CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2011

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA

CITY OFFICIALS

JUNE 30, 2011

MAYOR

ELBERT L. WHITLEY, JR.

CITY COUNCIL

TROY E. ALEXANDER - MAYOR PRO-TEM

MARTHA SUE HALL JACK F. NEEL

JUDY U. HOLCOMB T. ED UNDERWOOD

DEXTER G. TOWNSEND JEANETTE M. NAPIER

OTHER OFFICIALS

RAYMOND I. ALLEN CITY MANAGER

MICHAEL J. FERRIS ASSISTANT CITY MANAGER/

CITY CLERK

COLLEEN CONROY FINANCE OFFICER

DAVID A. BEAVER CITY ATTORNEY

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA TABLE OF CONTENTS June 30, 2011

Exhibit		Page No
	FINANCIAL SECTION	
	Independent Auditor's Report	1
	Management's Discussion and Analysis	
	Basic Financial Statements:	
	Government-wide Financial Statements:	
1	Statement of net assets	13
2	Statement of activities	14
	Fund Financial Statements:	
3	Balance sheet – governmental funds	15
4	Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance -	16
5	governmental funds	16
0	in fund balances of governmental funds to the statement of activities	17
6	Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance -	
7	budget and actual - general fund	
7	Statement of net assets – proprietary funds Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets -	19
O	proprietary funds	20
9	Statement of cash flows – proprietary funds	21
10	Statement of fiduciary net assets	
	Notes to the financial statements	23
	Required Supplemental Financial Data:	
	Law enforcement officers' special separation allowance -	
	schedule of funding progress	49
	Law enforcement officers special separation allowance -	50
	schedule of employer contributions Other postemployment benefits – schedule of funding progress	50
	Other postemployment benefits – schedule of employee contributions	
	Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
	Major Governmental Funds General Fund:	
A-1	Schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance -	
	budget and actual	53
A-2	City Hall Capital Project Fund:	
A-2	Schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - budget and actual – from inception	50
	Non-Major Governmental Funds:	
B-1	Combining balance sheet	59
B-2	Combining statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes	
	in fund balance	60
D 2	Comprehensive Bicycle Grant Fund	
B-3	Schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance -	04
	budget and actual - from inception E.E. Waddell Renovation Fund	61
B-4	Schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance -	
-	budget and actual - from inception	62

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA TABLE OF CONTENTS June 30, 2011

Exhibit		Page No.
	Recreation Grant Fund	
B-5	Schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance -	63
	budget and actual – from inception	05
- 1	Safe Routes to School Grant Fund	
B-6	Schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance -	64
	budget and actual - from inception	
D 7	Clean Water Management Trust Grant Fund	
B-7	Schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - budget and actual - from inception	65
	Brownfield Assessment Coalition Fund	
D 0	Schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance -	
B-8	budget and actual - from inception	66
D.O.	Morrow Chase CDBG Fund Schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance -	
B-9	budget and actual - from inception	67
	Justice Assistance Grant Fund	
B-10	Schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance -	
B-10	budget and actual – from inception	68
D 44	CDBG – Alfred Street Capital Project Fund	
B-11	Schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance -	60
	budget and actual – from inception	09
D 40	Synder Greenway Capital Project Fund	
B-12	Schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance -	70
	budget and actual – from inception	70
	Enterprise Funds:	
0.4	Water and Sewer Fund	
C-1	Schedule of revenues and expenditures - budget and actual	74
	(non-gaap)	
C-2	Sewer Capital Project Fund	
C-2	Schedule of revenues and expenditures - budget and actual (non-gaap) – from inception	74
	Water and Sewer Capital Project Fund	14
C-3	Schedule of revenues and expenditures - budget and actual	
0.0	(non-gaap) – from inception	75
	Waste Water Treatment Improvements Capital Project Fund	13
C-4	Schedule of revenues and expenditures - budget and actual	
	(non-gaap) – from inception	76
	Electric Fund	
C-5	Schedule of revenues and expenditures – budget and actual	
	(non-gaap)	77
	Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Fund	
C-6	Schedule of revenues and expenditures – budget and actual	
	(non-gaap)	79
	Landfill Capital Project Fund - Phase II	
C-7	Schedule of revenues and expenditures - budget and actual	
- 1	(non-gaap) – from inception	81
	Department of Public Housing	
C-8	Combining balance sheet	82
	Department of Public Housing	02
C-9	Combining schedule of revenues and expenses	22
_		

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA TABLE OF CONTENTS June 30, 2011

_	xhibit		Page No.
_	ATTIOIL	Department of Public Housing - Conventional	
	C-10	Schedule of revenues and expenditures - budget and actual (non-gaap)	84
		(non-gaap)	
	200	Department of Public Housing - Section 8	
	C-11	Schedule of revenues and expenditures - budget and actual	85
		(non-gaap)	
		Department of Public Housing - Conventional	
	C-12	Statement and certification of actual capital funds costs -	06
		uncompleted annual contributions contract A-1974	00
		Department of Public Housing - Conventional	
	C-13	Statement and certification of actual capital fund costs - uncompleted	
		annual contributions contract A-1974	87
		Department of Public Housing - Conventional	
	C-14	Statement and certification of actual capital fund costs - uncompleted	
	0-14	annual contributions contract A-1974	88
		Department of Public Housing - Conventional	
	C-15	Statement and certification of actual capital fund costs - uncompleted	
	C-15	annual contributions contract A-1974	89
		Department of Public Housing - Conventional	
	0.40	Statement and certification of actual capital fund costs -	
	C-16	annual contributions contract A-1974	90
	.21.72	Department of Public Housing - Conventional	
	C-17	Statement and certification of actual capital fund costs - uncompleted	04
		annual contributions contract A-1974	91
		Agency Fund:	
	D-1	Albemarle Downtown Development Corporation Tax District	2.5
		Statement of changes in assets and liabilities	92
		OTHER SCHEDULES	
	E-1	Schedule of ad valorem taxes receivable	93
	E-2	Analysis of current tax levy – city wide levy	
		COMPLIANCE SECTION	
		Report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance	
		and other matters based on an audit of financial statements performed	
			05
		in accordance with Government Auditing Standards	95
		Report on compliance with requirements applicable to each major federal	
		program and internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB	
		Circular A-133 and the State Single Audit Implementation Act	07
		Circular A-133 and the State Single Addit Implementation Act	97
		Depart on the second control of the second c	
		Report on compliance with requirements applicable to each major state program	
		and internal control over compliance in accordance with applicable	
		sections of OMB Circular A-133 and the State Single Audit Implementation	
		Act	99
		Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	101
		Corrective Action Plan	103
		Summary Schedule of Prior Year Findings	104
		Schedule of Expenditures of Endoral and State Asserda	105
		Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards	



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Albemarle, North Carolina

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Albemarle, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011 which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of City of Albemarle's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Albemarle ABC Board and the Albemarle Downtown Development Corporation. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors' whose reports thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Albemarle ABC Board and the Albemarle Downtown Development Corporation is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the Albemarle ABC Board and the Albemarle Downtown Development Corporation were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the report of the other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Albemarle, North Carolina as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where appropriate, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 27, 2011 on our consideration of City of Albemarle's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowances and the Other Postemployment Benefits Schedules of Funding Progress and Schedule of Employer Contributions on pages 3 through 11 and 48 through 51 respectively, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit this information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the City of Albemarle, North Carolina. The introductory information, combining, and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and statistical tables as well as the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

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October 27, 2011

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Albemarle, we offer readers of the City of Albemarle's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Albemarle for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the City's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City of Albemarle exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$71,173,957.
- The government's total net assets increased by \$1,528,339, primarily due to revenues exceeding expenditures.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Albemarle's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,622,266 a increase of \$626,691 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 54.5 percent of this total amount, or \$2,521,142, is available for spending at the government's discretion. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$2,455,541, or 20.0 percent of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- The City of Albemarle's total debt decreased by \$309,645 during the current fiscal year. The key factor in this increase is the debt payments exceeding new debt additions.
- The City of Albemarle maintained it's A bond rating for the thirteenth consecutive year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to City of Albemarle's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The basic financial statements present two different views of the City through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the City of Albemarle.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report Basic Management's Financial Discussion and Statements Analysis Notes to the Government-wide Fund Financial Financial Financial Statements Statements Statements Detail Summary_

Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the City's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 9) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the City's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the City's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the City's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the City's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the City's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets are the difference between the City's total assets and total liabilities. Measuring net assets is one way to gage the City's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities; 2) business-type activities; and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the City's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the City charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer, electric services, landfill services, and public housing offered by the City of Albemarle. The final category is the component unit. Although legally separate from the City, the ABC Board is important to the City because the City exercises control over the Board by appointing its members and because the Board is required to distribute its profits to the City. The Albemarle Downtown Development Corporation is another example of a component unit that is legally separate from the City, but the City exercises control over the Board.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 2) provide a more detailed look at the City's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Albemarle, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the City's budget ordinance. All of the funds of City of Albemarle can be divided into four categories: governmental funds, special revenue funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the City's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the City's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The City of Albemarle adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the City, the management of the City, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the City to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the City complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the City succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. To account for the difference between the budgetary basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis, a reconciliation showing the differences in the reported activities is shown at the end of the budgetary statement.

Special Revenue Funds — The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The City has numerous special revenue and capital project funds within the governmental fund types, those being the Comprehensive Bicycle Grant Fund, E.E. Waddell Renovation Fund, Recreation Grant Fund, Grant Fund, Clean Water Management Trust Grant Fund, Rural Center Grant Fund, Morrow Chase CDBG Fund, Justice Assistance Grant Fund, Synder Greenway Capital Project Fund and the CDBG Alfred Street Capital Project Fund. These funds are combined in the accompanying financial statements in the B-exhibits.

Proprietary Funds – City of Albemarle has four different proprietary funds. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. City of Albemarle uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer activity, its electric, landfill and public housing operations. These funds are the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Albemarle's own programs. The accounting used for the fiduciary funds is much like that used for the proprietary funds. The City of Albemarle has one Fiduciary Fund, which is an Agency Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are on pages 23 through 48 of this report.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the City of Albemarle's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on page 49 through 52 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As year-to-year financial information is accumulated on a consistent basis, changes in net assets may be observed and used to discuss the changing financial position of the City as a whole.

The following table provides a summary of the City's net assets:

The City of Albemarle's Net Assets

	Governmen	ntal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Tot	als
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Current and other assets	\$ 7,329,788	\$ 6,287,844	\$ 20,534,347	\$ 19,189,175	\$ 27,864,135	\$ 25,477,019
Capital assets	16,329,281	16,558,639	45,666,427	45,439,264	61,995,708	61,997,903
Total assets	23,659,069	22,846,483	66,200,774	64,628,439	89,859,843	87,474,922
Long-term liabilities	3,379,557	3,347,884	7,603,522	7,367,966	10,983,079	10,715,850
Other liabilities	2,636,048	2,471,111	5,066,759	4,642,343	7,702,807	7,113,454
Total liabilities	6,015,605	5,818,995	12,670,281	12,010,309	18,685,886	17,829,304
Net assets Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt	14,370,860	14,165,960	42.084.089	41,490,312	56,454,949	55,656,272
Restricted	1,967,251		-	-	1,967,251	-
Unrestricted	1,305,353	2,861,528	11,446,404	11,127,818	12,751,757	13,989,346
Total net assets	\$ 17,643,464	17,027,488	\$ 53,530,493	\$ 52,618,130	\$ 71,173,957	\$ 69,645,618

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets of the City of Albemarle exceeded liabilities by \$71,173,957 as of June 30, 2011. The City's net assets increased by \$1,528,339 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. The City of Albemarle uses capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Albemarle's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Several particular aspects of the City's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net assets:

- Continued diligence in the collection of ad valorem property taxes by maintaining a percentage of 95.01%, which is comparable to the statewide average.
- Continued low cost of debt due to the City's favorable bond rating.
- Continued recovery of bad debt due to the State's Debt Set-off Program.

The following table provides a summary of the City's changes in net assets:

The City of Albemarle's Changes Net Assets

	Governmen	ntal Activities	Business-tv	pe Activities	To	tals
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 1,153,997	\$ 857,929	\$ 39,271,416	\$ 37,519,388	\$ 40,425,413	\$ 38,377,317
Contributions	31.795	29,631	2,212,993	1,980,201	2,244,788	2,009,832
Contributions	1,208,590	1,561,706	658,096	1,184,465	1,866,686	2,746,351
General revenues:	.19991999	1144.7044	015,555			
Property taxes	5,642,857	5,661,574	2	1.2	5,642,857	5,661,574
Other taxes	4,018,883	3,919,861			4,018,883	3,919,861
Interest earned	33,304	55.594	49,211	96.253	82,515	151,847
Other	202,507	100,908	1,214,005	3,430,815	1,416,512	3,531,723
Total revenues	12,291,933	12,187,203	43,405,721	44,211,302	55,697,654	56,398,505
Expenses:						
General government	1,690,535	1,632,156		-	1,690,535	1,632,156
Public safety	6,469,334	6,470,518	4	-	6,469,334	6,470,518
Public works	2,277,094	2,215,974		-	2,277,094	2,215,974
Environmental protection	1,136,579	1,072,326	4		1,136,579	1,072,326
Economical development	97,547	35,426		-	97,547	35,426
Culture and recreation	1,213,362	1,147,193	12	-	1,213,362	1,147,193
Interest on long-term debt	113,574	130,530			113,574	130,530
Water and sewer		-	6,373,060	7,482,155	6,373,060	7,482,155
Electric			29,827,906	27,983,274	29,827,906	27,983,274
Landfill	4.1	-	2,053,366	2,248,007	2,053,366	2,248,007
Public housing		-	2,916,958	2,873,375	2,916,958	2,873,375
Total expenses	12,998,025	12,704,123	41,171,290	40,586,811	54,169,315	53,290,934
Increase in net assets before						
transfers	(706,092)	(516,920)	2,234,431	3,624,491	1,528,339	3,107,571
Transfers	1,322,068	(3.770,698)	(1,322,068)	3,770,698		-
Increase in net assets	615,976	(4,287,618)	912,363	7,395,189	1,528,339	3,107,571
Net assets, July 1	17,027,488	21,315,106	52,618,130	45,222,941	69,645,618	66,538,047
Net assets, June 30	\$ 17,643,464	\$ 17,027,488	\$ 53,530,493	\$ 52,618,130	\$ 71,173,957	\$ 69,645,618

Governmental activities: Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$615,976, thereby accounting for approximately 40% of the growth in the net assets of the City of Albemarle. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

Transfers to other funds of \$1,322,068

Business-type activities: Business-type activities increased the City of Albemarle's net assets by \$912,363, accounting for approximately 60% of the growth in the net assets of the City of Albemarle. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

Transfers from other funds of \$1,322,068

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Albemarle uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: The focus of the City of Albemarle's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Albemarle's financing requirements. Specifically, unreserved fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Albemarle. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$2,455,541, while total fund balance reached \$4,536,615. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 20.0 percent of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 36.9 percent of that same amount.

At June 30, 2011, the governmental funds of City of Albemarle reported a combined fund balance of \$4,622,266, a 15.7 percent increase over last year. Included in this change in fund balance are increases in fund balance in the General and Capital Projects Funds.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the City revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

- · Appropriated proceeds from loan through Build America Bonds for Landfill and Water/Sewer Equipment
- The City received a Grant from the Rural Center and a loan from NC Revolving Loan Fund for improvements to the Long Creek Wastewater Treatment Plant
- Final payment for the acquisition of the former Wiscasset Mils property
- The City appropriated GF Fund Balance for Redistricting Study
- To appropriate Revenue and Expenditures for Police
- The City received a Grant to continue the Greenway Project from AARA funds through NCDOT
- The City appropriated funds reserved for CDBGF projects to the Morrow Chase Project
- Appropriate Contributions made for EE Waddell Center

Proprietary Funds: The City of Albemarle's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net assets of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$1,980,262, those for the Electric Fund amounted to \$9,950,000, Public Housing \$1,395,860, and for the Landfill Fund \$(1,879,718). The total increase in net assets for all funds was \$64,703, \$257,108, \$345,868, and \$244,684, respectively. Other factors concerning the finances of these two funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City of Albemarle's business-type activities.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets: The City of Albemarle's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2011, totals \$61,995,708 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, roads and bridges, land, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following:

- Purchase of a SANS backup system for computer network security
- Purchase of Mobile Data Terminals for Fire Apparatus
- Completion of Phase II of the Roger F. Snyder Greenway
- Replacement of four Police Department vehicles
- Economic Development Incentive Grants for creation of jobs and expansion of the tax base at CCI and IAC
- Replacement of several desktop computers throughout the City as recommended by the City's
 IT Department
- Final acquisition of the former Jesse F. Niven Army Reserve Center from the Federal Government
- Resurfacing several City streets
- · Repair and replacement of deteriorated sidewalks

City of Albemarle's Capital Assets Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	Governmen	ntal Activities	Business-ty	oe Activities	To	tals
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Land	\$ 2,656,145	\$ 2,452,979	\$ 495,092	\$ 495,092	\$ 3,151,237	\$ 2,948,071
Infrastructure	3,647,216	3,085,021	11,474,144	11,936,240	15,121,360	15,021,261
	333,367	373,555	284,900	314,757	618,267	688,312
Other improvements	6.656.351	6.954,367	25.274.029	26,344,367	31,930,380	33,298,734
Buildings	744,784	828.813	2.811.065	2,430,311	3.555.849	3,259,124
Machinery and equipment	907.783	1.046.604	128,828	183,417	1.036.611	1,230,021
Mobile equipment Construction in progress	1,383,635	1,817,300	5,198,369	3,735,080	6,582,004	5,552,380
Total	\$ 16,329,281	\$16,558,639	\$45,666,427	\$45,439,264	\$ 61,995,708	\$ 61,997,903

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note 3. A. of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt: As of June 30, 2011, the City of Albemarle had total paid back all their bonded debt.

City of Albemarle's Outstanding Debt General Obligation Bonds

	Gov	vernmer	ntal Activi	ities	Busi	ness-ty	pe Activ	ities		7	otals	
	20	11	20	10	20	11	2	2010	20)11	_	2010
General obligation bonds	\$		\$	_	S		\$		\$		\$	

City of Albemarle's Outstanding Debt

The City of Albemarle's total debt decreased \$309,645 (3.3%) during the past fiscal year, primarily due to debt payments exceeding additional debt. The City of Albemarle does however owe \$1,138,973 on an inter-fund loan for the addition and renovation to the Public Safety Facility issued by the water/sewer and electric departments.

As mentioned in the financial highlights section of this document, the City of Albemarle maintained it's A3 rating with Moody's Investor Service and A rating from Standard and Poor's Corporation. This bond rating is a clear indication of the sound financial condition of the City of Albemarle. This achievement is a primary factor in keeping interest costs low on the City's outstanding debt.

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for City of Albemarle is \$79,481,036.

Additional information regarding the City of Albemarle's long-term debt can be found in note 3 .B. beginning on page 44 of this report.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2012

Governmental Activities: The proposed budget includes no new positions and no expansion of programs or services. The proposed budget maintains most existing services, with some reductions in program availability and operating hours for some facilities. No essential services are impacted, although capital expenditures continue to be significantly curtailed. I would like to commend the City's department heads and staff for their recognition of the current economic environment, and their corresponding restraint in their budget proposals.

For the eighth consecutive year I am proposing that there be no property tax increase. The proposed General Fund budget is \$12,190.050 with the ad valorem tax rate remaining at \$.56 per \$100 of valuation. Since Stanly County does not value property at 100%, this is an effective tax rate of \$.49.

This budget represents an overall decrease of 1% from the current year General Fund Budget, with 52% of the total General Fund budget being allocated to the Police and Fire Departments. As in past years, more than 100% of all the property tax revenue to be collected by the City will be required to fund the Police and Fire Departments. These two departments are projected to cost \$6.4 million while property tax collections are projected to be only \$5.6 million.

The budget proposes an increase in the household solid waste collection fee, which would increase from \$8.75 per month to \$9.75 per month. This would still only cover approximately 65% of the cost of collection of household garbage, trash, yard waste, and leaves. No increase in household solid waste disposal fees, small business roll out fees, planning and zoning fees, fire inspection and plans review fees, or business license fees is proposed.

Major projects in the General Fund include the replacement of three police vehicles, replacement of one third of the mobile data terminals in the Police Department; funding to contract with the Butterfly House to assist in the investigation of child abuse cases; financing costs for the purchase of two replacement fire apparatus; financing costs for renovation of the former Niven Center for Parks and Recreation Department offices, programs, and parks maintenance staff; \$100,000 investment in replacement computer system hardware and software in the Information Systems Department with this cost to be shared across all City funds; continued repair and replacement of sidewalks, funds to cover an increase in the contract cost for solid waste collection; and additional funding to address nuisance concerns and abandoned and dilapidated dwellings in the City.

The **Powell Bill Fund** is proposed at \$759,600 which is a 28% increase from the current Powell Bill Budget. The current year Powell Fund Budget represented a decrease of 22% from the past two years. The increase for FY 2011-2012 is primarily due to a larger than normal appropriation of Powell Bill Fund Balance, part of which will be used to reimburse the NC Department of Transportation for the City's 30% share of new sidewalks on the new section of US 52 South. The budget includes \$150,000 for asphalt resurfacing and street repairs, an increase of 50% from the FY 2010-2011 budget. This follows a decrease of funds for resurfacing of 50% in each of the prior two years.

Business-Type Activities: The Water and Sewer Budget is proposed at \$6,617,100, which is an increase of approximately 1% from FY 2010-2011. I have recommended no increase in the minimum charges for water and sewer. This means that small users will see no increase or a very small increase in their monthly bills. I am recommending an increase of 5.5% in water and sewer rates for usage above the minimum. Even if this increase is implemented, the City's water and sewer rates will still be well below the average for water and sewer rates across the state. The need to maintain the City's aging utility infrastructure and an increasingly stringent regulatory environment are the primary reasons for these recommended increases. The budget also includes the second part of the 50% match required for the \$1 million grant and \$3 million loan for major improvements at the Long Creek Wastewater Treatment Plant. The Water and Sewer Budget also includes funds to continue the replacement of flocculators at the US 52 Water Treatment Plant and to repair the roof of the chlorine building at that plant; replacement of filters, repairs to filtration basins, and partial roof replacement at the Tuckertown WTP, continuation of sewer system improvements to address inflow and infiltration; and the replacement of a service truck and sewer right of way mowing tractor in the WS Systems Division.

The Electric Fund has a proposed budget of \$31,762,650. This represents an increase of 6% over the current year. The City will receive from the North Carolina Municipal Power Agency One a wholesale rate increase of 5.0% effective July 1, 2011. The budget proposes a retail rate adjustment of 4.0% effective July 1, 2011 to partially offset the wholesale rate increase we are receiving. The recommended budget includes funding for a temporary bush hog crew to mow rural electric lines which have not been mowed in several years. It also includes funding to replace a meter reading truck and an electric line truck.

The Solid Waste Disposal Fund is proposed at \$2,167,100 for FY 2011-2012, which constitutes an increase of approximately 2% from the current year. I am recommending a \$1 per ton increase in the municipal solid waste disposal fee, from \$35 to \$36; and an increase in the construction and demolition fee of \$1 from \$32 to \$33. These fee increases are needed to pay the debt service on the landfill expansion recently completed and to offset address increased costs due to more stringent state regulatory requirements. Both of these disposal rates will remain competitive with rates of other facilities in North Carolina.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the City's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Director of Finance, City of Albemarle, P.O. Box 190, Albemarle, North Carolina 28002.

	D	rimary Governme	nt	Compon	ent Units
	Governmental	Business-type Activities	Total	Albemarle Downtown Development Corporation	City of Albemarle ABC Board
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Total	Corporation	/ IDO DOGIN
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,863,138	\$12,460,483	\$ 17,323,621	\$ 62,519	\$ 86,967
Receivables:					
Taxes receivable - net	638,427		638,427	-	1.5
Accounts receivable	404,007	4,176,473	4,580,480	45.44	30
Due from other governments	1,623,902	20,890	1,644,792	85,650	-
Internal balances	(1,138,973)	1,138,973		-	244.000
Inventories	33,873	2,644,053	2,677,926	550	214,898
Deferred charges		1,973	1,973		0.004
Prepaid expenses	105,414	91,502	196,916		6,321
Total current assets	6,529,788	20,534,347	27,064,135	148,719	308,216
Non-current assets			7.000.0		
Note receivable	800,000	-	800,000		
Capital assets					
Land, and construction in progress	4,039,780	5,693,463	9,733,243	116,423	261,417
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	12,289,501	39,972,964	52,262,465	643,050	944,329
Total capital assets	16,329,281	45,666,427	61,995,708	759,473	1,205,746
Total non-current assets	17,129,281	45,666,427	62,795,708	759,473	1,205,746
Total assets	23,659,069	66,200,774	89,859,843	908,192	1,513,962
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	774,004	3,592,490	4,366,494	1,866	210,024
Deposits	1,400	587,516	588,916	1/2	m
Unearned earnings	1,293,316	3,704	1,297,020	-	9
Current portion of long-term liabilities	567,328	883,049	1,450,377	7,252	
Accrued interest payable				2,149	-
Total current liabilities	2,636,048	5,066,759	7,702,807	11,267	210,024
Long-term liabilities					
Accrued landfill closure and postclosure costs Long-term liabilities:		3,925,472	3,925,472	Ψ.	
Due in more than one year	3,379,557	3,678,050	7,057,607	55,092	-
Total long-term liabilities	3,379,557	7,603,522	10,983,079	55,092	
Total liabilities	6,015,605	12,670,281	18,685,886	66,359	210,024
Net Assets					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	14,370,860	42,084,089	56,454,949	697,129	1,205,747 64,401
Stabilization by State Statute	1,507,584		1,507,584	4	- 1, 191
Economic development	30,330		30,330		1
Other functions	429,337	100000	429,337	127,492	12
Unrestricted	1,305,353	11,446,404	12,751,757	17,212	33,790
Total net assets	\$ 17,643,464	\$53,530,493	\$ 71,173,957	\$ 841,833	\$ 1,303,938

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

			Program Revenues		Net (Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets Primary Government	nd Changes in Net A	ssets
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		Component
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
Primary government Governmental activities								
General government	\$ 1,690,535	\$ 21,915	9	\$ 157,450	\$ (1,511,170)	69	\$ (1,511,170)	1
Public safety	6,469,334	25,508	31,795	31,282	(6,380,749)		(6,380,749)	
Public works	2,277,094	1,026,813		505,844	(744,437)		(1 136 579)	
Environmental protection Fronomic and physical development	97.547			40 916	(56.631)		(56,631)	
Cultural and recreational	1,213,362	79,761	,	473,098	(660,503)	,	(660,503)	
Interest on long-term debt	113,574				(113,574)		(113,574)	
Total governmental activities	12,998,025	1,153,997	31,795	1,208,590	(10,603,643)		(10,603,643)	
Business-type activities								
Water and sewer	6.373.060	6.429.806		40,000		96,746	96,746	
Electric	29,827,906	30,307,901		44,097		524,092	524,092	
Landfill	2,053,366	2,104,072		9,355		60,061	60,061	
Department of public housing	2,916,958	429,637	2,212,993	564,644		290,316	290,316	×
Total business-type activities	41,171,290	39,271,416	2,212,993	658,096	r	971,215	971,215	
Total primary government	\$ 54,169,315	\$ 40,425,413	\$ 2,244,788	\$ 1,866,686	\$ (10,603,643)	\$ 971,215	\$ (9,632,428)	69
Component units								
Corporation	\$ 234,436	49	\$ 119,972	69	69	69	69	\$ (114,464)
Albemarle ABC Board	2	2,189,078			*	1		73,155
Total component units	\$ 2,350,359	\$ 2,189,078	\$ 119,972	49		•	1	(41,309)
	General revenues	U						
	Taxes							10
	Property taxe	Property taxes, levied for general purposes	burposes		5,642,857	,	5,642,857	41,825
	Other taxes and licenses	and licenses			4,018,883		200,010,4	348
	Unrestricted in	Unrestricted investment earnings			33,304	1 214 005	1 416 512	94.026
	Transfers Transfers	leverines			1.322.068	(1,322,068)	'	1
		Total general revenues and transfers	es and transfers		11,219,619	(58,852)	11,160,767	136,199
	0	Change in net assets			615,976	912,363	1,528,339	94,890
	Net assets, beginning	pining			17,027,488	52,618,130	69,645,618	2,050,881
	Net assets, end of year	of year			\$ 17,643,464	\$ 53,530,493	\$ 71,173,957	\$ 2,145,771

		Major	Fund			T-4-1		Total
		General		City Hall ital Project Fund	N	Total on-Major Funds	Go	overnmental Funds
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,797,249	\$	130	\$	65,889	S	4,863,138
Receivables, net		222 127						638,427
Taxes		638,427		400 000		-		404,007
Accounts		304,007		100,000		420,325		1,623,902
Due from other governments		1,203,577		-		420,323		343,073
Due from other funds		343,073		-				33,873
Inventories		33,873						105,414
Prepaid expenses		105,414		-				800,000
Note receivable	_	800,000	-					000,000
Total assets	\$	8,225,620	\$	100,000	\$	486,214	\$	8,811,834
Liabilities and fund balances								
Liabilities		040 544			\$	157.490	\$	774,004
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	616,514	\$		Ф	157,490	D	1,400
Deposits		1,400 1,138,973		79,950		263,123		1,482,046
Due to other funds Deferred revenue		638,802		79,330		200,120		638,802
Unearned revenue		1,293,316						1,293,316
Total lightities		3,689,005		79,950		420,613		4,189,568
Total liabilities	-	3,009,005	_	79,950	_	420,013		4,103,300
Fund balances								
Nonspendable								122 222
Inventories		33,873		-				33,873
Restricted		100,000						
Stabilization by State Statute		1,507,584				,		1,507,584
Streets - Powell Bill		429,337		7.		7		429,337
Committed		10.000		00.050				20.000
Economic development		10,280		20,050		-		30,330
Assigned		400,000						100.000
Subsequent year's expenditures Unassigned		100,000 2,455,541				65,601		100,000 2,521,142
	-							
Total fund balances	-	4,536,615	_	20,050	-	65,601	-	4,622,266
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	8,225,620	\$	100,000	\$	486,214	\$	8,811,834
Reconciliation of fund balance as reported in the balanet assets - governmental activities			unds wit	h				
Fund balance as reported in the balance sheet - gr Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Capital assets used in governmental activities an	e statement of	f net assets are	differe	nt because fore, are			\$	4,622,266
not reported in the funds								16,329,281
Other long-term assets are not available to pay to are deferred in the funds Compensated absences not expected to be mat-								638,802
resources	oriany nquidat	od mili oxpono	abic av	diabio				(570,132
Net pension obligations								(439,201
Other postemployment benefits								(979,131
Long-term liabilities, principally installment purch due and payable in the current period and, the								(1,958,421
		And the same						12.2.2.2.2
Net assets of governmental activities							\$	17,643,464

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Major	City Hall	Total	
	General	Capital Project Fund	Total Non-Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues	4 5 550 700		¢.	\$ 5,550,706
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 5,550,706	\$ -	\$	256,490
Other taxes and licenses	256,490			3,766,109
Unrestricted intergovernmental	3,766,109	9.	530,271	1,240,385
Restricted intergovernmental	710,114		550,271	45,433
Permits and fees	45,433	-	-	1,108,564
Sales and services	1,108,564	E 14E	5.0	33,304
Investment earnings	28,159	5,145	8,324	202,507
Miscellaneous	194,183		0,324	202,507
Total revenues	11,659,758	5,145	538,595	12,203,498
Expenditures				
Current				17.000.000
General government	1,442,843	-	15.65	1,442,843
Public safety	6,101,012		4,560	6,105,572
Public works	2,001,471		-	2,001,471
Environmental protection	1,136,579			1,136,579
Economic and physical development			97,547	97,547
Cultural and recreation	1,060,152		-	1,060,152
Debt service:				
Principal	434,258		4	434,258
Interest	113,574	-		113,574
Capital outlay			506,879	506,879
Total expenditures	12,289,889		608,986	12,898,875
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(630,131)	5,145	(70,391)	(695,377)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers from other funds	1,387,235		58,406	1,445,641
Transfers to other funds	(83,406)	(29,887)	(10,280)	(123,573)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,303,829	(29,887)	48,126	1,322,068
Net change in fund balances	673,698	(24,742)	(22,265)	626,691
Fund balances - beginning	3,862,917	44,792	87,866	3,995,575
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 4,536,615	\$ 20,050	\$ 65,601	\$ 4,622,266

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Amounts reported for governmental activities Net changes in fund balances - total gove	n the statement of activities are different because: ernmental funds	\$ 626,691
Governmental funds report capital outlays Activities the cost of those assets is allo as depreciation expense.	s as expenditures. However, in the Statement of ocated over their estimated useful lives and reported	
	Capital outlay	664,037
	Depreciation	(857,898)
	Asset transfers	(5,435)
	Asset reclassifications	(30,062)
Revenues in the statement of activities the not reported as revenues in the funds	at do not provide current financial resources are	
not reported as revenues in the failes	Taxes including interest and penalties	92,151
	Other deferred revenues	(3,716)
	nt of activities do not require the use of current not reported as expenditures in governmental	
	Compensated absences	19,768
	Current pension cost	(28,903)
	Other postemployment benefits	(294,915)
while the repayment of the principal of resources of governmental funds. Neit governmental funds report the effect of items when debt is first issued, wherea	current financial resources to governmental funds, long-term debt consumes the current financial her transaction has any effect on net assets. Also, issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar s these amounts are deferred and amortized in it is the net effect of these differences in the litems.	434,258
Total changes in net assets of governme	ntal activities	\$ 615,976

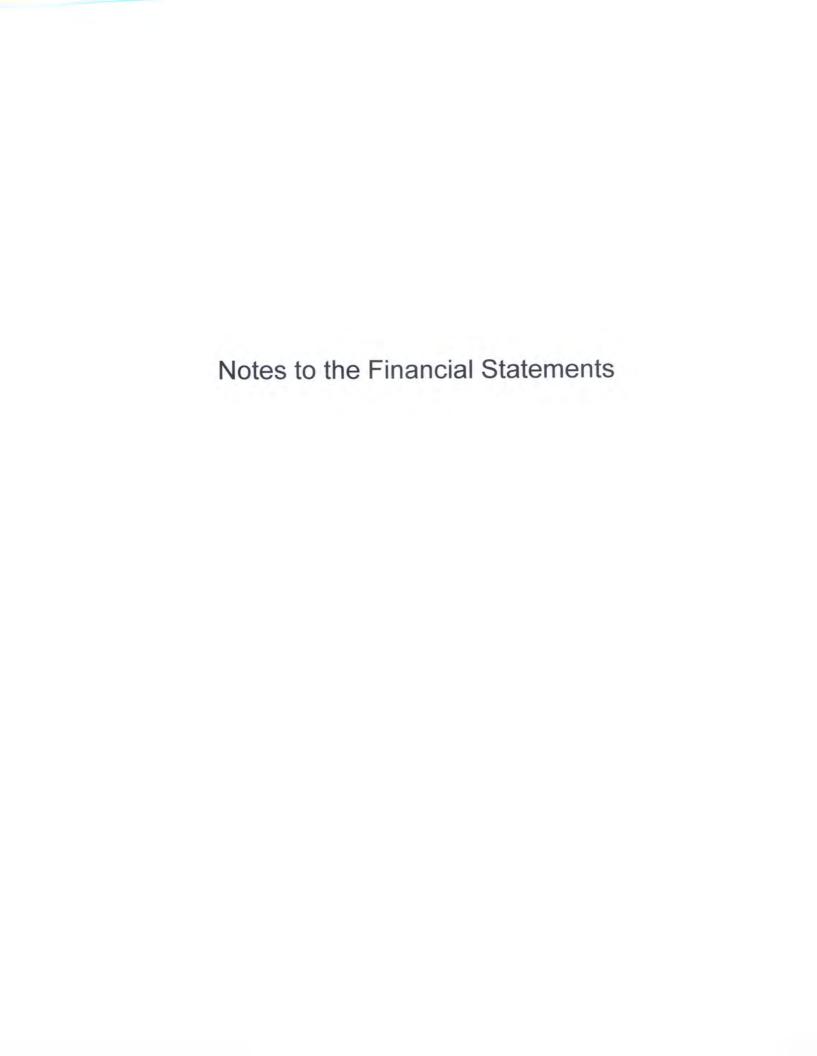
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	V	/ariance /ith Final Positive Negative)
Revenues								
Ad valorem taxes	\$	5,623,350	\$	5,623,350	\$	5,550,706	\$	(72,644)
Other taxes and licenses		253,100		253,100		256,490		3,390
Unrestricted intergovernmental		3,621,150		3,621,150		3,766,109		144,959
Restricted intergovernmental		636,525		636,525		710,114		73,589
Permits and fees		58,400		58,400		45,433		(12,967)
Sales and services		1,052,434		1,122,800		1,108,564		(14,236)
Investment earnings		62,300		62,300		28,159		(34,141)
Miscellaneous	_	95,591	-	95,591	-	194,183	_	98,592
Total revenues	1	11,402,850	_	11,473,216	_	11,659,758	_	186,542
Expenditures								
Current								
General government		1,479,549		1,516,150		1,442,843		73,307
Public safety		6,310,250		6,378,730		6,101,012		277,718
Public works		2,198,400		2,198,400		2,001,471		196,929
Cultural and recreational		1,178,150		1,180,036		1,060,152		119,884
Environmental protection		1,138,000		1,138,000		1,136,579		1,421
Debt service				31.55.61.63.5		.,		
Principal		434,550		434,550		434,258		292
Interest	_	114,000	_	114,000	_	113,574	_	426
Total expenditures		12,852,899		12,959,866	_	12,289,889	_	669,977
Revenues over (under) expenditures	10	(1,450,049)	_	(1,486,650)	_	(630,131)	Į	856,519
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers from other funds		1,415,000		1,415,000		1,387,235		(27,765)
Transfers to other funds	_	(68,051)	_	(68,051)	_	(83,406)	_	(15,355)
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,346,949	_	1,346,949	_	1,303,829	_	(43,120)
Appropriated fund balance	-	103,100	_	139,701				(139,701)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$			673,698	13	673,698
Fund balance - beginning as previously reported					_	3,862,917		
Fund balance - end of year					\$	4,536,615		

	Major Funds									
	-	Water and	Electric			Landfill		epartment of		
		Sewer Fund		Fund		Fund		blic Housing		Total
Assets										
Current assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,388,460	\$	6,924,560	\$	2,580,742	\$	1,566,721	\$	12,460,483
Accounts receivable - net		839,490		3,181,238		153,880		1,865		4,176,473
Due from other governments						-		20,890		20,890
Due from other funds		379,620		1,122,804		-		-		1,502,424
Inventories		400,674		2,243,379				-		2,644,053
Deferred charges		1,973				-				1,973
Prepaid expenses		29,931		55,634		1,731		4,206		91,502
Total current assets	Ξ	3,040,148	Į	13,527,615		2,736,353	Ξ	1,593,682		20,897,798
G. A. C.										
Noncurrent assets										
Capital assets		619,554		31,963		4,065,086		976,860		5.693.463
Land, improvements and construction in progress								4000		
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	_	27,103,339	-	6,094,475	_	1,251,987	_	5,523,163	-	39,972,964
Total capital assets, net	_	27,722,893	-	6,126,438	-	5,317,073	-	6,500,023	-	45,666,427
Total assets	\$	30,763,041	\$	19,654,053	\$	8,053,426	\$	8,093,705	\$	66,564,225
Liabilities										
Current liabilities										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	576,446	\$	2,703,522	\$	238,231	\$	74,291	\$	3,592,490
Customer deposits				541,485		6,000		40,031		587,516
Due to other funds						363,451				363,451
Compensated absences - current		70,347		64,071		10,501		100		145,019
General obligation bonds payable - current										
Installment purchase agreements payable - current		118,673		151,875		467,482		-		738,030
Deferred revenue		1,973		11 71 71				1,731		3,704
Total current liabilities		767,439	Ī	3,460,953		1,085,665		116,153		5,430,210
N. San A. Calendar										
Noncurrent liabilities						2 025 472				3.925,472
Accrued landfill closure and postclosure costs		70.040		04.070		3,925,472		25.667		1/10/14/00
Compensated absences		70,346		64,072		10,502				170,587
Other postemployment benefits		340,774		204,465		61,914		56,002		663,155
General obligation bonds payable - noncurrent (net)				3		7.00		1.00		They will
Installment purchase agreements payable - noncurrent	-	875,173	-	1,572,031	_	379,541	-	17,563	-	2,844,308
Total noncurrent liabilities	-	1,286,293	=	1,840,568	-	4,377,429	-	99,232	-	7,603,522
Total liabilities	-	2,053,732	-	5,301,521	-	5,463,094	-	215,385	-	13,033,732
Net assets										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		26,729,047		4,402,532		4,470,050		6,482,460		42,084,089
Unrestricted	_	1,980,262	_	9,950,000	_	(1,879,718)	_	1,395,860		11,446,404
Total net assets	\$	28,709,309	\$	14,352,532	\$	2,590,332	\$	7,878,320	\$	53,530,493

	Major Funds							
		Nater and ewer Fund		Electric Fund		Landfill Fund	Department of Public Housing	Total
Operating Revenues						Ferning		GJESTAN JOHN
Charges for sales and services	\$	6,429,806	\$	30,307,901	\$	2,104,072	\$ -	\$ 38,841,779
Rental income				8			429,637	429,637
Other operating revenues	_	189,398	-	973,334	_	7,659	32,559	1,202,950
Total operating revenues	_	6,619,204	_	31,281,235	_	2,111,731	462,196	40,474,366
Operating Expenses								
Administrative		852,982		1,211,635			507,919	2,572,536
Customer service		-		171,731		-		171,731
Electrical operations				2,513,146		-	-	2,513,146
Electri power purchases		1.2		25,227,973				25,227,973
Water operations		1,590,431		-		4		1,590,431
Sewer operations		1,243,346		10				1,243,346
Systems division		1,291,387						1,291,387
Tenant services		1,291,307		100			9,011	9,011
1,7012011 7,741117 7		-		- 6			390.054	390.054
Utilities								265,808
Ordinary Maintenance and operation		1.5				- 7	265,808	757.5A7 CO
General expenses		-		1			68,944	68,944
Housing assistance payments		-		~		-	1,353,488	1,353,488
Nonroutine maintenance				-		100	30,067	30,067
Landfill operations		15		~		1,942,274		1,942,274
Depreciation	-	1,360,802	_	641,388	_	37,167	291,152	2,330,509
Total operating expense	-	6,338,948	Ĺ	29,765,873		1,979,441	2,916,443	41,000,705
Operating income (loss)		280,256	_	1,515,362	_	132,290	(2,454,247)	(526,339)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)								
Operating grants		-		-			2,212,993	2,212,993
Capital grants		40,000				9,355	564,644	613,999
Gain on disposal of assets		17,412		21,908		(41,308)	and Administration	(1,988
Investment earnings		4,894		29,270		4,821	10,226	49,211
Interest and other charges		(34,112))	(62,033)		(47,858)	(515)	
Other nonoperating (expenses) income	_	276	_	1,500,000	_	(26,067)	12,767	(13,024
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	_	28,470		(10,855)	_	(101,057)	2,800,115	2,716,673
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	0	308,726		1,504,507	4-	31,233	345,868	2,190,334
Capital contributions				44,097				44,097
Transfers to other funds		(250,000)		(1,328,451)		(150,000)		(1,728,451)
Transfers from other funds	_	5,977	_	36,955	_	363,451		406,383
Change in net assets		64,703		257,108		244,684	345,868	912,363
Total net assets, beginning	=	28,644,606	_	14,095,424		2,345,648	7,532,452	52,618,130
Total net assets, ending	\$	28,709,309	\$	14,352,532	\$	2,590,332	\$ 7,878,320	\$ 53,530,493

	Enterprise Funds					
	Water and Sewer Fund	Electric Fund	Landfill Fund	Department of Public	Total	
Cash flows from operating activities:	0.0.100.104	0.20.044.507	\$ 2,148,117	\$ 451,012	\$ 39,669,857	
Cash received from customers	\$ 6,426,161 (1,822,721)	\$ 30,644,567 (26,767,337)	(751,304)	(2.004.415)	(31,345,777)	
Cash paid for goods and services Cash paid to employees for services	(2,984,611)	(2,301,423)	(621,587)	(568,885)	(6,476,506)	
Customer deposits received	(2,00 (,01)	86,912		1,210	88,122	
Customer deposits returned		(13,442)		(4,094)	(17,536)	
Other operating revenues	189,398	973,334	7,659	32,559	1,202,950	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	1,808,227	2,622,611	782,885	(2,092,613)	3,121,110	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:					67	
Operating grants and subsidies			107 45	2,212,993	2,212,993	
Due from (to) other funds	41,384	(280,671)	363,451	1,598	125,762	
Transfers from other funds	5,977	36,955	363,451	9	406,383 (1,728,451)	
Transfers to other funds	(250,000)	(1,328,451)	(150,000)	2 214 501		
Total cash flows from noncapital financing activities	(202,639)	(1,572,167)	576,902	2,214,591	1,016,687	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	(1,180,087)	(118,799)	(737,791)	(569,946)	(2,606,623)	
Acquisition of capital assets Principal paid on bonds and installment purchase agreements	(124,728)	(151,210)	(419,139)	(4,483)	(699,560)	
Interest paid on bonds and installment purchase agreements	(34,112)	(62,033)	(47,858)	(515)	(144,518)	
Proceeds from installment financing	111,212	(02,000)	221,733	-	332,945	
Proceeds from sale of assets	17,656		13,525		31,181	
Capital grants	40,000	44,097	9,355	564,644	658,096	
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	_(1,170,059)	(287,945)	(960,175)	(10,300)	(2,428,479)	
Cash flows from investing activities:	4 904	29,270	4,821	10,226	49,211	
Interest earned on investments	4,894	29,270	4,021	10,220	49,211	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	440,423	791,769	404,433	121,904	1,758,529	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	948,037	6,132,791	2,176,309	1,444,817	10,701,954	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 1,388,460	\$ 6,924,560	\$ 2,580,742	\$ 1,566,721	\$ 12,460,483	
Reconciliation of operating income to net						
cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$ 280,256	C 1 515 262	\$ 132,290	\$ (2,454,247)	\$ (526,339)	
Operating income (loss)	\$ 280,256	\$ 1,515,362	\$ 132,290	\$ (2,434,241)	\$ (526,539)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation	1,360,802	641,388	37,167	285,025	2,324,382	
Other nonoperating income (expense)	276	21,908	(26,067)	12,767	8,884	
Changes in assets and liabilities:						
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(3,645)	336,666	44,045	21,375	398,441	
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	(23,361)	(51,172)	(110)	3,519	(71,124)	
(Increase) decrease in inventory	(14,420)	(27,606)		-	(42,026)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and	444 577	E0 244	00.007	22.044	202 200	
accrued liabilities	111,577	58,341	99,627	23,844	293,389	
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits Decrease (increase) in accrued compensated absences	(0.094)	73,470	2 220	(2,884)	70,586	
Increase in postemployment benefits	(9,084) 105,826	(6,950) 61,204	2,228 16,070	(296) 18,181	(14,102) 201,281	
Increase in posternipoyment benefits Increase in accrued landfill closure and postclosure costs	103,020	01,204	477,635	10,101	477,635	
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues				103	103	
Total adjustments	1,527,971	1,107,249	650,595	361,634	3,647,449	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 1,808,227	\$ 2,622,611	\$ 782,885	\$ (2,092,613)	\$ 3,121,110	

	Agency Fund
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 509
Liabilities and Net Assets	
Liabilities: Miscellaneous liabilities	509
Total liabilities	\$ 509



NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City of Albemarle, North Carolina and its discretely presented component unit conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Albemarle, North Carolina, is a municipal corporation which is governed by an elected mayor and a seven-member council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City and its component units, legally-separate entities for which the City is financially accountable. The discretely presented component units presented below are reported in separate columns in the City's financial statements in order to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City.

Albemarle Downtown Development Corporation

The Albemarle Downtown Development Corporation (ADDC) is a nonprofit organization dedicated to the revitalization of the downtown area of the City of Albemarle. The majority of the ADDC's board of directors is appointed by the City. The city also levies a municipal service district tax, which is distributed directly to the ADDC. The ADDC and its wholly owned subsidiary, Market Station, Inc., have a June 30 year end, and the consolidated financial information is presented as if it were a proprietary fund. Complete financial statements may be obtained from the entity's administrative offices located at 157 North Second Street, Albemarle, N.C. 28001.

City of Albemarle ABC Board

The members of the ABC Board's governing board are appointed by the City. In addition, the ABC Board is required by state statute to distribute its surpluses to the general fund of the City. The ABC Board, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a proprietary fund. Complete financial statements for the ABC Board may be obtained from the entity's administrative offices located at 1446 U.S. Highway 52 North, Albemarle, North Carolina 28001.

The following organization is included in the City of Albemarle's financial statements:

Albemarle Department of Public Housing

The Albemarle Department of Public Housing is a department of the City of Albemarle effective February 9, 1991, and is considered a proprietary fund and reported as an enterprise fund in these financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the primary government and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, streets and highways, sanitation, parks and recreation, and general governmental services.

City Hall Capital Project Fund. This fund accounts for City transfers and other revenues to construct the new City Hall Building and facilities.

The City reports the following non-major governmental funds:

Comprehensive Bicycle Grant Fund. This fund is used to accumulate monies to assist in the comprehensive planning of bicycle transportation.

E.E. Waddell Renovation Fund. This fund is used to account for grant monies restricted for the renovation of the E.E. Waddell Center.

Recreation Grant Fund. This fund is used to account for grant monies restricted for parks and recreation program expenses.

Safe Routes to School Grant Fund. This fund accounts for grant monies restricted for public safety program expenses.

CDBG Alfred Street Project Fund. This fund accounts for grant monies to facilitate the Alfred Street Redevelopment Project.

Rural Center Grant Fund. This fund accounts for grant monies for the DEST Family dentistry expenditures.

Clean Water Management Trust Grant Fund. This fund accounts for grant monies for flood mitigation at long creek.

Morrow Chase CDBG Fund. This fund accounts for grant monies restricted for water/sewer and street improvements.

B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Justice Assistance Grant Fund. This fund is used to account for grant monies restricted for use in public safety improvements.

Synder Greenway Capital Project Fund. This fund accounts for grant monies to facilitate the Synder Greenway redevelopment project.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water and Sewer Fund. This fund is used to account for the City's water and sewer operations.

Electric Fund. This fund is used to account for the City's electric operations.

Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Fund. This fund is used to account for the City's landfill operations.

Albemarle Department of Public Housing. This fund is used to account for the City's public housing operations.

The City reports the following fund types:

Agency Fund. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of operating results. An agency fund is used to account for assets the City holds on behalf of others. The City maintains the Municipal Service District, which accounts for tax revenues that the City is required to remit to the Albemarle Downtown Development Corporation.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the City are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues for the City enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under installment purchases are reported as other financing sources.

The City considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as a revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of January 1, 1993, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, Stanly County is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts in the County, including the City of Albemarle. For motor vehicles registered under the staggered system, property taxes are due the first day of the fourth month after the vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they become due. Therefore, the City's vehicle taxes for vehicles registered in Stanly County from March 2010 through February 2011 apply to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. Uncollected taxes that were billed during this period are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred revenues.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the City are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Grant revenues which are unearned at year-end are recorded as unearned revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

As permitted by generally accepted accounting principles, the City has elected to apply only applicable FASB Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989 that do not contradict GASB pronouncements in its accounting and reporting practices for its proprietary operations.

D. Budgetary Data

The City's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and the Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Special Revenue Funds, Capital Project Funds, and the Enterprise Capital Project and Capital Reserve Funds which are consolidated with the operating funds for reporting purposes. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations. All amendments must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary, the effects of which were not material. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the City, the ADDC, and the ABC Board are made in council-designated official depositories and are secured as required by state law [G.S. 159-31]. The City, the ADDC, and the ABC Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the City, the ADDC, and the ABC Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the City, the ADDC, and the ABC Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

The City, the ADDC's and the ABC Board's investments with a maturity of more than one year at acquisition and non-money market investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices. The securities of the NCCMT Cash Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund, are valued at fair value, which is the NCCMT's share price. The NCCMT Term Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value. Money market investments that have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less are reported at amortized cost.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents. The ADDC and the ABC Board consider all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

3. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with state law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the City levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1st, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2010. As allowed by State law, the City has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes which are paid prior to the due date. In the City's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

4. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity (Continued)

5. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the City, the ADDC, and the ABC Board are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The City's General Fund inventory consists of expendable supplies that are recorded as expenditures as used rather than when purchased.

The inventories of the City's Enterprise Funds and the ADDC consist of materials and supplies held for subsequent use. The inventories of the ABC Board consist of items held for resale. The cost of these inventories is expensed when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

6. Note Receivable

At June 30, 2008 the City attained a note receivable from Lillian Mill Group, LLC in regards to the City's renovations to the Historic Lillian Mills Building (Five Points Redevelopment Project). This note will be activated (earned) upon completion of all improvements as contemplated in the legally binding commitment by the city. The anticipation date of completion is march 2010. This note will be paid to the city with accrued interest in march 2015. This transaction is currently recorded at the city as a note receivable and unearned revenue for \$800,000.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years.

The City's purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the time of donation. Minimum capitalization costs are \$5,000 for the following types of assets: land, improvements, buildings, infrastructure, substations, lines, plant and distribution systems, equipment and vehicles. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. General infrastructure capital assets, including roads, bridges, streets and sidewalks, and curbs and gutters are capitalized as "Infrastructure". General infrastructure capital assets acquired prior to July 1, 2004, or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July1, 1980, are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity (Continued)

Capital assets used in the governmental and business-type activities of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives						
Buildings and Improvements	25-31	years					
Electric Distribution System	25	years					
Water Distribution Lines	30-50	years					
Sewer Distribution Lines	30	years					
Infrastructure	30-50	years					
Equipment	5-15	years					
Vehicles	4-6	years					

Property and equipment of the ADDC are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis.

Property and equipment of the ABC Board are depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives					
Equipment	5-10	years				
Leasehold Improvements	7	years				

8. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity (Continued)

9. Compensated Absences

The vacation policies of the City provide for the accumulation of up to two hundred (200) hours earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. The number of maximum accumulated days depends on years of service. For the City's government-wide and proprietary funds an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The City has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The Albemarle Downtown Development Corporation has no specific policy regarding accrual of earned vacation leave. The ADDC has no liability for unused vacation leave at June 30, 2011.

ABC Board employees may accumulate up to 20 days of earned vacation leave. Accumulated earned vacation leave is included in accrued expenses.

The City's, the ADDC's, and the ABC Board's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the City, ADDC, and the ABC Board have no obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

10. Net Assets/Fund Balances

Net Assets

Net assets in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net assets represent constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Non-spendable Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Inventories – portion of fund balance that is not and available resource because it represents the year-end balance of ending inventories, which are not spendable resources.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute - portion of fund balance that is restricted by State Statute [G.S. 159-8(a)].

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity (Continued)

10. Net Assets/Fund Balances (Continued)

Restricted for Streets – Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Committed Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of City of Albemarle's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). Any changes or removal of specific purpose requires majority action by the governing body.

Committed for Economic Development - portion of fund balance as signed by the Board of Economic Development.

Assigned fund balance - portion of fund balance that the City of Albemarle intends to use for specific purpose

Subsequent year's expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation.

Unassigned fund balance – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, the following expenditures exceeded their authorized appropriations made by the governing board:

Genera	Fund:

Transfer from General Fund to the E.E. Waddell Renovation Fund	\$ 15,399
Morrow Chase CDBG Fund: Street improvements	26,635
Snyder Greenway Project Fund: Engineering	16,227
Water and Sewer Fund: Water Treatment Plant Sewer Treatment Plant	33,581 16,184
Electric Fund: Electric Operations	449,319

Management and the Board will more closely review the budget reports to ensure compliance in future years.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All of the City's, the ADDC's and the ABC Board's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the City's, the ADDC's, or the ABC Board's agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the City, the ADDC, and the ABC Board, these deposits are considered to be held by the City's, the ADDC, and the ABC Board's agents in their names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for noninterest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits.

The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the City, the ACDD, or the ABC Board, or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the City, the ADDC, or the ABC Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for undercollaterization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The City has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The City complies with the provisions of G.S.159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured. The ADDC and the ABC Board have no formal policies regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2011, the City's deposits had a carrying amount of \$16,756,832 and a bank balance of \$16,811,996. Of the bank balance, \$1,820,848 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$14,991,148 was covered by collateral held under the pooling method. At June 30, 2011, the City's petty cash fund totaled \$3,008. The carrying amount of the deposits for the ADDC was \$73,608 and a bank balance of \$62,519. Of the bank balance \$62,519 was covered by federal depository insurance. The carrying amount of deposits for the ABC Board was \$84,470 and a bank balance of \$78,821. Of the bank balance, the entire balance was covered by federal depository insurance. At June 30, 2011, the ABC Board's petty cash fund totaled \$2,497.

2. Investments

At June 30, 2011, the City of Albemarle had \$564,290 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Cash Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAA by Standard and Poor's. The City has no policy regarding credit risk.

3. Receivables - Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Assets are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

General Fund: Taxes receivable

\$143,000

A. Assets (Continued)

4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2011, was as follows:

Primary Government

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated	6 2 452 070	0 202 466	\$ -	\$ 2,656,145
Land	\$ 2,452,979	\$ 203,166	928.847	1,383,635
Construction in progress	1,817,300	495,182 698,348	928,847	4.039,780
Total capital assets not being depreciated	4,270,279	698,348	920,047	4,039,760
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings	9,385,198	11,955	352,897	9,044,256
Other improvements	655,482		9	655,482
Infrastructure	4,710,661	690,185		5,400,846
Equipment and furnishings	1,872,660	40,977	34,057	1,879,580
Mobile Equipment	4,051,217	115,922	95,509	4,071,630
Total capital assets being depreciated	20,675,218	859,039	482,463	21,051,794
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	2,430,831	298,559	341,485	2,387,905
Other improvements	281,927	40,188		322,115
Infrastructure	1,625,640	127,990		1,753,630
Equipment and furnishings	1,043,847	131,029	40,080	1,134,796
Mobile equipment	3,004,613	260,132	100,898	3,163,847
Total accumulated depreciation	8,386,858	\$ 857,898	\$ 482,463	8,762,293
Total capital assets being depreciated – net	12,288,360			12,289,501
Total Governmental Activities				
Capital assets – net	\$ 16,558,639			\$ 16,329,281

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$	226,303
Public safety		280,992
Public works		219,884
Recreation	-	130,719
Total depreciation expense	\$	857,898

A. Assets (Continued)

4. Capital Assets (Continued)

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Business-type activities				
Water and Sewer Fund				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 139,933	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 139,933
Construction in progress		479,621	1.0	479,621
Total capital assets not being depreciated	139,933	479,621		619,554
Capital assets being depreciated		65.985		
Buildings	34,836,712	26,268	7	34,862,980
Water and sewer lines	29,001,062	314,747		29,315,809
Equipment and vehicles	3,164,605	359,451	38,780	3,485,276
Total capital assets being depreciated	67,002,379	700,466	38,780	67,664,065
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	18,016,143	601,382	-	18,617,525
Water and sewer lines	18,909,347	605,996		19,515,343
Equipment and vehicles	2,312,969	153,424	38,535	2,427,858
Total accumulated depreciation	39,238,459	\$ 1,360,802	\$ 38,535	40,560,726
Total capital assets being depreciated - net	27,763,920			27,103,339
Water and Sewer Fund				
Capital Assets – net	27,903,853			27,722,893
Business-type activities	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Electric Fund				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 31,963	S -	\$ -	\$ 31,963
Construction in progress	-	-		7 7 7 7
Total capital assets not being depreciated	31,963	-		31,963
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings	5,140,629	11,955		5,152,584
Distribution lines	17,998,779		100	17,998,779
Equipment and vehicles	2,281,032	106,844	43,488	2,344,388
Total capital assets being depreciated	25,420,440	118,799	43,488	25,495,751
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	1,174,038	203,462	-	1,377,500
Distribution lines	16,154,254	231,858		16,386,112
Equipment and vehicles	1,475,084	206,068	43,488	1,637,664
Total accumulated depreciation	18,803,376	\$ 641,388	\$ 43,488	19,401,276
Total capital assets being depreciated – net	6,617,064			6,094,475
The state of the s	0,017,001			
Electric Fund Capital				
	6,649,027			6,126,438

A. Assets (Continued)

4. Capital Assets (Continued)

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Business-type activities				
Landfill Fund				
Capital assets not being depreciated			•	¢ 450.604
Land	\$ 159,691 3,461,634	\$ 443,761	\$	\$ 159,691 3,905,395
Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,621,325	443,761		4,065,086
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings	211,174	1		211,174
Landfill cell construction	3,148,443	22.22.7	400.00	3,148,443
Equipment and vehicles	2,442,520	294,031	111,000	2,625,551
Total capital assets being depreciated	5,802,137	294,031	111,000	5,985,168
Less accumulated depreciation		0.170		07.440
Buildings	60,946	6,173 2,113		67,119 3,087,432
Landfill cell construction Equipment and vehicles	3,085,319 1,605,915	28,882	56,167	1,578,630
Total accumulated depreciation	4,752,180	\$ 37,168	\$ 56,167	4,733,181
	1,049,957			1,251,987
Total capital assets being depreciated – net				1.75
Landfill Fund Capital Assets – net	4,671,282			5,317,073
	Beginning			Ending
Question and the second	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Business-type activities				
Department of Public Housing Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 163,505	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 163,505
Construction in progress	273,446	539,909	Ψ -	813,353
Total capital assets not being depreciated	436,951	539,909		976,860
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings	9,629,959	1		9,629,959
Improvements	593,407			593,407
Equipment	302,654	30,037	17,209	315,482
Total capital assets being depreciated	10,526,020	30,037	17,209	10,538,848
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	4,286,104	234,420		4,520,524
Improvements	278,650	29,857		308,507
Equipment	183,115	20,748	17,209	186,654
Total accumulated depreciation	4,747,869	\$ 285,025	\$ 17,209	5,015,685
Total capital assets being depreciated - net	5,778,151			5,523,163
Department of Public Housing				
Capital Assets - net	6,215,102			6,500,023
Business-type Activities Capital				
Assets, net	\$ 45,439,264			\$ 45,666,427

A. Assets (Continued)

Discretely presented component units:

Activity for the ADDC Board for the year ended June 30, 2011, was a follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$ 106,508	\$ 9,915	\$	\$ 116,423
Capital assets being depreciated				200.000
Buildings	908,778	(-)	-	908,778
Equipment	17,709		-	17,709
Total capital assets being depreciated	926,487			926,487
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	239,250	22,719	19	261,969
Equipment and vehicles	18,228	3,240	_	21,648
Total accumulated depreciation	257,478	\$ 25,959	\$ -	283,437
Depreciable assets, net	669,009			643,050
Total ADDC Board capital				
assets, net	\$ 775,517			\$ 759,473
Activity for the ABC Board for the year ended	June 30, 2011, was	s a follows:		
	Beginning			Ending

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$ 261,417	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 261,417
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings Equipment and furniture Total capital assets being depreciated	1,035,540 183,096 1,218,636		582 582	1,035,540 182,514 1,218,054
Less accumulated depreciation Buildings Equipment and furniture Total accumulated depreciation	134,754 121,115 255,869	27,004 12,477 \$ 39,481	21,625 \$ 21,625	161,758 111,967 273,725
Depreciable assets, net	962,767			944,329
Total ABC Board capital assets, net	\$ 1,224,184			\$ 1,205,746

B. Liabilities

1. Payables

Payables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2011, were as follows:

Vendors	Salaries and Benefits	Total
3 - 111-22	1 11111	0.00544
	\$ 347,927	\$ 616,514
157,490		157,490
\$ 426,077	\$ 347,927	\$ 774,004
\$ 449,430	\$ 127,016	\$ 576,446
2,602,456	101,066	2,703,522
	25,530	238,231
32,895	41,396	74,291
\$ 3,297,482	\$ 295,008	\$ 3,592,490
	\$ 268,587 157,490 \$ 426,077 \$ 449,430 2,602,456 212,701 32,895	Vendors Benefits \$ 268,587 157,490 \$ 347,927 \$ 426,077 \$ 347,927 \$ 449,430 127,016 2,602,456 101,066 212,701 25,530 32,895 41,396

2. Pension Plan Obligations

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The City of Albemarle and the ABC Board contribute to the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS provides retirement and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required to contribute six percent of their annual covered salary. The City and the ABC Board are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. For the City, the current rate for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers is 6.48% and 6.41%, respectively, of annual covered payroll. The ABC Board is currently required to contribute 7.64% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of members and of the City of Albemarle are established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly.

The City's contributions to LGERS for the years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009 were \$688,077, \$534,471, and \$531,846, respectively. The ABC Board's contributions to LGERS for the years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 were \$12,337, \$9,243, and \$8,541, respectively. The contributions made by the City and the ABC Board equaled the required contributions for each year.

The ADDC does not participate in LGERS.

- B. Liabilities (Continued)
- 2. Pension Plan Obligations (Continued)
- b. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

(1) Plan Description

The City of Albemarle, NC administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the City's qualified sworn law enforcement officers. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The plan does not issue a separate financial report.

All full-time law enforcement officers of the City are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2010, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits		8
Terminated plan members en	titled to but not	
yet receiving benefits		
Active plan members		_47
	Total	55

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting. The City has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Method Used to Value Investments. No funds are set aside to pay benefits and administration costs. These expenditures are paid as they come due.

(3) Contributions

The City is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the benefit payments on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. The City's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. There were no contributions made by employees.

The annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the December 31, 2010 actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 5.00% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and (b) projected salary increases of 4.25% to 7.85% per year. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 3.00%. The assumptions did not include post-retirement benefit increases.

B. Liabilities (Continued)

2. Pension Plan Obligations (Continued)

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation. The City's annual pension cost and net pension obligation to the Separation Allowance for the current year were as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$ 133,100
Interest on net pension obligation	20,515
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(21,966)
Annual pension cost	\$ 131,649
Contributions made	102,746
Increase (decrease) in net pension obligation	28,903
Net pension obligation beginning of fiscal year	410,298
Net pension obligation end of fiscal year	\$ 439,201

Three year Trend Information

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation End of Year
6/30/2009	\$ 98,791	83.69%	\$386,305
6/30/2010	\$ 106,672	77.51%	\$410,298
6/30/2011	\$ 131,649	78.05%	\$439,201

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of December 31 2010, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was not funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) was \$1,294,483. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$1,999,596, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 64.74 percent.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Regular and Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The City contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to employees of the City. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for law enforcement officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The States CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for law enforcement officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

B. Liabilities (Continued)

2. Pension Plan Obligations (Continued)

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the City to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of law enforcement officers' salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2011 were \$167,659, which consisted of \$123,897 from the City and \$43,762 from the law enforcement officers.

d. Firemen's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund

Plan Description. The State of North Carolina contributes, on behalf of the City of Albemarle, NC to the Firemen's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund (Fund), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation administered by the State of North Carolina. The Fund provides pension benefits for eligible fire and rescue squad workers that have elected to become members of the fund. Article 86 of G.S. Chapter 58 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Firemen's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required to contribute \$10 per month to the Fund. The State, a nonemployer contributor, funds the plan through appropriations. The City does not contribute to the Fund. Contribution requirements of plan members and the State of North Carolina are established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly.

Also, the City has recognized as a revenue and an expenditure on-behalf payments for fringe benefits and salaries of \$19,058 for the salary supplement and stipend benefits paid to eligible firemen by the local board of trustees of the Firemen's Relief Fund during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. Under State law the local board of trustees for the Fund receives an amount each year which the Board may use at its own discretion for eligible firemen or their departments.

e. Other Postemployment Benefit

Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description. Under the terms of a City resolution, the City administers a single-employer defined benefit Healthcare Benefits Plan (the HCB Plan). As of July 1, 1984, this plan provides postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees of the City, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (System) and have at least ten years (other service requirements also exist) of creditable service with the City. Prior to July 1, 1984, employees did not receive this benefit. The City pays a percentage of healthcare coverage, starting with ten years of creditable service and at twenty-five years of creditable service, the full cost of coverage. These benefits are paid through private insurers. Also, the City's retirees can purchase coverage for their dependents at the City's group rates. The City Council may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

Membership of the HCB Plan consisted of the following at December 31, 2010, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

	General Employees:	Enforcement Officers:
Retirees and dependents receiving benefits	28	8
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	0	0
Active plan members	226	47
Total	254	55

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- B. Liabilities (Continued)
- 2. Pension Plan Obligations (Continued)
- e. Other Postemployment Benefit (Continued)

Funding Policy. The City pays a percentage of healthcare coverage, starting with ten years of creditable service and at twenty-five years of creditable service, the full cost of coverage under a City resolution that can be amended by City Council. The City's members pay the actual cost per month for dependent coverage. The City has chosen to fund the healthcare benefits on a pay as you go basis.

The current ARC rate is 36.20% of annual covered payroll. For the current year, the City contributed \$281,850 or 6.59% of annual covered payroll. The City obtains healthcare coverage through private insurers. The City's required contributions, under a City resolution, for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers represented 36.20% and 36.20% of covered payroll, respectively. There were no contributions made by employees. The City's obligation to contribute to HCB Plan is established and may be amended by the City Council.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies. Postemployment expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. No funds are set aside to pay benefits and administration costs. These expenditures are paid as they come due.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The City's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation for the healthcare benefits:

Annual required contribution	\$ 775,996
Interest on net OPEB obligation	45,844
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(43,795)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	778,045
Contributions made	281,850
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	496,195
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	1,146,091
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 1,642,286

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2011 were as follows:

For Year			Percentage of Annual		
Ended		Annual	OPEB Cost	1	Net OPEB
June 30	O	PEB Cost	Contributed	_(Obligation
2009	\$	770,578	7.45%	\$	572,610
2010		773,721	6.94%		1,146,091
2011		778,045	36.20%		1,642,286

- B. Liabilities (Continued)
- 2. Pension Plan Obligations (Continued)
- e. Other Postemployment Benefit (Continued)

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of December 31, 2010, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was not funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits and, thus, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) was \$8,395,508. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$10,854,228, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 77.3 percent. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members at that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the December 31, 2010 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.00 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is the expected long-term investment returns on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual medical cost trend increase of 10.50 to 5.00 percent annually. The investment rate included a 3.00 percent inflation assumption. The actuarial value of assets, if any, was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a 5 year period. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2010, was 30 years.

f. Other Employment Benefits

The City has also elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, state-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan. The City has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. The City considers these contributions to be immaterial.

B. Liabilities (Continued)

3. Deferred/Unearned Revenues

The balance in deferred or unearned revenues at year-end is composed of the following:

	Deferred Revenue	Unearned Revenue
Prepaid privilege licenses (General) Note receivable (General)	\$ -	\$ 493,316 800,000
Taxes receivable, net (General) Assessments receivable (General) Prepaid rents (Business-type Funds)	638,427 375	3,704
	\$ 638,802	\$ 1,297,020

4. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City participates in two self-funded risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the City obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$2 million per occurrence, workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits and employee health coverage up to the statutory limits, and employee health coverage up to a \$1 million lifetime limit.

The City carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The ADDC is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The ADDC has insurance coverage for property, general liability, workers' compensation, and employee health coverage.

The ABC Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The ABC Board has insurance coverage for property, general liability, workers' compensation, and employee health coverage. The ABC Board also has liquor legal liability coverage.

The City does not carry flood insurance as none of their buildings are located in flood prone areas.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the City's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the City's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer and tax collector are each individually bonded for \$150,000 and \$100,000, respectively. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$50.000.

5. Claims, Judgments and Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2011, the City was a defendant to various lawsuits. In the opinion of the City's management and the City attorney, the ultimate effect of these legal matters will not have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued) B. Liabilities (Continued)

6. Long-Term Obligations

a. Installment Purchases	Governmental Activities	Serviced by Business-type Activities
In December 2006, the City entered into an installment purchase contract to finance fire equipment. The obligation is to be repaid in twenty quarterly payments of \$20,704, including interest at 3.59 percent, secured by the equipment.	\$ 40,858	\$ -
In December 2006, the City entered into an installment purchase contract to finance public utilities equipment. The obligation is to be repaid in twenty quarterly payments of \$9,159, including interest at 3.59%, secured by the equipment.		18,075
In October of 2007, the City entered into an installment contract to finance a Trashmaster (equipment) at the landfill. The obligation is to be repaid in twenty quarterly payments of \$35,665, including interest at 3.49%, secured by the equipment.		173,738
In December 2007, the City entered into an installment contract to finance a Vacuum Truck in Public Works. The obligation is to be repaid in twenty quarterly payments of \$11,763, including interest at 3.08%, secured by the equipment.	68,712	
In January 2008, the City entered into an installment contract to finance the expansion of the Landfill. The obligation is to be repaid in twenty quarterly payments of principal at \$65,000, and interest at 2.98%, secured by other Landfill equipment.		455,000
In April 2008, the City entered into an installment contract to finance the expansion of the New City Hall Building. The obligation is to be repaid in sixty quarterly payments of principal at \$87,500, and interest at 3.43%, secured by land and building.	1,680,000	2,520,000
In May 2009, the City entered into an installment contract to finance the purchase of a street superior public works. The obligation is to be repaid in sixty monthly payments of \$3,485, including interest at 2.83%, secured by the equipment.	107,382	
In March 2010, the City entered into an installment contract to finance the purchase of a telephone system & core switch. The obligation is to be repaid in sixty monthly payments of \$4,206, including interest at 2.815%, secured by the equipment.	61,469	114,156
In September 2010, the City entered into an installment contract to finance the purchase of various equipment. The obligation is to be repaid in ten semi-annual payments of \$35,723, including interest at 2.61%, secured by the equipment.		301,368
Total Installment Purchases	\$ 1,958,421	\$ 3,582,337

B. Liabilities (Continued)

6. Long-Term Obligations

a. Installment Purchases

The future minimum payments of the installment purchase contracts as of June 30, 2011, are as follows:

4 2	Governmen	Business-type Activities		
Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2012 2013	\$ 282,262 220,307	\$ 62,790 53,757	\$ 738,030 536,864	\$ 107,292 85,765
2014 2015	184,683 151,653	47,102 41,520	309,112 300,813	72,700 62,774
2016 2017-21	139,516 700,000	35,938 115,025	227,518 1,050,000	54,206 172,255
2022-26	280,000	7,503	420,000	11,236
Totals	\$1,958,421	\$ 363,635	\$3,582,337	\$ 566,228

At June 30, 2011 the City's legal debt margin is \$ 79,481,036.

c. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in the City's long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2011:

	Balance July 1, 2010	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2011	Current Portion of Balance
Governmental activities:					
Installment purchases	\$ 2,392,679	\$ -	\$ 434,258	\$ 1.958,421	\$ 282,262
Compensated absences	589,900	329,140	348,908	570,132	285,066
Net pension obligation	410,298	28,903	-	439,201	
Other postemployment benefits	684,216	294,915	- 4	979,131	
Governmental activity Long-term liabilities	\$ 4,077,093	\$ 652,958	\$ 783,166	\$ 3,946,885	\$ 567,328
Business-type activities:					2.377
Installment purchases	3,948,952	332,916	699,531	3,582,337	738,030
Compensated absences	329,708	190,293	204,395	315,606	145,019
Other postemployment benefits	461,875	201,280	-	663,155	
Business-type activity Long-term liabilities	\$ 4,740,535	\$ 724,489	\$ 903,926	\$ 4,561,098	\$ 883,049

Compensated absences for governmental activities have typically been liquidated in the general fund.

B. Liabilities (Continued)

7. Long-Term Obligations – Albemarle Downtown Development Corporation

The ADDC has entered into a note payable for the purchase of real property, secured by a deed of trust. Principal, along with interest at the rate of 5.25%, is due in annual installments of \$10,904. Annual debt service requirements for this note payable are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	P	rincipal		nterest
2012	\$	7,633	\$	3,654
2013		8,034		3,257
2014		8,456		2,840
2015		8,899		2,416
2016		9,342		1,992
Thereafter	_	19,980	_	3,217
	\$	62,344	\$	17,376

C. Interfund Balances and Activity

1. Transfers to/from other funds: Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2011, consist of the following:

From the City Hall Capital Project Fund to the General Fund for operating expenditures.	\$ 11,955
From the General Fund to the Electric Fund for operating expenditures.	25,000
From the CDG Alfred Street Project Fund to the General Fund for operating expenditures.	10,280
From the Water and Sewer Fund to the Waste Water Treatment Improvements Project Fund for operating expenditures.	500,000
From the General Fund to the E.E. Waddell Renovations Project for capital expenditures.	15,399
From the City Hall Project Fund to the Water and Sewer Fund for capital expenditures.	5,977
From the Water and Sewer Fund to the General Fund for operating expenditures.	250,000
From the Electric Fund to the Landfill Fund for operating expenditures.	363,451
From the General Fund to the Synder Greenway Project Fund for operating expenditures.	12,256
From the General Fund to the Brownfield Assessment Coalition Fund for operating expenditures.	3,750
From the General Fund to the Morrow Chase CDBG Project Fund for operating expenditures.	27,001
From the Water and Sewer Fund to the Water and Sewer (CKA) Project Fund for operating expenditures.	159,000
From the Electric Fund to the General Fund for operating expenditures.	275,000
From the City Hall Project Fund to the Electric Fund for operating expenditures.	11,955
From the Landfill Fund to the General Fund for operating expenditures.	150,000
From the Electric Fund to the General Fund for payment in lieu of taxes.	690,000

C. Interfund Balances and Activity (Continued)

2. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Water and Sewer Fund	General Fund to fund operations	379,620
Electric Fund	General Fund to fund operations	759,353
Electric Fund	Landfill Fund to fund operations	363,451
General Fund	Morrow Chase CDBG Fund	155,928
General Fund	Snyder Greenway Capital Project Fund	209,655
General Fund	City Hall Capital Project Fund to fund operations	79,950
General Fund	E.E. Waddell Fund	36,666
General Fund	Safe Routes to School Grant Fund	14,250
General Fund	Rural Center Grant Fund	3,826

D. On-Behalf Payments for Fringe Benefits and Salaries

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, the City of Albemarle has recognized on-behalf payments for pension contributions made by the state as a revenue and an expenditure of \$ 19,058 for the 18 volunteer firemen and the 39 employed fireman who perform firefighting duties for the town's fire department. The volunteers and employees elected to be members of the Firemen and Rescue Worker's Pension Fund, a cost sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system established and administered by the State of North Carolina. The Plan is funded by a \$10 monthly contribution paid by each member, investment income, and a State appropriation.

NOTE 4 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

North Carolina Municipal Power Agency Number 1

The City, in conjunction with twenty other local governments, is a member of the North Carolina City Municipal Power Agency Number 1 (Agency). The Agency was formed to enable municipalities that own electric distribution systems to finance, construct, own, operate, and maintain generation and transmission facilities. Each participating government appoints one commissioner to the Agency's governing board. The twenty-one members, which receive power from the Agency, have signed power sales agreements to purchase a specified share of the power generated by the Agency. Except for the power sales purchase requirements, no local government participant has any obligation, entitlement, or residual interest. The City's purchases of power for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 were \$25,227,973.

NOTE 4 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

Centralina Council of Governments

The City, in conjunction with nine counties and sixty-four other municipalities, participates in the Centralina Council of Governments (Council). The participating governments established the Council to coordinate various funding received from the federal and state agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Council's governing board. The City paid membership fees of \$ 4,007 to the Council during the year ended June 30, 2011.

NOTE 5 - SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The City has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

NOTE 6 - CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS - CITY OF ALBEMARLE LANDFILL FACILITY

The City operates two landfills which are referred to as the "old landfill" and the "new landfill." State and federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover on its landfills when they stop accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the sites for thirty years after closure. Although certain closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date each landfill stops accepting waste, the City reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$3,925,472 reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2011 represents a cumulative amount reported to date, based on the use of 100% of the total estimated capacity of the old landfill and 100% use of the new landfill. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The following is an analysis of landfill closure and postclosure liability at June 30, 2011:

Old Landfill	\$2,290,786
New Landfill	1,634,686

\$3,925,472

The City has met the requirements of a local government financial test that is one option under state and federal laws and regulations that help determine if a unit is financially able to meet closure and postclosure care requirements.

NOTE 7 - FUND BALANCE

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance – General fund	\$4,536,615
Inventories	33,873
Stabilization by State Statute	1,507,584
Streets - Powell Bill	429,337
Appropriated fund balance in 2012 budget	100,000
Economic development	1
Working Capital/Fund balance policy	2,465,821
Remaining fund balance	

Required Supplemental Financial Data

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles.

- Schedule of Funding Progress for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance.
- Schedule of Employer Contributions for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance.
- Schedule of Funding Progress for the Other Postemployment Benefits
- Schedule of Employer Contributions for the Other Postemployment Benefits.

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Projected Unit Credit (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (b-a)/c)
12/31/2005		667,716	667,716	0%	1,721,017	38.77%
12/31/2006		762,195	762,195	0%	1,817,640	41.93%
12/31/2007	-	918,171	918,171	0%	1,911,833	48.03%
12/31/2008		1,036,076	1,036,076	0%	1,900,489	54.52%
12/31/2009	1/4	1,363,832	1,363,832	0%	2,107,167	64.72%
12/31/2010	-	1,294,483	1,294,483	0%	1,999,596	64.74%

Year Ended June 30	ual Required intributions	Percentage Contributed
2009	\$ 98,791	83.69%
2010	\$ 106,672	77.51%
2011	\$ 131,649	78.05%

Notes to the Required Schedules:

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation date	December 31, 2010
Actuarial cost method	Projected unit credit
Amortization method	Level percent of pay closed
Remaining amortization period	20 Years
Asset valuation method	Market value
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	5.00%
Projected salary increases*	4.25% - 7.85%
*Includes inflation at	3.00%
Cost of living adjustments	N/A

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Projected Unit Credit (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b - a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as of % of Covered Payroll ((b - a)/c)
12/31/2007	0	9,175,039	9,175,039	0%	9,819,995	93.4%
12/31/2008	0	9,018,139	9,008,139	0%	10,354,140	87.1%
12/31/2009	0	8,983,695	8,983,695	0%	11,186,584	80.3%
12/31/2010	0	8,395,508	8,395,508	0%	10,854,228	77.3%

Annual Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed
770,578	7.45%
773,721	6.94%
778,045	36.20%
	770,578 773,721

Notes to the Required Schedules:

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation date	12/31/2010
Actuarial cost method	Projected unit credit
Amortization method	Level percent open
Remaining amortization period	30 years
Asset valuation method	Market vlaue
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return*	4.0%
Medical cost trend	10.50% - 5.00%
*Includes inflation at	3.00%
Cost of living adjustments	None

Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund – This fund accounts for resources traditionally associated with government that are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in other funds

City Hall Capital Project Fund – This fund accounts for City transfers and other revenues to construct the New City Hall Building and facilities.

			2011		
	Budget		Actual	P	ariance ositive egative)
	Dadget	,	Totaai	(140	gative)
Revenues					
Ad valorem taxes					
Current year	\$ -	\$	5,337,438	\$	1.
Prior years	_	7	175,969	7	
Penalties and interest	-		37,299		
Total	5,623,350		5,550,706		(72,644)
Other taxes and licenses					
Gross receipts tax on short-term rental property	-		18,113		0.4
Local occupancy tax	-		102,221		-
Privilege licenses			136,156		
Total	253,100		256,490		3,390
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues					
Local option sales tax	-		2,573,515		
Franchise tax			720,905		-
Telecommunications tax			197,322		
Video programming fees	-		142,393		
Piped natural gas tax	- 1		59,819		○ -
Beer and wine tax			72,008		-
Payment in lieu of taxes			147		-
Total	3,621,150	. 8	3,766,109	-	144,959
Restricted intergovernmental revenue					
ABC - law enforcement			4,156		-
Powell Bill allocation			505,844		-
Federal grants	-		15,025		-
Drug tax distribution	-		8,581		-
ABC Senate Bill Distribution	-		63,000		
Schools	-		94,450		-
On-behalf payments - fire	1.0		19,058		-
Total	636,525	_	710,114		73,589
Permits and fees					
Fire Department fees			23,518		
Housing fees			12,488		- 4
Inspection and rezoning fees			8,935		-
Nuisance abatements			492		
Total	58,400		45,433		(12,967)

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Total

2011 Variance Positive Budget Actual (Negative) Revenues (continued) Sales and service Court costs and fees 1,990 Refuse collection fees 1,026,813 Cultural and recreational fees 79,761 Total 1,122,800 1,108,564 (14, 236)Investment earnings 62,300 28,159 (34, 141)Miscellaneous Miscellaneous 108,666 Sale of surplus property 1,864 Sale of fixed assets 33,157 Lease revenue 500 Contributions 7,362 Insurance reimbursement 42,634 Total 95,591 194,183 98,592 Total revenues 11,473,216 11,659,758 186,542 Expenditures General government Administration Salaries and employee benefits 190,142 Other operating expenditures 235,437 Total 434,300 425,579 8,721 Information systems Salaries and employees benefits 62,417 Other operating expenditures 64,697 Capital outlay 22,199

152,750

149,313

3.437

		2011	
	200		Variance Positive
Evenenditures (Continued)	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Expenditures (Continued)			
General government (continued) Engineering			
Salaries and employees benefits		40.000	
Other operating expenditures	-	40,683	7
Capital outlay		11,590 11,955	-
Total	67,850	64,228	3,622
Human resources			
Salaries and employee benefits		65,477	
Other operating expenditures		28,176	
Total	100,850	93,653	7,197
Finance			
Salaries and employee benefits	- 5	132,090	
Other operating expenditures		178,446	
Total	322,050	310,536	11,514
Community Development			
Salaries and employee benefits	. 4	286,929	1
Other operating expenditures		112,605	_
Total	438,350	399,534	38,816
Total general government	1,516,150	1,442,843	73,307
		.,,.,,,,,,,	,
Public Safety Police			
Salaries and employee benefits		2,833,742	
School resource officers	- 12	184,731	
Other operating expenditures	- 1	475,225	
Capital outlay		116,004	
Total	3,798,080	3,609,702	188,378
Fire department			
Salaries and employee benefits	-	2,113,737	-
Other operating expenditures	-	302,410	-
Fire Marshall		75,163	
Total	2,580,650	2,491,310	89,340
Total public safety	6,378,730	6,101,012	277,718

Expenditures (Continued) Public works			2011	
Expenditures (Continued) Public works Administration Salaries and employees benefits 151,687 296,563 296,563 296,563 296,563 296,563 296,563 296,369 2		Pudget	7.7.7	Variance Positive
Public works Administration Salaries and employees benefits Solid waste disposal fee	Expenditures (Continued)	budget	Actual	(Negative)
Salaries and employees benefits - 151,687 Solid waste disposal fee - 296,563 Downtown Services - 96,369 Other operating expenditures - 44,771 Total 594,000 589,390 4 Streets and Highways - 784,943 - Salaries and employee benefits - 237,700 - Other operating expenditures - 237,700 - Total 1,177,700 1,022,643 158 Shop and Warehouse - 320,398 - - Salaries and employee benefits - 320,398 - - Other operating expenditures - 69,040 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - </td <td>Public works</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Public works			
Solid waste disposal fee Downtown Services Other operating expenditures 296,563 96,369 9				
Downtown Services		-		
Other operating expenditures 44,771 Total 594,000 589,390 4 Streets and Highways Salaries and employee benefits 784,943 237,700 Total 1,177,700 1,022,643 155 Shop and Warehouse 320,398 320,398 320,398 Other operating expenditures - 69,040 69,040 389,438 37 Total public works 2,198,400 2,001,471 196 Environmental protection 201d waste - 1,126,050 10,529 Solid waste - 1,126,050 10,529 10,529 Total environmental protection 1,138,000 1,136,579 1 Cultural and recreation 1,138,000 1,136,579 1 Cultural and recreation salaries and employee benefits - 767,676 265,476 Other operating expenditures - 285,476 285,476 Capital outlay - 7,000 118 Debt service Principal retirement 434,550 434,258				
Total 594,000 589,390 4 Streets and Highways Salaries and employee benefits 784,943 237,700 150 Total 1,177,700 1,022,643 150 Shop and Warehouse 320,398 150 150 Shop and Warehouse - 320,398 - 69,040 389,438 37 Total 426,700 389,438 37 Total public works 2,198,400 2,001,471 196 Environmental protection Solid waste - 1,126,050 10,529 10,529 Total environmental protection 1,138,000 1,136,579 1 Cultural and recreation 1,138,000 1,136,579 1 Cultural and recreation 285,476		-		
Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures - 784,943 237,700 Total 1,177,700 1,022,643 158 Shop and Warehouse Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures - 320,398 69,040 - 69,040 - 704 <td></td> <td>594,000</td> <td></td> <td>4,610</td>		594,000		4,610
Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures - 784,943 237,700 Total 1,177,700 1,022,643 158 Shop and Warehouse Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures - 320,398 69,040 - 69,040 - 704 <td>Streets and Highways</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Streets and Highways			
Total 1,177,700 1,022,643 155 Shop and Warehouse 320,398 320,398 320,398 426,700 389,438 37 Total 426,700 389,438 37 Total public works 2,198,400 2,001,471 196 Environmental protection 50lid waste - 1,126,050 50 Solid waste - 10,529			784,943	
Shop and Warehouse 320,398 Salaries and employee benefits 69,040 Total 426,700 389,438 37 Total public works 2,198,400 2,001,471 196 Environmental protection 50lid waste 1,126,050 50 Bad debt expense 10,529 10,529 10 Total environmental protection 1,138,000 1,136,579 1 Cultural and recreation 1,138,000 1,136,579 1 Cultural and recreation 285,476 285,476 285,476 Capital outlay 7,000 1,180,036 1,060,152 118 Debt service Principal retirement 434,550 434,258		V	237,700	
Salaries and employee benefits 320,398 Other operating expenditures 69,040 Total 426,700 389,438 37 Total public works 2,198,400 2,001,471 196 Environmental protection 50lid waste 1,126,050 50	Total	1,177,700	1,022,643	155,057
Other operating expenditures - 69,040 Total 426,700 389,438 37 Total public works 2,198,400 2,001,471 196 Environmental protection 50lid waste - 1,126,050 - - - 1,529 -				
Total 426,700 389,438 37 Total public works 2,198,400 2,001,471 196 Environmental protection Solid waste - 1,126,050 Bad debt expense - 10,529 Total environmental protection 1,138,000 1,136,579 1 Cultural and recreation - 767,676 - Parks and employee benefits - 767,676 - Other operating expenditures - 285,476 - Capital outlay - 7,000 - Total cultural and recreation 1,180,036 1,060,152 119 Debt service Principal retirement 434,550 434,258		-		-
Total public works 2,198,400 2,001,471 196 Environmental protection Solid waste Solid waste Solid waste Solid expense - 1,126,050 Bad debt expense - 10,529 Total environmental protection 1,138,000 1,136,579 1 Cultural and recreation Parks and recreation Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures Capital outlay - 7,000 Total cultural and recreation 1,180,036 1,060,152 119 Debt service Principal retirement 434,550 434,258				
Environmental protection Solid waste Solid waste Solid waste Solid waste Bad debt expense Total environmental protection Cultural and recreation Parks and recreation Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures Capital outlay Total cultural and recreation 1,180,036 1,060,152 119 Debt service Principal retirement A34,550 A34,258	Total	426,700	389,438	37,262
Solid waste - 1,126,050 Bad debt expense - 10,529 Total environmental protection 1,138,000 1,136,579 1 Cultural and recreation 20,676 1	Total public works	2,198,400	2,001,471	196,929
Solid waste - 1,126,050 Bad debt expense - 10,529 Total environmental protection 1,138,000 1,136,579 1 Cultural and recreation - 767,676 -				
Bad debt expense - 10,529 Total environmental protection 1,138,000 1,136,579 1 Cultural and recreation Parks and recreation Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures Capital outlay - 767,676 285,476 7,000 1 Total cultural and recreation 1,180,036 1,060,152 119 1				
Total environmental protection 1,138,000 1,136,579 1 Cultural and recreation Parks and recreation 767,676 285,476 285,476 285,476 285,476 27,000 <td< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td></td<>		-		
Cultural and recreation Parks and recreation Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures Capital outlay Total cultural and recreation Debt service Principal retirement Application Parks and recreation - 767,676 - 285,476 - 7,000 - 7,000 1,180,036 - 1,060,152 - 119 -	Bad debt expense		10,529	
Parks and recreation - 767,676 Salaries and employee benefits - 767,676 Other operating expenditures - 285,476 Capital outlay - 7,000 Total cultural and recreation 1,180,036 1,060,152 119 Debt service Principal retirement 434,550 434,258	Total environmental protection	1,138,000	1,136,579	1,421
Salaries and employee benefits - 767,676 Other operating expenditures - 285,476 Capital outlay - 7,000 Total cultural and recreation 1,180,036 1,060,152 119 Debt service Principal retirement 434,550 434,258				
Other operating expenditures - 285,476 Capital outlay - 7,000 Total cultural and recreation 1,180,036 1,060,152 119 Debt service Principal retirement 434,550 434,258				
Capital outlay - 7,000 Total cultural and recreation 1,180,036 1,060,152 119 Debt service Principal retirement 434,550 434,258		-		2
Total cultural and recreation 1,180,036 1,060,152 119 Debt service Principal retirement 434,550 434,258				2
Debt service Principal retirement 434,550 434,258	Capital outlay		7,000	
Principal retirement 434,550 434,258	Total cultural and recreation	1,180,036	1,060,152	119,884
	Debt service			
		434,550	434,258	292
	Interest and fees			426
Total debt service548,550547,832	Total debt service	548,550	547,832	718
Total expenditures 12,959,866 12,289,889 669	Total expenditures	12,959,866	12,289.889	669,977

		2011	
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,486,650)	(630,131)	856,519
Other financing sources (uses)			
Operating transfers (to) from other funds			
Water and Sewer Fund	250,000	250,000	1
Electric Fund	965,000	965,000	
Landfill Fund	200,000	150,000	(50,000)
CDBG - Alfred Street Project Fund	-	10,280	10,280
E.E. Waddell Renovation Fund	-	(15,399)	(15,399)
Synder Greenway Project Fund	(12,300)	(12,256)	44
Brownfield Assessment Coalition Fund	(3,750)	(3,750)	· ·
Morrow Chase CDBG Project Fund	(27,001)	(27,001)	-
City Hall Capital Project Fund	-	11,955	11,955
Electric Fund	(25,000)	(25,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,346,949	1,303,829	(43,120)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES			
AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(139,701)	673,698	813,399
Fund balance appropriated	139,701		(139,701)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	673,698	\$ 673,698
Fund balance, beginning	_	3,862,917	
Fund balance, ending	\$	4,536,615	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

			Actual		Variance
	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Positive (Negative)
DEVENUE					(i regative)
REVENUES:					
Investment earnings Sale of fixed assets	\$ 25,000	71,636	\$ 5,145	\$ 76,781	\$ 51,781
Total Revenues	750,000	300,000		300,000	\$ (450,000)
Total Revenues	775,000	371,636	5,145	376,781	(398,219
EXPENDITURES:					
Capital outlay:					
Legal	65,000	17,665	1.2	17,665	47,335
Engineering	777,000	739,117	(-)	739,117	37,883
Permit fees and testing	115,000	111,242	4	111,242	3,758
Other equipment	500,000	654,620	-	654,620	(154,620)
Construction in progress	9,192,000	8,110,775		8,110,775	1,081,225
Environmental remediation	250,000	151,137	- 4	151,137	98,863
Total expenditures	10,899,000	9,784,556		9,784,556	1,114,444
REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	_(10,124,000)	(9,412,920)	5,145	(9,407,775)	716,225
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:					
Operating transfers from (to):					
General fund	1,750,000	1,830,000	(11,955)	1,818,045	68,045
City Hall Capital Reserve Fund	920,000	922,712	-	922,712	2,712
Water and Sewer Fund	250,000	250,000	(5,977)	244,023	(5,977)
Electric Fund	1,000,000	1,080,000	(11,955)	1,068,045	68,045
Landfill Fund	250,000	125,000	-	125,000	(125,000)
Proceeds from debt	5,954,000	5,250,000		5,250,000	(704,000)
Total other financing sources:	10,124,000	9,457,712	(29,887)	9,427,825	(696,175
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 44,792	(24,742)	\$ 20,050	\$ 20,050
Fund balance, beginning			44,792		

Non-major Governmental Funds

Comprehensive Bicycle Grant Fund - This fund is used to accumulate monies to assist in the comprehensive planning of bicycle transportation.

E.E. Waddell Renovation Fund – This fund is used to account for grant monies restricted for the renovation of the E.E. Waddell Center.

Recreation Grant Fund – This fund is used to account for grant monies restricted for parks and recreation program expenses.

Safe Routes to School Grant Fund – This fund is used to account for grant monies restricted for public safety program expenses.

Clean Water Management Trust Grant Fund – This fund accounts for grant monies for flood mitigation at long creek.

Rural Center Grant Fund – This fund accounts for grant monies for the DEST family dentistry expenditures

Morrow Chase CDBG Fund – This fund is used to account for grant monies restricted for water/sewer and street improvements.

Justice Assistance Grant Fund – This fund is used to account for grant monies restricted for use in public safety improvements.

CDBG Alfred Street Project Fund – This fund accounts for grant monies to facilitate the Alfred Street Redevelopment Project.

Synder Greenway Capital Project Fund – This fund accounts for grant monies to facilitate the Synder Greenway Redevelopment Project.

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

			0	opecial Revenue Funds	on Luins													
	Comprehensive Bicycle Grant Fund		E.E. Waddell Recreation Renovation Grant Fund Fund	Recreation Grant Fund	Safe Routes to School Grant Fund		Clean Water Management Trust Grant Project Fund	Rural Center Grant Fund		Morrow Chase CDBG Fund	Justice Assistance Grant Fund		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	CDBG Alfred Street Project Fund	Synder Greenway Capital Project Fund	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	Gove	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS Current Assets Cash and investments Due from other governments	69	65	36,666	\$ 10,004	14,250	us.	55,885	6	3,826	155,928	ω.	\$ 61	65,889 \$	69	\$ 209,655	\$ 209,655	65	65,889
Total assets	69	'	\$ 36,666	\$ 10,004	\$ 14,250	S	55,885	3,	3,826 \$	\$155,928	69	\$ 276,559		69	\$ 209,655	\$ 209,655	69	486,214
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds	ь	69	36,666	φ.	14,250	vs.	288	ю́ 69	3,826 \$	\$138,196	69	\$ 14.	142,310 \$ 68,648	φ.	\$ 15,180	\$ 15,180	69	157,490
Total liabilities		1	36,666		14,250		288	3,	3,826	155,928		210	210,958	*	209,655	209,655		420,613
Fund balances Reserved by State statute Unreserved Designated for capital projects Undesignated		2 19	1 ()	10,004	- 1		55,597		25 4 4	7 1-1		99	- 65,601	1 1 1) - 1	, ,,	4 1 1		- 65,601
Total fund balances				10,004			55,597		1	1		99	65,601	1				65,601
Total liabilities and fund balances	69	9	36,666	\$ 10,004	\$ 14,250	69	55,885	3,6	3,826 \$	\$155,928	8	\$ 276,559	\$,559 \$		\$ 209,655	\$ 209,655	69	486,214

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Comprehensive Bicycle Grant		Safe Routes to Renovation Grant Grant	E	Ole Mar Gra	Rural Center Grant	Morrow Chase CDBG	Justice Assistance Grant	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue	CDBG Alfred Street Project	Snyder Greenway Capital Project	der way ital ect	1
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Fund	Fund		Funds
Revenues Restricted intergovernmental	\$ 152	\$ 26,514	69	\$ 14,250	69	\$ 63,545	\$218,397	\$ 16.257	\$ 339,115	69	\$191,156		\$191,156
Investment earnings		,							,	,			
Miscellaneous						3,750			3,750		4,574		4,574
Total revenues	152	26,514		14,250	*	67,295	218,397	16,257	342,865		195,730	1	195,730
Expenditures Public safety Footnotic and physical					į.	3		4,560	4,560	•			,
development Capital outlay	153	42,820	5,578	14,250	2,543	71,045	21,409	11,697	94,997	2,550	208,002	N	2,550
Total expenditures	153	42,820	5,578	14,250	2,543	71,045	245,788	16,257	398,434	2,550	208,002	2	210,552
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1)	(16,306)	(5,578)		(2,543)	(3,750)	(27,391)	Ì	(55,569)	(2,550)	(12,272)	5	(14,822)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers from other funds From (to) General Fund (To) from CDBG Funds	× *)	15,399		2.1		3,750	27,001		46,150	(10,280)	12,256		1,976
Total other financing sources (uses)		15,399		1		3,750	27,001		46,150	(10,280)	12,256		1,976
Net change in fund balances	(1)	(206)	(5,578)		(2,543)	7	(390))	(9,419)	(12,830)	(16)	5	(12,846)
Fund Balances Beginning of year, July 1	-	206	15,582		58,140		390		75,020	12,830	16	-	12,846
End of year, June 30	69	69	\$ 10,004	69	\$ 55,597	9	69	9	\$ 65,601	49	69	Θ	- 1

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

					Actual				Variance		
		Project Authorization		Prior Years		Current Year		Total To Date		Positive (Negative)	
Revenues Restricted intergovernmental revenues											
NC Department of Transportation	\$	31,850	\$	31,697	\$	152	\$	31,849	\$	(1)	
Expenditures											
Capital outlay	-	45,500	_	45,346	_	153		45,499		1	
Total expenditures	_	45,500		45,346	_	153	_	45,499		1	
Revenues (under) expenditures	_	(13,650)		(13,649)	_	(1)		(13,650)		-	
Other financing sources											
Transfers from other funds											
General fund		13,650		13,650		-		13,650		2	
Total other financing sources		13,650		13,650	Ξ	-		13,650		-	
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	1		(1)	\$	1	\$	1	
Fund balance											
Beginning of year, July 1						1					
End of year, June 30					\$	-					

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA E.E. WADDELL RENOVATIONS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL

			Actual	Variance	
	Project	Prior	Current	Total	Positive
	Authorization	Years	Year	To Date	(Negative)
Revenues					
Restricted intergovernmental revenues					
NC Parks and Recreation Grant	\$ 499,978	\$ 441,664	\$ 26,514	\$ 468,178	\$ (31,800)
Expenditures					
Capital outlay					
Other professional expense	127,000	121,896	4,133	126,029	971
Buildings and structures	834,000	818,840	14,428	833,268	732
Landscaping	5,000	-	650	650	4,350
Water and Sewer Improvements	25,000		22,530	22,530	2,470
Contingency	8,957		1,079	1,079	7,878
Total expenditures	999,957	940,736	42,820	983,556	16,401
Revenues (under) expenditures	(499,979)	(499,072)	(16,306)	(515,378)	(15,399)
Other financing sources					
Transfers from other funds					
General fund	499,979	499,979	15,399	515,378	15,399
Total other financing sources		499,979	15,399	515,378	15,399
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 907	(907)	\$ -	\$ -
Fund balance					
Beginning of year, July 1			907		
End of year, June 30			\$ -		

			Variance		
	Project	Prior	Current	Total	Positive
	Authorization	Years	Year	To Date	(Negative)
Revenues					
Restricted intergovernmental revenues					
N.C. Parks and Recreation Trust Fund - Phase I	\$ 250,000	\$ 250,000	\$ -	\$ 250,000	\$ -
N.C. Parks and Recreation Trust Fund - Phase II	248,918	238,705		238.705	(10,213)
N.C. Parks and Recreation Trust Fund	-	29,900		29,900	29,900
DOT - Enhancement Grant - Phase I	192,000	200,692		200,692	8,692
DOT - Enhancement Grant - Phase II	176,000	17,600		17,600	(158,400)
Investment earnings	12,462	25,505		25,505	13,043
Miscellaneous	56,700	67,600		67,600	10,900
Total revenues	936,080	830,002		830,002	(106,078)
F					
Expenditures					
Economic and physical development					
Leasehold improvements	77,262	75,984	9	75,984	1,278
Capital outlay	1,468,636	1,410,945	5,578	1,416,523	52,113
Total expenditures	1,545,898	1,486,929	5,578	1,492,507	53,391
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(609,818)	(656,927)	(5,578)	(662,505)	(52,687)
Other financing sources					
Transfers from other funds					
General Fund	609,818	672,509		672,509	62,691
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 15,582	\$ (5,578)	\$ 10,004	\$ 10,004
Fund balance					
Beginning of year, July 1			15,582		
End of year, June 30			\$ 10,004		

		2.77.	_			Variance				
		Project horization		Prior Years		Current Year		Total To Date	(Positive Negative)
Revenues										
Restricted intergovernmental revenues										
State Grant - N.C. Dept. of Transportation	\$	51,968	\$			\$ 14,250	\$	14,250	\$	(37,718)
Expenditures										
Capital outlay										
Legal		3,000		- 1		-				3,000
Engineering		15,000		1.4		14,250		14,250		750
Materials		29,244				-		-		29,244
Contingency		4,724	_	-	J.		_		_	4,724
Total expenditures	-	51,968	_	-		14,250	-	14,250	_	37,718
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	_		\$ -	\$		\$	_
Fund balance										
Beginning of year, July 1					4					
End of year, June 30						\$ -				

End of year, June 30

Actual Variance Project Prior Current Total Positive Authorization Years Year To Date (Negative) Revenues Restricted intergovernmental revenues \$ 174,000 150,979 150,979 \$ (23,021)Total revenues 174,000 150,979 150,979 (23,021)Expenditures Capital outlay 40,000 31,599 31,599 8,401 Other operating expenditures 224,500 151,740 2,543 154,283 70,217 Total ependitures 264,500 183,339 2,543 185,882 78,618 Revenues over (under) expenditures (90,500)(32,360)(2,543)(34,903)55,597 Other financing sources (uses) From General Fund 90,500 90,500 90,500 Net change in fund balance 58,140 (2,543)55,597 55,597 Fund balance Beginning of year, July 1 58,140

55,597

			Actual							Variance	
		Project		Prior Current				Total	Positive		
	Aut	thorization		Years			Year	-	To Date		ative)
Revenues											
Restricted intergovernmental revenues											
Rural Center Grant	\$	63,545	\$		-	\$	63,545	\$	63,545	\$	
Miscellaneous		3,750	_		_	_	3,750	-	3,750		
Total revenues	- b-	67,295	_		-		67,295		67,295		
Expenditures											
Economic and physical development											
Professional services		3,500		6	-		3,500		3.500		
Administration		3,500			_		3,500		3,500		
Travel		500			-		500		500		
Other	-	63,545	_	-			63,545	_	63,545	_	-
Total expenditures	_	71,045					71,045	_	71,045		
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(3,750)					(3,750)		(3,750)		
Other financing sources											
Transfers from other funds											
General Fund	_	3,750					3,750		3,750		
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$			\$		\$		\$	
					=	-		-		-	
Fund balance											
Beginning of year, July 1							-				
End of year, June 30						\$	_				

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA
MORROW CHASE CDBG FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)
From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

						Actual	Variance			
		Project		Prior		Current	Total			Positive
	Au	thorization		Years		Year		to Date	1	Negative
Revenues										
CDBG grant	\$	237,336	\$	20,000	\$	218,397	\$	238,397	\$	1,061
Total revenues	_	237,336	_	20,000	_	218,397		238,397		1,061
Expenditures										
Salaries & benefits Other services		17,276		4,193		7,308		11,501		5,775
Administration		11,000		0.404						11,000
Water & Sewer Improvements		7,000 19,094		3,194		3,802		6,996		4
Street Improvements	_	220,967	_	23,223		10,299 224,379		10,299 247,602		8,795 (26,635)
Total expenditures		275,337	_	30,610		245,788		276,398		(1,061)
Revenues (under) expenditures	_	(38,001)		(10,610)		(27,391)		(38,001)		-
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers from other funds										
From General fund	_	38,001		11,000	_	27,001		38,001	_	
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	390	_	(390)	\$	-	\$	
Fund balance, beginning of year					_	390				
Fund balance, end of year					\$	1				

Exhibit B-10

			Actual		Variance
	Project	Prior	Current	Total	Positive
	Authorization	Years	Year	to Date	Negative
Revenues					
Federal funds stimulus	\$ 16,997	\$ 16,997	\$ 16,257	\$ 33,254	\$ 16,257
Federal funds stimulus	94,192	94,192		94,192	\$ -
Categorical grants	27,652	-	-	_	\$ (27,652)
Investment earnings	100				\$ (100)
Total revenues	138,941	111,189	16,257	127,446	(11,495)
Expenditures					
Other supplies	1,800	_	-	-	1,800
Small tools	88,663	76,637	496	77,133	11,530
Service maintenance	6,050	6,050		6,050	,
Other	33,502	28,502	4,064	32,566	936
Capital outlay	12,000		11,697	11,697	303
Total expenditures	142,015	111,189	16,257	127,446	14,569
Revenues (under) expenditures	(3,074)				3,074
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers from other funds					
From general fund	3,074				(3,074)
Net change in fund balance	\$	\$ -		\$ -	\$ -
Fund balance, beginning of year					
Fund balance, end of year			\$ -		

Exhibit B-11

			Actual		Variance
	Project	Prior	Current	Total	Positive
	Authorization	Years	Year	To Date	(Negative)
Revenues					
CDBG Funds					
Miscellaneous	\$ 603,297 455,000	\$ 484,208 	\$ -	\$ 484,208	\$ (119,089) (455,000)
Total revenues	1,058,297	484,208		484,208	(574,089)
Expenditures Capital outlay					
Infrastructure improvements	163,921	162,958	-	162,958	963
Operating costs	991,447	405,255	2,550	407,805	583,642
Total expenditures	1,155,368	568,213	2,550	570,763	584,605
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(97,071)	(84,005)	(2,550)	(86,555)	10,516
Other financing sources (uses)					
Operating transfers in (out)					
From General Fund	97,071	97,071	(10,280)	86,791	(10,280)
To CDBG 5 Points Project Fund		(236)	-	(236)	(236)
Total	97,071	96,835	(10,280)	86,555	(10,516)
Excess of revenues and other					
sources over expenditures	\$ -	\$ 12,830	(12,830)	\$ -	\$ -
Fund balance					
Beginning of year, July 1			12,830		
End of year, June 30			\$ -		

Actual Variance Project Prior Positive Current Total Authorization Years Year to Date Negative Revenues Restricted intergovernmental revenues Federal grant - NC dept of transportation 281,777 \$ 111,001 \$191,156 \$302,157 20,380 Miscellaneous 4,574 4,574 4,574 Total revenues 281,777 111,001 195,730 306,731 24,954 Expenditures Public safety Legal 300 150 150 150 Engineering 20.000 19,944 16,283 36,227 (16,227)Advertising 180 180 180 Construction 283,557 90,711 191,719 282,430 1,127 Total expenditures 304,037 110,985 208,002 318,987 (14,950)Revenues (under) expenditures (22,260)16 (12,272)(12, 256)10,004 Other financing sources (uses) Transfers from other funds From general fund 22,260 12,256 12,256 (10,004)Net change in fund balance 16 (16)Fund balance, beginning of year 16 Fund balance, end of year

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

Water and Sewer Fund – This fund is used to account for the City's water and sewer operations.

Electric Fund – This fund is used to account for the City's electric operations.

Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Fund – This fund is used to account for the City's landfill operations.

Albemarle Department of Public Housing – This fund is used to account for the City's public housing operations.

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Operating revenues			
Water sales	\$	\$ 3,606,834	\$ -
Sewer charges		2,791,452	-
Water and sewer taps	941	31,520	
Miscellaneous		189,398	
Total operating revenues	6,465,450	6,619,204	153,754
Nonoperating revenues			
Interest earned on investments	-	4,851	-
Grant revenues	-	40,000	4
Sale of assets		17,412	
Total nonoperating revenues	106,600	62,263	(44,337)
Total revenues	6,572,050	6,681,467	109,417
Expenditures			
Water and Sewer Administraton			
Salaries and employees benefits	-	419,984	-
Postage	-	39,754	-
Contracted services	-	79,477	
Insurance	-	89,192	-
Uniforms	-	13,427	-
Other operating expenditures	<u></u>	114,406	
Total	814,157	756,240	57,917
Water Treatment Plant			
Salaries and employees benefits		776,403	
Supplies	-	293,294	1.4
Repairs	-	164,546	
Contracted services		26,297	
Utilities	-	266,551	1.0
Fuel		9,718	-
Other operating expenditures	Q	53,622	-
Total	1,556,850	1,590,431	(33,581)

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Expenditures (continued)			
Sewer Treatment Plant			
Salaries and employees benefits		711,948	
Supplies	19	115,893	-
Repairs	9	60,729	-
Contracted service	-	64,691	
Utilities Fuel		199,884	-
		3,805	-
Other operating expenditures		86,396	-
Total	1,227,162	1,243,346	(16,184)
System Division			
Salaries and employee benefits	2	1,080,830	12
Supplies		142,482	-
Repairs		22,112	-
Utilities	-	8,490	-
Other operating expenditures		37,473	
Governmental Fund	1,291,550	1,291,387	163
Debt Service			
Principal on installment purchases		124,728	
Interest and fees		34,112	
Total	165,300	158,840	6,460
Capital Outlay			
Water and sewer administration		12 222	
Water treatment plant	-	12,685	-
Systems division	-	272,592	-
Total	740.044	415,189	-
Total	719,214	700,466	18,748
Total expenditures	5,774,233	5,740,710	33,523
Revenues over (under) expenditures	797,817	940,757	142,940
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers (to) from other funds City Hall project fund		2012	
General fund	(0.50 0.00)	5,977	5,977
Waste Water Treatment Improvement project fund	(250,000)	(250,000)	-
Water and Sewer (CKA) project fund	(500,000)	(500,000)	-
Proceeds from installment debt	(159,000)	(159,000)	-
The state of the s	111,183	111,212	29
Total financing sources (uses) - net	(797,817)	(791,811)	6,006
Appropriated fund balance		-	

	E	Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues and other sources (uses) over (under)					
expenditures	\$		\$	148,946	\$ 148,946
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual basis					
Net change in fund balance			\$	148,946	
Payment on installment purchases				124,728	
Capital outlay				700,466	
Depreciation				(1,360,802)	
Capital lease proceeds				(111,212)	
Decrease in accrued compensated absences				9,084	
Increase in postemployment benefits				(105,826)	
Interest income Sewer Capital Project				43	
Other investment Sewer Capital Project				276	
Transfer from Water and Sewer (CKA) capital project				159,000	
Transfer from Waste Water Treatment Improvements project			_	500,000	
Total reconciling items				(84,243)	
Change in net assets			\$	64,703	

					Ad	ctual		Variance	
		Project norization		Prior Years		urrent /ear	Total to Date		ositive egative
Revenues									
Restricted intergovernmental revenues									
Rural Economic Development Grant	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	-	\$ 100.000	\$	_
Water and sewer assessments		24,500		19,097		276	19,373		(5,127)
Interest earnings	_	-	-	1,505	_	43	1,548		1,548
Total revenues		124,500	_	120,602	_	319	120,921		(3,579)
Expenditures									
Engineering		22,800		22,594		2	22,594		206
Construction costs		311,300		311,181		-	311,181		119
Other professional services	_	11,797	_	11,683	-		11,683	_	114
Total expenditures		345,897		345,458			345,458		439
Revenues (under) expenditures	(221,397)		(224,856)		319	(224,537)		(3,140)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers from other funds									
From water and sewer fund	_	221,397	_	233,643	_	-	233,643		12,246
Revenues and other sources (uses)									
over (under) expenditures	\$	-	\$	8,787	\$	319	\$ 9,106	\$	9,106

			Actual		Variance
	Project Authorization		Current Year	Total to Date	Positive Negative
Revenues Interest earnings					
Total revenues					
Expenditures Engineering	359,710		109,679	109,679	250,031
Total expenditures	359,710		109,679	109,679	250,031
Revenues (under) expenditures	(359,710)		(109,679)	(109,679)	250,031
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers from other funds From water and sewer fund	359,710		159,000	159,000	(200,710)
Revenues and other sources (uses) over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 49,321	\$ 49,321	\$ 49,321

Actual Variance Project Prior Current Total Positive Authorization Years Year to Date Negative Revenues Restricted intergovernmental revenues Rural Economic Development Grant 1,000,000 (1,000,000)Total revenues 1,000,000 (1,000,000)Expenditures Legal 50.000 50,000 Engineering 367,745 367,745 Administration 75,000 75,000 Other professional services 125,000 125,000 Building 4,204,500 369,942 369,942 3,834,558 Contingency 250,000 250,000 Total expenditures 5,072,245 369,942 369,942 4,702,303 Revenues (under) expenditures (4,072,245)(369,942)(369,942)3.702.303 Other financing sources (uses) Transfers from other funds From water and sewer fund 1,072,245 500,000 500,000 (572, 245)Debt proceeds 3,000,000 (3,000,000)Other financing sources (uses) Total 4,072,245 500,000 500,000 (3,572,245)Revenues and other sources (uses) over (under) expenditures

\$

130,058

130,058

130,058

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Operating revenues			
Residential sales	\$ -	\$ 14,990,097	\$ -
Commercial and industrial sales	Ψ -	14,495,086	Φ -
Sales to City Departments		822,718	
Total charges for services	28,528,500	30,307,901	1,779,401
Other operating revenues	345,000	973,334	628,334
Total operating revenues	28,873,500	31,281,235	2,407,735
Nonoperating revenues			
Interest earned on investments		11110	
Sale of assets	-	29,270	
3.10 01 400010	<u></u> -	21,908	
Total nonoperating revenues	122,000	51,178	(70,822)
Total revenues	28,995,500	31,332,413	2,336,913
Expenditures			
Administrative and Finance			
Salaries and employees benefits		0.10 700	
Postage	-	812,789	-
Travel	-	40,546	
Bad debts		256	
Insurance	-	124,318	-
Other operating expenditures		36,255	
Total	4.400.004	143,218	7 7 7 7
Total	1,162,284	1,157,382	4,902
Customer Service			
Salaries and employees benefits		161,751	
Materials and supplies	100	3,118	
Repairs and maintenance		6,502	
Other operating expenditures		360	
Total	181,500	171,731	9,769
FIGURE 6			
Electric Operations			
Salaries and employees benefits	1,4	1,333,952	-
Materials and supplies	9	576,090	-
Repairs	1.5	78,222	-
Contract labor	-	332,383	÷
Electric power purchases Other operating expenditures		25,227,973	-
		192,499	-
Total	27,291,800	27,741,119	(449,319)

	Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Expenditures (continued)					
Debt Service					
Interest and other charges Principal retirement	-		62,033		-
Total debt service		_	151,210	_	
Total debt service	213,700		213,243	_	457
Capital Outlay					
Administrative and finance	21		16,220		
Electric operations			90,624		
Total	128,041		106,844	-	21,197
Tatal					
Total expenditures	28,977,325	_ 2	9,390,319	_	(412,994)
Revenues over (under) expenditures	18,175		1,942,094		1,923,919
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfer from (to) funds					
General fund	25,000		25,000		
Landfil fund	(600,000)		(363,451)		236,549
City Hall project	83,000		11,955		(71,045)
General fund	(965,000)		(965,000)		-
Capital contributions	108,275	_	44,097	_	(64,178)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,348,725)	(1,247,399)		101,326
Appropriated fund balance	1,330,550				(1,330,550)
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures,					
other (uses) and appropriated fund balances	\$ -	\$	694,695	\$	694,695
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual)					
to full accrual basis					
Net change in fund balance		\$	694,695		
Principal retirement			151,210		
Capital outlay					
Depreciation			106,844		
Increase in accrued compensated absences			(641,388)		
Increase in postemployment benefits			6,950		
we save an postoriployment beliefus		_	(61,203)		
Total reconciling items			(437,587)		
Change in net assets		\$	257,108		

		Bı	udget		Actual	F	ariance Positive egative)
Revenues							
Operating revenu	ies						
Disposal fees		\$	1.2	\$	1,834,470	\$	
Solid waste fee	es	Ψ		Ψ	113,654	Ψ	
Sales of mulch					55,412		
	white goods fees				100,536		
	ges for services	2	100.000	-			(4.000)
Total char	ges for services		109,000	_	2,104,072		(4,928)
Other operating r	revenues			_	7,659	_	7,659
Total opera	ating revenues	2,	109,000		2,111,731		2,731
Nonoperating rev	venues						
	d on investments				4,820		
Sale of assets			6		(41,308)		
State Grant			2		9,355		
Other income ((expense)				(26,067)		
Total nono	perating revenues	-	8,100		(53,200)		(61,300)
Total revenues		2,	117,100		2,058,531		(58,569)
Expenditures							
Landfill Operation	28						
	mployees benefits				010.000		
Postage	ripioyees beliefits				616,623		
Materials and s	cupplies		-		651		
Repairs	supplies		-		200,258		
Utilities			*		131,416		
Contracted ser	vices		-		7,045		-
Insurance	vices		-		269,530		3.7
Solid waste dis	nosal fee		-		47,150		1.5
Other operating			-		102,586		-
Total	y experialitation	1,4	486,600	-	71,082 1,446,341	_	40,259
2112							
Debt Service	a. II. a.						
Principal on ins	tallment purchases		-		419,139		
Interest and fee	es		-		47,858		
Total			475,450	-	466,997		8,453
Capital Outlay			757,733		657,482		100,251
Total exper	nditures	2,7	719,783	-	2,570,820		148,963
Revenues over exp	enditures	(6	602,683)		(512,289)		90,394

	Budget			Actual	/ariance Positive Negative)
Other financing (uses) sources					
Transfers to other funds					
To General Fund	(219,0	050)		(150,000)	69,050
From Electric fund	600,0	000		363,451	(236,549)
Proceeds from installment debt	221,	733	_	221,733	
Total other financing (uses)	602,6	683	_	435,184	(167,499)
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures,					
other (uses)	\$	-	\$	(77,105)	\$ (77,105)
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual)					
to full accrual basis					
Net change in fund balance			\$	(77,105)	
Payment on installment purchases				419,139	
Capital outlay				657,482	
Depreciation				(37,167)	
Increase in accrued compensated absences				(2,228)	
Capital lease proceeds				(221,733)	
Increase in postemployment benefits				(16,070)	
Interest income from Landfill Capital Project Fund				(10,070)	
Adjustment to accrued landfill closure and post closure costs				(477,635)	
Total reconciling items				321,789	
Change in net assets			\$	244,684	

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA
LANDFILL CAPITAL PROJECT FUND - PHASE II
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)
From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

			Actual		Variance
	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Positive (Negative)
Revenues					
Investment earnings	50,000	21,527	1	21,528	2
Total revenues	50,000	21,527	1	21,528	2
Expenditures					
Capital outlay	3,930,500	3,461,634	80,309	3,541,943	388,557
Revenues (under) expenditures	(3,880,500)	(3,440,107)	(80,308)	(3,520,415)	(360,085)
Other financing sources Transfers from (to) other funds					
From (to) Landfill Capital Reserve Fund	1,900,000	2,208,583	-	2,208,583	308,583
Proceeds from installment financing	1,980,500	1,300,000		1,300,000	(680,500)
Total other financing sources	3,880,500	3,508,583		3,508,583	(371,917)
Revenues and other sources over					
(under) expenditures and other (uses)	\$ -	\$ 68,476	(80,308)	\$ (11,832)	\$ (11,832)
Fund balance					
Beginning of year, July 1			68,476		
End of year, June 30			\$ (11,832)		

	Depart	ment of Public I	Housing	
	Conventional	Section 8	Capital Fund	Totals
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 1,202,817	\$ 363,904	\$ -	\$1,566,721
Accounts receivable - net	1,865	7 272175		1,865
Prepaid expenses	4,206			4,206
Internal balances	4,200			4,200
Due to (from) other funds	-	-	5	
Due from other governments	-	-		00.000
Due nom other governments	2		20,888	20,890
Total current assets	1,208,890	363,904	20,888	1,593,682
Noncurrent Assets				
Capital Assets				
Land	163,505		-	163,505
Construction in progress		-	813,355	813,355
Other capital assets, net of accumulated				
depreciation	5,452,875	70,288	-	5,523,163
Total noncurrent assets	5,616,380	70,288	813,355	6,500,023
Total Assets	\$ 6,825,270	\$ 434,192	\$ 834,243	\$8,093,705
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 41,396	\$ 12,007	\$ 20,888	\$ 74,291
Customer deposits	40,031	Ψ 12,007	\$ 20,000	
Deferred revenues	1,731	7	-	40,031
Current portion of compensated absences	1,751	400	-	1,731
current portion of compensated absences		100		100
Total current liabilities	83,158	12,107	20,888	116,153
Other liabilities				
Lease payable	17,563			17,563
Other post employment benefits	56,002			56,002
Accrued compensated absenses	24,660	1,007		25,667
Total other liabilities	98,225	1,007		99,232
Total liabilities	181,383	13,114	20,888	215,385
Net Assets				
			212 - 14	
Invested in capital assets, net of debt Unrestricted	5,598,817 1,045,070	70,288 350,790	813,355	6,482,460 1,395,860
Total net assets	6,643,887	421,078	813,355	7,878,320
Total Linking	S. F. eder Loss	1 60 60	100000	- 1,010,020
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 6,825,270	\$ 434,192	\$ 834,243	\$8,093,705

	Depa	rtment of Public He	ousing	
	Conventional	Section 8	Capital Fund	Totals
Operating Revenues				
Rental income	\$ 429,637	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 429,637
Other	32,559			32,559
Total operating revenues	462,196			462,196
Operating expenses				
Administrative	328,387	160,113	19,419	507,919
Tenant services	9,011		-	9,011
Utilities	390,054	-		390,054
Ordinary maintenance and operation	264,585	1,223	2.	265,808
General expenses	66,601	2,343	2	68,944
Housing assistance payments	_	1,353,488	-	1,353,488
Nonroutine maintenance	30,067			30,067
Depreciation	288,773	2,379		291,152
Total operating expenses	1,377,478	1,519,546	19,419	2,916,443
Operating (loss)	(915,282)	(1,519,546)	(19,419)	(2,454,247)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)				
Operating subsidies	705,288	1,488,286	19,419	2,212,993
Interest earned on investments	9,774	452		10,226
Interest and other charges	(515)	-	-	(160)
Nonoperating revenue	12,767		-	12,767
Total nonoperating revenues	727,314	1,488,738	19,419	2,235,471
Net income (loss) before				
contributions and transfers	(187,968)	(30,808)		(218,776)
Capital grants			EGA GAA	504.044
Transfers	24,735		564,644	564,644
	24,735		(24,735) 539,909	564,644
Change in net assets	(163,233)	(30,808)	539,909	
	(100,200)	(30,000)	335,509	345,868
Net assets, July 1	6,807,120	451,886	273,446	7,532,452
Net assets, June 30	\$ 6,643,887	\$ 421,078	\$ 813,355	\$7,878,320

		Conventional		
	Original and Final		Variance Favorable	
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	
Operating Revenues				
Rental income	\$ 375,000	\$ 429,637	\$ 54,637	
Other	8,000	32,559	24,559	
Total operating revenues	383,000	462,196	79,196	
Operating expenditures				
Administrative	343,869	315,231	28,638	
Tenant services	14,000	9,011	4,989	
Utilities	398,460	390,054	8,406	
Ordinary maintenance and operation	289,151	258,105	31,046	
General expenses	67,500	66,601	899	
Nonroutine maintenance	35,000	30,067	4,933	
Total operating expenditures	1,147,980	1,069,069	78,911	
Operating revenues (under) operating expenditures	(764,980)	(606,873)	158,107	
Nonoperating revenues				
Operating subsidies	604,365	705,288	100,923	
Other income	10,100	12,767	2,667	
Interest income	9,648	9,774	126	
Total nonoperating revenues	624,113	727,829	103,716	
Nonoperating expenditures				
Lease payments	5,065	5,047	18	
Capital outlay	4,068	3,647	421	
Total nonoperating expenditures	9,133	9 604	420	
7 A 1.1-1 1.1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2	9,133	8,694	439	
Nonoperating revenues over nonoperating expenditures	614,980	719,135	104,155	
Revenues over expenditures	(150,000)	112,262	262,262	
Appropriated fund balance	150,000		(150,000)	
Excess of revenues and appropriated fund				
balance (under) expenditures - modified accrual	\$ -	112,262	\$ 112,262	
Reconciliation to the accrual basis: Depreciation				
Capital outlay		(288,773)		
Lease principal paymentws		3,647		
Accrual of OPEB		4,532		
Accrual of compensated abscenses		(18,181) (1,455)		
Change in net income before capital contributions and transfers - Exhibit C-9	9	\$ (187,968)		

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HOUSING - SECTION 8 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Section 8					
	Original and Final Budget		Fa		Variance avorable nfavorable)	
Operating Revenues						
Operating subsidiaries	\$	1,514,664	\$	1,488,286	\$	26,378
Total operating revenues	- (1,514,664	_	1,488,286	_	26,378
Operating expenditures						
Administrative		193,672		163,679		29,993
Capital outlay		3,028		2,396		632
Housing assistance payments		1,500,000	_	1,353,488	_	146,512
Total operating expenditures	_	1,696,700	_	1,519,563	_	177,137
Operating revenues (under) operating expenditures		(182,036)		(31,277)		(150,759)
Nonoperating revenues						
Interest income	_	480	_	452	_	(28)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues under expenditures						
modified accrual	\$	(181,556)		(30,825)	\$	(150,731)
Reconciliation to the accrual basis:						
Depreciation				(2,379)		
Capital outlay			_	2,396		
Change in net assets Exhibit C-7			\$	(30,808)		

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HOUSING - SECTION 8 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Section 8	
	Original and Final Budge	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Operating			
Operating subsidies	\$ 47,10	7 \$ 19,419	\$ (27,688)
Operating expenditures			
Administrative Capital Outlay	47,10 1,323,52		27,688 758,882
Total operating expenditures	1,370,63	3 584,063	786,570
Operating revenues under operating expenditures	(1,323,52	6) (564,644)	758,882
Nonoperating revenues			
Capital grants	1,323,52	6 564,644	(758,882)

1. The actual modernization costs of NC 19P07550108 are as follows:

	Total
Funds approved	\$ 362,203
Funds expended	362,203
Excess of funds approved	\$ -
Funds advanced - HUD Grants Funds expended	\$ 362,203 362,203
Excess of funds advanced	\$ -

2. Costs audited during the current audit period totaled \$50,715

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT AND CERTIFICATION OF ACTUAL CAPITAL FUND COSTS - UNCOMPLETED DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HOUSING - CONVENTIONAL ANNUAL CONTRIBUTIONS CONTRACT A-1974 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

1. The actual modernization costs of NC 19P07550109 are as follows:

	Total
Funds approved Funds expended	\$ 356,607 346,391
Excess of funds approved	\$ 10,216
Funds advanced - HUD Grants Funds expended	\$ 346,391 346,391
Excess of funds advanced	\$ -

2. Costs audited during the current audit period totaled \$346,391

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT AND CERTIFICATION OF ACTUAL CAPITAL FUND COSTS - UNCOMPLETED DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HOUSING - CONVENTIONAL ANNUAL CONTRIBUTIONS CONTRACT A-1974 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

1. The actual modernization costs of NC 19P07550110 are as follows:

	To	tal
Funds approved Funds expended		52,334 90,312
Excess of funds approved	\$ 16	62,022
Funds advanced - HUD Grants Funds expended		90,312
Excess of funds advanced	\$	

2. Costs audited during the current audit period totaled \$ 190,312.

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT AND CERTIFICATION OF ACTUAL CAPITAL FUND COSTS - UNCOMPLETED DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HOUSING - CONVENTIONAL ANNUAL CONTRIBUTIONS CONTRACT A-1974 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

1. The actual modernization costs of NC 19P07550111 are as follows:

	_	Total
Funds approved Funds expended	\$	299,489
Excess of funds approved	\$	299,489
Funds advanced - HUD Grants Funds expended	\$	-
Excess of funds advanced	\$	le le

2. Costs audited during the current audit period totaled \$0.

1.	The actual	modernization	costs of NC	19P07550108	are as follows:

	Total	
Funds approved Funds expended	\$	
Excess of funds approved	\$	_
Funds advanced - HUD Grants Funds expended	\$	(i.
Excess of funds advanced	\$	- (-)

2. Costs audited during the current audit period totaled \$0.

Agency Fund

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individual and/or other governments.

Municipal Service District Fund – This fund accounts for taxes assessed from taxpayers in a special area for downtown development for that area.

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA AGENCY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Balance July 1, 2010		Additions		Deductions		Balance June 30, 2011	
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	417	\$	43,101	\$	43,009	\$	509
	\$	417	\$	43,101	\$	43,009	\$	509
LIABILITIES								
Due to agencies	-	417	_	43,101	_	43,009		509
	\$	417	\$	43,101	\$	43,009	\$	509

Other Schedules

This section includes additional information on property taxes.

- Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
- Analysis of Current Tax Levy

Fiscal Year		Uncollected Balance June 30, 2010		Additions		Collections and Credits		Uncollected Balance June 30, 2011	
2010-2011	\$		\$	5,708,742	\$	5,383,660	\$	325,082	
2009-2010		288,743		-		123,336		165,407	
2008-2009		118,816		_		33,064		85,752	
2007-2008		49,908		-		9,624		40,284	
2006-2007		41,989		2		6,013		35,976	
2005-2006		34,086		-		3,554		30,532	
2004-2005		32,596		-		1,855		30,741	
2003-2004		21,041		-		1,035		20,006	
2002-2003		31,621		-		266		31,355	
2001-2002		16,591		4		299		16,292	
2000-2001	-	14,885	-	-	-	14,885	_		
	\$	650,276	\$	5,708,742	\$	5,577,591		781,427	
Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts Ad valorem taxes receivable							_	(143,000)	
Ad valorem taxes receivable - net							\$	638,427	
Reconcilement with revenues									
Ad valorem taxes collected - General Fund							\$	5,550,706	
Discounts allowed								30,621	
Releases and adjustments								18,691	
Taxes written off								14,320	
Interest collected							_	(36,747)	
Total collections and credits							\$	5,577,591	

				Total Levy		
	Ci	ty-Wide		Property excluding Registered	Registered	
	Property Total Valuation Rate Levy		Motor Vehicles	Motor Vehicles		
Original Levy: Property taxes at current year's rate Penalties	\$ 988,255,179	.56	\$ 5,534,229 7,980	\$ 5,068,786 7,980	\$ 465,443	
Total	988,255,179		5,542,209	5,076,766	465,443	
Discoveries: Current year taxes Penalties	32,524,107	.56	182,135	181,389	746	
Total	32,524,107		182,135	181,389	746	
Abatements:	(2,786,071)	.56	(15,602)	(15,602)		
Total valuation	\$ 1,017,993,215					
Net levy			5,708,742	5,242,553	466,189	
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2011			(325,082)	(261,792)	(63,290)	
Current year's taxes collected			\$ 5,383,660	\$ 4,980,761	\$ 402,899	
Current levy collection percentage			94.31%	95.01%	86.42%	

Compliance Section

Certified Public Accountants

220 East Washington Street
Post Office Box 697
Rockingham, North Carolina 28380
(910) 895-2899

815 South Main Street Laurinburg, North Carolina 28352 (910) 277-2795 Other Office Locations:

Gastonia, North Carolina Statesville, North Carolina

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Albemarle, North Carolina

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregated remaining fund information of the City of Albemarle, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprises the City of Albemarle, North Carolina's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 27, 2011. We did not audit the financial statements of the Albemarle ABC Board and the Albemarle Downtown Development Corporation. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it related to the amounts included for the Albemarle ABC Board and the Albemarle Downtown Development Corporation is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The financial statements of the Albemarle ABC Board and the Albemarle Downtown Development Corporation were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Albemarle's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Albemarle's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the City's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

Page 95

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined on the preceding page.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Albemarle's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as Finding 2011-1.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, others within the organization, members of City Council, and federal and State awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

milhatrike PCC

Certified Public Accountants

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Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Albemarle, North Carolina

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Albemarle, North Carolina, with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011. The City of Albemarle's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City of Albemarle's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City of Albemarle's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, OMB Circular A-133, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Albemarle's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City of Albemarle's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City of Albemarle complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2011.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the City of Albemarle is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Albemarle's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, others within the organization, members of City Council, and federal and State awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

mitho wike PUC

October 27, 2011

A S W ANDERSON SMITH & WIKE PLLC

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Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major State Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with Applicable Sections of OMB Circular A-133 and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Albemarle, North Carolina

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of City of Albemarle, North Carolina with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that are applicable to each of its major State programs for the year ended June 30, 2011. The City of Albemarle's major State programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major State program is the responsibility of City of Albemarle's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City of Albemarle's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and applicable sections of OMB Circular A-133, as described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, applicable sections of OMB Circular A-133, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major State program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about City of Albemarle's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on City of Albemarle's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, City of Albemarle complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major State program for the year ended June 30, 2011.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of City of Albemarle is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to State programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered City of Albemarle's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major State program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a State program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, others within the organization, members of City Council, and federal and State awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

mithtwike PUC

October 27, 2011

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial	Statements
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Type of auditor's report issued: Unqualified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

No

Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses

No.

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted Yes

Federal Awards

Internal control over major federal programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses

None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs: Unqualified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of Circular A-133

No

Identification of major federal program:

<u>CFDA Numbers</u> <u>Names of Federal Program</u>

14.871 Section 8 – Housing Vouchers

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs \$ 300,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

State Awards

Internal control over major State programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

No

Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses

None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major State programs: Unqualified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with State Single Audit

Implementation Act No

Identification of major State program:

Powell Bill

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

MATERIAL NONCOMPLIANCE

Criteria: G.S. 159-8(a) states that all moneys received and expended by a local government

or public authority should be included in the budget ordinance.

Condition: The City of Albemarle expended \$15,399 for transfers to the E.E. Waddell

Renovation Fund in the General Fund; \$26,635 for street improvements in the Morrow Chase CDBG Fund; \$16,227 for Engineering in the Snyder Greenway Project Fund; \$33,581 for the Water Treatment Plant and \$16,184 for the Sewer Treatment Plant in the Water and Sewer Fund; and \$449,319 for electric operations

in the Electric Fund.

Effect: Moneys were spent that had not been appropriated.

Cause: The City expended more than had been budgeted for in the budget ordinance and a

Budget amendment was not adopted.

Recommendation: Budget amendments should be adopted before expenditures exceeded budgeted

expenditures in the budget ordinance.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions. The City agrees with this finding. Budget Amendments will be adopted prior to making expenditures that exceed budgeted amounts.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported

Section IV - State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

Finding 2011-1

Name of contact person: Colleen M. Conroy, Finance Officer

Corrective Action: Management will review a budget-to-actual report prepared by the finance

officer at each monthly board meeting. Budget amendments will be made

as necessary.

Proposed Completion Date: Management will implement the above procedure at their December

meeting.

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Finding 2010-1

Status: Similar comment found in current year. See finding 2011-1

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program title	Federal CFDA Number	State/ Pass-through Grantor's Number	Federal Direct & - Pass-through Expenditures	State Expenditures	Local Expenditures
U.S. Department of Transportation					
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Transportation					
Enhancement Agreement - Greenway Phase II	20.205	E-4129	5,578		ť
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development					
American Recovery and Reinvestment Act	81.041		44,096		
U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development					
Direct Grant:					
Low Income Housing:					
Public and Indian Housing Operating Subsidies	14.850		705,288		
Section 8:	14.050		703,200		
Housing Choice Vouchers	14.871		1,488,286		
Public Housing Capital Fund:			1,100,000		
NC19PO7550107	14.872		50.260	1 1 6	L .
NC19PO7550109	14.872		341,236		-
NC19PO7550110	14.872		192,117	5	1.5
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Commerce					
CDBG/Alfred Street Concentrated needs	14.228	05-C-1397	2,550		- 2
CDBG/Chase Morrow project	14.228	00-0-1007	218,788		
U.S. Department of Justice					
Justice Assistance Grant	16.580		16,257		
Total assistance federal programs			3,064,456		
STATE GRANTS					
Cash Assistance					
N.C. Rural Economic Development Center					
Rural Development Grant	N/A			63,545	
Water Quality Grant	N/A		- 1	2,543	1 1
N.C. Parks and Recreation Authority:					
N.C. Parks and Recreation Trust Fund	N/A		-	27,421	4.
N.C. Department of Transportation					
Powell Bill	N/A	9.9000		400.040	
Synder Greenway project	N/A N/A	9.9000	-	429,940	7
Bike Grant	N/A N/A		-	191,171	-
Safe Routes to School	N/A		7	153	
	14/7			14,250	
Total assistance state programs				729,023	
Total assistance			\$ 3,064,456	\$ 729,023	\$ -
			Ψ 0,004,430	Ψ 125,023	<u> </u>

Note to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Financial Awards:

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards includes the federal and State grant activity of the City of Albemarle and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in, the preparation of the basic financial statements.