenditures.	300,000
From the Electric Fund to the General Fund for operating expenditures.	300,000
From the Landfill Fund to the General Fund for operating expenditures.	251,250
From the Electric Fund to the General Fund for payment in lieu of taxes.	640,000

2. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Water and Sewer Fund	General Fund To fund operations	\$ 461,215
Electric Fund	General Fund To fund operations	922,430
		\$ 1,383,645

D. On-Behalf Payments for Fringe Benefits and Salaries

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, the City of Albemarle has recognized on-behalf payments for pension contributions made by the state as a revenue and an expenditure of \$ 15,509 for the 16 volunteer firemen and the 41 employed fireman who perform firefighting duties for the town's fire department. The volunteers and employees elected to be members of the Firemen and Rescue Worker's Pension Fund, a cost sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system established and administered by the State of North Carolina. The Plan is funded by a \$10 monthly contribution paid by each member, investment income, and a State appropriation.

NOTE 3 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

North Carolina Municipal Power Agency Number 1

The City, in conjunction with twenty other local governments, is a member of the North Carolina City Municipal Power Agency Number 1 (Agency). The Agency was formed to enable municipalities that own electric distribution systems to finance, construct, own, operate, and maintain generation and transmission facilities. Each participating government appoints one commissioner to the Agency's governing board. The twenty-one members, which receive power from the Agency, have signed power sales agreements to purchase a specified share of the power generated by the Agency. Except for the power sales purchase requirements, no local government participant has any obligation, entitlement, or residual interest. The City's purchases of power for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 were \$22,328,097.

NOTE 3 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

Centralina Council of Governments

The City, in conjunction with nine counties and sixty-four other municipalities, participates in the Centralina Council of Governments (Council). The participating governments established the Council to coordinate various funding received from the federal and state agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Council's governing board. The City paid membership fees of \$ 23,000 to the Council during the year ended June 30, 2009.

NOTE 4 - SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The City has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

NOTE 5 - CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS - CITY OF ALBEMARLE LANDFILL FACILITY

The City operates two landfills which are referred to as the "old landfill" and the "new landfill." State and federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover on its landfills when they stop accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the sites for thirty years after closure. Although certain closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date each landfill stops accepting waste, the City reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$3,166,644 reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2009 represents a cumulative amount reported to date, based on the use of 100% of the total estimated capacity of the old landfill and 100% use of the new landfill. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The following is an analysis of landfill closure and postclosure liability at June 30, 2009:

 Old Landfill
 \$1,274,051

 New Landfill
 1,892,593

\$3,166,644

The City has met the requirements of a local government financial test that is one option under state and federal laws and regulations that help determine if a unit is financially able to meet closure and postclosure care requirements.

NOTE 6 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, the City determined that the Closure and Postclosure care cost for the City's Landfill were incorrectly recorded. Based on new actuarial information, it was determined that the true liability for these costs was \$2,990,971 at June 30, 2008. The previous beginning liability at June 30, 2008 for this cost was \$7,555,914 and has been adjusted to \$2,990,971 through a prior period adjustment of \$4,564,943. This adjustment will increase (restate) net assets by \$4,564,943 in the City's Landfill fund at June 30, 2008. It was also determined that during the June 30, 2008 year ended that lease proceeds and related cash were incorrectly recorded in the General, Water/Sewer and Electric funds. This transaction amounted to \$5,250,000. The adjustment will increase (restate) fund balance and cash in the City Hall Capital project fund by \$5,250,000 and lower (restate) cash and fund balance in the General, Water/Sewer and Electric by \$2,100,000, \$1,050,000 and \$2,100,000 each, respectively.

Required Supplemental Financial Data

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles.

- Schedule of Funding Progress for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
- Schedule of Employer Contributions for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
- Schedule of Employer Contributions for the Other Postemployment Benefits
- Schedule of Funding Progress for the Other Postemployment Benefits

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Projected Unit Credit (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (b-a)/c)
12/31/2003	-	660,099	660,099	0%	1,597,843	41.31%
12/31/2004	-	754,205	754,205	0%	1,710,293	44.10%
12/31/2005	-	667,716	667,716	0%	1,721,017	38.77%
12/31/2006	-	762,195	762,195	0%	1,817,640	41.93%
12/31/2007	-	918,171	918,171	0%	1,911,833	48.03%
12/31/2008	-	1,036,076	1,036,076	0%	1,900,489	54.52%

Year Ended June 30	Annual R <u>Contrib</u>	•	Percentage <u>Contributed</u>
2007	\$	73,983	78.59%
2008	\$	81,732	82.25%
2009	\$	98,791	83.69%

Notes to the Required Schedules:

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation date	December 31, 2008
Actuarial cost method	Projected unit credit
Amortization method	Level percent of pay closed
Remaining amortization period	22 Years
Asset valuation method	Market value
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	7.25%
Projected salary increases*	4.5% - 12.3%
*Includes inflation at	3.75%
Cost of living adjustments	N/A

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Projected Unit Credit (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b - a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as of % of Covered Payroll ((b - a)/c)
12/31/2007	0	9,175,039	9,175,039	0%	9,819,995	93.4%
12/31/2008	0	9,018,139	9,008,139	0%	10,354,140	87.1%

Year Ended June 30,	Annual Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed	
2009	770,578	7.45%	

Notes to the Required Schedules:

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation date	12/31/2008
Actuarial cost method	Projected unit credit
Amortization method	Level percent open
Remaining amortization period	30 years
Asset valuation method	Market vlaue
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return*	4.0%
Medical cost trend	10.50% - 5.00%
*Includes inflation at	3.75%
Cost of living adjustments	None

Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund – This fund accounts for resources traditionally associated with government that are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in other funds

City Hall Capital Project Fund – This fund accounts for City transfers and other revenues to construct the New City Hall Building and facilities

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

		2009	
	Rudgot		Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues			
Ad valorem taxes			
Current year	\$ -	\$ 5,396,567	\$ -
Prior years	<u>-</u>	180,515	· ·
Penalties and interest	-	38,292	_
Total	5,583,700	5,615,374	31,674
Other taxes and licenses			
Gross receipts tax on short-term rental property	-	16,659	-
Local occupancy tax	-	94,150	-
Privilege licenses	-	152,322	-
Total	278,200	263,131	(15,069)
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues			
Local option sales tax	_	2,647,997	_
Franchise tax	_	639,254	_
Telecommunications tax	_	215,146	-
Video programming fees	-	166,280	
Piped natural gas tax	•	69,400	_
Beer and wine tax	-	71,972	-
Payment in lieu of taxes	-	147	-
Total	4,008,500	3,810,196	(198,304)
Restricted intergovernmental revenue			
ABC - law enforcement		6,174	-
Powell Bill allocation	-	561,396	-
State grants	-	18,996	-
Drug tax distribution	-	7,385	-
ABC Senate Bill Distribution	-	40,000	-
Schools	-	93,800	-
On-behalf payments - fire		15,509	•
Total	765,793	743,260	(22,533)
Permits and fees			
Fire Department fees	-	11,558	-
Housing fees	-	9,186	-
Inspection and rezoning fees	-	8,500	•
Nuisance abatements	-	544	
Total	28,000	29,788	1,788

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Total

2009 Variance Positive **Budget** Actual (Negative) Revenues (continued) Sales and service Court costs and fees 3.189 Refuse collection fees 736,569 Cultural and recreational fees 112,269 Total 808,081 43,946 852,027 Investment earnings 225,000 127,554 (97,446)Miscellaneous Miscellaneous 55,297 Sale of surplus property 20,286 Sale of fixed assets 14,088 Lease revenue 13,931 Contributions 12,969 Insurance reimbursement 19,942 Total 97,109 136,513 39,404 Total revenues 11,794,383 11,577,843 (216,540)Expenditures General government Administration Salaries and employee benefits 216,037 Other operating expenditures 194,558 Total 420,650 410,595 10,055 Information systems Salaries and employees benefits 138,896 Other operating expenditures 83,765

229,050

222,661

6,389

		2009	
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Expenditures (Continued) General government (continued) Engineering			(Mogamo)
Salaries and employees benefits Other operating expenditures	-	109,410 31,464	-
Total	147,850	140,874	6,976
Human resources Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures	<u>.</u>	185,118 35,878	-
Total	225,100	220,996	4,104
Finance Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures		170,037 203,151	-
Total	383,000	373,188	9,812
Community Development Salaries and employee benefits	_	298,458	
Other operating expenditures		121,924	<u></u>
Total	436,000	420,382	15,618
Total general government	1,841,650	1,788,696	52,954
Public Safety Police			
Salaries and employee benefits School resource officers	-	2,846,388	-
Other operating expenditures	-	178,967 43 0,477	-
Capital outlay	<u> </u>	139,018	-
Total	3,742,852	3,594,850	148,002
Fire department			
Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures	-	2,133,930	-
Fire Marshall	- -	304,793 80,580	-
Capital outlay	-	135,706	-
Total	2,715,100	2,655,009	60,091
Total public safety	6,457,952	6,249,859	208,093

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

		2009	
			Variance Positive
-	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Expenditures (Continued) Public works			
Administration			
Salaries and employees benefits	-	214,179	-
Solid waste disposal fee	-	231,097	-
Downtown Services	-	91,319	-
Other operating expenditures	-	56,357	
Total	618,550	592,952	25,598
Streets and Highways			
Salaries and employee benefits	-	830,146	_
Other operating expenditures	-	430,510	-
Capital outlay Total	4 540 050	221,503	
Total	1,549,059	1,482,159	66,900
Shop and Warehouse			
Salaries and employee benefits	-	357,539	-
Other operating expenditures Capital outlay	-	70,002	-
Total		7,506	-
Total	461,550	435,047	26,503
Total public works	2,629,159	2,510,158	119,001
Environmental protection			
Solid waste			
Solid waste	-	1,100,945	-
Bad debt expense	-	6,669	-
Total environmental protection	1,116,500	1,107,614	8,886
Cultural and recreation			
Parks and recreation			
Salaries and employee benefits	-	831,693	-
Other operating expenditures	-	384,375	-
Capital outlay		54,943	•
Total cultural and recreation	1,293,531	1,271,011	22,520
Debt service			
Principal retirement	614,350	346,304	268,046
Interest and fees	151,850	125,608	268,046 26,242
			- 0 , 50 1 5
Total debt service	766,200	471,912	294,288
Total expenditures	14,104,992	13,399,250	705,742

		2009	
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,310,609)	(1,821,407)	489,202
Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers (to) from other funds Water and Sewer Fund Electric Fund Landfill Fund Recreation Grant E.E. Waddell Renovations project Clean Water Management Trust Grant Fund Comprehensive Bicycle Grant Fund Brownfield Assessment Coalition Fund Electric Fund Capital lease obligations issued	300,000 940,000 335,000 (28,836) (70,000) (94,000) (20,650) (12,000) (25,000) 191,897	300,000 940,000 251,250 (27,951) (70,000) (94,000) (20,650) (12,000) (25,000) 191,897	(83,750)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,516,411	1,433,546	(82,865)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(794,198)	(387,861)	406 227
	(134,130)	(307,001)	406,337
Fund balance appropriated	794,198		(794,198)
Net change in fund balance	\$	(387,861)	\$ (387,861)
Fund balance, beginning as previously reported Prior Period Adjustment (Note 6) Fund balance, beginning as restated		7,878,892 (2,100,000) 5,778,892	
Fund balance, ending		\$ 5,391,031	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

			Actual				
	Project	Prior	Current	Total	Positive		
	Authorization	Years	Year	to Date	(Negative)		
DEVENUE							
REVENUES: Investment earnings	\$ 25.000	07.070	* 20.040	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *			
Sale of fixed assets	\$ 25,000 750,000	27,672	\$ 36,942 300,000	\$ 64,614	\$ 39,614		
Total Revenues		27.672		300,000	(450,000)		
Total Revenues	775,000	27,672	336,942	364,614	(410,386)		
EXPENDITURES:							
Capital outlay:							
Legal	65,000	15,725	1,840	17,565	47,435		
Engineering	687,000	560,902	122,935	683.837	3,163		
Permit fees and testing	105,000	32,028	59,227	91,255	13,745		
Other equipment	500,000	5,239	77,316	82,555	417,445		
Construction in progress	9,292,000	508,317	5,757,810	6,266,127	3,025,873		
Environmental remediation	250,000	143,614	7,523	151,137	98,863		
Total expenditures	10,899,000	1,265,825	6,026,651	7,292,476	3,606,524		
REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(10,124,000)	(1,238,153)	(5,689,709)	(6,927,862)	3,196,138		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:							
Operating transfers from:							
General fund	1 750 000	075 000					
City Hall Capital Reserve Fund	1,750,000 920,000	875,000	-	875,000	(875,000)		
Water and Sewer Fund	250,000	922,712 125,000	**	922,712	2,712		
Electric Fund	1,000,000	500,000	-	125,000	(125,000)		
Landfill Fund	250,000	125,000	-	500,000	(500,000)		
Proceeds from debt	5,954,000	123,000	-	125,000	(125,000)		
Total other financing sources:		0.547.740	-	5,250,000	(704,000)		
Total other infancing sources:	10,124,000	2,547,712		7,797,712	(2,326,288)		
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 1,309,559	(5,689,709)	\$ 868,850	\$ 869,850		
Fund balance, beginning as previously reported			1,309,559				
Prior Period Adjustment (Note 6)			5,250,000				
Fund balance, beginning as restated			6,559,559				
Fund balance, ending			\$ 868,850				

Non-major Governmental Funds

Comprehensive Bicycle Grant Fund – This fund is used to accumulate monies to assist in the comprehensive planning of bicycle transportation.

E.E. Waddell Renovation Fund – This fund is used to account for grant monies restricted for renovation of the E.E. Waddell Center.

Recreation Grant Fund – This fund is used to account for grant monies restricted for parks and recreation program expenses.

Grant Fund – This fund is used to account for grant monies restricted for public safety program expenses.

Clean Water Management Trust Grant Project Fund – This fund is used to account for grant monies restricted for flood mitigation at Long Creek.

Brownfield Assessment Coalition Fund – This fund is used to account for grant monies restricted for the study of Brownfields.

CDBG Five Points Capital Project Fund – This fund accounts for grant monies to facilitate the Five Points Redevelopment Project.

CDBG Alfred Street Capital Project Fund – This fund accounts for grant monies to facilitate the Alfred Street Redevelopment Project.

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

ia दि	CDBG Total Total Alfred Nonmajor Total Street Capital Nonmajor Project Project Governmental Fund Funds Funds	\$340,305 \$ 340,305 \$ 561,372 - 57 - 2,000	340,305 340,305 563,429	31,924	. 163,223 324,616 644,199	324,616 324,616 839,345	15,689 (275,917)	(236)	(236)	15,453 15,689 (51,316)	81,383 81,147 155,451	\$ 96,836 \$ 96.836 \$ 104,135
Capital Project Fund	CDBG 5 Points Project Fund	ω		,	1 1	1	1	236	236	236	(236)	\$
	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	\$ 221,067 57 2,000	223,124	31,924	163,223 319,583	514,730	(291,606)	224.601	224,601	(67,005)	74,304	\$ 7.299
	Brownfeld Assessment Coalition Fund	2,000	2,000	•	13,999	13,999	(11,999)	12,000	12,000			8
	Clean Water Management Trust Grant Project Fund	\$ 55,270	55,270	,	149,224	149,224	(93,954)	94,000	94,000	46	•	\$ 46
Special Revenue Funds	Grants Fund	\$ 30,959	30,959	31,924	1 1	31,924	(965)			(396)	3,887	\$ 2,922
Special Rev	Recreation Grant Fund	\$ 134,838	134,895	ı	232,903	232,903	(98,008)	27.951	27,951	(70,057)	70.417	\$ 360
	E E. Waddell Renovation Fund	ω	1	ı	66,327	66,327	(66,327)	70.000	70,000	3,673		\$ 3,673
	Comprehensive Bicycle Grant Fund	₩	1	•	20,353	20,353	(20,353)	20,650	20,650	297		\$ 297
		Revenues Restricted intergovernmental Investment earnings Miscellaneous	Total revenues	Expenditures Public safety Economic and physical	development Capital outlay	Total expenditures	Revenues over (under) expenditures	Other financing sources (uses) Transfers from other funds From General Fund (To) from CDBG Funds	Total other financing sources (uses)	Net change in fund balances	Fund Balances Beginning of year. July 1	End of year, June 30

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Project Authorization				Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues Restricted intergovernmental revenues NC Department of Transportation	\$ 31,850	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	\$	\$ (31,850)
Expenditures Capital outlay	45,500	<u>-</u>	20,353	20,353	25,147
Total expenditures	45,500		20,353	20,353	25,147
Revenues (under) expenditures	(13,650)	_	(20,353)	(20,353)	(6,703)
Other financing sources Transfers from other funds General fund Total other financing sources	13,650 13,650	<u> </u>	20,650 20,650	20,650 20,650	7,000 7,000
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$	297	\$ 297	\$ 297
Fund balance Beginning of year, July 1			-		
End of year, June 30			\$ 297		

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total To Date	Variance Positive (Negative)
Davisson					(Negative)
Revenues Restricted intergovernmental revenues					
NC Parks and Recreation Grant	\$ 499,978	\$	\$	\$	\$ (499,978)
Expenditures					
Capital outlay					
Other professional expense	90,905	-	66,327	66,327	24.578
Buildings and structures	822,264	-	-	-	822,264
Landscaping	13,500	•	-	-	13.500
Water and Sewer Improvements	30,000	-	-	-	30.000
Contingency	43,288			_	43,288
Total expenditures	999,957	-	66,327	66,327	933,630
Revenues (under) expenditures	(499,979)		(66,327)	(66,327)	433,742
Other financing sources					
Transfers from other funds					
General fund	499,979	-	70,000	70,000	(429,979)
Total other financing sources	-	-	70,000	70,000	(429,979)
					(120,070)
Net change in fund balance	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	3,673	\$ 3,673	\$ 3,673
Fund balance Beginning of year, July 1					
End of year, June 30			\$ 3,673		

			Actual		Variance
	Project	Prior	Current	Total	Positive
	Authorization	Years	Year	To Date	(Negative)
Revenues Restricted intergovernmental revenues					
N.C. Parks and Recreation Trust Fund - Phase I	\$ 250,000	\$ 250,000	\$ -	\$ 250,000	\$ -
N.C. Parks and Recreation Trust Fund - Phase II	248,918	238,705	Ψ - -	238,705	(10,213)
N.C. Parks and Recreation Trust Fund	-	29,900	_	29,900	29,900
DOT - Enhancement Grant - Phase I	192,000	65,730	134,838	200,568	8.568
DOT - Enhancement Grant - Phase II	176,000			200,500	(176,000)
Investment earnings	12,462	25,447	57	25.504	13.042
Miscellaneous	56,700	67,600	-	67,600	10,900
		- 07,000	-		10,900
Total revenues	936,080	677,382	134,895	812,277	(123,803)
Expenditures Economic and physical development					
Leasehold improvements	77,262	75,984	-	75,984	1,278
Capital outlay	1,468,636	1,177,039	232,903	1,409,942	58,694
			202,000	1,400,042	
Total expenditures	1,545,898	_1,253,023	232,903	1,485,926	59,972
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(609,818)	(575,641)	(98,008)	(673,649)	(63,831)
Other financing sources Transfers from other funds					
General Fund	609,818	646,058	27,951	674,009	64,191
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 70,417	(70,057)	\$ 360	\$ 360
Fund balance Beginning of year, July 1			70,417		
End of year, June 30			\$ 360		

	Project	Prior	Actual Current	Total	Variance Positive
	Authorization	Years	Year	To Date	(Negative)
Revenues Restricted intergovernmental revenues Federal Grant - Dept. of Homeland Security	\$ 347,404	\$ 316,445	\$ 30,959	\$ 347,404	\$ -
Expenditures Public safety					
Operating expenditures	12,000	11,797	-	11,797	203
Capital outlay	54,000	53,809	-	53,809	191
Tools and equipment	315,683	281,231	31,924	313,155	2,528
Total expenditures	381,683	346,837	31,924	378,761	2 922
Revenues (under) expenditures	(34,279)	(30,392)	(965)	(31,357)	2,922
Other financing sources					
Transfers from other funds					
General fund	34,279	34,279		34,279	
Net change in fund balance	<u> </u>	\$ 3,887	(965)	\$ 2,922	\$ 2,922
Fund balance Beginning of year, July 1			3,887		
End of year, June 30			\$ 2,922		

			Actual		Variance
	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total To Date	Positive (Negative)
Revenues CDBG Funds	\$ 975,609	\$ 973,671	<u>\$</u>	\$ 973,671	\$ (1,938)
Expenditures Current:					
Capital outlay	975,609	973,907	-	973,907	1,702
Revenues (under) expenditures		(236)	_	(236)	(236)
Other financing sources Operating transfers in					
CDBG - Alfred Street Project			236	236	236
Excess of revenues and other sources over expenditures	\$ -	\$ (236)	000		
Fund balance	\$ -	\$ (236)	236	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Beginning of year, July 1			(236)		
End of year, June 30			\$		

Exhibit B-8

			Actual		Variance
	Project	Prior	Current	Total	Positive
	Authorization	Years	Year	To Date	(Negative)
Revenues					
CDBG Funds					
Miscellaneous	\$ 603,297	Ф 07.004	A 040.00		
······································		\$ 87,224	\$ 340,305	\$ 427,529	\$ (175,768)
	455,000				(455,000)
Total revenues	1.050.007	07.004	0.40.000		
10.0.1000	1,058,297	87,224	340,305	427,529	(630,768)
Expenditures					
Capital outlay					
Infrastructure improvements	93.921	10,268	40.004	00.000	
Operating costs	1,061,447	92,644	16,601	26,869	67,052
1 1 1 3 1 1 1 1		92,044	308,015	400,659	660,788
Total expenditures	1,155,368	102,912	324,616	407 E00	707.040
·		102,312	324,010	427,528	727,840
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(97,071)	(15,688)	15,689	1	97.072
	(31,311)	(10,000)	15,009	1	97.072
Other financing sources (uses)					
Operating transfers in (out)					
From General Fund	97,071	07.074		07.07.	
To CDBG 5 Points Project Fund	97,071	97,071	(000)	97,071	-
ro obboot onto Project Fund		-	(236)	(236)	(236)
Total	07.07.				
Total	97,071	97,071	(236)	96,835	(236)
Every of some of the					
Excess of revenues and other	_				
sources over expenditures	\$ -	<u>\$ 81,383</u>	15,453	\$ 96,836	\$ 96,836
Fund balance					
Beginning of year, July 1			81,383		
End of year, June 30			Ф 00.000		
and or your, build ou			\$ 96,836		

Doubles	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total To Date	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues Restricted intergovernmental revenues CDBG Grants Investment earnings Miscallaneous	\$ 459,000 700 59,614	\$ - - -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (459,000) (700) (57,614)
Total revenues	519,314		2,000	2,000	(517,314)
Expenditures Economic and physical development Legal	5 500				
Other professional services	5,500 507,614	-	-	-	5,500
Administration	18,825	_	13.781	13,781	507.614 5,044
Advertising	2,175	_	10,701	13,701	2.175
Travel	2,000	-	218	218	1.782
Training	1,000	-		2.10	1,000
Other	700	-			700
Total expenditures	537,814		13,999	13,999	523,815
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(18,500)		(11,999)	(11,999)	6,501
Other financing sources					
Transfers from other funds					
General Fund	18,500		12,000	12,000	(6,500)
Net change in fund balance	\$	\$	\$ 1	1	\$ 1
Fund balance Beginning of year, July 1					
End of year, June 30			\$ 1		

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total To Date	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues Restricted intergovernmental revenues	\$ 203,645	\$ -	\$ 55,270	\$ 55,270	\$ (148,375)
Total revenues	203,645		55,270	55,270	(148,375)
Expenditures Other operating expenditures	<u>266,345</u>		149,224	140 224	117.404
Total ependitures	266,345		149,224	149,224 149,224	<u>117,121</u> <u>117,121</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(62,700)	-	(93,954)	(93,954)	(31,254)
Other financing sources (uses) From General Fund	62,700	<u>-</u> _	94,000	94,000	31,300
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	\$	\$ 46	46	<u>\$ 46</u>
Fund balance Beginning of year, July 1					
End of year, June 30			<u>\$ 46</u>		

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

Water and Sewer Fund – This fund is used to account for the City's water and sewer operations.

Electric Fund – This fund is used to account for the City's electric operations.

Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Fund – This fund is used to account for the City's landfill operations.

Albemarle Department of Public Housing – This fund is used to account for the City's public housing operations.

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Operating revenues			
Water sales	\$ 4,183,000	\$ 3,264,365	\$ (918,635)
Sewer charges	2,584,700	2,358,104	(226,596)
Water and sewer taps	70,600	50,072	(20,528)
Miscellaneous	87,450	134,642	47,192
Total operating revenues	6,925,750	5,807,183	(1,118,567)
Nononorating			
Nonoperating revenues Interest earned on investments			
Sale of assets	70,000	52,185	(17,815)
Sale of assets	2,500	366	(2,134)
Total nonoperating revenues	72,500	52,551	(19,949)
Total revenues	6,998,250	5,859,734	(1,138,516)
Expenditures			
Water and Sewer Administraton			
Salaries and employees benefits	_	296,814	
Postage	-	37,747	-
Contracted services	-	48,686	_
Insurance	-	139,568	-
Uniforms	-	15,985	-
Other operating expenditures	<u>-</u>	126,975	-
Total	762,080	665,775	96,305
Water Treatment Plant			
Salaries and employees benefits		765,315	
Supplies	_	312,251	•
Repairs		61,532	~
Contracted services	- -	81,875	-
Utilities	- -	230,212	<u>-</u>
Fuel	-	9,494	- -
Other operating expenditures	-	142,912	- -
Total	1,662,400	1,603,591	58.809
		.,,,,,,,,,	

Sewer Treatment Plant Salaries and employees benefits \$		Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Salaries and employees benefits 725,782	Expenditures (continued)			
Supplies 160 943 Repairs 302 041 Contracted service 72,722 Utilities 145,354 Fuel 7,695 Other operating expenditures 154,536 Total 1,663,616 1,569,073 94,543 System Division 30,300 94,643 System Division 1,092,482 94,643 Supplies 121,344 1 Repairs 16,682 1 Supplies 16,682 1 Cher operating expenditures 63,813 1 Total 1,413,600 1,298,469 115,131 Debt Service 2 63,813 1 Principal on installment purchases 150,000 85,237 64,733 Interest and fees 42,000 29,881 12,019 Total 192,000 115,118 76,752 Capital Outlay Water treatment plant 30,000 24,789 5,211 Sewer treatment plant 103,684 90,842 12,842 <td>Sewer Treatment Plant</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Sewer Treatment Plant			
Supplies 160.943 1.02.041 2.02.041	Salaries and employees benefits	-	725 782	_
Repairs . 302.041 Contracted service 72.722 Utilities 145,354 Fuel 7,695 Other operating expenditures - 154,536 Total 1,663,616 1,569,073 94,543 System Division Salaries and employee benefits 1,092,482 . . Supplies 121,344 . . Repairs 16,682 . . . Utilities 4,148 .<	Supplies	-		_
Contracted service 72,722 Utilities 145,354 Fuel 7,695 Other operating expenditures 154,536 Total 1,663,616 1,569,073 94,543 System Division Salaries and employee benefits 1,092,482 1 2 Supplies 121,344 1 1 2 1 1 4 1 4 4 1 4 1 4 </td <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>_</td>		-		_
Utilities 7,695	Contracted service	-		_
Fuel Other operating expenditures 7,695 (154,536) - 154,536 (154,536) - 154,536 (154,536) - 154,536 (154,536) - 154,536 (154,536) - 154,536 (154,536) - 14,548 (154,536) - 154,537 (154,536) - 154,537 (154,536) - 154,537 (154,536) - 154,537 (154,536) - 154,537 (154,536) - 154,537 (154,536) - 154,537 (154,536) - 154,537 (154,536) - 154,537 (154,536) - 154,333 (154,536)		-		-
Other operating expenditures - 154,536 - - 154,536 -	Fuel			-
Total 1,663,616 1,569,073 94,543 System Division 1.092,482 - Salaries and employee benefits 1.092,482 - Supplies 16,682 - Repairs 16,682 - Utilities 4,148 - Other operating expenditures 53,813 - Total 1,413,600 1.298,469 115,131 Debt Service Principal on installment purchases 150,000 85,237 64,733 Interest and fees 42,000 29,881 12,019 Total 192,000 115,118 76,752 Capital Outlay Water and sewer administration 16,170 15,570 600 Water reatment plant 30,000 24,789 5,211 Sewer treatment plant 103,684 90,842 12,842 Systems division 732,000 583,449 148,551 Total 881,854 714,650 167,204 Total expenditures 6,575,550 5,966,806 608,744 <td>Other operating expenditures</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>_</td>	Other operating expenditures	-		_
Salaries and employee benefits - 1,092,482 - Supplies - 121,344 - Repairs - 16,682 - Utilities - 4,148 - Other operating expenditures - 63,813 - Total 1,413,600 1,298,469 115,131 Debt Service - 64,733 Principal on installment purchases interest and fees 42,000 29,881 12,019 Total 192,000 115,118 76,752 Capital Outlay Water and sewer administration 16,170 15,570 600 Water treatment plant 30,000 24,789 5,211 Swet treatment plant 30,000 24,789 5,211 Swet reatment plant 30,842 12,842 Systems division 732,000 583,449 148,551 Total 881,854 714,650 167,204 Transfers to diverse (uses) Transfers to other funds 6,575,550 5,966,806 608,744 Revenues over (under) expenditures 422,700 (107,072)<	Total	1,663,616		94,543
Supplies 121,344 - Repairs 16,682 - Other operating expenditures - 63,813 - Total 1,413,600 1,298,469 115,131 Debt Service Principal on installment purchases 150,000 85,237 64,733 Interest and fees 42,000 29,881 12,019 Total 192,000 115,118 76,752 Capital Outlay Water and sewer administration 16,170 15,570 600 Water treatment plant 30,000 24,789 5,211 Sewer treatment plant 103,684 90,842 12,842 Systems division 732,000 583,449 148,551 Total 881,854 714,650 167,204 Total expenditures 6,575,550 5,966,806 608,744 Revenues over (under) expenditures 422,700 (107,072) (529,772) Other financing sources (uses) 7 (300,000) 300,000 - To General Fund (300,000) <	System Division			
Supplies 121,344 16,682 1 Repairs 16,682 - Other operating expenditures - 63,813 - Total 1,413,600 1,298,469 115,131 Debt Service Principal on installment purchases 150,000 85,237 64,733 Interest and fees 42,000 29,881 12,019 Total 192,000 115,118 76,752 Capital Outlay Water and sewer administration 16,170 15,570 600 Water treatment plant 30,000 24,789 5,211 Sewer treatment plant 103,684 90,842 12,842 Systems division 732,000 583,449 148,551 Total 881,854 714,650 167,204 Total expenditures 6,575,550 5,966,806 608,744 Revenues over (under) expenditures 422,700 (107,072) (529,772) Other financing sources (uses) 7 188,000 - 188,000 Total finan	Salaries and employee benefits	-	1 092 482	_
Repairs 16,682 - <t< td=""><td>Supplies</td><td>_</td><td></td><td>_</td></t<>	Supplies	_		_
Utilities 4,148 4 Other operating expenditures 1,413,600 1,298,469 115,131 Debt Service Principal on installment purchases interest and fees 150,000 85,237 64,733 Interest and fees 42,000 29,881 12,019 Total 192,000 115,118 76,752 Capital Outlay Water and sewer administration 16,170 15,570 600 Water treatment plant 30,000 24,789 5,211 Sewer treatment plant 103,684 90,842 12,842 Systems division 732,000 583,449 148,551 Total 881,854 714,650 167,204 Total expenditures 6,575,550 5,966,806 608,744 Revenues over (under) expenditures 422,700 (107,072) (529,772) Other financing sources (uses) 7 188,000 188,000 Total financing sources (uses) - net (488,000) (300,000) 188,000	Repairs	-		_
Other operating expenditures - 63,813 - Total 1,413,600 1,298,469 115,131 Debt Service Principal on installment purchases 150,000 85,237 64,733 Interest and fees 42,000 29,881 12,019 Total 192,000 115,118 76,752 Capital Outlay Water and sewer administration 16,170 15,570 600 Water and sewer administration 16,170 15,570 600 Water treatment plant 30,000 24,789 5,211 Sewer treatment plant 103,684 90,842 12,842 Systems division 732,000 583,449 148,551 Total 881,854 714,650 167,204 Total expenditures 6,575,550 5,966,806 608,744 Revenues over (under) expenditures 422,700 (107,072) (529,772) Other financing sources (uses) 7 188,000 - 188,000 Total financing sources (uses) - net (488,000)	Utilities	-		_
Total 1,413,600 1,298,469 115,131 Debt Service Principal on installment purchases 150,000 85,237 64,733 Interest and fees 42,000 29,881 12,019 Total 192,000 115,118 76,752 Capital Outlay Water and sewer administration 16,170 15,570 600 Water treatment plant 30,000 24,789 5,211 Sewer treatment plant 103,684 90,842 12,842 Systems division 732,000 583,449 148,551 Total 881,854 714,650 167,204 Total expenditures 6,575,550 5,966,806 608,744 Revenues over (under) expenditures 422,700 (107,072) (529,772) Other financing sources (uses) Transfers to other funds (300,000) (300,000) - To General Fund (188,000) - 188,000 Total financing sources (uses) - net (488,000) (300,000) 188,000	Other operating expenditures	-		_
Principal on installment purchases Interest and fees Interest	Total	1,413,600		115,131
Interest and fees 42,000 29,881 12,019 Total 192,000 115,118 76,752 Capital Outlay Water and sewer administration 16,170 15,570 600 Water treatment plant 30,000 24,789 5,211 Sewer treatment plant 103,684 90,842 12,842 Systems division 732,000 583,449 148,551 Total 881,854 714,650 167,204 Total expenditures 6,575,550 5,966,806 608,744 Revenues over (under) expenditures 422,700 (107,072) (529,772) Other financing sources (uses) Transfers to other funds 70 General Fund (300,000) (300,000) - 188,000 To Electric Fund (188,000) - 188,000 - 188,000	Debt Service			
Interest and fees	Principal on installment purchases	150.000	85 237	64 733
Total 192,000 115,118 76,752 Capital Outlay Water and sewer administration 16,170 15,570 600 Water treatment plant 30,000 24,789 5,211 Sewer treatment plant 103,684 90,842 12,842 Systems division 732,000 583,449 148,551 Total 881,854 714,650 167,204 Total expenditures 6,575,550 5,966,806 608,744 Revenues over (under) expenditures 422,700 (107,072) (529,772) Other financing sources (uses) Transfers to other funds 70 General Fund (300,000) (300,000) - 188,000 Total financing sources (uses) - net (488,000) (300,000) 188,000 -	Interest and fees			
Water and sewer administration 16,170 15,570 600 Water treatment plant 30,000 24,789 5,211 Sewer treatment plant 103,684 90,842 12,842 Systems division 732,000 583,449 148,551 Total 881,854 714,650 167,204 Total expenditures 6,575,550 5,966,806 608,744 Revenues over (under) expenditures 422,700 (107,072) (529,772) Other financing sources (uses) Transfers to other funds (300,000) (300,000) - To General Fund (188,000) - 188,000 Total financing sources (uses) - net (488,000) (300,000) 188,000	Total			
Water treatment plant 30,000 24,789 5,211 Sewer treatment plant 103,684 90,842 12,842 Systems division 732,000 583,449 148,551 Total 881,854 714,650 167,204 Total expenditures 6,575,550 5,966,806 608,744 Revenues over (under) expenditures 422,700 (107,072) (529,772) Other financing sources (uses) Transfers to other funds (300,000) (300,000) - To General Fund (300,000) - 188,000 Total financing sources (uses) - net (488,000) (300,000) 188,000	Capital Outlay			
Water treatment plant 30,000 24,789 5,211 Sewer treatment plant 103,684 90,842 12,842 Systems division 732,000 583,449 148,551 Total 881,854 714,650 167,204 Total expenditures 6,575,550 5,966,806 608,744 Revenues over (under) expenditures 422,700 (107,072) (529,772) Other financing sources (uses) Transfers to other funds 70 General Fund (300,000) (300,000) - To Electric Fund (188,000) - 188,000 Total financing sources (uses) - net	Water and sewer administration	16 170	15 570	600
Sewer treatment plant 103,684 90,842 12,842 Systems division 732,000 583,449 148,551 Total 881,854 714,650 167,204 Total expenditures 6,575,550 5,966,806 608,744 Revenues over (under) expenditures 422,700 (107,072) (529,772) Other financing sources (uses) Transfers to other funds 300,000 (300,000) - To General Fund (300,000) (300,000) - To Electric Fund (188,000) - 188,000 Total financing sources (uses) - net (488,000) (300,000) 188,000	Water treatment plant			
Systems division 732,000 583,449 148,551 Total 881,854 714,650 167,204 Total expenditures 6,575,550 5,966,806 608,744 Revenues over (under) expenditures 422,700 (107,072) (529,772) Other financing sources (uses) Transfers to other funds (300,000) (300,000) - To General Fund (188,000) - 188,000 Total financing sources (uses) - net (488,000) (300,000) 188,000	Sewer treatment plant			
Total 881,854 714,650 167,204 Total expenditures 6,575,550 5,966,806 608,744 Revenues over (under) expenditures 422,700 (107,072) (529,772) Other financing sources (uses)	Systems division			
Total expenditures 6,575,550 5,966,806 608,744 Revenues over (under) expenditures 422,700 (107,072) (529,772) Other financing sources (uses)	Total			
Revenues over (under) expenditures 422,700 (107,072) (529,772) Other financing sources (uses) Transfers to other funds To General Fund To Electric Fund (300,000) (188,000) Total financing sources (uses) - net (488,000) (300,000) (300,000) 188,000			7 14,000	107,204
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers to other funds To General Fund To Electric Fund Total financing sources (uses) - net (300,000) (300,000) (300,000) (300,000) (300,000) (300,000) (300,000) (300,000)	Total expenditures	6,575,550	5,966,806	608,744
Transfers to other funds (300,000) (300,000) - To General Fund (188,000) - 188,000 Total financing sources (uses) - net (488,000) (300,000) 188,000	Revenues over (under) expenditures	422,700	(107,072)	(529,772)
To Electric Fund (188,000) - 188,000 Total financing sources (uses) - net (488,000) (300,000) 188,000				
To Electric Fund (188,000) - 188,000 Total financing sources (uses) - net (488,000) (300,000) 188,000	To General Fund	(300,000)	(300,000)	_
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		188,000
Appropriated fund balance	Total financing sources (uses) - net	(488,000)	(300,000)	188,000
	Appropriated fund balance	65,300	<u>-</u>	(65,300)

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues and other sources (uses) over (under) expenditures	\$	\$ (407,072)	\$ (407,072)
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual basis			
Net change in fund balance		\$ (407,072)	
Payment on installment purchases Capital outlay Depreciation Decrease in accrued compensated absences Increase in postemployment benefits Interest income Sewer Capital Project Other investment Sewer Capital Project Total reconciling items		85,267 714,650 (1,402,102) 1,613 (112,804) 1,032 3,878	
Change in net assets		\$ (1,115,538)	

			Actual		Variance
	Project	Prior	Current	Total	Positive
	Authorization	Years	Year	to Date	Negative
Revenues Restricted intergovernmental revenues Rural Economic Development Grant Water and sewer assessments	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ -	\$ 100,000	\$ -
Interest earnings	24,500 	11,815 	3,878 1,032	15,693 1,032	(8,807) 1,032
Total revenues	124,500	111,815	4,910	116,725	(7,775)
Expenditures					
Engineering	22,800	22,594	-	22,594	206
Construction costs	311,300	311,181	_	311,181	119
Other professional services	11,797	11,683		11,683	114
Total expenditures	345,897	345,458		345,458	439
Revenues (under) expenditures	(221,397)	(233,643)	4,910	(228,733)	(7,336)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers from other funds					
From water and sewer fund	221,397	233,643	-	233,643	12,246
Revenues and other sources (uses)					
over (under) expenditures	\$	\$ -	\$ 4,910	\$ 4,910	\$ 4,910

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Operating revenues			
Residential sales	\$ 12,940,000	\$ 13,003,706	\$ 63,706
Commercial and industrial sales	13,450,000	13,211,936	(238,064)
Sales to City Departments	660,000	661,448	1,448
Total charges for services	27,050,000	26,877,090	
3	27,030,000	20,077,090	(172,910)
Other operating revenues	924,700	1,790,699	865,999
Total operating revenues	27,974,700	28,667,789	693,089
Nonoperating revenues			
Interest earned on investments	126,800	120,737	(0,000)
Sale of assets	3,000	3,446	(6,063)
	3,000	3,440	446
Total nonoperating revenues	129,800	124,183	(5,617)
Total revenues	28,104,500	28,791,972	687,472
Expenditures			
Administrative and Finance			
Salaries and employees benefits	_	623,442	_
Postage	-	37,419	-
Travel	-	7,825	-
Contracted services	-	95,972	-
Insurance	-	35,375	-
Other operating expenditures		90,477	-
Total	1,017,400	890,510	126,890
Customer Service			
Salaries and employees benefits		160,045	
Materials and supplies	_	14,156	-
Repairs and maintenance	_	4,983	-
Other operating expenditures	-	8,824	-
Total	189,300	188,008	1,292
Electric Operations			
Salaries and employees benefits	-	1,269,602	-
Materials and supplies	-	792,390	-
Repairs Contract labor	-	68,484	-
Contract labor	-	680,581	-
Electric power purchases Other operating expenditures	-	22,328,097	-
	-	274,669	
Total	25,974,900	25,413,823	561,077

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Expenditures (continued)			
Debt Service			
Interest and other charges Principal retirement	.	52,222 105,000	-
Total debt service	310,000	157,222	152,778
			102,110
Capital Outlay Administrative and finance			
Electric operations	-	46,654 115,467	-
Total	190,500	<u>115,467</u> 162,121	28,379
		102,121	20,073
Total expenditures	27,682,100	26,811,684	870,416
Revenues over (under) expenditures	422,400	1,980,288	1,557,888
		1,000,200	1,337,000
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfer from other funds General fund	25,000	25.000	
Water and sewer fund	188,000	25,000	- (188,000)
Transfers to other funds			(100,000)
To General Fund	(940,000)	(940,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(727,000)	(915,000)	(188,000)
Appropriated fund balance	304,600		(304,600)
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures,			
other (uses) and appropriated fund balances	\$ -	\$ 1,065,288	\$ 1,065,288
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual basis	and the second s		1,000,200
Net change in fund balance		\$ 1,065,288	
Principal retirement		105,000	
Capital outlay		162,121	
Depreciation		(392,532)	
Increase in accrued compensated absences		(5,866)	
Increase in postemployment benefits		(71,004)	
Capital lease proceeds		-	
Total reconciling items		(202,281)	
Change in net assets		\$ 863,007	

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Operating revenues			
Disposal fees	\$ 1,920,000	\$ 1,829,835	\$ (90,165)
Solid waste fees	7,020,000	132,249	132,249
Sales of mulch and scrap	30,000	27,732	(2,268)
Scrap tire and white goods fees	90,000	83,780	
Total charges for services			(6,220)
Total dilaigue for convious	2,040,000	2,073,596	33,596
Other operating revenues		2,505	2,505
Total operating revenues	2,040,000	2,076,101	36,101
Nonoperating revenues			
Interest earned on investments	F 000	40.700	
Sale of assets	5,000	18,729	13,729
State Grant	58,1 4 3	1,890	1,890
		60,131	1,988
Total nonoperating revenues	63,143	80,750	17,607
Total revenues	2,103,143	2,156,851	53,708
Expenditures			
Landfill Operations			
Salaries and employees benefits		504.004	
Postage	-	534,201 401	-
Materials and supplies	-	189,415	-
Repairs	-	138,834	-
Utilities	_	7,717	-
Contracted services		166,076	-
Insurance		26,724	-
Solid waste disposal fee		124,811	-
Other operating expenditures	_	78,103	_
Total	1,273,300	1,266,282	7,018
			
Debt Service			
Principal on installment purchases	-	440,358	-
Interest and fees		52,670	
Total	494,700	493,028	1,672
Capital Outlay	58,143	47,563	10,580
Total expenditures	1,826,143	1,806,873	19,270
Revenues over expenditures	277,000	(349,978)	72,978

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Other financing (uses) sources Transfers to other funds			
To Landfill White Goods Capital Project Fund To General Fund	(24,000) (253,000)	(23,462) (251,250)	538 1,750
Total other financing (uses)	(277,000)	(274,712)	2,288
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures, other (uses)	\$	\$ 75,266	\$ 75,266
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual basis			
Net change in fund balance		\$ 75,266	
Payment on installment purchases		440,358	
Capital outlay		47,563	
Depreciation		(191,204)	
Decrease in accrued compensated absences		2,299	
Increase in postemployment benefits		(25,195)	
Interest income from Landfill Capital Reserve Fund		2,333	
Transfer - Landfill White Goods Capital Project Fund		23,462	
Prior year construction in progress expensed		(4,940)	
Adjustment to accrued landfill closure and postclosure costs		(188,167)	
Total reconciling items		106,509	
Change in net assets		\$ 181,775	

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues Investment earnings	\$ 100,000	\$ 160,608	\$ -	\$ 160,608	\$ 60,608
Other finances sources (uses) Transfers from other funds Landfill fund Landfill capital project fund	3,900,000	1,027,800	-	1,027,800	(2,872,200)
Transfers to other funds New Landfill Capital Project Fund	(4,000,000)	1,020,175 (2,221,083)	12,500	1,020,175 (2,208,583)	1,020,175 1,791,417
Total other finances sources (uses)	(100,000)	(173,108)	12,500	(160,608)	(60,608)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ (12,500)	12,500	\$	\$
Fund balance Beginning of year, July 1			(12,500)		
End of year, June 30			\$		

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues Restricted Intergovernmental Revenues N.C. Department of Environment and Natural Resources Grant	\$ 353,645	\$ 239,320	\$	\$ 239,320	<u>\$ (114,325)</u>
Expenditures Motor vehicles Other equipment Buildings and improvements Roadway and pavement	140,000 51,945 209,400 15,000	114,059 45,709 118,790	-	114,059 45,709 118,790	25,941 6,236 90,610 15,000
Total expenditures	416,345	278,558	-	278,558	137,787
Revenues (under) expenditures	(62,700)	(39,238)		(39,238)	(23,462)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers from other funds From Landfill Fund	62,700	62,700	(23,462)	39,238	23,462
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other (uses)	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 23,462	\$ (23,462)	\$	\$

			Actual		Variance
	Project	Prior	Current	Total	Positive
	Authorization	Years	<u>Year</u>	to Date	(Negative)
Revenues					
Investment earnings	50,000	19,150	2,333	21,483	(28,517)
Total revenues	50,000	19,150	2,333	21,483	(28,517)
Expenditures					
Capital outlay	3,930,500	2,649,359	774,973	3,424,332	506,168
Revenues (under) expenditures	(3,880,500)	(2,630,209)	(772,640)	(3,402,849)	477,651
Other financing sources Transfers from (to) other funds					
From (to) Landfill Capital Reserve Fund	1,900,000	2,221,083	(12,500)	2,208,583	308,583
Proceeds from installment financing	1,980,500	1,300,000		1,300,000	(680,500)
Total other financing sources	3,880,500	3,521,083	(12,500)	3,508,583	(371,917)
			(12,000)		(371,917)
Revenues and other sources over					
(under) expenditures and other (uses)	\$ -	\$ 890,874	(785,140)	\$ 105,734	\$ 105,734
Fund balance					
Beginning of year, July 1			890,874		
End of year, June 30			\$ 105,734		

	Depar			
	Conventional	Section 8	Capital Fund	Totals
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 1,055,617	\$ 597,122	\$ -	\$ 1,652,739
Accounts receivable - net	9,153	84	-	9,237
Prepaid expenses	4,029	1,185	_	5,214
Due to (from) other funds	1,815	(1,815)	_	5,214
Due from other governments	-	(1,010)	_	-
Total current assets	1,070,614	596,576		1,667,190
Noncurrent Assets				
Capital Assets				
Land	163,505			400 505
Construction in progress	103,303	-	- - 075	163,505
Other capital assets, net of accumulated	-	-	5,075	5,075
depreciation	5 072 200	70.000		5 4 4 5 5 5 4
304.30141011	5,073,308	72,986		5,146,294
Total noncurrent assets	5,236,813	72,986	5,075	5,314,874
Total Assets	\$ 6,307,427	\$ 669,562	\$ 5,075	\$6,982,064
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS				
Current Link William				
Current Liabilities	_			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 33,413	\$ 10,888	\$ -	\$ 44,301
Customer deposits	40,232	-	-	40,232
Deferred revenues	605	-	-	605
Current portion of compensated absences	500	100	_	600
Total current liabilities	74,750	10,988	_	85,738
Noncurrent liabilities				
Accrued compensated absences	18,339	2,614		20,953
Other postemployment benefits	18,896	2,014	-	
a sample y morne portonico				18,896
Total noncurrent liabilities	37,235	2,614	_	39,849
Total liabilities	111,985	13,602	_	125,587
Net Assets				
Invested in capital assets, net of debt	5,236,813	72,986	5,075	5,314,874
Unrestricted	958,629	<u>582,974</u>		<u>1,541,603</u>
Total net assets	6,195,442	655,960	5,075	6,856,477
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 6,307,427	\$ 669,562	\$ 5,075	\$6,982,064

	Department of Public Housing			
	Conventional	Section 8	Capital Fund	Totals
				
Operating Revenues				
Rental income	\$ 416,027	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 416,027
Other	23,147	-	Ψ -	23,147
Total operating revenues	439,174		-	439,174
Operating expenses				
Administrative	222,501	128,306	8,112	358,919
Tenant services	14,942	-	-	14,942
Utilities	357,396	=	-	357,396
Ordinary maintenance and operation	330,322	-	-	330,322
General expenses	60,599	2,020	-	62,619
Housing assistance payments	-	1,195,494	_	1,195,494
Nonroutine maintenance	49,906	· · ·	-	49,906
Depreciation	223,228	5,777		229,005
Total an anti-				
Total operating expenses	1,258,894	1,331,597	8,112	2,598,603
Operating (loss)	(819,720)	(1,331,597)	(8,112)	(2,159,429)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)				
Operating subsidies	647.070	4 004 475	6.446	
Interest earned on investments	647,972	1,331,175	8,112	1,987,259
Nonoperating revenue	12,386	3,796	-	16,182
Nonoperating revenue Nonoperating expenses	20,951	-	-	20,951
Nonoperating expenses	<u>-</u>			-
Total nonoperating revenues	681,309	1,334,971	8,112	2,024,392
			····	
Net income (loss) before contributions and transfers	(138,411)	3,374		(135,037)
Capital grants			04 000	04.000
Transfers	- 659,881	-	81,902	81,902
Transfers			(659,881)	-
	659,881		<u>(577,979</u>)	81,902
Change in net assets	521,470	3,374	(577,979)	(53,135)
Not appete July 1	F 070 070	050 500		
Net assets, July 1	5,673,972	652,586	583,054	6,909,612
Net assets, June 30	\$ 6,195,442	\$ 655,960	\$ 5,075	\$6,856,477

			Conventional	
	0	riginal	····	Variance
		d Final		Favorable
	B	udget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Operating Revenues				
Rental income	\$	426,200	\$ 416,027	\$ (10.173)
Other	Ψ 	26,500	23,147	\$ (10,173) (3,353)
Total operating revenues		452,700	439,174	(13,526)
Operating expenditures				
Administrative		205,000	203,605	1,395
Tenant services		15,000	14,942	58
Utilities		360,000	357,396	2,604
Ordinary maintenance and operation		338,050	330,322	7,728
General expenses		62,000	60,599	1,401
Nonroutine maintenance		50,000	49,906	94
Total operating expenditures	1,	030,050	1,016,770	13,280
Operating revenues (under) operating expenditures	(<u>577,350</u>)	_(577,596)	(246)
Nonoperating revenues				
Operating subsidies		487,300	647,972	160,672
Other income		30,500	20,951	(9,549)
Interest income		29,000	12,386	(16,614)
Total nonoperating revenues		546,800	681,309	124 500
•		340,800	661,309	134,509
Nonoperating expenditures				
Capital outlay		10,800	5,956	4,844
Nonpoporation resignation and a second				
Nonoperating revenues over nonoperating expenditures		536,000	675,353	139,353
Deficiency of revenues (under) expenditures		(41,350)	97,757	139,107
Appropriated fund balance		41,350		(41,350)
Excess of revenues and appropriated fund				
balance (under) expenditures - modified accrual	\$	_	97,757	\$ 97,757
Reconciliation to the accrual basis:				
Depreciation			(223,228)	
Capital fund expense			5,956	
Accrual of compensated balances			-	
Other postemployment benefits			(18,896)	
Capital fund transfer to Conventional				
Change in net income before capital contributions and transfers - Exhibit C-9			<u>\$(138,411</u>)	

		Section 8	
	Original		Variance
	and		Favorable
	Final Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Operating Revenues			
Operating subsidiaries	\$ 1,390,584	\$ 1,331,175	\$ (59,409)
Total operating revenues	1,390,584	1,331,175	(59,409)
Operating expenditures			
Administrative	167,900	120 226	07.574
Housing assistance payments	1,234,284	130,326	37,574
5 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1,195,494	38,790
Total operating expenditures	1,402,184	1,325,820	76,364
Operating revenues (under) operating expenditures	(11,600)	5,355	16,955
Nonoperating revenues			
Interest income	11,600	3,796	(7,804)
			(7,004)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues under expenditures			
modified accrual	\$ -	9,151	\$ 9,151
Reconciliation to the accrual basis:			
Depreciation		(5,777)	
Change in net assets Schedule 24		. 0.07.1	
Ondrigo III fiet doocto Ochequie 24		\$ 3,374	

1. The actual modernization costs of NC 19P07550103 are as follows:

	Total
Funds approved Funds expended	\$ 363,045 13,187
Excess of funds approved	\$ 349,858
Funds advanced - HUD Grants Funds expended	\$ 13,187 13,187
Excess of funds advanced	\$

2. Costs audited during the current audit period totaled \$13,187

The actual modernization costs of NC 19P07550106 are as follows:

	Total
Funds approved Funds expended	\$ 362,203
Excess of funds approved	\$ 362,203
Funds advanced - HUD Grants Funds expended	\$ -
Excess of funds advanced	\$ _

2. Costs audited during the current audit period totaled \$-0-

The actual modernization costs of NC 19P07550107 are as follows:

	Total
Funds approved Funds expended	\$ 458,477
Excess of funds approved	<u>\$ 458,477</u>
Funds advanced - HUD Grants Funds expended	\$ -
Excess of funds advanced	<u>\$</u>

2. Costs audited during the current audit period totaled \$-0-.

1.	The actual modernization costs of NC are as follows:		
		Total	
	Funds approved Funds expended	\$	-
	Excess of funds approved	\$	-
	Funds advanced - HUD Grants Funds expended	\$	- -

2. Costs audited during the current audit period totaled \$-0-.

Excess of funds advanced

The actual modernization costs of NC 19P07550106 are as follows:

	Total
Funds approved Funds expended	\$ 316,690 316,690
Excess of funds approved	<u>\$</u>
Funds advanced - HUD Grants Funds expended	\$ 316,690 316,690
Excess of funds advanced	<u>\$</u>

2. Costs audited during the current audit period totaled \$76,836

Agency Fund

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individual and/or other governments.

Municipal Service District Fund – This fund accounts for taxes assessed from taxpayers in a special area for downtown development for that area.

ASSETS	Balance July 1, 2008 Additions		Deductions		Balance June 30, 2009		
A00E10							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	599	\$ 42,368	\$	42,341	\$	627
	\$	599	\$ 42,368	\$	42,341	\$	627
LIABILITIES							
Due to agencies		599	 42,368		42,341		627
	\$	599	\$ 42,368	\$	42,341	\$	627

Other Schedules

This section includes additional information on property taxes.

- Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
- Analysis of Current Tax Levy

Fiscal Year	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2008	Additions	Collections and Credits	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2009
2008-2009 2007-2008 2006-2007 2005-2006 2004-2005 2003-2004 2002-2003 2001-2002 2000-2001	\$ - 195,977 78,081 54,053 46,178 27,359 35,492 19,461 15,881 12,427	\$ 5,705,458 - - - - - - - -	\$ 5,463,711 128,224 25,756 13,383 9,911 4,425 2,096 2,107 609 681	\$ 241,747 67,753 52,325 40,670 36,267 22,934 33,396 17,354 15,272 11,746
1998-1999	11,270 \$ 496,179	\$ 5,705,458	11,270 \$ 5,662,173	539,464
Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts Ad valorem taxes receivable				(100,000)
Ad valorem taxes receivable - net				\$ 439,464
Reconcilement with revenues Ad valorem taxes collected - General Fund Discounts allowed Releases and adjustments Taxes written off Interest collected				\$ 5,615,374 62,904 11,197 10,990 (38,292)
Total collections and credits				\$ 5,662,173

				Total Levy			
	Ci	ty-Wide		Property excluding Registered	Registered		
	Property Valuation Rate		Total Levy	Motor Vehicles	Motor Vehicles		
Original Levy:							
Property taxes at current year's rate Penalties	\$ 991,389,821 	.56	\$ 5,551,783 3,170	\$ 5,031,911 3,170	\$ 519,872 -		
Total	991,389,821		5,554,953	5,035,081	519,872		
Discoveries:							
Current year taxes Penalties	31,904,821	.56	178,667 -	177,693	974		
Total	31,904,821		178,667	177,693	974		
Abatements:	(5,028,929)	.56	(28,162)	(17,855)	(10,307)		
Total valuation	\$ 1,018,265,713						
Net levy			5,705,458	5,194,919	510,539		
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2009			(241,747)	(179,572)	(62,175)		
Current year's taxes collected			\$ 5,463,711	\$ 5,015,347	\$ 448,364		
Current levy collection percentage			<u>95.76%</u>	<u>96.54%</u>	<u>87.82%</u>		

Compliance Section



KENNETH R. ANDERSON CPA CMA - PLLC

Certified Public Accountant

220 East Washington Street
Post Office Box 697
Rockingham, North Carolina 28380
Phone: (910) 895-2899
Fax: (910) 997-3464
krandersonepa/a bellsouth.net

Member

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

North Carolina Association of Certified Public Accountants 713 SOUTH MAIN STREET
HERITAGE HOUSE
LAURINBURG, NORTH CAROLINA 28352
PHONE: (910) 277-2795
FAX: (910) 277-2795
dwilkes 1@bellsouth.net

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Albemarle, North Carolina

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregated remaining fund information of the City of Albemarle, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprises the City of Albemarle, North Carolina's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 2, 2009. We did not audit the financial statements of the Albemarle ABC Board and the Albemarle Downtown Development Corporation. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it related to the amounts included for the Albemarle ABC Board and the Albemarle Downtown Development Corporation is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The financial statements of the Albemarle ABC Board and the Albemarle Downtown Development Corporation were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Albemarle's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Albemarle's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the City's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined on the preceding page.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Albemarle's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*..

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, others within the organization, members of City Council, and federal and State awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Com CPA CMA-PCC

November 2, 2009



KENNETH R. ANDERSON CPA CMA - PLLC

Certified Public Accountant

220 East Washington Street
Post Office Box 697
Rockingham, North Carolina 28380
Phone: (910) 895-2899
Fax: (910) 997-3464
krandersoncpa/a bellsouth.net

Member

American Institute of Certified
Public Accountants

North Carolina Association of Certified Public Accountants 713 SOUTH MAIN STREET
HERITAGE HOUSE

LAURINBURG, NORTH CAROLINA 28352
PHONE: (910) 277-2795
FAX: (910) 277-2795
dwilkes1@bellsouth.net

Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Albemarle, North Carolina

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Albemarle, North Carolina, with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2009. The City of Albemarle's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City of Albemarle's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City of Albemarle's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133. *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, OMB Circular A-133, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Albemarle's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City of Albemarle's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City of Albemarle complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2009.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the City of Albemarle is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Albemarle's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, others within the organization, members of City Council, and federal and State awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Lew CPA CMA-PLIC

November 2, 2009



KENNETH R. ANDERSON CPA CMA - PLLC

Certified Public Accountant

220 East Washington Street Post Office Box 697 Rockingham, North Carolina 28380 PHONE: (910) 895-2899 Fax: (910) 997-3464

Member American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

North Carolina Association of

713 SOUTH MAIN STREET HERITAGE HOUSE LAURINBURG, NORTH CAROLINA 28352 PHONE: (910) 277-2795 Fax: (910) 277-2795 dwilkes I@bellsouth.net

krandersoncpa/a bellsouth.net Certified Public Accountants dwilkes I@bellso Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major State Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with Applicable Sections of OMB Circular A-133

and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Albemarle, North Carolina

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of City of Albemarle, North Carolina with the types of compliance requirements described in the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina. Issued by the Local Government Commission, that are applicable to each of its major State programs for the year ended June 30, 2009. The City of Albemarle's major State programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major State program is the responsibility of City of Albemarle's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City of Albemarle's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and applicable sections of OMB Circular A-133, as described in the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, applicable sections of OMB Circular A-133, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major State program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about City of Albemarle's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on City of Albemarle's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, City of Albemarle complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major State program for the year ended June 30, 2009.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of City of Albemarle is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to State programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered City of Albemarle's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major State program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a State program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, others within the organization, members of City Council, and federal and State awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Loden CPACMA-ALC

November 2, 2009

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial	Statements

Type of auditor's report issued: Unqualified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses

No

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major federal programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses

None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs: Unqualified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of Circular A-133

No

Identification of major federal program:

CFDA Numbers	Names of Federal Program
14.850	Low Income Housing
14.228	Community Development Block Grant

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs \$ 300,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

State Awards

Internal control over major State programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

No

• Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses

None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major State programs:

Unqualified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with State Single Audit Implementation Act

No

Identification of major State program:

Powell Bill

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None reported

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported

Section IV - State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Finding 2008-1

Status: Corrected

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	State/ Pass-through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Federal Direct & - Pass-through Expenditures		Local Expenditures
U.S. Department of Transportation					
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Transportation					
Enhancement Agreement - Greenway Phase I	20.205	E-4129	206,763		
Enhancement Agreement - Greenway Phase II	20.205	E-4129	26,140	-	-
·	20.200	L 4120	20,140	•	-
U.S. Department of Homeland Security					
Assistance to Firefighters Grant Program	97.044		31,924	-	~
II C Department of II					
U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development					
Direct Grant:					
Low Income Housing:					
Public and Indian Housing Operating Subsidies Section 8:	14.850		1,011,297	-	-
Housing Choice Vouchers	44.074				
Public Housing Capital Fund:	14.871		1,325,820	-	-
NC19PO7550107	44.070				
NC19PO7550106	14.872		13,187	-	-
140737 07330100	14.872		76,827	-	-
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Commerce					
CDBG/Alfred Street Concentrated needs	14.228	05-C-1397	224.646		
or o	14.220	05-0-1397	324,616	-	-
U.S. Department of Justice					
Bullet Proof Vest Grant	16.607		3,244	_	
Total assistance federal programs			3,019,818	-	
STATE GRANTS					
Cash Assistance					
N.C. Rural Economic Development Center					
Rural Development Grant	N/A			9,149	
'	, 4// 1		-	9,149	-
N.C. Department of Environmental & Natural Resources					
Division of Waste Management Adopt a Trail Grant Program	.				
White Goods Grant	N/A		-	4,545	-
N.C. Clean Water Management Trust Fund	N/A N/A		-	60,131	
West State Water Management Trast Fund	IN/A		-	149,224	-
N.C. Parks and Recreation Authority:					
N.C. Parks and Recreation Trust Fund	N/A		_	66.327	_
				00.027	_
N.C. Department of Transportation					
Powell Bill	N/A	9.9000	_	565.302	_
Bike Grant	N/A		-	20,353	-
Total assistance state programs			*	875,031	
Total assistance			\$ 3,019,818	\$ 875,031	<u>\$</u>

Note to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Financial Awards:

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards includes the federal and State grant activity of the City of Albemarle and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and the State Single Audit Implementation Act.* Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in, the preparation of the basic financial statements.