CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA

CITY OFFICIALS

JUNE 30, 2014

MAYOR

G. R. MICHAEL

CITY COUNCIL

TROY E. ALEXANDER - MAYOR PRO-TEM

MARTHA SUE HALL

BENTON H, DRY, II

MARTHA E. HUGHES

BILL ALDRIDGE

DEXTER G. TOWNSEND

CHRIS WHITLEY

OTHER OFFICIALS

RAYMOND I. ALLEN

CITY MANAGER

MICHAEL J. FERRIS

ASSISTANT CITY MANAGER

COLLEEN CONROY

FINANCE OFFICER

DAVID A. BEAVER

CITY ATTORNEY

PAULETTE BOWERS

CITY CLERK

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA TABLE OF CONTENTS June 30, 2014

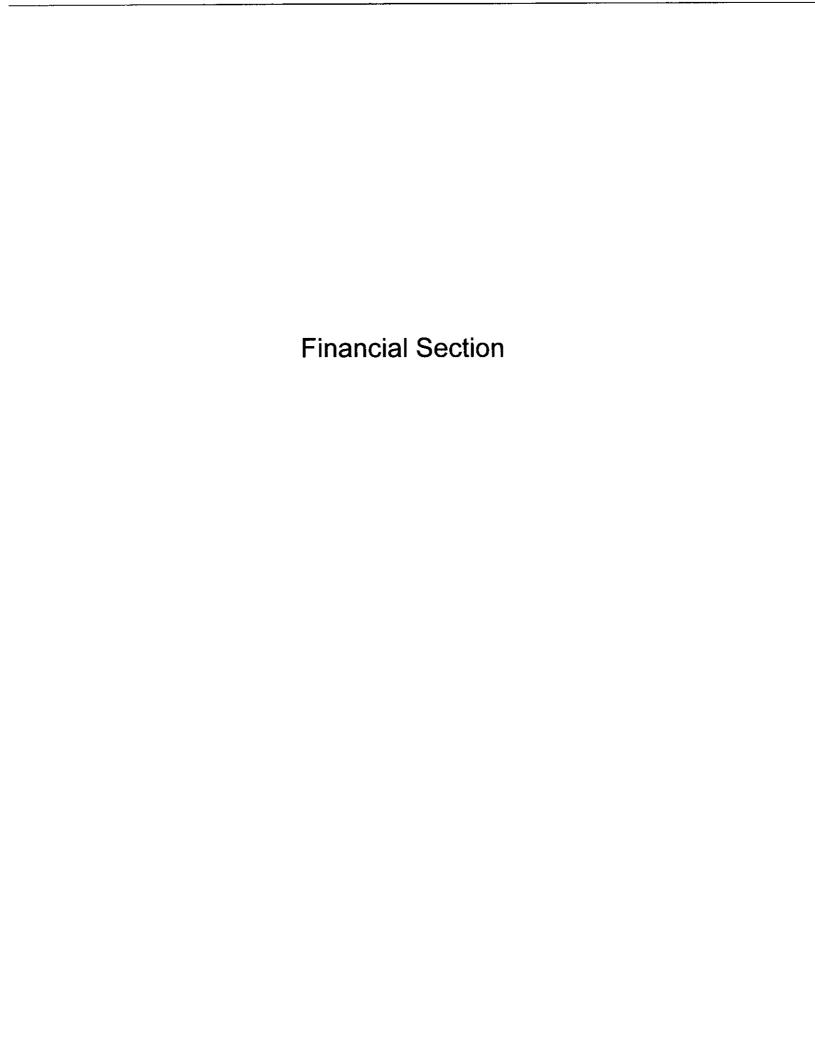
<u>Exhibit</u>		<u>Page No</u>
	FINANCIAL SECTION	
	Independent Auditor's Report	1
	Management's Discussion and Analysis	
	Basic Financial Statements:	
	Government-wide Financial Statements:	
1	Statement of net position	13
2	Statement of activities	
	Fund Financial Statements:	
3	Balance sheet – governmental funds	15
4	Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance -	16
5	governmental funds Reconciliation of the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in	10
·	in fund balances of governmental funds to the statement of activities	17
6	Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance -	40
7	budget and actual - general fund Statement of net position – proprietary funds	
8	Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position -	
_	proprietary funds	
9 10	Statement of cash flows – proprietary funds	
10	• •	
	Notes to the financial statements	23
	Required Supplemental Financial Data:	
	Law enforcement officers' special separation allowance -	50
	schedule of funding progressLaw enforcement officers special separation allowance -	50
	schedule of employer contributions	51
	Other postemployment benefits – schedule of funding progress	52
	Other postemployment benefits – schedule of employee contributions	53
	Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
	Major Governmental Funds	
۸ 1	General Fund:	
A-1	Schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - budget and actual	54
	Niven Center Renovation Capital Project Fund:	
A-2	Schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance -	
	budget and actual – from inception	59
	Non-Major Governmental Funds:	
B-1	Combining statement of revenues, expanditures, and changes	60
B-2	Combining statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance	61
	Governor's Crime Commission Fund	
B-3	Schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance -	62
	nugger and actual — morti incention	167

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA TABLE OF CONTENTS June 30, 2014

Exhibit	Governor's Crime Commission Grant Fund	Page No
B-4	Schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - budget and actual – from inception	63
B-5	Clean Water Management Trust Grant Fund Schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - budget and actual - from inception	
B-6	Fire Department FEMA Grant Fund Schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - budget and actual - from inception	65
B-7	Carolina Thread Trail Grant Fund Schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - budget and actual – from inception	66
B-8	Governor's Highway Safety Grant Fund Schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - budget and actual – from inception Enterprise Funds:	
C-1	Water and Sewer Fund Schedule of revenues and expenditures - budget and actual (non-gaap)	68
C-2	Sewer Capital Project Fund Schedule of revenues and expenditures - budget and actual (non-gaap) – from inception	
C-3	Water and Sewer Capital Project Fund Schedule of revenues and expenditures - budget and actual (non-gaap) – from inception	72
C-4	Waste Water Treatment Improvements Capital Project Fund Schedule of revenues and expenditures - budget and actual (non-gaap) – from inception	72
C-5	52 Equalization Basin Project Fund Schedule of revenues and expenditures – budget and actual	
C-6	(non-gaap)Inflow & Infiltration Sewer Project Fund Schedule of revenues and expenditures – budget and actual	
C-7	(non-gaap)Old Whitney Capital Project Fund Schedule of revenues and expenditures – budget and actual	75
C-8	(non-gaap) Water Treatment Plant Rehabilitation Project Fund Schedule of revenues and expenditures – budget and actual	76
C-9	(non-gaap) Curl Tail Creek Waterline Project Fund Schedule of revenues and expenditures – budget and actual (non-gaap)	
C-10	Electric Fund Schedule of revenues and expenditures – budget and actual (non-gaap)	
C-11	CENAV Electric Project Fund Schedule of revenues and expenditures – budget and actual (non-gaap)	81
C-12	Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Fund Schedule of revenues and expenditures – budget and actual (non-gaap)	

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA TABLE OF CONTENTS June 30, 2014

Exhibit		Page No.
	Department of Public Housing	0.4
C-13	Combining balance sheet	84
C-14	Department of Public Housing Combining schedule of revenues and expenses	85
C-14	Department of Public Housing - Conventional	
C-15	Schedule of revenues and expenditures - budget and actual	
	(non-gaap)	86
	Department of Public Housing - Section 8	
C-16	Schedule of revenues and expenditures - budget and actual	
	(non-gaap)	87
0.47	Department of Public Housing – Conventional	
C-17	Statement and certification of actual capital funds costs - uncompleted annual contributions contract A-1974	88
	Department of Public Housing - Conventional	
C-18	Statement and certification of actual capital fund costs - uncompleted	
C-10	annual contributions contract A-1974	89
	Department of Public Housing - Conventional	
C-19	Statement and certification of actual capital fund costs - uncompleted	
	annual contributions contract A-1974	90
	Department of Public Housing - Conventional	
C-20	Statement and certification of actual capital fund costs -	
	annual contributions contract A-1974	91
	Agency Fund:	
D-1	Albemarle Downtown Development Corporation Tax District	00
	Statement of changes in net position and liabilities	92
	OTHER SCHEDULES	
E-1	Schedule of ad valorem taxes receivable	93
E-2	Analysis of current tax levy – city wide levy	
	COMPLIANCE SECTION	
	Report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance	
	and other matters based on an audit of financial statements performed	
	in accordance with Government Auditing Standards	95
	Report on compliance with requirements applicable to each major federal	
	program and internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB	
	Circular A-133 and the State Single Audit Implementation Act	97
	Report on compliance with requirements applicable to each major state program	
	and internal control over compliance in accordance with applicable	
	sections of OMB Circular A-133 and the State Single Audit Implementation	
	Act	99
	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	101
	•	
	Corrective Action Plan	103
	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards	104



Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Post Office Box 697
Rockingham, North Carolina 28380
(910) 895-2899

Other Office Locations: Seven Lakes, North Carolina Gastonia, North Carolina Statesville, North Carolina

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Albemarle, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Albemarle, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Albemarle Downtown Development Corporation and the City of Albemarle ABC Board. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Albemarle Downtown Development Corporation and the City of Albemarle ABC Board is based solely on the reports of other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the Albemarle Downtown Development Corporation and the City of Albemarle ABC Board were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Albemarle, North Carolina as of June 30, 2014, and the respective

changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance's and the Other Postemployment Benefits' Schedules of Funding Progress and Schedules of Employer Contributions, on pages 3 through 12 and 49 through 52, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consist of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the City of Albemarle, North Carolina. The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of State and Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, are presented for purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of other auditors, the combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 22, 2014 on our consideration of City of Albemarle's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements, and other matters. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering City of Albemarle's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rockingham, NC December 22, 2014

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Albemarle, we offer readers of the City of Albemarle's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Albemarle for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the City's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Albemarle exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$68,090,724.
- The government's total net position decreased by \$1,176,787, primarily due to expenditures exceeding revenues by \$1,104,269 and an Extraordinary Event of \$242,152 (Note 9).
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Albemarle's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$6,645,688 an increase of \$656,165 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 82.0 percent of this total amount, or \$5,451,386, is available for spending at the government's discretion. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$5,295,985, or 40.8 percent of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- The City of Albemarle's total debt increased by \$9,538,140 during the current fiscal year. The key factor in this increase is new debt of \$10,889,041.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to City of Albemarle's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The basic financial statements present two different views of the City through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the City of Albemarle.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report Basic Management's Financial Discussion and Statements **Analysis** Notes to the Government-wide Fund **Financial Financial Financial** Statements Statements Statements

Summary.....

Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the City's financial status.

Detail

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 9) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the City's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the City's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the City's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the City's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the City's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the City's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gage the City's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities; 2) business-type activities; and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the City's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the City charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer, electric services, landfill services, and public housing offered by the City of Albemarle. The final category is the component unit. Although legally separate from the City the ABC Board is important to the City because the City exercises control over the Board by appointing its members and because the Board is required to distribute its profits to the City. The Albemarle Downtown Development Corporation is another example of a component unit that is legally separate from the City, but the City exercises control over the Board.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 2) provide a more detailed look at the City's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Albemarle, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the City's budget ordinance. All of the funds of City of Albemarle can be divided into four categories: governmental funds, special revenue funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds — Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the City's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the City's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The City of Albemarle adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the City, the management of the City, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the City to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the City complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the City succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. To account for the difference between the budgetary basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis, a reconciliation showing the differences in the reported activities is shown at the end of the budgetary statement.

Special Revenue Funds – The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The City has numerous special revenue funds within the governmental fund types, those being the Fire (FEMA) Grant Fund, Clean Water Management Trust Grant Fund, Governor's Highway Safety Fund, and Governor's Crime Commission Fund. These funds are combined in the accompanying financial statements in the Beexhibits.

Proprietary Funds – City of Albemarle has four different proprietary funds. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. City of Albemarle uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer activity, its electric, landfill and public housing operations. These funds are the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Fiduciary Funds — Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Albemarle's own programs. The accounting used for the fiduciary funds is much like that used for the proprietary funds. The City of Albemarle has one Fiduciary Fund, which is an Agency Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are on pages 23 through 48 of this report.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the City of Albemarle's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on page 49 through 52 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As year-to-year financial information is accumulated on a consistent basis, changes in net position may be observed and used to discuss the changing financial position of the City as a whole.

The following table provides a summary of the City's net position:

The City of Albemarle's Net Position

	Governmer	ntal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Tota	als
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
Current and other assets	\$ 8,913,672	\$ 8,461,820	\$ 22,118,454	\$ 18,542,873	\$ 31,032,126	\$ 27,004,693
Capital assets	16,362,371	16,573,556	<u>55,538,651</u>	49,553,402	71,901,022	66,126,958
Total assets	25,276,043	25,035,376	77,657,105	68,096,275	<u>102,933,148</u>	<u>93,131,651</u>
Long-term liabilities	4.145.833	3,960,802	21,363,229	11,883,007	25,509,062	15,843,809
Other liabilities	1,130,024	1,309,693	7,125,698	5,622,320	8,255,722	6,932,013
Deferred inflows of resources	1,077,640	1,088,318			1,077,640	1,088,318
Total liabilities and deferred inflows						
of resources	6,353,497	<u>6,358,813</u>	28,488,927	<u>17,505,327</u>	34,842,424	23,864,140
Net position						
Net investment in capital assets	14,179,497	14,403,544	39,408,597	42,948,565	53,588,094	57,352,109
Restricted	1,103,666	940,571		-	1,103,666	940,571
Unrestricted	3,639,383	3,332,448	9,759,581	7,642,383	13,398,964	10,974,831
Total net position	\$ 18,922,546	18,676,563	\$ 49,168,178	\$ 50,590,948	\$ 68,090,724	\$ 69,267,511

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets of the City of Albemarle exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$68,090,724 as of June 30, 2014 The City's net position decreased by \$1,176,787 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The City of Albemarle uses capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Albemarle's net investment in capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Several particular aspects of the City's financial operations influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

An Extraordinary Event that cost the city 242,152.

The following table provides a summary of the City's changes in net position:

The City of Albemarle's Changes Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Tot	tals
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 1,233,228	\$ 1,247,236	\$ 45,115,371	\$ 42,021,064	\$ 46,348,599	\$ 43,268,300
Contributions	49,700	26,561	2,070,074	2,014,307	2,119,774	2,040,868
Contributions	985,715	925,668	192,779	396,040	1,178,494	884,708
General revenues:						
Property taxes	5,794,633	5,660,953	-	-	5,794,633	5,660,953
Other taxes	4,285,480	4,386,653	-	-	4,285,480	4,386,653
Interest earned	2,528	10,038	79,476	18,091	82,004	28,129
Other	<u>134,347</u>	<u>215,981</u>	<u>121,834</u>	1,065,333	256,181	1,281,314
Total revenues	<u>12,485,631</u>	12,473,090	<u>47,579,534</u>	<u>45,514,835</u>	<u>60,065,165</u>	<u>57,987,925</u>
Expenses:						
General government	1,856,381	1,788,218	-	-	1,856,381	1,788,218
Public safety	7,033,184	6,675,379	-	•	7,033,184	6,675,379
Public works	2,032,970	2,183,786	-	-	2,032,970	2,183,786
Environmental protection	930,426	934,069	-	-	930,426	934,069
Economic development	112,038	2,229	-	-	112,038	2,229
Culture and recreation	1,302,081	1,272,719	-	-	1,302,081	1,272,719
Interest on long-term debt	104,234	103,205	-	-	104,234	103,205
Water and sewer	-	-	7,158,112	7,003,619	7,158,112	7,003,619
Electric	-	-	34,128,798	32,496,423	34,128,798	32,496,423
Landfill	-	-	3,300,050	2,988,247	3,300,050	2,988,247
Public housing			3,041,526	3,029,943	3,041,526	3,029,943
Total expenses	13,371,314	12,959,605	47,628,486	<u>45,518,232</u>	60,999,800	<u>58,477,837</u>
Increase in net position before						
transfers	(885,683)	(486,515)	(48,952)	(3,397)	(934,635)	(489,912)
Transfers	<u>1,373,818</u>	<u>1,166,959</u>	(1,373,818)	(1,166,959)	-	
Increase in net position	488,135	680,444	(1,422,770)	(1,170,356)	(934,635)	(489,912)
Extraordinary Event (Note 9)	(242,152)	-	-	(925,385)	(242,152)	(925,385)
Net position, July 1	<u> 18,676,563</u>	17,996,119	50,590,948	52,686,689	69,267,511	70,682,808
Net position, June 30	\$ 18,922,546	\$ 18,676,563	\$ 49,168,178	\$ 50,590,948	\$ 68,090,724	\$ 69,267,511

Governmental activities: Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$245,983. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

Transfers to other funds of \$1,373,818

Business-type activities: Business-type activities decreased the City of Albemarle's net position by \$1,422,770. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

Transfers from other funds of \$1,373,818

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Albemarle uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: The focus of the City of Albemarle's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Albemarle's financing requirements. Specifically, unreserved fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Albemarle. At the end of the current fiscal year, City of Albemarle's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$6,555,797, while total fund balance reached \$6,645,688. The Governing Body of City of Albemarle has determined that the City should maintain an available fund balance of 10% of general fund expenditures in case of unforeseen needs or opportunities in addition to meeting the cash flow needs of the City. The City currently has an available fund balance of 82.8 percent of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 82.0 percent of that same amount.

At June 30, 2014, the governmental funds of City of Albemarle reported a combined fund balance of \$6,645,688 a 11.0 percent increase over last year. Included in this change in fund balance is increase in fund balance in the General Fund.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the City revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

- Appropriated Drug Substance Tax for purchase of police mobile camera system for Police and appropriated loan proceeds for purchase of Landfill Excavator
- Appropriated prior year encumbrance for purchase of equipment
- Amended Project Budget for Concord/Kannapolis/Albemarle Waterline Project to reflect costs per contracts.
- The City received a Traffic Grant from Governor's Highway Safety Program
- Appropriated revenue from Insurance claim for compactor damaged by fire and damaged truck for repairs
 of these pieces of equipment.
- The City appropriated unexpended funds from prior year for a service truck in Maintenance shop and appropriated loan proceeds to replace Information Systems Network Storage System.
- The City appropriated year two of the Governor's Crime Commission Grant for Gang eradication.
- The City appropriated HUD funds for the 2013 Capital Fund Program

- The City appropriated funds from proceeds of debt for purchase of new radio system for Police and appropriated funds from Sale of Assets for vehicle purchase for Police.
- The City appropriated White Goods Grant for purchase of a Truck
- The City appropriated Fund Balance to cover remaining cost of Microburst Storm Cleanup.
- Appropriated proceeds from installment debt for purchase of Sewer Vac Truck.
- Appropriated Fund balance for purchase of Central School
- Appropriated Reserved Fund Balance for payment of Refund of Privilege License fees for gaming and CDBG funds for demolition of property on Alfred Street

Proprietary Funds: The City of Albemarle's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$5,835,118, those for the Electric Fund amounted to \$4,979,954, Public Housing \$1,191,313, and for the Landfill Fund \$(2,246,804). The total change in net position for all funds was \$52,723, \$(481,893), \$(273,014), and \$(720,586), respectively. Other factors concerning the finances of these two funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City of Albemarle's business-type activities.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets: The City of Albemarle's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business—type activities as of June 30, 2014, totals \$71,901,022 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, roads and bridges, land, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following:

- Opening of the renovated Jesse Niven Parks & Recreation Center which serves as the new headquarters for the department and expands available recreation program space.
- Dedicated Phase III of the Roger F. Snyder Greenway
- Hired the City's first Economic Development Director which will enhance the City's opportunities for creating jobs and attracting business investment to the City;
- Launched a joint branding campaign for economic development with Stanly County
- Acquired the former Central Elementary School for redevelopment as affordable senior housing
- Appointed a Business Development Task Force made up of local citizens to make recommendations to the City Council regarding regulations and permitting processes
- Completed a salary and personnel policy study
- Paved all or a portion of several local streets
- Purchased a service truck for the vehicle maintenance facility
- Continued repair and replacement of deteriorated sidewalks throughout the City
- Replacement of network storage servers for IT
- Completed construction of an equalization basin at the US 52 Water Treatment Plant
- Relocation of a portion of the 30 inch water line on NC Highway 49 at Curl Tail Creek to accommodate bridge replacement by NCDOT
- Start of construction for major renovations at the Old Whitney Raw Water Pump Station
- Start of construction for the Concord Kannapolis Albemarle water line
- Completion of design for major renovations to the US 52 Water Treatment Plant
- Completion of design for replacement of the headworks at the Long Creek Wastewater Treatment Plant
- Start of construction to replace the main sewer trunk line in the center of town to address inflow and infiltration
- Start of construction for a third electric delivery point for the Ctiv

City of Albemarle's Capital Assets Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	Governmer	Governmental Activities		pe Activities	Totals		
	<u>2014</u>	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Land	\$ 2,640,255	\$ 2,640,255	\$ 1,031,182	\$ 1,031,182	\$ 3,671,437	\$ 3,671,437	
Infrastructure	3,603,166	3,743,288	11.688.504	13,258,786	15,291,670	17,002,074	
Other improvements	249,594	277,440	617,091	670,383	866,685	947.823	
Buildings	7,509,331	6,960,509	29,184,519	24,380,960	36,693,850	31,341,469	
Machinery and equipment	999,371	766,460	195,688	211,724	1,195,059	978 184	
Mobile equipment	1,344,019	1,407,228	3,664,263	2,614,252	5,008,282	4,021,480	
Construction in progress	<u>16,635</u>	<u>778,376</u>	9,157,404	<u>7,386,115</u>	9,174,039	<u>8,164,491</u>	
Total	\$ 16,362,371	\$16,573,556	<u>\$55,538,651</u>	\$49, <u>553,402</u>	<u>\$ 71,901,022</u>	\$ 66,126,958	

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note 2. A. of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt: As of June 30, 2014, the City of Albemarle had total paid back all their bonded debt.

City of Albemarle's Outstanding Debt General Obligation Bonds

	Governmer	ntal Activities	Business-type Activities		Totals		
	2014	<u>2013</u>	2014	2013	2014	2013	
General obligation bonds	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$	

City of Albemarle's Outstanding Debt

The City of Albemarle's total debt increased \$9,538,140 during the past fiscal year, primarily due to additional debt. The City of Albemarle does however owe \$1,990,808 on an inter-fund loan for the addition and renovation to the Public Safety Facility issued by the water/sewer and electric departments.

As mentioned in the financial highlights section of this document, the City of Albemarle maintained it's A3 rating with Moody's Investor Service and A rating from Standard and Poor's Corporation. This bond rating is a clear indication of the sound financial condition of the City of Albemarle. This achievement is a primary factor in keeping interest costs low on the City's outstanding debt.

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for City of Albemarle is \$80,863,389.

Additional information regarding the City of Albemarle's long-term debt can be found in note 2 .B. beginning on page 44 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the current and underlying economic conditions surrounding the City of Albemarle.

The unemployment rate in Stanly County at June 30, 2014 was 5.8% which is slightly less than the state average of 6.4% and below the national average is 6.1%.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2015

Governmental Activities: Property taxes will increase by .03 per \$100 valuation to 0.59 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015. This budget represents an overall increase of 3.6%% with 57% of the total General Fund budget being allocated to the Police and Fire Departments. As in past years, considerable more than 100% of all the property tax revenue to be collected by the City will be required to fund the Police and Fire Departments. These two departments are projected to cost \$7.4 million while property tax collections are projected to be only \$5.8 million. The budget proposes no increases in the household solid waste collection fee, household solid waste disposal fee, planning and zoning fees, fire inspection and plans review fees, or business license fees.

The Powell Bill Fund is proposed at \$662,200 which is a slight decrease from the current Powell Bill Budget. It includes \$150,000 for asphalt resurfacing and street repairs, a decrease of \$50.000 from the FY 2013-2014 budget. This \$50,000 cost has been budgeted in the General Fund.

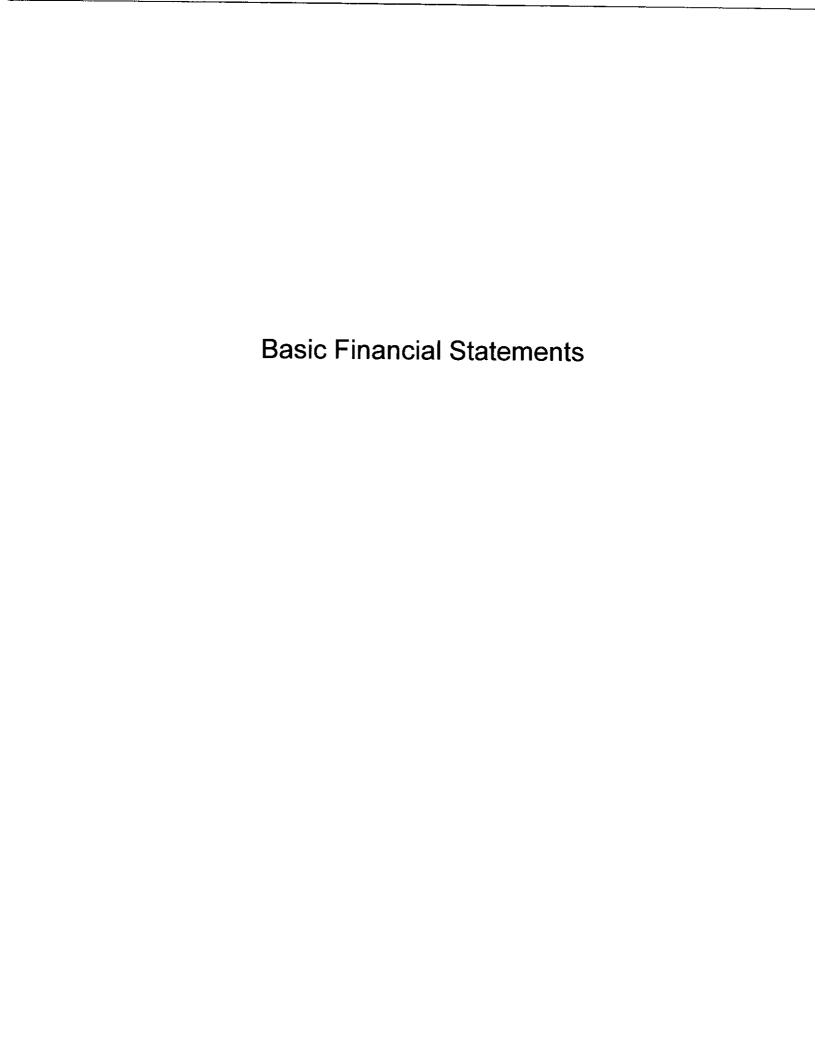
Business-Type Activities: The Water and Sewer Budget is proposed at \$7,935,200, which is a decrease of approximately 1.6% from the current year. The proposed budget has a recommended increase of 8% in water and sewer rates. Even if this increase is implemented, the City's water and sewer rates will still be considerably below the average for water and sewer rates across the state. The need to maintain the City's aging utility infrastructure, increased chemical and treatment costs, an increasingly stringent regulatory environment, and debt service for the capital improvement projects we have undertaken are the primary reasons for these recommended increases. For a typical customer who uses 748 cubic feet of water per month, the increased cost for water and sewer will only be \$3.06 per month. The budget includes debt service payments for the State loan for major improvements at the Long Creek Wastewater Treatment Plant, and for the sewer line replacement project to reduce inflow and infiltration; as well as debt service payments for the CKA water line project, the US 52 WTP equalization basin construction, and improvements to the Old Whitney raw water pump station. The Water and Sewer Budget also includes funds for replacement of flocculators at the Tuckertown Water Treatment Plant; fiber communications for the CKA water line; replacement of a damaged sewer line over a creek; funding for the backflow prevention/cross control and fats, oils and grease program; and replacement of the System Division Superintendent's vehicle.

The Electric Fund has a proposed budget of \$36,122,850. This represents a slight increase of 1% over the current year. The City will receive from the North Carolina Municipal Power Agency One an estimated wholesale rate increase of 2.4% effective July 1, 2014. The budget proposes a retail rate adjustment of 2.5% effective July 1, 2014 to offset this increase. For a typical residential customer using 1956 kWh per month this adjustment would increase their monthly bill by approximately \$5.68. The recommended budget includes funding to continue improvements to the electric system; to replace a pickup truck; and to replace a bucket truck.

The Solid Waste Disposal Fund is proposed at \$2,477,100 for FY 2014-2015, which constitutes an increase of approximately 16 per cent from the current year. I am recommending a \$1 per ton increase in the municipal solid waste disposal fee, from \$39 to \$40; and in the construction and demolition fee of \$1 from \$33 to \$34. Even with this increase the City's landfill will continue to remain competitive with other landfills in our region. The budget includes one time revenues of an estimated \$154,000 for sale of timber. The proposed budget includes funds to replace the leachate force main for the C&D landfill to the leachate basin; and for debt service for part of the year to construct a force main to connect to the City's wastewater treatment system in lieu of the pump and haul system currently in place if this project is approved by City Council, and if the City receives a low interest loan from the state for this project.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the City's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Director of Finance, City of Albemarle, P O Box 190, Albemarle, North Carolina 28002.



•	P	rimary Governme	nt	Compor	ent Units
	Governmental	Business-type	-	Albemarle Downtown Development	City of Albemarle
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Total	Corporation	ABC Board
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,115,285	\$11,743,460	\$ 18,858,745	\$ 103,909	\$ 187,594
Restricted cash	290,910	-	290,910	-	-
Receivables:					
Taxes receivable - net Accounts receivable	639,334	-	639,334	2,933	-
Due from other governments	173,422 1,399,657	5,114,358 829,069	5,287,780 2,228,726	- 57.050	-
Internal balances	(1,540,807)	1,540,807	2,220,720	57,350	-
Inventories	16,285	2,872,622	2,888,907	-	255,323
Prepaid expenses	19,586	18,138	37,724		6,177
Total current assets Non-current assets	8,113,672	22,118,454	30,232,126	164,192	449,094
Note receivable	800,000	_	800,000		
Capital assets					
·	0.656.800	40 400 500	10015 150		
Land, and construction in progress	2,656,890	10,188,586	12,845,476	116,423	261,417
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	13,705,481	45,350,065	<u>59,055,546</u>	<u>566,532</u>	824,403
Total capital assets	16,362,371	<u>55,538,651</u>	71,901,022	682,955	1,085,820
Total non-current assets	<u>17,162,371</u>	55,538,651	72,701,022	682,955	1,085,820
Total assets	25,276,043	77,657,105	102,933,148	847,147	1,534,914
LIABILITIES Current liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	551,010	4,977,676	5,528,686	2,085	150,009
Deposits	-	953,395	953,395	-	-
Current portion of long-term liabilities Accrued interest payable	579,014 	1,194,627 	1,773,641 	8,502 776	
Total current liabilities	1,130,024	7,125,698	8,255,722	11,363	150,009
Long-term liabilities					
Accrued landfill closure and postclosure costs Long-term liabilities:	-	5,035,088	5,035,088	-	-
Due in more than one year	4,145,833	16,328,141	20,473,974	29,770	<u> </u>
Total long-term liabilities	4,145,833	21,363,229	25,509,062	29,770	<u> </u>
Total liabilities	5,275,857	28,488,927	33,764,784	41,133	150,009
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Prepaid license fees Prepaid taxes	277,640	-	277,640	-	-
Note Receivable	800,000	<u>-</u>	800,000	• •	- -
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,077,640		1,077,640		
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	14,179,497	39,408,597	53,588,094	644,683	1,085,820
Stabilization by State Statute	812,756	-	812,756	-	-
Other functions Unrestricted	290,910 3,639,383	- 9,759,581	290,910 13,398,964	161,331	74,199 224,886
Total net position	\$ 18,922,546	\$49,168,178	\$ 68,090,724	\$ 806,014	\$ 1,384,905
i our not position	7 10,022,040	4 ,0,,00,170	J 00,000,727	* 000,013	- 1,00-1,000

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

			Program Revenues		Net (E	xpense) Revenue ar	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	Sition
						Primary Government		
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		Component
Functions/Programs Primary government	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
Governmental activities		•	ŧ			•		,
General government Public safety	7,033.184	24,169	49.700	3 446,224 10,364	\$ (1,390,960) (6,948,951)	, , ,	\$ (1,390,960) (6,948,951)	· ·
Public works	2,032,970	1,076,096		529,127	(427,747)	,	(427,747)	1 F
Environmental protection	930,426	•	•	•	(930,426)	1	(930,426)	•
Economic and physical development Cultural and recreational	1,302,081	113,766))	(1,188,315)	1 1	(112,038)	, ,
Interest on long-term debt	104,234	•		•	(104,234)		(104,234)	•
Total governmental activities	13,371,314	1,233,228	49,700	985,715	(11,102,671)	1	(11,102,671)	
Business-type activities								
Water and sewer	7,158,112	7,421,015 34,615,161	1 1			262,903 486,363	262,903 486 363	
Landfill	3,300,050	2,628,348	1 1	,	•	(671,702)	(671,702)	
Department of public housing	3,041,526	450,847	2,070,074	192,779		(327,826)	(327,826)	1
Total business-type activities	47,628,486	45,115,371	2,070,074	192,779		(250,262)	(250,262)	•
Total primary government	008'666'09 \$	\$ 46,348,599	\$ 2,119,774	\$ 1,178,494	\$ (11,102,671)	\$ (250,262)	\$(11,352,933)	٠ د
Component units Albernarie Downtown Development								
Corporation Albemarle ABC Board	\$ 486,602 2,483,166	\$ 384,570 2,509,388	\$ 57,000	· ·	· ·	, , с	, , 6	\$ (45,032)
Total component units	\$ 2,969,768	\$ 2,893,958	\$ 57,000	· •				(18,810)
	General revenues Taxes	n						
	Property taxes, levied for	Property taxes, levied for general purposes	sasodind		5,794,633	í	5,794,633	54,180
	Unrestricted inv	Unrestricted investment earnings			2,528	79,476	4,283,460 82,004	' 96
	Miscellaneous revenues Transfers	evenues			134,347 1,373,818	121,834 (1,373,818)	256,181	13,495
	F	Total general revenues and transfers	s and transfers		11,590,806	(1,172,508)	10,418,298	67,771
	0	Change in net position	_		488,135	(1,422,770)	(934,635)	48,961
	ш	Extraordinary Event (Note 9)	Note 9)		(242,152)	•	(242,152)	,
	Net position, begi	Net position, beginning, as previously stated	stated		18,676,563	50,590,948	69,267,511	2,140,109
	Prior period adjustment Net position, beginning, as	Prior period adjustment Net position, beginning, as restated			18,676,563	50,590,948	69,267,511	2,141,958
	Net position, end of year	of vear			\$ 18 922 546	\$ 49 168 178	\$ 68 090 724	2 100 010
							# 00,000,127	1

		Major	Fund	s	,,			
		General	Ni	ven Center enovation Fund		Total Non-Major	G	Total overnmental
Assets		<u> </u>		<u>r unu</u>		<u>Funds</u>		<u>Funds</u>
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash Receivables, net	\$	7,046,183 290,910	\$	69,102 -	\$	-	\$	7,115,285 290,910
Taxes Accounts Due from other governments		639,334 173,422 1,377,231		- -		- - 22,426		639,334 173,422 1,399,657
Due from other funds Inventories Prepaid expenses		- 16,285 19,586		-		-		- 16,285
Note receivable		800,000	_			-		19,586 800,000
Total assets	\$	10,362,951	\$	69,102	\$	22,426	\$	10,454,479
Liabilities and fund balances								
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$	549,373 1,540,807	\$	1,612	\$	25 	\$	551,010 1,540,807
Total liabilities		2 <u>,</u> 090,180		1,612		25		2,091,817
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		-						
Taxes Prepaid license fees Note Receivable		639,334 277,640 800,000		-		-		639,334 277,640
						_		800,000
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,716,974	_		_			1,716,974
Fund balances Nonspendable								
Inventories		16,285		_		-		16,285
Restricted		040.750						,
Stabilization by State Statute Streets - Powell Bill Committed		812,756 290,910		-		-		812,756 290,910
Parks and recreation		6,861		67,490		-		-
Assigned Subsequent year's expenditures		133,000		_				133,000
Unassigned		5,295,985		<u>-</u>		22,401		5,318,386
Total fund balances		6,555,797		67,490		22,401		6,645,688
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	10,362,951	\$	69,102	\$	22,426	\$	8,737,505
Reconciliation of fund balance as reported in the balanc net position - governmental activities Fund balance as reported in the balance sheet - gove	e sh	eet - governm			<u>*</u>	22,720	\$	6.645.688
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the st Capital assets used in governmental activities are r not reported in the funds	aten	nent of net ass				•	•	16,362,371
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for are deferred in the funds								639,334
Compensated absences not expected to be materia resources	апу п	quidated with	expen	dable availab	ie			(577,392)
Net pension obligations Other postemployment benefits		. at the						(437,201) (1,527,380)
Long-term liabilities, principally Capital leases and a due and payable in the current period and, theref								(2,182,874)
Net position of governmental activities							\$	18,922,546

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Majo	r Fund		
		Niven Center	Total	Total
		Renovation	Non-Major	Governmental
_	<u>General</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Funds</u>
Revenues				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 5,844,284	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,844,284
Other taxes and licenses	289,743	-	-	289,743
Unrestricted intergovernmental	3,995,737	-	-	3,995,737
Restricted intergovernmental	834,177	-	201,238	1,035,415
Permits and fees	43,145	-	-	43,145
Sales and services	1,190,083	-	-	1,190,083
Investment earnings	6,851	-	_	6,851
Miscellaneous	130,024			130,024
Total revenues	12,334,044		201,238	12,535,282
Expenditures				
Current				
General government	1,599,637	_	_	1,599,637
Public safety	6,927,399	_	90,853	7,018,252
Public works	1,905,120	_	50,005	1,905,120
Environmental protection	930,426	_	_	930,426
Economic and physical development	500,420	_	112,038	112,038
Cultural and recreation	1,192,452	-	112,036	•
Debt service:	1, 132,432	-	-	1,192,452
Principal	318,728			240 700
Interest	104,234	-	-	318,728
Capital outlay	104,234	127 202	24 202	104,234
Capital Outlay	<u>-</u>	127,283	<u>34,203</u>	<u>161,486</u>
Total expenditures	12,977,996	127,283	237,094	13,342,373
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(643,952)	(127,283)	(35,856)	(807,091)
·	(,,	(,)	(00,000)	(001,001)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers from other funds	1,476,533	-	(77,715)	1,398,818
Transfers to other funds	(52,097)	-	27,097	(25,000)
Proceeds from debt	331,590			331,590
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,756,026		(50,618)	1,705,408
Extraordinary Event (Note 9)	(242,152)			(242,152)
Net change in fund balances	869,922	(127,283)	(86,474)	656,165
Fund balances - beginning	5,685,875	194,773	108,875	5,989,523
Fund balances - end of year	\$6,555,797	\$ 67,490	\$ 22,401	\$ 6,645,688

Amounts reported for governmental activities Net changes in fund balances - total gove	in the statement of activities are different because: ernmental funds	\$ 656,165
Governmental funds report capital outlays Activities the cost of those assets is allo as depreciation expense.	s as expenditures. However, in the Statement of ocated over their estimated useful lives and reported	
	Capital outlay	754,297
	Depreciation	(949,138)
	Asset transfers	(16,344)
Revenues in the statement of activities the not reported as revenues in the funds	at do not provide current financial resources are	
	Taxes including interest and penalties	(49,651)
Some expenses reported in the statement financial resources and, therefore, are r funds	t of activities do not require the use of current not reported as expenditures in governmental	
	Compensated absences	23,953
	Current pension cost	2,321
	Other postemployment benefits	(162,758)
while the repayment of the principal of k	current financial resources to governmental funds, ong-term debt consumes the current financial ner transaction has any effect on net position. If the treatment of long-term	
debt and related items.	-	(12,862)
Extraordinary Event (Note 9)		 242,152
Total changes in net position of governme	ental activities	\$ 488,135

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA Exhibit 6
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Ad valorem taxes	A 5 400 050			
Other taxes and licenses	\$ 5,480,650	\$ 5,480,650	\$ 5,844,284	\$ 363,634
Unrestricted intergovernmental	271,800	271,800	289,743	17,943
Restricted intergovernmental	4,040,450	4,040,450	3,995,737	(44,713)
Permits and fees	738,900	738,900	834,177	95,277
Sales and services	41,300	41,300	43,145	1,845
	1,218,050	1,230,250	1,190,083	(40,167)
Investment earnings Miscellaneous	13,500	13,500	2,528	(10,972)
Miscellaneous	<u>46,850</u>	<u>46,850</u>	<u>134,347</u>	87,497
Total revenues	11,851,500	11,863,700	12,334,044	470,344
Expenditures				
Current				
General government	1,627,750	1,900,500	1,599,637	300,863
Public safety	6,680,000	6,992,110	6,927,399	64,711
Public works	2,136,700	2,224,700	1,905,120	319,580
Environmental protection	1,000,000	954,000	930,426	23,574
Cultural and recreational	1,300,300	1,227,500	1,192,452	35,048
Debt service	.,000,000	1,221,000	1,102,102	00,040
Principal	375,000	564,150	318,728	245,422
Interest	105,000	106,250	104,234	2,016
				2,010
Total expenditures	13,224,750	13,969,210	12,977,996	991,214
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,373,250)	(2,105,510)	(643,952)	1,461,558
Other financing sources (uses)				
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers from other funds	0.704.044	4 400 005	4 470 500	07.400
Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds	2,731,811	1,409,035	1,476,533	67,498
	(1,574,111)	(288,070)	(52,097)	235,973
Debt proceeds		331,590	331,590	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,157,700	(652,955)	1,756,026	303,471
Extraordinary Event (Note 9)			(242,152)	(242,152)
Appropriated fund balance	215,550	652,955		(652,955)
Net change in fund balance	\$	\$ -	869,922	869,922
Fund balance - beginning			5,685,875	
Fund balance - end of year			\$ 6,555,797	

	Major Funds				
	Water and	Electric	Landfill	Department of	•
	Sewer Fund	Fund	Fund	Public Housing	Total
Assets			-		
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,855,870	\$ 1,212,626	\$3,267,642	\$ 1,407,322	\$ 11,743,460
Accounts receivable - net	1,160,685	3,752,308	162,373	38,992	5,114,358
Due from other governments	829,069	-	-	-	829,069
Due from other funds	247,782	1,743,025	-	-	1,990,807
Inventories	394,638	2,477,984	-	-	2,872,622
Prepaid expenses	<u>4,951</u>	11,446	<u>696</u>	1,045	18,138
Total current assets	<u>8,492,995</u>	<u>9,197,389</u>	3,430,711	1,447, <u>359</u>	22,568,454
Noncurrent assets					
Capital assets Land, improvements and construction in progress	7 000 700	0.450.004			
- · · · · ·	7,098,700	2,159,801	597,714	332,371	10,188,586
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	<u>30,970,980</u>	<u>5,061,978</u>	<u>3,597,177</u>	<u>5,719,930</u>	<u>45,350,065</u>
Total capital assets, net	38,069,680	7,221,779	<u>4,194,891</u>	6,052,301	<u>55,538,651</u>
Total assets	\$46,562,675	\$16,419,168	\$7,625,602	\$ 7,499,660	\$78,107,105
Liabilities					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 1,771,707	\$ 3,062,624	\$ 43,861	\$ 99,484	\$ 4,977,676
Customer deposits	202,719	669,151	39,000	42,525	953,395
Due to other funds	_	-	450,000	, -	450,000
Compensated absences - current	85,582	81,460	20,336	9,630	197,008
Installment purchase agreements payable - current	778,055	163,912	50,800	4,852	997,619
Total current liabilities	2,838,063	3,977,147	603,997	156,491	7,575,698
Noncurrent liabilities					
Accrued landfill closure and postclosure costs	_	_	5.035.088	_	5,035,088
Compensated absences	85.583	81,460	20,337	9,631	197,011
Other postemployment benefits	512,286	322,740	104,250	94,776	1,034,052
Installment purchase agreements payable - noncurrent	13,714,004	1,133,640	246,105	3,329	15,097,078
Total noncurrent liabilities	14,311,873	1,537,840	5,405,780	107,736	21,363,229
-					
Total liabilities	<u>17,149,936</u>	<u>5,514,987</u>	6,009,777	264,227	28,938,927
Net position					
Net investment in capital assets	23,577,621	5,924,227	3,862,629	6,044,120	39,408,597
Unrestricted	5,835,118	<u>4,979,954</u>	(2,246,804)	<u>1,191,313</u>	<u>9,759,581</u>
Total net position	\$29,412,739	\$10,904,181	\$1,615,825	\$ 7,235,433	\$49,168,178

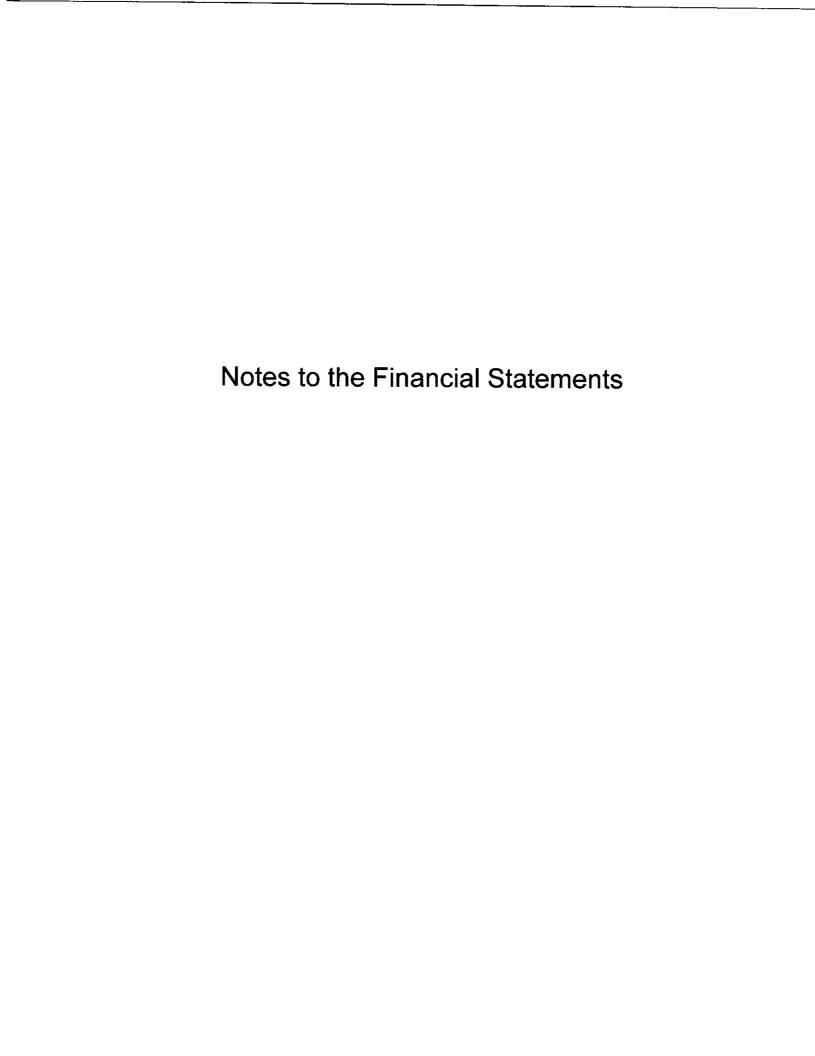
	Major Funds						
	Water and		Electric		Landfill	Department of	•
	Sewer Fund		Fund		Fund	Public Housing	Total
Operating Revenues			•			<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Charges for sales and services	\$ 7,368,174	\$	33,119,920	\$	2,376,193	\$ -	\$ 42,864,287
Rental income	-		_		_	427,925	427,925
Other operating revenues	<u>52,841</u>	_	1,495,241		252,155	22,922	1,823,159
							1,020,100
Total operating revenues	7,421,015		34,615,161		2,628,348	450,847	<u>45,115,371</u>
						100,047	40,110,011
Operating Expenses							
Administrative	927,209		1,336,319		-	562,257	2,825,785
Customer service	-		173,577		_		173,577
Electrical operations	-		3,294,951		_	_	3,294,951
Electri power purchases	-		28,724,124		_	_	28,724,124
Water operations	1,702,360		· · ·		_	_	1,702,360
Sewer operations	1,665,183		_		-	_	1,665,183
Systems division	1,385,056		-		_	_	1,385,056
Tenant services			_		_	12,370	12,370
Utilities	_		_		_	343,677	343,677
Ordinary Maintenance and operation	-		_		_	279,281	•
General expenses	_		_		_	81,324	279,281
Housing assistance payments	_		_		-		81,324
Nonroutine maintenance	_		_		-	1,268,564	1,268,564
Landfill operations			-		2,139,456	96,171	96,171
Depreciation	4 400 004		-			-	2,139,456
Depreciation	1,139,291	_	550,860		1,135,562	<u>397,345</u>	3,223,058
Total operating expense	6,819,099	_	34,079,831		3,275,018	3,040,989	47,214,937
Operating income (loss)	601,916	_	535,330		(646,670)	(2,590,142)	(2,099,566)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)							
Operating grants	_		_		_	2,070,074	2,070,074
Capital grants	8,911		_		_	183,868	192,779
Gain on disposal of assets	2,765		76,588		_	100,000	79,353
Investment earnings	3,144		53,974		1,116	21,242	79,476
Interest and other charges	(339,013)		(48,967)		(25,032)	(537)	(413,549)
Other nonoperating (expenses) income	(300,010)		(40,507)		(25,052)	42,481	42,481
Caller Herioperating (experience) meeting					_	42,401	42,401
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(324,193)	_	81,5 <u>95</u>		(23,916)	2,317,128	2,050,614
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	277,723		616,925		(670,586)	(273,014)	(48,952)
Transfers to other funds	(225,000)		(1,123,818)		(50,000)	_	(1,398,818)
Transfers from other funds		_	25,000		<u> </u>		25,000
Change in net position	52,723		(481,893)		(720,586)	(273,014)	(1,422,770)
Total net position, beginning	29,360,016	_	11,386,074		2,336,411	7,508,447	50,590,948
Total net position, ending	\$ 29,412,739	<u>\$</u>	10,904,181	<u>\$</u>	1,615,825	\$ 7,235,433	\$ 49,168,178

	Enterprise Funds				
	Water			Department	
	and		Landfill	of	
	Sewer Fund	Electric Fund	<u>Fund</u>	Public Housing	<u>Total</u>
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Cash received from customers	\$ 6,270,779	\$30,199,598	\$2,700,588	\$ 391,351	\$39,562,316
Cash paid for goods and services	(1,094,080)		(1,329,946)	(1,957,399)	(33,268,719)
Cash paid to employees for services	(3,143,224)	(2,501,290)	(662,694)	(562,257)	(6,869,465)
Other operating revenues	52,841	1,495,241	252,155	22,922	1,823,159
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	2,086,316	306,255	960,103	(2,105,383)	1,247,291
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:					
Operating grants and subsidies	-	-	-	2,070,074	2,070,074
Due from (to) other funds	45,266	331,675	(150,000)	· · ·	226,941
Transfers to other funds	(225,000)	(1,123,818)	-	-	(1,348,818)
Transfers from other funds		25,000	(50,000)		(25,000)
Total cash flows from noncapital financing activities	(179,734)	(767,143)	(200,000)	2,070,074	923,197
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:					
Acquisition of capital assets	(7,207,267)	(1,370,652)	(431,079)	(199,310)	(9,208,308)
Principal paid on bonds and installment purchase agreements	(778,055)	(156,227)	(92,341)	(5,569)	(1,032,192)
Interest paid on bonds and installment purchase agreements	(339,013)	(48,967)	(25,032)	(537)	(413,549)
Proceeds from installment financing Proceeds from sale of assets	10,253,305	33,259	265,343	5,543	10,557,450
Capital grants	2,765	76,588	-	400.000	79,353
·	8,911			183,868	192,779
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	1,940,646	_(1,465,999)	(283,109)	(16,005)	175,533
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Interest earned on investments	3,144	53,974	1,116	21,242	79,476
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	3,850,372	(1,872,913)	478,110	(30,072)	2,425,497
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	2,005,498	3,085,539	2,789,532	1,437,394	9,317,963
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 5,855,870	\$ 1,212,626	\$3,267,642	\$ 1,407,322	\$11,743,460
Reconciliation of operating income to net					
cash provided by operating activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$ 601,916	<u>\$ 535,330</u>	\$ (646,670)	\$ (2,590,142)	<u>\$ (2,099,566)</u>
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash					
provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation	1,139,291	550,860	1,135,562	397,345	3,223,058
Other nonoperating income (expense)	-	-	-	42,481	42,481
Changes in assets and liabilities:	(4.007.005)	(014.004)			
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	(1,097,395)	(311,661)	57,823	(36,574)	(1,387,807)
(Increase) decrease in inventory	25,047 14,947	43,278	1,264	3,281	72,870
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and	14,947	(77,032)	•	-	(62,085)
accrued liabilities	1,292,039	(583,652)	(7,286)	72,648	773,749
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	14,605	84,352	33,000	(1,164)	130,793
Decrease (increase) in accrued compensated absences	38,298	30,825	11,847	(479)	80,491
Increase in postemployment benefits	57,568	33,955	7,988	7,221	106,732
Increase in accrued landfill closure and postclosure costs		<u> </u>	366,575		366,575
Total adjustments	1,484,400	(229,075)	1,606,773	484,759	3,346,857
·					
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>\$ 2,086,316</u>	<u>\$ 306,255</u>	\$ 960,103	<u>\$ (2,105,383)</u>	<u> </u>

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Exhibit 10

	Agency Fund
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,047
Liabilities and Net Position	
Liabilities: Miscellaneous liabilities	3,047
Total liabilities	\$ 3,047



CITY OF ALBEMARLE NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City of Albemarle, North Carolina and its discretely presented component unit conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Albemarle, North Carolina, is a municipal corporation which is governed by an elected mayor and a seven-member council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City and its component units, legally-separate entities for which the City is financially accountable. The discretely presented component units presented below are reported in separate columns in the City's financial statements in order to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City.

Albemarie Downtown Development Corporation

The Albemarle Downtown Development Corporation (ADDC) is a nonprofit organization dedicated to the revitalization of the downtown area of the City of Albemarle. The majority of the ADDC's board of directors is appointed by the City. The city also levies a municipal service district tax, which is distributed directly to the ADDC. The ADDC and its wholly owned subsidiary, Market Station, Inc., have a June 30 year end, and the consolidated financial information is presented as if it were a proprietary fund. Complete financial statements may be obtained from the entity's administrative offices located at 157 North Second Street, Albemarle, N.C. 28001.

City of Albemarle ABC Board

The members of the ABC Board's governing board are appointed by the City. In addition, the ABC Board is required by state statute to distribute its surpluses to the general fund of the City. The ABC Board, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a proprietary fund. Complete financial statements for the ABC Board may be obtained from the entity's administrative offices located at 1446 U.S. Highway 52 North, Albemarle, North Carolina 28001.

The following organization is included in the City of Albemarle's financial statements:

Albemarle Department of Public Housing

The Albemarle Department of Public Housing is a department of the City of Albemarle effective February 9, 1991, and is considered a proprietary fund and reported as an enterprise fund in these financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, streets and highways, sanitation, parks and recreation, and general governmental services.

Niven Center Renovation Capital Project Fund. The fund accounts for City transfers and other revenues used to renovate Niven center for new Parks and Recreation facility.

The City reports the following non-major governmental funds:

Governor's Crime Commission. This fund is used to account for grant monies restricted for police technology program expenses.

Governor's Crime Commission Grant Fund. This fund accounts for grant monies restricted for public safety program expenses.

Clean Water Management Trust Grant Fund. This fund accounts for grant monies for flood mitigation at long creek.

Fire Department FEMA Grant Fund. This fund accounts for grant monies restricted for fire department staffing for fire & emergency response.

Carolina Thread Trail Grant Fund. This fund is used to account for grant and other monies for the Carolina Thread Trail.

Governor's Highway Safety Grant Fund. This fund is used to account for grant and other monies for the Governor's Highway Safety Grant Fund expenditures.

B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water and Sewer Fund. This fund is used to account for the City's water and sewer operations.

Electric Fund. This fund is used to account for the City's electric operations.

Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Fund. This fund is used to account for the City's landfill operations.

Albemarle Department of Public Housing. This fund is used to account for the City's public housing operations.

The City reports the following fund types:

Agency Fund. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of operating results. An agency fund is used to account for assets the City holds on behalf of others. The City maintains the Municipal Service District, which accounts for tax revenues that the City is required to remit to the Albemarle Downtown Development Corporation.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the City are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues for the City enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under Capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The City considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as a revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the City are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Grant revenues which are unearned at year-end are recorded as unearned revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The City's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and the Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Special Revenue Funds, Capital Project Funds, and the Enterprise Capital Project and Capital Reserve Funds which are consolidated with the operating funds for reporting purposes. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations. All amendments must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary, the effects of which were not material. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the City, the ADDC, and the ABC Board are made in council-designated official depositories and are secured as required by state law [G.S. 159-31]. The City, the ADDC, and the ABC Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the City, the ADDC, and the ABC Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the City, the ADDC, and the ABC Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

The City, the ADDC's and the ABC Board's investments with a maturity of more than one year at acquisition and non-money market investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices. The securities of the NCCMT Cash Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund, are valued at fair value, which is the NCCMT's share price. The NCCMT Term Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value. Money market investments that have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less are reported at amortized cost.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents. The ADDC and the ABC Board consider all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

Restricted Assets

Powell Bill funds are classified as restricted because it can be expended only for purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4.

3. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with state law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the City levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1st, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2013. As allowed by State law, the City has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes which are paid prior to the due date. In the City's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

4. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

CITY OF ALBEMARLE NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

5. <u>Inventories and Prepaid Items</u>

The inventories of the City, the ADDC, and the ABC Board are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The City's General Fund inventory consists of expendable supplies that are recorded as expenditures as used rather than when purchased.

The inventories of the City's Enterprise Funds and the ADDC consist of materials and supplies held for subsequent use. The inventories of the ABC Board consist of items held for resale. The cost of these inventories is expensed when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

6. Note Receivable

At June 30, 2008 the City attained a note receivable from Lillian Mill Group, LLC in regards to the City's renovations to the Historic Lillian Mills Building (Five Points Redevelopment Project). This note will be activated (earned) upon completion of all improvements as contemplated in the legally binding commitment by the city. This note will be paid to the city with accrued interest in March 2015. This transaction is currently recorded at the city as a note receivable and unearned revenue for \$800,000.

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years.

The City's purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the time of donation. Minimum capitalization costs are \$5,000 for the following types of assets: land, improvements, buildings, infrastructure, substations, lines, plant and distribution systems, equipment and vehicles. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. General infrastructure capital assets, including roads, bridges, streets and sidewalks, and curbs and gutters are capitalized as "Infrastructure". General infrastructure capital assets acquired prior to July 1, 2004, or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July1, 1980, are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

Capital assets used in the governmental and business-type activities of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated <u>Useful Lives</u>	
Buildings and Improvements	25-31	years
Electric Distribution System	25	years
Water Distribution Lines	30-50	vears
Sewer Distribution Lines		vears
Infrastructure	30-50	vears
Equipment		years
Vehicles		years

Property and equipment of the ADDC are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis.

Property and equipment of the ABC Board are depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

Asset Class	Estimated <u>Useful Lives</u>
Equipment	5-10 years
Leasehold Improvements	7 years

8. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Outflows of Resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The City has no item that meets this criterion. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Inflows of Resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The City has only four items that meet the criterion for this category - prepaid taxes, prepaid license fees, property taxes receivable and a note receivable.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

9. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs, except for prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred. Prepaid insurance costs are expensed over the life of the debt.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

10. Compensated Absences

The vacation policies of the City provide for the accumulation of up to two hundred (200) hours earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. The number of maximum accumulated days depends on years of service. For the City's government-wide and proprietary funds an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The City has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The Albemarle Downtown Development Corporation has no specific policy regarding accrual of earned vacation leave. The ADDC has no liability for unused vacation leave at June 30, 2014.

ABC Board employees may accumulate up to 20 days of earned vacation leave. Accumulated earned vacation leave is included in accrued expenses.

The City's, the ADDC's, and the ABC Board's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the City, ADDC, and the ABC Board have no obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

11. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assest; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

Net Position/Fund Balances (Continued)

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Non-spendable Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Inventories – portion of fund balance that is not and available resource because it represents the year-end balance of ending inventories, which are not spendable resources.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute - portion of fund balance that is restricted by State Statute [G.S. 159-8(a)].

Restricted for Streets – Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Committed Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of City of Albemarle's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). Any changes or removal of specific purpose requires majority action by the governing body.

Committed for Economic Development - portion of fund balance as signed by the Board of Economic Development.

Assigned fund balance - portion of fund balance that the City of Albemarle intends to use for specific purpose

Subsequent year's expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation.

Unassigned fund balance – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The City of Albemarle has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-city funds, city funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the City.

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All of the City's, the ADDC's and the ABC Board's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the City's, the ADDC's, or the ABC Board's agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the City, the ADDC, and the ABC Board, these deposits are considered to be held by the City's, the ADDC, and the ABC Board's agents in their names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for noninterest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits.

The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the City, the ADDC, or the ABC Board, or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the City, the ADDC, or the ABC Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for undercollaterization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The City has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The City complies with the provisions of G.S.159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured. The ADDC and the ABC Board have no formal policies regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2014, the City's deposits had a carrying amount of \$17,427,771 and a bank balance of \$17,349,740. Of the bank balance, \$1,500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$15,849,740 was covered by collateral held under the pooling method. At June 30, 2014, the City's petty cash fund totaled \$3,308. The carrying amount of the deposits for the ADDC was \$103,909 and a bank balance of \$103,909. Of the bank balance \$103,909 was covered by federal depository insurance. The carrying amount of deposits for the ABC Board was \$185,161 and a bank balance of \$243,135. Of the bank balance, the entire balance was covered by federal depository insurance. At June 30, 2014, the ABC Board's petty cash fund totaled \$2,433.

2. Investments

At June 30, 2014, the City of Albemarle had \$1,718,576 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Cash Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAA by Standard and Poor's. The City has no policy regarding credit risk.

Receivables - Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position is net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

General Fund: Taxes receivable

\$180,000

A. Assets (Continued)

4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2014, was as follows:

Primary Government

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental activities Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 2,640,255	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,640,255
Construction in progress	<u>778,376</u>	146,853	908,594	<u>16,635</u>
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>3,418,631</u>	<u>146,853</u>	908,594	2,656,890
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings	10,039,012	892.093	-	10,931,105
Other improvements	655,482	-	_	655,482
Infrastructure	5,839,372	40,550	_	5,879,922
Equipment and furnishings	2,063,509	447.697	104.903	2,406,303
Mobile Equipment	4,881,628	171,745	104,767	4,948,606
Total capital assets being depreciated	23,479,003	1,552,085	209,670	24,821,418
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	3,078,503	343,271	_	3,421,774
Other improvements	378,042	27,846	_	405.888
Infrastructure	2.096.084	180.672	_	2.276.756
Equipment and furnishings	1,297,049	167,715	92.987	1,406,932
Mobile equipment	3,474,400	229,634	99,447	3,604,587
Total accumulated depreciation	10,324,078	\$ 949,138	\$ 192,434	11,115,937
Total capital assets being depreciated – net	13,154,925			13,705,481
Total Governmental Activities Capital assets – net	<u>\$ 16,573,556</u>			<u>\$ 16,362,371</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 290,980
Public safety	256,324
Public works	248,736
Recreation	 153,098
Total depreciation expense	\$ 949,138

A. Assets (Continued)

4. Capital Assets (Continued)

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Business-type activities				
Water and Sewer Fund Capital assets not being depreciated Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 139,933 6,593,006 6,732,939	\$ - 6,501,465 6,501,465	\$ - 6,135,704 6,135,704	\$ 139,933 6,958,767 7,098,700
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings Water and sewer lines Equipment and vehicles Total capital assets being depreciated	34,886,022 29,565,421 3,794,104 68,245,547	5,860,907 372,115 608,484 6,841,506	35,536 35,536	40,746,929 29,937,536 4,367,052 75,051,517
Less accumulated depreciation Buildings Water and sewer lines Equipment and vehicles Total accumulated depreciation Total capital assets being depreciated – net	19,723,349 20,643,040 <u>2,610,393</u> 42,976,782 25,268,765	582,488 385,748 171,055 \$ 1,139,291	35,536 \$ 35,536	20,305,837 21,028,788 2,745,912 44,080,537 30,970,980
Water and Sewer Fund Capital Assets – net	32,001,704			38,069,680
Business-type activities	Beginning Balances	<u>Increases</u>	Decreases	Ending Balances
Electric Fund Capital assets not being depreciated Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated	\$ 145,963	\$ - 1,220,729 1,220,729	\$ -	\$ 145,963 2,013,838 2,159,801
Buildings Distribution lines Equipment and vehicles Total capital assets being depreciated	5,014,584 17,998,779 2,731,831 25,745,194	149,923 149,923	14,421 14,421	5,014,584 17,998,779 2,867,333 25,880,696
Less accumulated depreciation Buildings Distribution lines Equipment and vehicles Total accumulated depreciation	1,646,224 16,878,494 1,757,561 20,282,279	203,362 167,885 179,613 \$ 550,860	14,421 \$ 14,421	1,849,586 17,046,379 1,922,753 20,818,718
Total capital assets being depreciated – net Electric Fund Capital Assets – net	5,462,915 6,401,987			5,061,978 7,221,779

A. Assets (Continued)

4. Capital Assets (Continued)

Business-type activities	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Landfill Fund Capital assets not being depreciated Land	₽ 501.701	¢.		.
Construction in progress	\$ 581,781	\$ - 15,933	\$ -	\$ 581,781 15,933
Total capital assets not being depreciated	581,781	15,933		597,714
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings	750 700			
Landfill cell construction	758,732 6,814,278	-	-	758,732
Equipment and vehicles	2,812,406	425,476	-	6,814,278 3,237,882
Total capital assets being depreciated	10,385,416	425,476		10,810,892
Less accumulated depreciation Buildings	80,676	6 770		07.454
Landfill cell construction	4,046,447	6,778 940,475	_	87,454 4,986,922
Equipment and vehicles	1,940,700	198,639	-	2,139,339
Total accumulated depreciation	6,067,823	\$ 1,145,892	\$	7,213,715
Total capital assets being depreciated – net	<u>4,317,594</u>			<u>3,597,177</u>
Landfill Fund Capital Assets - net	4,899,375			4,194,891
Business-type activities	Beginning Balances	_Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending <u>Balances</u>
Department of Public Housing				
Capital assets not being depreciated			_	
Land Construction in progress	\$ 163,505	400.000	\$ -	\$ 163,505
Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated	163,505	168,866 168,866		<u>168,866</u> 332,371
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings	10,244,231	-	-	10,244,231
Improvements	1,025,374	-	-	1,025,374
Equipment Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>522,425</u> 11,792,029	30,443 30,443	-	<u>552,868</u> 11,822,473
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	5,039,506	297,574	_	5,337,080
Improvements	354,991	53,292	-	408,283
Equipment	310,701	46,479		357,180
Total accumulated depreciation	5,705,198	<u>\$ 397,345</u>	<u>s</u>	6,102,543
Total capital assets being depreciated - net	6,086,831			<u>5,719,930</u>
Department of Public Housing Capital Assets – net	6,250,336			6,052,301
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, net	<u>\$ 49,553,402</u>			<u>\$ 55,538,651</u>

A. Assets (Continued)

Discretely presented component units:

Activity for the ADDC Board for the year ended June 30, 2014, was a follows:

One it also as a second	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	<u>\$ 116,423</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ <u> </u>	<u>\$ 116,423</u>
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings Equipment Total capital assets being depreciated	908,778 1,576 910,354	1,24 <u>5</u> 1,245	- 	908,778 2,821 911,599
Less accumulated depreciation Buildings Equipment and vehicles Total accumulated depreciation	317,540 1,576 319,116	25,951 - \$ 25,951	<u>-</u> \$	343,491 1,576 345,067
Depreciable assets, net	591,238			566,532
Total ADDC Board capital assets, net	<u>\$ 707,661</u>			<u>\$ 682,955</u>
Activity for the ABC Board for the year ended June 30, 2014, was a follows:				

	Beginning Balances	<u>Increases</u>	Decreases	Ending Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	<u>\$ 261,417</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	<u>\$ 261,417</u>
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings Equipment and furniture Total capital assets being depreciated	1,035,540 183,464 1,219,004	8,380 8,380	- 	1,035,540 191,844 1,227,384
Less accumulated depreciation Buildings Equipment and furniture Total accumulated depreciation	215,767 144,205 359,972	27,005 16,005 \$ 43,010	- - \$ -	242,772 160,210 402,982
Depreciable assets, net	859,972			824,403
Total ABC Board capital assets, net	<u>\$ 1,120,449</u>			<u>\$ 1,085,820</u>

B. Liabilities

1. Payables

Payables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2014, were as follows:

	Vendors	Salaries and Benefits	Total
Governmental activities: General Other governmental	\$ 366,636 1,637	\$ 182,737 ———————————————————————————————————	\$ 549,373 1,637
Total - governmental activities	<u>\$ 368,273</u>	<u>\$ 182,737</u>	<u>\$ 551,010</u>
Business-type activities: Water and sewer fund Electric fund Landfill fund Department of public housing	\$ 1,711,119 3,013,286 30,730 89,641	\$ 60,588 49,338 13,131 9,843	\$ 1,771,707 3,062,624 43,861 99,484
Total – Business-type activities	<u>\$ 4,844,776</u>	<u>\$ 132,900</u>	<u>\$ 4,977,676</u>

2. Pension Plan Obligations

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The City of Albemarle and the ABC Board contribute to the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS provides retirement and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required to contribute six percent of their annual covered salary. The City and the ABC Board are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. For the City, the current rate for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers is 7.07% and 7.28%, respectively, of annual covered payroll. The ABC Board is currently required to contribute 8.36% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of members and of the City of Albemarle are established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly.

The City's contributions to LGERS for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$769,059, \$725,614, and \$751,070, respectively. The ABC Board's contributions to LGERS for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$12,259, \$11,969, and \$12,931, respectively. The contributions made by the City and the ABC Board equaled the required contributions for each year.

The ADDC does not participate in LGERS.

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

- 2. Pension Plan Obligations (Continued)
- b. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

(1) Plan Description

The City of Albemarle, NC administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the City's qualified sworn law enforcement officers. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The plan does not issue a separate financial report.

All full-time law enforcement officers of the City are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2013, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits		10
Terminated plan members entitled to	but not	
yet receiving benefits		-
Active plan members		<u>49</u>
	Total	<u>59</u>

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting. The City has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Method Used to Value Investments. No funds are set aside to pay benefits and administration costs. These expenditures are paid as they come due.

(3) Contributions

The City is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the benefit payments on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. The City's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. There were no contributions made by employees.

The annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 5.00% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and (b) projected salary increases of 4.25% to 7.85% per year. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 3.00%. The assumptions did not include post-retirement benefit increases.

B. Liabilities (Continued)

2. Pension Plan Obligations (Continued)

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation. The City's annual pension cost and net pension obligation to the Separation Allowance for the current year were as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$	132.020
Interest on net pension obligation	•	21,976
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(35,809)
Annual pension cost	\$	118,187
Contributions made		120,508
Increase (decrease) in net pension obligation		(2,321)
Net pension obligation beginning of fiscal year		439,522
Net pension obligation end of fiscal year	\$	437,201

Three year Trend Information

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual Pension <u>Cost (APC</u>)	Percentage of APC <u>Contributed</u>	Net Pension Obligation End <u>of Year</u>
6/30/2012	\$ 124,319	97.77%	\$ 441,976
6/30/2013	\$ 129,291	101.90%	\$ 439,522
6/30/2014	\$ 118,187	101.96%	\$ 437,201

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of December 31 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was not funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) was \$1,395,437. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$2,075,326, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 67.24 percent.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Regular and Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The City contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to employees of the City. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for law enforcement officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The States CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for law enforcement officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the City to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of law enforcement officers' salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2014 were \$178,275, which consisted of \$100,495 from the City and \$77,780 from the law enforcement officers.

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

- B. Liabilities (Continued)
- 2. Pension Plan Obligations (Continued)
- d. Firefighter's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund

Plan Description. The State of North Carolina contributes, on behalf of the City of Albemarle, NC to the Firefighter's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund (Fund), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation administered by the State of North Carolina. The Fund provides pension benefits for eligible fire and rescue squad workers that have elected to become members of the fund. Article 86 of G.S. Chapter 58 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Firefighter's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required to contribute \$10 per month to the Fund. The State, a nonemployer contributor, funds the plan through appropriations. The City does not contribute to the Fund. Contribution requirements of plan members and the State of North Carolina are established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly.

Also, the City has recognized as a revenue and an expenditure on-behalf payments for fringe benefits and salaries of \$36,105 for the salary supplement and stipend benefits paid to eligible Firefighter by the local board of trustees of the Firefighter's Relief Fund during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. Under State law the local board of trustees for the Fund receives an amount each year which the Board may use at its own discretion for eligible Firefighter or their departments.

e. Other Postemployment Benefit

Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description. Under the terms of a City resolution, the City administers a single-employer defined benefit Healthcare Benefits Plan (the HCB Plan). As of July 1, 1984 this plan provides postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees of the City, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (System) and have at least ten years (other service requirements also exist) of creditable service with the City. The City pays the full cost of coverage for employees' benefits through private insurers and employees have the option of purchasing dependent coverage at the City's group rates. Employees hired on or after July 1, 2007 who retire with a minimum of 20 years of creditable service also have the option of purchasing coverage for themselves and dependents at the City's group rate. Employees hired on or after July 1, 2007 who retire with less than 20 years of service are not eligible for postemployment coverage. Retirees who qualify for coverage receive the same benefits as active employees. Coverage for all retirees who are eligible for Medicare will be transferred to a Medicare Supplemental plan after qualifying for Medicare. The City Council may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

Membership of the HCB Plan consisted of the following at December 31, 2013, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

	General Employees:	Enforcement Officers:	
Retirees and dependents receiving benefits	35	14	
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	0	0	
Active plan members	212	49	
Total	247	63	
			-

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

- B. Liabilities (Continued)
- 2. Pension Plan Obligations (Continued)
- e. Other Postemployment Benefit (Continued)

Funding Policy. The City pays a percentage of healthcare coverage, starting with ten years of creditable service and at twenty-five years of creditable service, the full cost of coverage under a City resolution that can be amended by City Council. The City's members pay the actual cost per month for dependent coverage. The City has chosen to fund the healthcare benefits on a pay as you go basis.

The current ARC rate is 62.1% of annual covered payroll. For the current year, the City contributed \$441,996 or 4.1% of annual covered payroll. The City obtains healthcare coverage through private insurers. The City's required contributions, under a City resolution, for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers represented 62.1% and 62.1% of covered payroll, respectively. There were no contributions made by employees. The City's obligation to contribute to HCB Plan is established and may be amended by the City Council.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies. Postemployment expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. No funds are set aside to pay benefits and administration costs. These expenditures are paid as they come due.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The City's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation for the healthcare benefits:

Annual required contribution	\$ 707,386
Interest on net OPEB obligation	91,678
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 (87,581)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	711,483
Contributions made	 441,996
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	269,487
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	 2,291,942
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 2.561,429

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2014 were as follows:

For Year		Percentage of Annual	
Ended	Annual	OPEB Cost	Net OPEB
<u>June 30</u>	OPEB Cost	Contributed	<u>Obligation</u>
			<u>-</u>
2012	717,301	47.70%	2,017,422
2013	673,690	59.30%	2,291,942
2014	711,483	62.10%	2,561,429

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

- B. Liabilities (Continued)
- 2. Pension Plan Obligations (Continued)
- e. Other Postemployment Benefit (Continued)

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of December 31, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was not funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits and, thus, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) was \$8,714,541. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$10,826,345, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 80.5 percent. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members at that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.00 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is the expected long-term investment returns on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual medical cost trend increase of 7.75 to 5.00 percent annually. The investment rate included a 3.00 percent inflation assumption. The actuarial value of assets, if any, was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a 5 year period. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2013, was 30 years.

f. Other Employment Benefits

The City has also elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, state-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan. The City has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. The City considers these contributions to be immaterial.

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

3. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

	Unavailable Revenue	Unearned Revenue
Prepaid privilege licenses (General) Note receivable (General) Taxes receivable, net (General)	\$ - - 639,334	900,000
	<u>\$ 639,334</u>	\$ 1,077,640

4. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City participates in three self-funded risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the City obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insured values of the property policy, workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits, and employee health coverage. The liability and property exposures are reinsured through commercial carriers for claims in excess of retentions as selected by the Board of Trustees each year. Stop loss insurance is purchased by the Board of Trustees to protect against large medical claims that exceed certain dollar cost levels. Specific information on the limits of the reinsurance, excess and stop loss policies purchased by the Board of Trustees can be obtained by contacting the Risk Management Services Department of the NC League of Municipalities. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the City upon request.

The City carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The ADDC is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The ADDC has insurance coverage for property, general liability, workers' compensation, and employee health coverage.

The ABC Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The ABC Board has insurance coverage for property, general liability, workers' compensation, and employee health coverage. The ABC Board also has liquor legal liability coverage.

The City does not carry flood insurance as none of their buildings are located in flood prone areas.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the City's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the City's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer and tax collector are each individually bonded for \$150,000 and \$100,000, respectively. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$50,000.

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

5. Claims, Judgments and Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2014, the City was a defendant to various lawsuits. In the opinion of the City's management and the City attorney, the ultimate effect of these legal matters will not have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position

6. Long-Term Obligations

a. Capital leases	 Service	ed by
	overnmental Activities	Business-type _Activities
In October 2011, the City entered into an installment purchase contract to finance fire trucks & equipment. The obligation is to be repaid in twenty eight quarterly payments of \$31,908, including interest at 1.89 percent, secured by the trucks and equipment.	\$ 549,354	\$ -
In December 2011, the City entered into an installment purchase contract to finance mobile computer equipment. The obligation is to be repaid in twenty quarterly payments of \$3,604, including interest at 2.19%, secured by the equipment.	34,979	
	34,979	-
In April 2008, the City entered into an installment contract to finance the expansion of the New City Hall Building. The obligation is to be repaid in sixty quarterly payments of principal at \$87,500, and interest at 3.43%, secured by land and building.	1,260,000	1,890,000
In September 2013, the City entered into a lease-purchase agreement	,,===,,===	1,000,000
with Motorola Solutions, Inc. The obligation is to be repaid in annual payments of \$80,831, including interest at 2.91%, secured by the equipment.	292,788	-
In March 2010, the City entered into an installment contract to finance the purchase of a telephone system & core switch. The obligation is to be repaid in sixty monthly payments of \$4,206, including interest at 2.815%, secured by the equipment.	11,653	21,640
In April 2010, the City accepted a \$3,000,000 Clean Water State Revolving Grant through the N.C. Department of Environment and Natural Resources. The loan is still in the draw down period.	_	2,729,398
In September 2010, the City entered into an installment contract to finance the purchase of various equipment. The obligation is to be repaid in ten semi-annual payments of \$35,723, including interest at 2.61%, secured by the equipment.		104,291
		104,231
In December 2012, the City entered into an installment contract to finance the EQ Basin Highway 52. The obligation is to be repaid in forty quarterly payments of \$38,876, including interest at 1.97%, secured by land and building.	_	1,224,983
interest at 1701 70, becards by faire and building.		1,227,000

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

6. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

a. Capital leases (Continued)	Serviced by	
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
In November 2013, the City entered into an installment with Info Systems to purchase equipment. The obligation is to be repaid in twenty quarterly payments of \$7,063.59, including interest at 9.714%, secured by the equipment.	34,100	63,329
In September 2013, the City entered into an installment contract to finance the CKA Water Line Extension Project. The obligation is to be repaid in quarterly principal payments of \$80,000, interest of 3.59%, secured by the .	-	6,160,000
In September 2013, the City entered into an installment contract to finance the Rehabilitation of Old Whitney Raw Water Pump Station. The obligation is to be repaid in quarterly principal payments of \$43,054, interest of 1.63%, secured by the equipment.	-	1,076,339
In April 2013, the City entered into an installment contract to finance the Water/Sewer Inflow & Infiltration System. The obligation is to be repaid in bi-annual principal payments of \$176,263, interest of 2.0%, secured by the equipment.	-	2,235,429
In September 2013, the City entered into an installment contract to finance the purchase of equipment. The obligation is to be repaid in monthly payments of \$4,584, including interest at 1.616%, secured by the equipment.	-	217,205
In April 2013, the City entered into an installment contract to finance the purchase of equipment. The obligation is to be repaid in monthly payments of \$6,779, including interest at 1.55%, secured by the equipment.	-	372,103
Total Capital leases	\$ 2,182,874	<u>\$16,094,717</u>

B. Liabilities (Continued)

6. Long-Term Obligations

The future minimum payments of the installment purchase contracts as of June 30, 2014, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	
Year Ending June 30	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	<u> Interest</u>
2015	\$ 290,318	\$ 54,694	\$ 997.619	\$ 378.090
2016	344,981	63,031	1,175,873	344,477
2017	352,201	42,752	1,152,628	310,237
2018	350,622	31,196	1,173,005	273,792
2019	342,354	19,320	1,093,960	238 833
Thereafter	502,399	53,892	<u>10,501,612</u>	1,266,177
Totals	<u>\$2,182,874</u>	<u>\$ 264,885</u>	<u>\$16,094,697</u>	<u>\$ 2,811,606</u>

At June 30, 2014 the City's legal debt margin is \$80,863,389.

c. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in the City's long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2014:

	Balance July 1, 2013	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2014	Current Portion of Balance
Governmental activities:					
Capital leases	\$ 2,170,012	\$ 331,590	\$ 318,728	\$ 2,182,874	\$ 290,318
Compensated absences	601,345	281,501	305,454	577,392	288,696
Net pension obligation	439,522	129,291	131,612	437,201	-
Other postemployment benefits	<u>1,364,622</u>	234,720	71,962	<u>1,527,380</u>	_
Governmental activity					
Long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 4,575,501</u>	\$ <u>977,102</u>	<u>\$ 827,756</u>	<u>\$ 4,724,847</u>	<u>\$ 579,014</u>
Business-type activities:					
Capital leases	6,569,439	10,557,451	1,032,173	16,094,697	997,619
Compensated absences	313,527	192,063	111,571	394,019	197,008
Other postemployment benefits	927,320	<u>438,973</u>	332,241	<u>1,034,052</u>	
Business-type activity					
Long-term liabilities	\$ 7,810,286	<u>\$11,188,487</u>	<u>\$ 1,475,985</u>	<u>\$17,522,768</u>	<u>\$ 1,194,627</u>

Compensated absences for governmental activities have typically been liquidated in the general fund.

B. Liabilities (Continued)

7. Long-Term Obligations - Albemarie Downtown Development Corporation

The ADDC has entered into a note payable for the purchase of real property, secured by a deed of trust. Principal, along with interest at the rate of 5.25%, is due in annual installments of \$10,904. Annual debt service requirements for this note payable are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	<u>Principal</u>	Interest
2015	8,502	2,416
2016	9,363	1,992
2017	9,815	1,439
Thereafter	<u> 10,592</u>	<u>1,778</u>
	\$ 38,272	\$ 7,625

C. Interfund Balances and Activity

1. Transfers to/from other funds: Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2014, consist of the following:

From the General Fund to the Electric Fund for financing	25,000
From the General Fund to the Governor's Highway Safety Grant Fund	11,552
From the General Fund to the Governor's Crime Commission Fund	15,545
From the Water and Sewer Fund to the General Fund for financing	225,000
From the Electric Fund to the General Fund for financing	300,000
From the Electric Fund to the General Fund for payment in lieu of taxes	690,000
From the Electric Fund to the General Fund for microburst	133,818
From the Fire Department FEMA Grant Fund to the General Fund	1,268
From the Governor's Crime Commission Grant Fund to the General Fund	2,617
From the Clean Water Management Trust Grant Project fund to the General Fund	50,728
From the Governor's Crime Commission Grant Fund to the General Fund	23,102
From the Landfill Fund to the General Fund for financing	50,000
From the Landfill Fund to the Electric Fund for financing	25,000

Transfers are used to move unrestricted revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided matching funds for various grant programs.

C. Interfund Balances and Activity (Continued)

2. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Water and Sewer Fund	General Fund to fund operations	247,782
Electric Fund	General Fund to fund operations	495,638
Electric Fund	Landfill Fund to fund operations	450,000
Electric Fund	General Fund to fund operations	797,388

D. On-Behalf Payments for Fringe Benefits and Salaries

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the City of Albemarle has recognized on-behalf payments for pension contributions made by the state as a revenue and an expenditure of \$ 14,391 for the 39 employed fireman who perform firefighting duties for the City's fire department. The volunteers and employees elected to be members of the Firefighter and Rescue Worker's Pension Fund, a cost sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system established and administered by the State of North Carolina. The Plan is funded by a \$10 monthly contribution paid by each member, investment income, and a State appropriation.

NOTE 3 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

North Carolina Municipal Power Agency Number 1

The City, in conjunction with twenty other local governments, is a member of the North Carolina City Municipal Power Agency Number 1 (Agency). The Agency was formed to enable municipalities that own electric distribution systems to finance, construct, own, operate, and maintain generation and transmission facilities. Each participating government appoints one commissioner to the Agency's governing board. The twenty-one members which receive power from the Agency, have signed power sales agreements to purchase a specified share of the power generated by the Agency. Except for the power sales purchase requirements, no local government participant has any obligation, entitlement, or residual interest. The City's purchases of power for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 were \$28,724,124.

Centralina Council of Governments

The City, in conjunction with nine counties and sixty-four other municipalities, participates in the Centralina Council of Governments (Council). The participating governments established the Council to coordinate various funding received from the federal and state agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Council's governing board. The City paid membership fees of \$ 3,737 to the Council during the year ended June 30, 2014.

NOTE 4 - SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The City has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

NOTE 5 - CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS - CITY OF ALBEMARLE LANDFILL FACILITY

The City operates two landfills which are referred to as the "old landfill" and the "new landfill." State and federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover on its landfills when they stop accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the sites for thirty years after closure. Although certain closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date each landfill stops accepting waste, the City reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$5,035,088 reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2014 represents a cumulative amount reported to date, based on the use of 100% of the total estimated capacity of the old landfill and 100% use of the new landfill. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The following is an analysis of landfill closure and postclosure liability at June 30, 2014:

 Old Landfill
 \$2,882,385

 New Landfill
 2,152,703

 \$5,035,088

The City has met the requirements of a local government financial test that is one option under state and federal laws and regulations that help determine if a unit is financially able to meet closure and postclosure care requirements.

NOTE 6 - FUND BALANCE

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance – General fund	\$6,555,797
Inventories	16.285
Stabilization by State Statute	812,756
Streets Powell Bill	290,910
Committed – Parks and Recreation	6.861
Appropriated fund balance in 2015 budget	133,000
Working Capital/Fund balance policy	, · · · -
Remaining fund balance	5,295,985

NOTE 8 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The City paid \$58,124 for cleaning and renovation services to a current board member during the June 30, 2014 fiscal year end.

NOTE 9 – EXTRAORDINARY EVENT

On June 13, 2013, a microburst storm struck the City of Albemarle with severe winds and rain. Hundreds, if not thousands, of trees were blown over causing extensive damage to the City of Albemarle's electric system, blocking streets and roads as well as many homes. Our Delivery I, all circuits were damaged and all five circuits opened and locked out. At Delivery II, all circuits were damaged, but Duke Energy opened and locked out before our breakers did. All (5) breakers were manually opened so Duke Energy could re-energize the primary to the Delivery. The storm destroyed approximately 104 transformers and 214 utility poles plus thousands of feet of wire and fuses, insulators, and street light fixtures. The City of Albemarle recruited extra crews from Asplundh Tree Company. We also had assistance from City of High Point, City of Wilson, Town of Wake Forest and a team from the Forestry Service. Power restoration efforts by the electrical division lasted through Friday, June 21, 2013 and Water & Sewer System crews continued to remove debris from sewer ROW through June 22, 2013. The cost of \$925,385 was charged to the Electric Fund during the June 30, 2013. The current year expense of \$242,152 was charged to the General Fund.

Required Supplemental Financial Data

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles.

- Schedule of Funding Progress for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance.
- Schedule of Employer Contributions for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance.
- Schedule of Funding Progress for the Other Postemployment Benefits
- Schedule of Employer Contributions for the Other Postemployment Benefits.

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Projected Unit Credit (b)	ty (AAL) Unfunded cted Unit AAL redit (UAAL)		Covered Payroli (c)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (b-a)/c)
12/31/2008	-	1,036,076	1,036,076	0%	1,900,489	54.52%
12/31/2009	-	1,363,832	1,363,832	0%	2,107,167	64.72%
12/31/2010	-	1,294,483	1,294,483	0%	1,999,596	64.74%
12/31/2011	-	1,382,946	1,382,946	0%	1,986,058	69.63%
12/31/2012	-	1,365,807	1,365,807	0%	1,869,417	73.06%
12/31/2013	-	1,395,437	1,395,437	0%	2,075,326	67.24%

Year Ended June 30	al Required tributions	Percentage <u>Contributed</u>
2012	\$ 124,319	97.77%
2013	\$ 129,291	101.90%
2014	\$ 118,187	101.96%

Notes to the Required Schedules:

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation date	December 31, 2013
Actuarial cost method	Projected unit credit
Amortization method	Level percent of pay closed
Remaining amortization period	17 Years
Asset valuation method	Market value
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	5.00%
Projected salary increases*	4.25% - 7.85%
*Includes inflation at	3.00%
Cost of living adjustments	N/A

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Projected Unit Credit (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b - a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as of % of Covered Payroli ((b - a)/c)
12/31/2008	0	9,018,139	9,008,139	0%	10,354,140	87.1%
12/31/2009	0	8,983,695	8,983,695	0%	11,186,584	80.3%
12/31/2010	0	8,395,508	8,395,508	0%	10,854,228	77.3%
12/31/2011	0	7,895,663	7,895,663	0%	10,607,572	74.4%
12/31/2012	0	8,540,573	8,540,573	0%	10,507,091	81.3%
12/31/2013	0	8,714,541	8,714,541	0%	10,826,345	80.5%

Year Ended June 30,	Annual Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed
2012	717,301	47.70%
2013	673,690	59.30%
2014	711,483	62.10%

Notes to the Required Schedules:

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation date	12/31/2013
Actuarial cost method	Projected unit credit
Amortization method	Level percent open
Remaining amortization period	30 years
Asset valuation method	Market vlaue
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return*	4.0%
Medical cost trend	7.75% - 5.00%
*Includes inflation at	3.00%
Cost of living adjustments	None

Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund – This fund accounts for resources traditionally associated with government that are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in other funds

Niven Center Renovation Fund – This fund accounts for City transfers and other revenues to renovate the Niven Center for the new Parks & Recreation Facility.

Other taxes and licenses Gross receipts tax on short-term rental property Local occupancy tax Privilege licenses Other taxes and licenses - 20,911 - 108,677 - 160,155	
Revenues Actual (Negative Negative N	æ
Revenues Ad valorem taxes Current year \$ - \$ 5,517,260 \$ Prior years - 268,394 Penalties and interest - 58,630 Total 5,480,650 5,844,284 363 Other taxes and licenses Gross receipts tax on short-term rental property - 20,911 Local occupancy tax - 108,677 Privilege licenses - 160,155 Total 271,800 289,743 17 Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	
Ad valorem taxes Current year \$ - \$ 5,517,260 \$ Prior years - 268,394 Penalties and interest - 58,630 Total 5,480,650 5,844,284 363 Other taxes and licenses Gross receipts tax on short-term rental property Local occupancy tax - 108,677 Privilege licenses - 160,155 Total 271,800 289,743 17	<u>'e)</u>
Current year \$ - \$ 5,517,260 \$ Prior years - 268,394 Penalties and interest - 58,630 Total 5,480,650 5,844,284 363 Other taxes and licenses - 20,911 Gross receipts tax on short-term rental property - 20,911 Local occupancy tax - 108,677 Privilege licenses - 160,155 Total 271,800 289,743 17 Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	
Prior years - 268,394 Penalties and interest - 58,630 Total 5,480,650 5,844,284 363 Other taxes and licenses - 20,911 Local occupancy tax - 108,677 Privilege licenses - 160,155 Total 271,800 289,743 17 Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	
Penalties and interest - 58,630 Total 5,480,650 5,844,284 363 Other taxes and licenses Cross receipts tax on short-term rental property - 20,911 Local occupancy tax - 108,677 Privilege licenses - 160,155 Total 271,800 289,743 17 Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	-
Total 5,480,650 5,844,284 363 Other taxes and licenses Gross receipts tax on short-term rental property Local occupancy tax - 108,677 Privilege licenses - 160,155 Total 271,800 289,743 17	-
Other taxes and licenses Gross receipts tax on short-term rental property Local occupancy tax Privilege licenses Total Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	-
Gross receipts tax on short-term rental property - 20,911 Local occupancy tax - 108,677 Privilege licenses - 160,155 Total 271,800 289,743 17 Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	,634
Gross receipts tax on short-term rental property - 20,911 Local occupancy tax - 108,677 Privilege licenses - 160,155 Total 271,800 289,743 17 Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	
Local occupancy tax - 108,677 Privilege licenses - 160,155 Total 271,800 289,743 17 Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	_
Privilege licenses - 160,155 Total 271,800 289,743 17 Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	_
Total 271,800 289,743 17 Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	_
	,943
Local option sales tax - 2.738.632	
•	-
Franchise tax - 833,980	-
Telecommunications tax - 170,260	-
Video programming fees - 121,929	-
Piped natural gas tax - 61,520	-
Beer and wine tax 69,416	
Total <u>4,040,450</u> <u>3,995,737</u> <u>(44</u>	<u>,713</u>)
Restricted intergovernmental revenue	
ABC - law enforcement - 7,625	_
Powell Bill allocation - 525,069	_
Street sweeper contract - 4,058	_
Federal grants - 3,851	_
State grants - 6,513	-
Drug tax distribution - 5,970	-
ABC Senate Bill Distribution - 180,000	-
Schools - 64,986	-
On-behalf payments - fire 36,105	-
Total738,900834,17798	,277
Permits and fees	
Fire Department fees - 23,948	_
Housing fees - 10,717	_
Inspection and rezoning fees - 7,950	_
Nuisance abatements - 530	_
-	,845

		2014	
	<u></u>		Variance
	Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
	budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues (continued)			
Sales and service Court costs and fees		004	
Refuse collection fees	-	221	-
Cultural and recreational fees	-	1,076,096	-
Total	4 220 250	113,766	
Total	1,230,250	1,190,083	(40,167)
Investment earnings	13,500	2,528	(10,972)
Miscellaneous			
Miscellaneous	-	67,572	-
Sale of surplus property	-	4,344	-
Sale of fixed assets	•	12,530	-
Rental revenue	-	18,923	-
Contributions	-	12,270	-
Insurance reimbursement		18,708	<u>-</u>
Total	46,850	134,347	87,497
Total revenues	11,863,700	12,334,044	470,344
Expenditures			
General government			
Administration			
Salaries and employee benefits	-	214,836	-
Other operating expenditures	-	305,127	-
Capital outlay		6,715	
Total	735,800	526,678	209,122
Information systems			
Salaries and employees benefits	-	67,588	_
Other operating expenditures	-	120,558	
Capital outlay	-	27,521	<u>~</u>
Total	236,100	215,667	20,433
Engineering			
Salaries and employees benefits	_	18,521	_
Other operating expenditures	-	4,875	_
Total	26,900	23,396	3,504
•		<u>, -</u>	

		2014	·
			Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Expenditures (Continued)		-	
General government (continued)			
Human resources Salaries and employee benefits		00.500	
Other operating expenditures	<u>-</u>	66,536 22,252	_
Total	05 100		
) otal	95,100	88,788	6,312
Finance			
Salaries and employee benefits		120,080	
Other operating expenditures	_	161,972	-
Total	318,650	282,052	36,598
10.01	<u> </u>	202,032	30,590
Community Development			
Salaries and employee benefits	_	244,394	_
Other operating expenditures	_	218,662	<u>-</u>
Total	487,950	463,056	24,894
lotai		403,030	24,034
Total general government	1,900,500	1,599,637	300,863
Public Safety			
Police			
Salaries and employee benefits	_	3,254,605	_
School resource officers	-	10,066	_
Other operating expenditures	-	569,258	_
Capital outlay	-	365,748	-
Total	4,279,610	4,199,677	79,933
Fire department			
Salaries and employee benefits	-	2,294,576	-
Other operating expenditures	-	395,206	_
Fire Marshall	-	9,469	-
Capital outlay		28,471	
Total	2,712,500	2,727,722	(15,222)
Total public safety	6,992,110	6,927,399	64,711
Public works			
Administration			
Salaries and employees benefits	-	191,973	_
Solid waste disposal fee	-	320,900	_
Downtown Services	-	17,524	_
Other operating expenditures	-	43,293	-
Capital outlay	<u> </u>	16,696	
Total	659,000	590,386	68,614
			· · ·

Total expenditures

Revenues over (under) expenditures

2014 Variance **Positive Budget** Actual (Negative) Expenditures (Continued) Streets and Highways Salaries and employee benefits 667,643 Other operating expenditures 395.220 Capital outlay 66,390 Total 1,340,400 1,129,253 211,147 Shop and Warehouse Salaries and employee benefits 95,061 Other operating expenditures 52,620 Capital outlay 37,800 Total 225,300 185,481 39,819 Total public works 2,224,700 1,905,120 319,580 **Environmental protection** Solid waste Solid waste 923,078 Bad debt expense 7,348 Total environmental protection 954,000 930,426 23,574 Cultural and recreation Parks and recreation Salaries and employee benefits 795.436 Other operating expenditures 353,547 Capital outlay 43,469 1,227,500 Total cultural and recreation 1,192,452 35,048 Debt service Principal retirement 564,150 318,728 245,422 Interest and fees 106,250 104,234 2,016 Total debt service 670,400 422,962 247,438

13,969,210

(2,105,510)

12,977,996

(643.952)

991,214

1,461,558

2014 Variance Positive Budget Actual (Negative) Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers (to) from other funds Water and Sewer Fund 225,000 225,000 Electric Fund 990,000 990,000 Electric Fund - Microburst 144,035 133.818 (10,217)Landfill Fund 50,000 50,000 Fire Department FEMA Granf Fund 1,268 1,268 Governor's Crime Commission Grant Fund 2.617 2,617 Clean Water Management Trust Grant Project Fund 50,728 50,728 Governor's Crime Commission Fund 23,102 23,102 Governor's Highway Safety Grant Fund (25,000)(15,545)9,455 Governor's Crime Commission Grant Fund (15,000)(11,552)3,448 **Electric Fund** (104,035)(25,000)79,035 Interfund transfers (144,035)144,035 Debt proceeds 331,590 331,590 Total other financing sources (uses) 1,452,555 1,756,026 303,471 REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (652,955)1,112,074 AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 1,765,029 (242, 152)Extraordinary Event, net (Note 9) (242, 152)652.955 Fund balance appropriated (652,955)Net change in fund balance 869,922 \$ 869,922 5,685,875 Fund balance, beginning Fund balance, ending 6.555.797

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Project -	Prior	Actual Current	Total	Variance
	Authorization	Years	Year	to Date	Positive (Negative)
					
REVENUES:	•		_	_	_
Interest	<u>\$</u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total Revenues	<u>-</u>				
EXPENDITURES:					
Capital outlay:					
Legal	2,250	3,800	103	3,903	(1,653)
Engineering	22,000	16,069	8,008	24,077	(2,077)
Administrative	87,950	11,245	74,589	85,834	2,116
Other equipment	5,000	3,644	453	4,097	903
Construction in progress	696,700	681,769	33,241	715,010	(18,310)
Environmental remediation	13,500	_	8,438	8,438	5,062
Contingency	83,900	-	2,451	2,451	81,449
Total expenditures	911,300	716,527	127,283	843,810	67,490
REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(911,300)	(716,527)	(127,283)	(843,810)	67,490
(
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Operating transfers from (to):					
Transfer from General fund	911,300	911,300	_	911,300	_
Total other financing sources:	911,300	911,300		911,300	
rotal other infalleng godices.					
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 194,773	(127,283)	\$ 67,490	\$ 67,490
Fund balance, beginning			194,773		
Fund balance, ending			\$ 67,490		

Non-major Governmental Funds

Governor's Crime Commission Fund – This fund is used to account for grant monies restricted for police technology program expenses.

Governor's Crime Commission Grant Fund – This fund is used to account for grant monies restricted for police technology program expenses.

Clean Water Management Trust Grant Fund – This fund accounts for grant monies for flood mitigation at long creek.

Fire Department FEMA Grant Fund – This fund is used to account for grant monies restricted for fire department staffing for fire & emergency responder.

Carolina Thread Trail – This fund is used to account for grant and other monies for the Carolina Thread Trail.

Governor's Highway Safety Grand Fund – This fund is used to account for grant and other monies for the Governor's Highway Safety Grant fund.

						Spec	cial R	evenue F	unds	S				
	Governo	-	(vernor's Crime	Mar	an Water nagement	Dep	Fire partment	_	arolina		vernor's ighway		Fotal nmajor
	Crime Commiss			nmission Grant	Gra	Trust nt Project		EMA Grant		ead Trail Grant		Safety Grant		pecial venue
	Fund			Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund	F	unds
ASSETS Current Assets														
Cash and investments Due from other governments	\$ 		\$ —	9,225	\$ —			9,728	\$ 		\$ —	3,47 <u>3</u>	\$	- 22 <u>,426</u>
Total assets	\$	_	\$	9,225	\$	-	\$	9,728	<u>\$</u>	-	\$	3,473	\$ 2	22,426
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCI Liabilities	ES													
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	· -	\$	-	\$	25 	\$	25
Total liabilities				-				-				25		25
Fund balances Unassigned				9,225		<u>-</u>		9,728				3,448		22,401
Total fund balances				9,225		<u> </u>		9,728		<u> </u>		3,448		22,401
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	_	\$	9,225	\$	_	\$	9,728	\$	-	\$	3,473	\$ 2	22,426

				cial Revenue F	unds		
	Governor's Crime	Governor's Crime Commission	Clean Water Management Trust	Fire Department FEMA	Carolina Thread Trail	Governor's Highway Safety	Total Nonmajor Special
	Commission	Grant	Grant Project		Grant	Grant	Revenue
_	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds
Revenues	•						
Restricted intergovernmental Investment earnings Miscellaneous	\$ - -	\$ 31,249	\$ -	\$ 114,065 -	\$ (12,624) : - -	\$ 68,548 - -	\$ 201,238 - -
			<u>.</u>				
Total revenues		31,249	-	114,065	(12,624)	68,548	201,238
Expenditures							
Public safety	_	41,476	-	-	2,935	46,442	90,853
Economic and physical		,			_,000	10,112	00,000
development	-	-	-	112,038	-	-	112,038
Capital outlay						34,203	34,203
Total expenditures		41,476		112,038	2,935	80,645	237,094
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(10,227)	<u> </u>	2,027	(15,559)	(12,097)	(35,856)
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers from other funds							
Transfer to General Fund Transfer from General Fund	(23,102)	(2,617) 11,552	(50,728)	(1,268)	-	45.545	(77,715)
Translet from General Fund		11,552			 -	<u>15,545</u>	27,097
Total other financing sources (uses)	(23,102)	8,935	(50,728)	(1,268)		15,545	(50,618)
Net change in fund balances	(23,102)	(1,292)	(50,728)	759	(15,559)	3,448	(86,474)
Fund Balances							
Beginning of year, July 1	23,102	10,517	50,728	8,969	15,559		108,875
End of year, June 30	\$	\$ 9,225	<u> </u>	\$ 9,728	<u> </u>	\$ 3,448	\$ 22,401

Exhibit B-3

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

			Actual			
	Project	Prior	Current	Total	Positive	
	Authorization	Years	Year	To Date	(Negative)	
Revenues Restricted intergovernmental revenues Governor's crime commission Reciprical revenues	\$ 43,558 6,485	\$ 38,937 6,485	\$ -	\$ 38,937 6,485	\$ (4,621)	
	<u> </u>					
Total revenues	50,043	45,422		45,422	(4,621)	
Expenditures						
Software	16,928	14,046	_	14,046	2,882	
Small Tools	20,000	19,820	_	19,820	180	
Other equipment	16,200	16,200	-	16,200	-	
Miscellaneous	3,400	1,850		1,850	1,550	
Total expenditures	56,528	51,916		51,916	4,612	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(6,485)	(6,494)		(6,494)	(9)	
Other financing sources Transfers from other funds General Fund	6,485	29,596	(23,102)	6,494	9	
Total other financing sources	6,485	29,596	(23,102)	6,494	9	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 23,102	\$ (23,102)	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	
Fund balance Beginning of year, July 1			23,102			
End of year, June 30			\$ -			

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA GOVERNOR'S CRIME COMMISSION GRANT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

				A - A I				V = 2 =		
	i	Project		Prior	_	Actual Current				ariance Positive
		horization		Years	Year		To Date		(Negative)	
		VIIZUIVII		, cais		· cal	TO Date		(INEGALIVE)	
Revenues										
Restricted intergovernmental revenues										
Gang initiative grant	\$	86,430	\$	34,756	\$	31,249	\$	66,005	\$	(20,425)
Expenditures										
Salary and benefits		97,777		45,560		39,499		85,059		12,718
Travel		6,606		919		-		919		5,687
Training		1,389		45		-		45		1,344
Supplies		850		-		1,977		1,977		(1,127)
Contract labor		3,000	_	2,200	_		_	2,200		800
Total expenditures		109,622	_	48,724		<u>41,476</u>	_	90,200	_	19,422
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(23,192)		(13,968)		(10,227)		(24, 195)		(1,003)
Other financing sources										
Transfers from other funds										
From General Fund		-		_		11,552		11,552		11,552
To General Fund		23,192		24,485		(2,617)		21,868		(1,324)
								<u>-</u> _		
Total other financing sources		23,192		24,485		8,935		33,420		10,228
					_		_			,
Net change in fund balance	\$	_	\$	10,517	\$	(1,292)	œ	9,225	\$	9,225
Het change in fund balance	Ψ		Ψ_	10,517	φ	(1,232)	<u>\$</u>	3,223	<u> </u>	3,220
Fund balance										
Beginning of year, July 1						10,517				
beginning of year, buly 1					-	10,517				
End of year, June 30					\$	9,225				
Life of year, Julie 30					Φ	9,220				

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA CLEAN WATER MANAGEMENT TRUST GRANT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - from inception

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Actual Current Total Year To Date		Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues Restricted intergovernmental revenues	\$ 174,000	\$ 150,979	\$ -	\$ 150,979	\$ (23,021)
Total revenues	174,000	150,979		150,979	(23,021)
Expenditures					
Capital outlay	40,000	31,599	-	31,599	8,401
Other operating expenditures	224,500	<u>159,152</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>159,152</u>	65,348
Total ependitures	264,500	<u> 190,751</u>		190,751	73,749
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(90,500)	(39,772)	-	(39,772)	50,728
Other financing sources (uses) From General Fund	90,500	90,500	(50,728)	39,772	50,728
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	\$ 50,728	\$ (50,728)		<u>\$</u>
Fund balance Beginning of year, July 1			50,728		
End of year, June 30			<u>\$</u>		

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA FIRE DEPARTMENT FEMA GRANT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Project Authorization		Prior Years		Actual Current Year		Total to Date		Ρ	riance ositive egative
Revenues FEMA Grant	\$	245,247	<u>\$</u>	62,823	\$	114,065	<u>\$</u>	176,888	\$	<u>(68,359)</u>
Total revenues		245,247		62,823		114,065		176,888		(68,359)
Expenditures Salaries & benefits		245,247		64,925		112,038		176,963		68,284
Total expenditures		245,247		64,925		112,038		176,963		68,284
Revenues (under) expenditures				(2,102)		2,027	_	(75)		75
Other financing sources Transfers from General Fund Total other financing sources		<u>-</u>	_	11,071 11,071		(1,268) (1,268)		9,803 9,803		9,803 9,803
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	-	\$	8,969		759	<u>\$</u>	9,728	\$	9,728
Fund balance, beginning of year						8,969				
Fund balance, end of year					\$	9,728				

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA
CAROLINA THREAD TRAIL GRANT FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)
From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Project Authorization	Actual Prior Current Years Year		Total to Date	Variance Positive Negative
Revenues CDBG grant	<u>\$</u>	\$ 40,575	\$ (12,624)	\$ 27,951	\$ 27,951
Total revenues		40,575	(12,624)	27,951	27,951
Expenditures Construction in progress Bridges Rent of equipment	18,075 15,000 4,400	15,915 8,501 600	159 2,686 90	16,074 11,187 690	2,001 3,813 3,710
Total expenditures	37,475	25,016	2,935	27,951	9,524
Net change in fund balance	(37,475)	15,559	(15,559)	<u> </u>	\$ 37,475
Fund balance, beginning of year			15,559		
Fund balance, end of year			\$ -		

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA
GOVERNOR'S HIGHWAY SAFETY GRANT FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)
From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Project Authorization	Actual Prior Current Total Years Year to Date			Variance Positive Negative	
Revenues Police grant	\$ 92,264	\$ -	\$ 68,548	\$ 68,548	\$ (23.716)	
1 ones grant	Ψ 32,204	Ψ	y 00,040	\$ 68,548	<u>\$ (23,716)</u>	
Total revenues	92,264		68,548	68,548	(23,716)	
Expenditures						
Salaries & benefits	47,546		32,695	32,695	14,851	
Other operating expenses	26,000		13,747	13,747	12,253	
Capital outlay	35,000		34,203	34,203	797	
Total expenditures	108,546		80,645	80,645	27,901	
Revenues (under) expenditures	(16,282)		(12,097)	(12,097)	(4,185)	
Other financing sources						
Transfers from General Fund	16,282	_	15,545	15,545	(737)	
Total other financing sources	16,282		15,545	15,545	(737)	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	3,448	\$ 3,448	<u>\$ 3,448</u>	
Fund balance, beginning of year						
Fund balance, end of year			\$ 3,448			

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

Water and Sewer Fund – This fund is used to account for the City's water and sewer operations.

Electric Fund – This fund is used to account for the City's electric operations.

Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Fund – This fund is used to account for the City's landfill operations.

Albemarle Department of Public Housing – This fund is used to account for the City's public housing operations.

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA WATER AND SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Operating revenues			
Water sales	\$ -	\$ 4,265,498	\$ -
Sewer charges	-	3,102,676	-
Water and sewer taps	-	13,458	-
Miscellaneous		39,383	
Total operating revenues	7,324,500	7,421,015	96,515
Nonoperating revenues			
Interest earned on investments	-	8,981	-
Grant revenues	-	625	-
Sale of assets		2,765	
Total nonoperating revenues	101,200	12,371	(88,829)
Total revenues	7,425,700	7,433,386	7,686
Expenditures			
Water and Sewer Administraton			
Salaries and employees benefits	-	478,946	-
Postage	-	40,339	-
Contracted services	-	39,275	-
Insurance	-	77,009	-
Uniforms	-	12,619	-
Other operating expenditures		184,012	
Total	995,020	832,200	162,820
Water Treatment Plant			
Salaries and employees benefits	-	820,711	-
Supplies	-	350,868	-
Repairs	-	80,208	-
Contracted services	-	77,079	-
Utilities Other and adding a support of the second of the	-	318,803	-
Other operating expenditures		59,099	
Total	2,081,600	1,706,768	374,832
Expenditures (continued) Sewer Treatment Plant			
Salaries and employees benefits	-	722,486	_
Supplies	•	100,991	-
Repairs	-	52,653	-
Contracted service	-	173,060	-
Utilities	-	402,114	-
Fuel		702	-
Other operating expenditures	<u> </u>	212,321	
Total	1,685,000	1,664,327	20,673

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
System Division			
Salaries and employee benefits	-	1,026,064	-
Supplies	-	138,680	-
Repairs	-	26,466	-
Utilities	-	19,229	-
Other operating expenditures	<u> </u>	170,208	-
Total	1,431,000	1,380,647	50,353
Debt Service			
Principal on Capital leases	-	778,055	-
Interest and fees	<u> </u>	339,013	
Total	1,223,750	1,117,068	106,682
Capital Outlay			
Utility administration	-	24,383	-
Water treatment plant	-	36,309	•
Sewer treatment plant	-	53,677	_
Systems division		615,542	-
Total	909,690	729,911	179,779
Total expenditures	8,326,060	7,430,921	895,139
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(900,360)	2,465	902,825
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers (to) from other funds			
General fund	(225,000)	(225,000)	-
Proceeds from Debt	412,360	412,376	16
Total financing sources (uses) - net	187,360	187,376	16
Appropriated fund balance	713,000	<u>-</u>	(713,000)

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues and other sources (uses) over (under) expenditures	ď:	f 490.04	44 6 400 044
experiultures	\$	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 189,841</u>
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual basis			
Net change in fund balance		\$ 189,84	<u>11</u>
Payment on Capital leases		778,05	55
Capital outlay		729,91	11
Depreciation		(1,139,29	91)
Increase in accrued compensated absences		(38,29	98)
Increase in postemployment benefits		(57,56	68)
Interest income Sewer Capital Project		2,15	53
Other investment Sewer Capital Project		29	96
Proceeds from debt		(412,37	<u>76</u>)
Total reconciling items		(137,11	18)
Change in net position		\$ 52,72	<u>23</u>

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA SEWER CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -**BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)** From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

				Actual				Variance	
		Project		Prior		urrent	Total	Positive	
	Au	thorization		Years		/ear	to Date	Negative	
Revenues									
Restricted intergovernmental revenues									
Rural Economic Development Grant	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	_	\$ 100,000	\$	_
Water and sewer assessments	•	24,500	•	19,925	Ψ	296	20,221	Ψ	(4,279)
Interest earnings		,000		1,824		64	1,888		1,888
	_			1,021					1,000
Total revenues		124,500		121,749		360	122,109		(2,391)
									(=,50.
Expenditures									
Engineering		22,800		22,594		-	22,594		206
Construction costs		311,300		311,181		_	311,181		119
Other professional services		11,797		11,683		-	11,683		114
Total expenditures		345,897		345,458		_	345,458		439
,									
Revenues (under) expenditures		(221,397)		(223,709)		360	(223,349)		(1,952)
Other financing sources (uses)									
Transfers from other funds									
From water and sewer fund		221,397		233,643		-	233,643		12,246
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					<u>,</u>
Revenues and other sources (uses)									
over (under) expenditures	\$	_	\$	9,934	\$	360	\$ 10,294	\$	10,294
/	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	-,	-		- · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA
WATER & SEWER CAPITAL (CKA) PROJECT FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)
From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

			Actual						
	Project	Prior	Current	Total	Positive				
	Authorization	Years	Year	to Date	Negative				
Revenues									
Interest earnings	41,728		1,028	1,028	(40,700)				
Total revenues	41,728		1,028	1,028	(40,700)				
Expenditures									
Administration	234,752	-	57,429	57,429	177,323				
Legal	11,000		7,962		·				
Engineering	314,435	298,165	-	298,165	16,270				
Land	20,216	19,784	-	19,784	432				
Advertising	-	33	-	33	(33)				
Contingency	66,725	-	-	-	66,725				
Construction in process	5,794,600		2,303,770	2,303,770	3,490,830				
Total expenditures	6,441,728	317,982	2,369,161	2,687,143	3,754,585				
Revenues (under) expenditures	(6,400,000)	(317,982)	(2,368,133)	(2,686,115)	3,713,885				
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers from other funds									
From water and sewer fund	-	359,710	-	359,710	359,710				
Proceeds from debt	6,400,000	•	6,400,000	6,400,000	*				
Revenues and other sources (uses)									
over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ 41,728	\$ 4,031,867	\$ 4,073,595	\$ 4,073,595				

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	_		Variance		
	Project	Prior	Current	Total	Positive
	Authorization	Years	Year	to Date	Negative
Revenues					
Restricted intergovernmental revenues					
Rural Economic Development Grant	1,000,000	1,000,000		1,000,000	
Total revenues	1,000,000	1,000,000		1,000,000	
Expenditures					
Legal	50,000	_	_	_	50,000
Engineering	467,745	454,416	244	454,660	13,085
Administration	135,000	134,474		134,474	526
Other professional services	75,000	70,665	-	70,665	4,335
Building	4,329,500	4,324,843	(1,962)	4,322,881	6,619
Contingency	15,000	-			15,000
Total expenditures	5,072,245	4,984,398	(1,718)	4,982,680	<u>89,565</u>
Revenues (under) expenditures	(4,072,245)	(3,984,398)	1,718	(3,982,680)	89,565
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers from other funds					
From water and sewer fund	1,072,245	1,105,000	-	1,105,000	32,755
Debt proceeds	3,000,000	2,879,398		2,879,398	(120,602)
Other financing sources (uses) Total	4,072,245	3,984,398		3,984,398	(87,847)
Revenues and other sources (uses)					
over (under) expenditures	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 1,718	\$ 1,718	\$ 1,718

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA
52 EQUALIZATION BASIN PROJECT FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)
From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

			Variance		
	Project	Prior	Current	Total	Positive
	Authorization	Years	Year	to Date	Negative
Revenues					
Restricted intergovernmental revenues					
Investment earnings		<u>915</u>	627	1,542	1,542
Total revenues	-	915	627	1,542	1,542
Expenditures					
Engineering	180,000	100	40,382	40,482	139,518
Administration	200,000	134,802	-	134,802	65,198
Construction	1,000,000	472,756	195,046	667,802	332,198
Total expenditures	1,380,000	607,658	235,428	843,086	536,914
Revenues (under) expenditures	(1,380,000)	(606,743)	(234,801)	<u>(841,544</u>)	538,456
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers from other funds					
To Water Treatment Plant Rehab Project	_	_	(558,456)	(558,456)	(558,456)
Debt proceeds	1,380,000	1,400,000	-	1,400,000	20,000
·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			······································
Other financing sources (uses) Total	1,380,000	1,400,000	(558,456)	841,544	(538,456)
Revenues and other sources (uses)					
over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ 793,257	\$ (793,257)	\$ -	\$ -

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

			Actual				
	Project	Prior	Current	Total	Positive		
	Authorization	Years	Year	to Date	Negative		
_							
Revenues							
Restricted intergovernmental revenues							
Rural Economic Development Grant							
Total revenues							
Expenditures							
Legal	30,000	480	1,259	1,739	28,261		
Engineering	359,000	200,620	128,460	329,080	29,920		
Administration	97,000	-	70,505	70,505	26,495		
Other professional services	212,000	7,969	13,400	21,369	190,631		
Construction	3,270,000	-	2,035,990	2,035,990	1,234,010		
Contingency	227,000	_			227,000		
Total expenditures	4,195,000	209,069	2,249,614	2,458,683	1,736,317		
Revenues (under) expenditures	(4,195,000)	(209,069)	_(2,249,614)	(2,458,683)	1,736,317		
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers from other funds							
From water and sewer fund	_	132,640	_	132,640	132,640		
Debt proceeds	4,195,000	-	2,235,429	2,235,429	(1,959,571)		
•							
Other financing sources (uses) Total	4,195,000	132,640	2,235,429	2,368,069	(1,826,931)		
Revenues and other sources (uses)							
over (under) expenditures	<u>\$</u>	\$ (76,429)	<u>\$ (14,185)</u>	\$ (90,614)	\$ (90,614)		

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA
OLD WHITNEY CAPITAL PROJECT FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)
From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

			Actual			
	Project	Prior	Current	Total	Positive	
	Authorization	Years	Year	to Date	Negative	
Revenues Restricted intergovernmental revenues						
Rural Economic Development Grant Investment earnings		-	209	209	209	
Total revenues			209	209	209	
Expenditures						
Engineering	139,000	138,000	1,000	139,000	_	
Other professional services	113,000	1,482	89,002	90,484	22,516	
Construction	1,383,000	-	1,018,319	1,018,319	364,681	
Contingency	138,000		75,086	75,086	62,914	
Total expenditures	1,773,000	139,482	1,183,407	1,322,889	450,111	
Revenues (under) expenditures	(1,773,000)	(139,482)	(1,183,198)	(1,322,680)	450,320	
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers from other funds						
From water and sewer fund	-	139,482	-	139,482	139,482	
Debt proceeds	1,773,000		1,205,500	1,205,500	(567,500)	
Other financing sources (uses) Total	1,773,000	139,482	1,205,500	1,344,982	(428,018)	
Revenues and other sources (uses)						
over (under) expenditures	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 22,302	\$ 22,302	\$ 22,302	

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA
WATER TREATMENT PLANT REHABILITATION PROJECT FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)
From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Project Authorization	Actual Prior Current Years Year		Total to Date	Variance Positive Negative
Revenues					
Restricted intergovernmental revenues					
Rural Economic Development Grant	-	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings			225	225	225
Total revenues			225	225	225
Expenditures					
Legal	20,000	-	_	-	20,000
Engineering	383,500	153,900	131,250	285,150	98,350
Other professional services	491,000	-	85,875	85,875	405,125
Building	5,072,000	-	-	-	5,072,000
Contingency	507,000				507,000
Total expenditures	6,473,500	153,900	217,125	371,025	6,102,475
Revenues (under) expenditures	_(6,473,500)	(153,900)	(216,900)	(370,800)	6,102,700
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers from other funds					
From 52 Equalization Basin Project	_	86,200	558,456	644,656	644,656
Debt proceeds	6,473,500	-	330,430	-	(6,473,500)
•					_(=,===,===)
Other financing sources (uses) Total	6,473,500	86,200	558,456	644,656	(5,828,844)
Revenues and other sources (uses)					
over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ (67,700)	<u>\$ 341,556</u>	<u>\$ 273,856</u>	\$ 273,856

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

			Variance		
	Project _	Prior	Current	Total	Positive
	Authorization	Years	Year	to Date	Negative
Revenues					
Restricted intergovernmental revenues					
Rural Economic Development Grant	_	_			
raidi Essionic Development Stant			<u>-</u>		
Total revenues	_	_	-	_	-
			 .		
Expenditures					
Legal	2,500	_	-	-	2,500
Engineering	34,650	17,375	18,078	35,453	(803)
Administration	3,285	-	-	-	3,285
Land acquisition	15,000	=	-	-	15,000
Building	243,150	_	206,261	206,261	36,889
Contingency	5,000	_	-	-	5,000
Total expenditures	303,585	17,375	224,339	241,714	61,871
Revenues (under) expenditures	(303,585)	(17,375)	(224,339)	(241,714)	61,871
Other financing courses (uses)					
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers from other funds					
From water and sewer fund	202 505	202 505		202 505	
From water and sewer fund	303,585	303,585		303,585	
Other financing sources (uses) Total	303,585	303,585	_	303,585	
other manioning sources (4505) Total		303,303	<u>-</u>	303,303	
Revenues and other sources (uses)					
over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ 286,210	\$ (224,339)	\$ 61,871	\$ 61,871

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA ELECTRIC FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Operating revenues			
Residential sales	\$ -	\$ 16,237,644	\$ -
Commercial and industrial sales	-	15,850,158	-
Sales to City Departments		1,032,118	-
Total charges for services	33,662,800	33,119,920	(542,880)
Other operating revenues	1,247,600	1,495,241	247,641
Total operating revenues	34,910,400	34,615,161	(295,239)
Nonoperating revenues			
Interest earned on investments	-	53,974	_
Sale of assets		76,588	
Total nonoperating revenues	163,400	130,562	(32,838)
Total revenues	35,073,800	34,745,723	(328,077)
Expenditures			
Administrative and Finance			
Salaries and employees benefits	_	807,397	_
Other operating expenditures	_	464,140	_
Total	1,468,060	1,271,537	196,523
Customer Service			
Salaries and employees benefits	-	158,914	_
Other operating expenditures	-	14,663	-
Total	182,050	173,577	8,473
Electric Operations			
Salaries and employees benefits	-	1,405,417	-
Electric power purchases	-	28,724,124	-
Other operating expenditures		1,889,536	
Total	32,834,300	32,019,077	815,223
Expenditures (continued) Debt Service			
Principal retirement	-	156,227	-
Interest and other charges	-	48,967	-
Total debt service	198,900	205,194	(6,294)
	<u> </u>		

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

For the Year Ended Julie 30, 2014			Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Capital Outlay			
Administrative and finance	-	29,732	-
Electric operations		120,191	-
Total	156,390	149,923	6,467
Total expenditures	34,839,700	33,819,308	1,020,392
Revenues over (under) expenditures	234,100	926,415	692,315
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfer from (to) funds			
General fund	(990,000)	(990,000)	-
General fund	(61,300)	(133,818)	(72,518)
Landfill fund Interfund transfers	25,000	25,000	(200.500)
Proceeds from debt	332,500 33,300	33.250	(332,500)
Proceeds from dept	33,300	33,259	(41)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(660,500)	(1,065,559)	(405,059)
Appropriated fund balance	426,400		(426,400)
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures,			
other (uses) and appropriated fund balances	\$	\$ (139,144)	<u>\$ (139,144)</u>
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual basis			
Net change in fund balance		\$ (139,144)	
Principal retirement		156,227	
Capital outlay		149,923	
Depreciation		(550,860)	
Increase in accrued compensated absences		(30,825)	
Increase in postemployment benefits		(33,955)	
Proceeds from debt		(33,259)	
Total reconciling items		(342,749)	
Change in net position		\$ (481,893)	

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

			Actual				
	Project	Prior	Current	Total	Positive		
	Authorization	Years	Year	to Date	Negative		
Revenues							
Interest earnings							
Total revenues							
Expenditures							
Engineering	116,800	63,206	52,810	116,016	784		
Legal	-	250	102	352	(352)		
Other equipment	1,475,000	729,653	631,847	1,361,500	113,500		
Construction	556,200	-	535,970	535,970	20,230		
Contingency	100,000		-		100,000		
Total expenditures	2,248,000	793,109	1,220,729	2,013,838	234,162		
Revenues (under) expenditures	(2,248,000)	(793,109)	(1,220,729)	(2,013,838)	234,162		
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers from other funds From electric fund	2,248,000	2,248,000		2,248,000			
Revenues and other sources (uses)							
over (under) expenditures	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,454,891</u>	<u>\$(1,220,729)</u>	\$ 234,162	\$ 234,162		

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE LANDFILL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues	Dadget	Aotuai	(Hegalive)
Operating revenues			
Disposal fees	\$ -	\$ 2,096,825	\$ -
Solid waste fees	-	113,349	-
Sales of mulch and scrap	-	9,009	-
Scrap tire and white goods fees	-	157,010	
Total charges for services	2,178,800	2,376,193	197,393
Other operating revenues	250,700	252,155	1,455
Total operating revenues	2,429,500	2,628,348	198,848
Nonoperating revenues			
Interest earned on investments		1,116	
Total nonoperating revenues	2,000	1,116	(884)
Total revenues	2,431,500	2,629,464	197,964
Expenditures			
Landfill Operations			
Salaries and employees benefits	-	669,350	-
Other operating expenditures		1,083,696	-
Total	1,935,525	1,753,046	<u>182,479</u>
Debt Service			
Principal on Capital leases		92,341	-
Interest and fees		25,032	
Total	270,500	117,373	153,127
Capital Outlay	440,825	431,079	9,746
Total expenditures	2,646,850	2,301,498	345,352
Revenues over expenditures	(215,350)	327,966	543,316

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE LANDFILL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Budget		Actual	Variance Positive Negative)
Other financing (uses) sources Transfers to other funds To General Fund		(50,000)		(50,000)	-
Proceeds from debt	_	265,350	_	265,343	 <u>(7)</u>
Total other financing (uses)		215,350	_	215,343	 (7)
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures, other (uses)	<u>\$</u>	<u>-</u>	\$	543,309	\$ 543,309
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual basis					
Net change in fund balance			\$	543,309	
Payment on Capital leases				92,341	
Capital outlay				431,079	
Depreciation				(1,135,562)	
Increase in accrued compensated absences				(11,847)	
Increase in postemployment benefits				(7,988)	
Adjustment to accrued landfill closure and post closure cost	S			(366,575)	
Proceeds from debt				(265,343)	
Total reconciling items			_	(1,263,895)	
Change in net position			\$	(720,586)	

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HOUSING June 30, 2014

	Department of Public Housing					
	Conventional	Section 8	Capital Fund	Totals		
ASSETS						
Current Assets						
Cash and investments	\$ 1,160,884	\$246,438	\$ -	\$1,407,322		
Accounts receivable - net	1,498	-	37,494	38,992		
Prepaid expenses	1,045	•		1,045		
Total current assets	1,163,427	246,438	37,494	1,447,359		
Noncurrent Assets						
Capital Assets						
Land	332,371	-	-	332,371		
Other capital assets, net of accumulated						
depreciation	5,639,791	80,139		5,719,930		
Total noncurrent assets	5,972,162	80,139	*	6,052,301		
Total Assets	<u>\$7,135,589</u>	\$326,577	\$ 37,494	\$7,499,660		
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 57,322	\$ 4,668	\$ 37,494	\$ 99,484		
Customer deposits	42,525	-	-	42,525		
Current portion of compensated absences	8,647	983	-	9,630		
Current portion of long term debt	4,852			4,852		
Total current liabilities	113,346	5,651	37,494	156,491		
Other liabilities						
Lease payable	3,329	-	-	3,329		
Other post employment benefits	75,818	18,958	_	94,776		
Accrued compensated absenses	8,648	983		9,631		
Total other liabilities	<u>87,795</u>	19,941	<u> </u>	107,736		
Total liabilities	201,141	25,592	37,494	264,227		
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	5,963,981	80,139	-	6,044,120		
Unrestricted	970,467	220,846		1,191,313		
Total net position	6,934,448	300,985	-	7,235,433		
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$7,135,589	\$326,577	\$ 37,494	\$7,499,660		

	Department of Public Housing				
	Conventional	Section 8	Capital Fund	Totals	
Operating Revenues		_	_		
Rental income	\$ 427,925	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 427,925	
Other	22,922	-		22,922	
Total operating revenues	450,847	-		450,847	
Operating expenses					
Administrative	345,524	201,730	15,003	562,257	
Tenant services	12,370	-		12,370	
Utilities	343,677	_	-	343,677	
Ordinary maintenance and operation	276,882	2,399	-	279,281	
General expenses	78,448	2,876	_	81,324	
Housing assistance payments	-	1,268,564	_	1,268,564	
Nonroutine maintenance	96,171	-	_	96,171	
Depreciation	393,350	3,995	<u> </u>	397,345	
Total operating expenses	1,546,422	1,479,564	15,003	3,040,989	
Operating (loss)	(1,095,575)	(1,479,564)	(15,003)	(2,590,142)	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)					
Operating subsidies	650,940	1,419,134	-	2,070,074	
Interest earned on investments	20,921	321	-	21,242	
Interest and other charges	(537)	-	_	(537)	
Nonoperating revenue	42,481	<u> </u>		42,481	
Total nonoperating revenues	713,805	1,419,455		2,133,260	
Net income (loss) hefere					
Net income (loss) before contributions and transfers	(381,770)	(60,109)	(15,003)	(456,882)	
Operitor annuals			400.000		
Capital grants	400.005	-	183,868	183,868	
Transfers	168,865	<u>-</u>	(168,865)		
	168,865		15,003	183,868	
Change in net position	(212,905)	(60,109)	-	(273,014)	
Net position, July 1	7,147,353	361,094		7,508,447	
Net position, June 30	\$ 6,934,448	\$ 300,985	<u>\$</u>	\$7,235,433	

	Conventional			
	Original		Variance	
	and Final		Favorable	
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	
Operating Revenues				
Rental income	\$ 434,100	\$ 427,925	\$ (6,175)	
Other	34,000	22,922	(11,078)	
Total operating revenues	468,100	450,847	(17,253)	
Operating expenditures				
Administrative	363,140	343,218	19,922	
Tenant services	15,000	12,370	2,630	
Utilities	400,600	343,677	56,923	
Ordinary maintenance and operation	294,275	276,882	17,393	
General expenses	106,190	78,448	27,742	
Nonroutine maintenance	138,250	96,171	42,079	
Total operating expenditures	<u>1,317,455</u>	1,150,766	166,689	
Operating revenues (under) operating expenditures	(849,355)	(699,919)	149,436	
Nonoperating revenues				
Operating subsidies	562,800	650,940	88,140	
Other income	10,200	57,315	47,115	
Interest income	9,000	6,087	(2,913)	
Proceeds from debt	<u>5,550</u>	5,543	(2,913)	
Total nonoperating revenues	587,550	719,885	132,335	
Nonoperating expenditures				
Lease payments	4,900	5,569	(669)	
Interet expense	200	537	` ,	
Capital outlay	<u>25,475</u>	12,632	12,843	
Total nonoperating expenditures	30,575	18,738	12,174	
Nonoperating revenues over nonoperating expenditures	556,975	701,147	144,509	
Revenues over expenditures	(292,380)	1,228	293,608	
Appropriated fund balance	292,380		(292,380)	
Excess of revenues and appropriated fund				
balance (under) expenditures - modified accrual	\$	1,228	\$ 1,228	
Reconciliation to the accrual basis:			-	
Depreciation		(393,350)		
Capital outlay		12,632		
Lease principal payments		5,569		
Accrual of OPEB		(1,985)		
Accrual of compensated abscenses		(321)		
Proceeds from debt		(5,543)		
Change in net income before capital contributions and transfers - Exhibit C-14		\$ (381,770)		

		Section 8	
	Original	Variance	
	and		Favorable
	Final Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Operating Revenues		•	
Operating subsidiaries	\$ 1,427,700	\$ 1,419,134	\$ 8,566
, ,			<u> </u>
Total operating revenues	1,427,700	1,419,134	8,566
Operating expenditures			
Administrative	221,950	197,958	23,992
Housing assistance payments	1,294,000	1,268,564	25,436
Total operating expenditures	1,515,950	1,466,522	49,428
Capital outlay	20,000	17,812	2,188
Total Expenditures	1,535,950	1,484,334	51,616
Operating revenues (under) operating expenditures	(108,250)	(65,200)	43,050
Nonoperating revenues			
Interest income	150	321	171
Excess (deficiency) of revenues under expenditures			
modified accrual	\$ (108,100)	(64,879)	\$ 43,221
Appropriated fund balance	108,100	<u>-</u>	(108,100)
Excess of revenues and appropriated fund		(0.1.5=5)	
balance (under) expenditures - modified accrual	\$ -	(64,879)	<u>\$ (64,879</u>)
Reconciliation to the accrual basis:			
Depreciation		(3,995)	
Capital outlay		17,812	
Other Post Employment Benefits		(9,206)	
Accrual of compensated abscenses		159	
Change in net position Exhibit C-14		\$ (60,109)	

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HOUSING - CAPITAL FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Capital Funds			
	Original and		Variance Favorable	
	Final Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	
Operating Operating subsidies	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
operating addition	<u>Ψ</u>	<u> </u>	<u>*</u>	
Operating expenditures				
Administrative	14,905	15,003	(98) 57 346	
Capital Outlay	226,111	168,865	57,246	
Total operating expenditures	241,016	183,868	57,148	
Operating revenues under operating expenditures	(241,016)	(183,868)	57,148	
Nonoperating revenues				
Capital grants	241,016	183,868	(57,148)	
Revenues under expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	

The actual modernization costs of NC 19P07550112 are as follows:

		Total
Funds approved Funds expended	\$	264,556 167,289
Excess of funds approved	\$	97,267
Funds advanced - HUD Grants Funds expended	\$	179,424 179,424
Excess of funds advanced	\$	-

2. Costs audited during the current audit period totaled \$ 179,424.

1. The actual modernization costs of NC 19P07550113 are as follows:

	Total
Funds approved Funds expended	\$ 285,155 2,625
Excess of funds approved	\$ 282,530
Funds advanced - HUD Grants Funds expended	\$ 4,444 4,444
Excess of funds advanced	<u>\$</u>

2. Costs audited during the current audit period totaled \$ 4,444.

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT AND CERTIFICATION OF ACTUAL CAPITAL FUND COSTS - UNCOMPLETED DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HOUSING - CONVENTIONAL ANNUAL CONTRIBUTIONS CONTRACT A-1974 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Exhibit C-20

 The actual modernization costs of NC 19P0755
--

	Tc	otal
Funds approved Funds expended	\$ 2 ———	87,284
Excess of funds approved	<u>\$ 2</u>	87,284
Funds advanced - HUD Grants Funds expended	\$	<u>-</u>
Excess of funds advanced	\$	_

2. Costs audited during the current audit period totaled \$ 0.

Agency Fund

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individual and/or other governments.

Municipal Service District Fund – This fund accounts for taxes assessed from taxpayers in a special area for downtown development for that area.

	Balance July 1, 2013 Additions		Deductions		Balance June 30, 201		
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 863	\$	55,275	\$	53,091	\$	3,047
	\$ 863	\$	55,275	\$	53,091	<u>\$</u>	3,047
LIABILITIES							
Due to agencies	 863		55,275		53,091		3,047
	\$ 863	\$	55,275	\$	53,091	\$	3,047

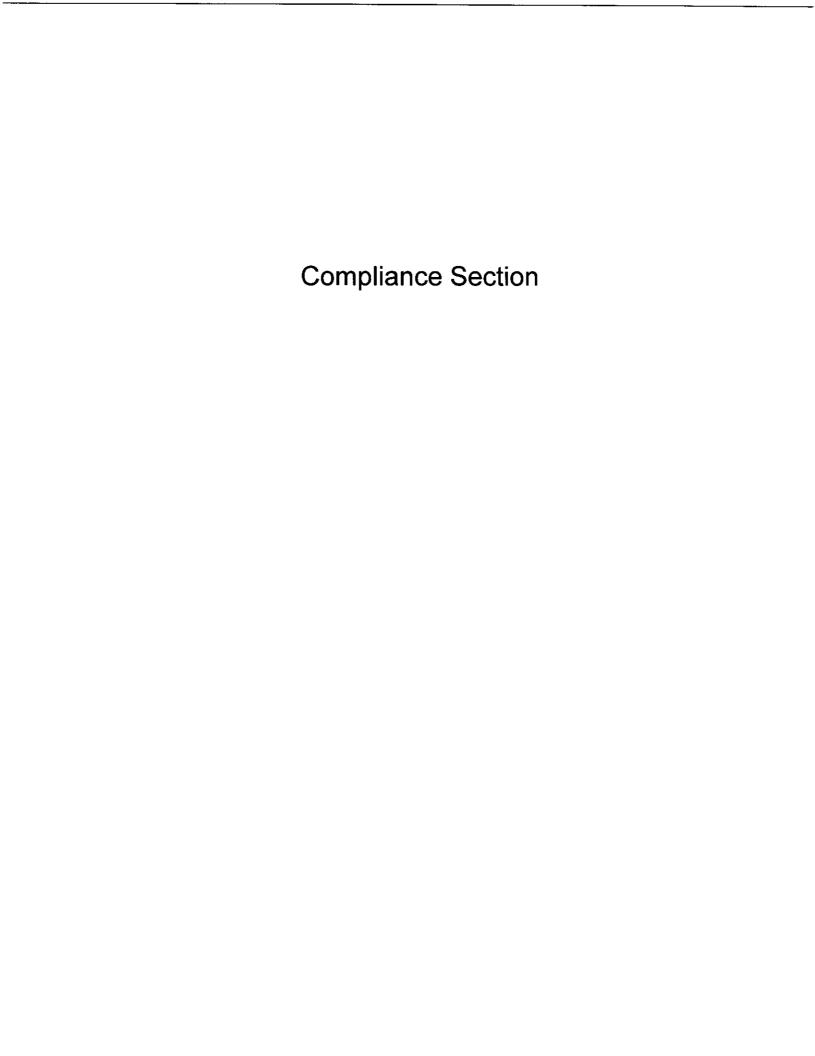
Other Schedules

This section includes additional information on property taxes.

- Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
- Analysis of Current Tax Levy

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2013	Additions	Collections and Credits	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2014	
2012-2013 2011-2012 2010-2011 2009-2010 2008-2009 2007-2008 2006-2007 2005-2006 2004-2005 2003-2004	\$ - 377,162 138,982 100,201 129,135 48,348 32,348 29,343 26,922 28,274	\$ 5,816,176 - - - - - - -	\$ 5,574,468 235,245 52,556 25,262 6,771 8,576 1,959 1,268 810	\$ 241,708 141,917 86,426 74,939 122,364 39,772 30,389 28,075 26,112	
2002-2003	18,270	- - - - - -	642 18,270	27,632	
Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts Ad valorem taxes receivable Ad valorem taxes receivable - net	<u>\$ 928,985</u>	\$ 5,816,176	\$ 5,925,827	819,334 (180,000) \$ 639,334	
Reconcilement with revenues Ad valorem taxes collected - General Fund Discounts allowed Releases and adjustments Taxes written off Interest collected				\$ 5,844,293 30,708 95,151 17,972 (62,297)	
Total collections and credits				\$ 5,925,827	

			Total Levy			
	Cit	y-Wide	Property excluding Registered	Registered Motor		
	Property		Total			Motor
	Valuation	Rate	Levy	<u>Vehicles</u>	<u>Vehicles</u>	
Original Levy: Property taxes at current year's rate Penalties	\$ 1,036,183,750	0.56	\$ 5,802,629	\$ 5,422,377	\$ 380,252	
	4 000 400 750		2,747	2,747		
Total	1,036,183,750		5,805,376	<u>5,425,124</u>	<u>380,252</u>	
Discoveries: Current year taxes Penalties	6,659,107	0.56	37,291	32,811	4,480	
Total	6,659,107		37,291	32,811	4,480	
Abatements:	(4,764,568)	0.56	(26,491)	(16,896)	(9,595)	
Total valuation	<u>\$ 1,038,078,289</u>					
Net levy			5,816,176	5,441,039	375,137	
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2014			(241,708)	(239,019)	(2,689)	
					(2,000)	
Current year's taxes collected			\$ 5,574,468	\$ 5,202,020	\$ 372,448	
Current levy collection percentage			<u>95,84%</u>	<u>95.61%</u>	<u>99.28%</u>	



Certified Public Accountants

220 East Washington Street
Post Office Box 697
Rockingham, North Carolina 28380
(910) 895-2899

Other Office Locations: Seven Lakes, North Carolina Gastonia, North Carolina Statesville, North Carolina

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Albemarle, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregated remaining fund information of the City of Albemarle, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the City of Albemarle, North Carolina's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 22, 2014. Our report includes a reference to the other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Albemarle Downtown Development Corporation and the City of Albemarle ABC Board, as described in our report on the City of Albemarle's financial statements. These reports do not include the results of the other auditor's testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and the other matters that are reported separately by those auditors. The financial statements of the City of Albemarle Downtown Development Corporation and the City of Albemarle ABC Board were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Albemarle's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Albemarle's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Albemarle's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not splittable for any other purpose.

mitholike Pac

Rockingham, NC December 22, 2014

Certified Public Accountants

220 East Washington Street
Post Office Box 697
Rockingham, North Carolina 28380
(910) 895-2899

Other Office Locations: Seven Lakes, North Carolina Gastonia, North Carolina Statesville, North Carolina

Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Albemarle, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Albemarle, North Carolina, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement and the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. The City of Albemarle's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City of Albemarle's major federal programs based on our audit of types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, OMB Circular A-133, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Albemarle's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City of Albemarle's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, City of Albemarle complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2014-1. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

City of Albemarle's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. City of Albemarle's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of City of Albemarle is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered City of Albemarle's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Albemarle's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2014-1.

City of Albemarle's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. City of Albemarle's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose

that wike PCC

Rockingham, NC December 22, 2014

Certified Public Accountants

220 East Washington Street
Post Office Box 697
Rockingham, North Carolina 28380
(910) 895-2899

Other Office Locations: Seven Lakes, North Carolina Gastonia, North Carolina Statesville, North Carolina

Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major State Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with Applicable Sections of OMB Circular A-133 and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Albemarle, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited the compliance of City of Albemarle, North Carolina with the types of compliance requirements described in the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina, issued by the Local Government Commission that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Albemarle's major State programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. The City of Albemarle's major State programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City of Albemarle's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and applicable sections of OMB Circular A-133, as described in the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, OMB Circular A-133, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major State program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Albemarle's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on City of Albemarle's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, City of Albemarle complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of City of Albemarle is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered City of Albemarle's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Albemarle's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

mittor wike Pac

Rockingham, NC December 22, 2014

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Type of auditor's report issued:

Unqualified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

No

Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses

No

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted

No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major federal programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

No

Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses

Yes

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of Circular A-133

Yes

Identification of major federal program:

CFDA Numbers

Names of Federal Program

14.871

HUD – Low Housing Income Section 8 – HUD Vouchers

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs

\$ 300,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Yes

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

State Awards

Internal control over major State programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

No

Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses

None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major State programs:

Unqualified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with State Single Audit Implementation Act

Νo

Identification of major State program:

NC Clean Water Revolving Loan Program

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

None reported

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

2014-1:

PHA Depository Agreements not current.

NON-COMPLIANCE - SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY - (24 CFR section 982.156)

Criteria:

Controls should be in place to ascertain that Depository Agreements are maintained with

Financial Institutions current and in a timely manner.

Condition:

Depository Agreements not maintained at current Financial Institutions.

Effect:

Non-compliance with HUD requirements.

Cause:

Oversight of accounting personnel.

Recommendation: Accounting personnel should maintain Depository Agreements with current Financial

Institutions in a timely manner.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions: The City agrees with this finding and will take action to resolve this issue immediately.

Section IV - State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported

CITY OF ALBEMARLE, NORTH CAROLINA CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Significant Deficiencies

Finding 2014-1

Name of contact person:

Coleen Conroy - Finance Officer

Corrective Action:

The City has updated the Depository Agreements with Depository Institutions.

Proposed Completion Date:

Immediately

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	State/ Pass-through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Federal Direct & - Pass-through Expenditures	State Expenditures	Local <u>Expenditures</u>
U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development Direct Grant:					
Low Income Housing: Public and Indian Housing Operating Subsidies Section 8:	14.850		649,712	-	-
Housing Choice Vouchers Public Housing Capital Fund:	14.871		1,484,013	-	-
NC19PO7550112 NC19PO7550113	14.872 14.872		179,424 4,444	-	-
U.S. Department of Justice Pass through NC Department of Justice Bullet Proof Vest Grant Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant-OCFI12 Grant Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant-Gang 1 Grant	16.607 16.738 16.738		8,246 68,548 31,249	-	-
Federal Emergency Management Administration Safer Grant:					
Staffing for Adequate Fire & Emergency Response Grant	97.083		112,038		-
Total assistance federal programs			2,537,674		-
STATE GRANTS Cash Assistance					
N.C Department of Environment and Natural Resources Captial Improvement Grant NC Clean Water Revolving Loan Program	N/A N/A		-	79,500 2,235,429	-
N.C. Department of Transportation Powell Bill	N/A	9.9000		558,395	
Total assistance state programs				2,873,324	
Total assistance			\$ 2,537,674	\$ 2,873,324	<u> </u>

Note to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Financial Awards:

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards includes the federal and State grant activity of the City of Albemarle and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and the State Single Audit Implementation Act.* Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in, the preparation of the basic financial statements.